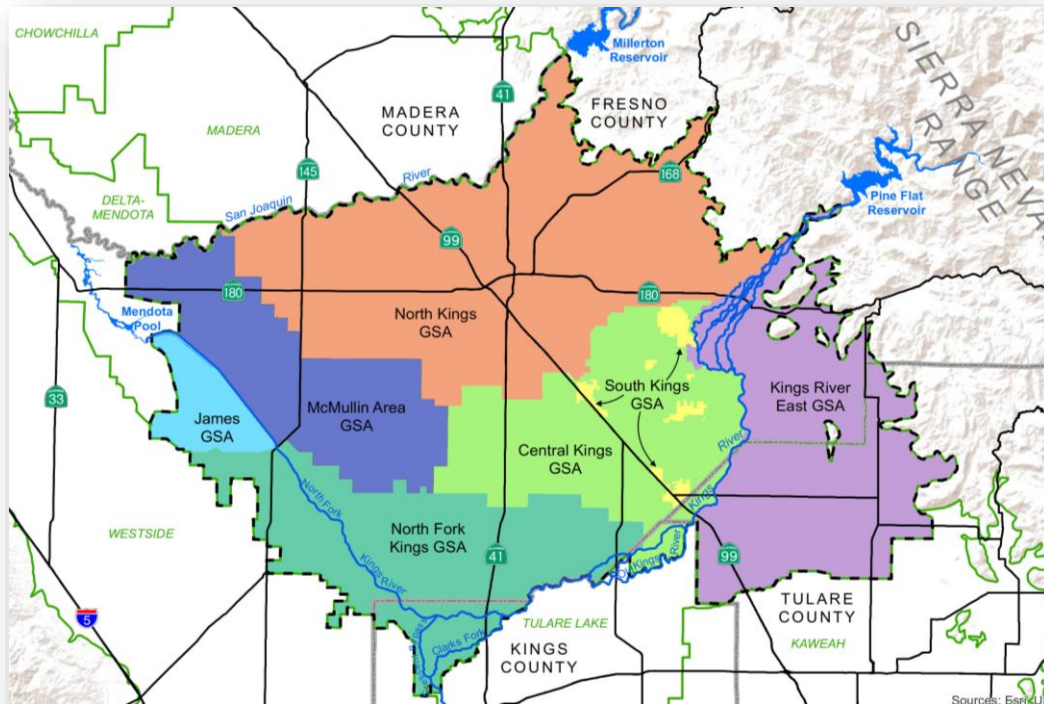


Kings Subbasin Groundwater Sustainability Agencies



Groundwater Sustainability Annual Report

April 2020

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Appendices

Appendix A – Water Supply Data

Appendix B – Groundwater Level Data

Appendix C – Groundwater Monitor Well Hydrographs

Appendix D – Groundwater Contour Maps – Water Surface Elevations

Abbreviations

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| AF | Acre-Foot |
| AF/YR..... | Acre-Foot Per Year |
| Coalition | Kings River Water Quality Coalition |
| CVDRMP | Central Valley Dairy Representative Monitoring Program |
| CVP | Central Valley Project |
| DWR | Department of Water Resources |
| EDT | Electronic Data Transfer |
| ET..... | Evapotranspiration |
| FID | Fresno Irrigation District |
| GAMA..... | Groundwater Ambient Monitoring and Assessment |
| GSA..... | Groundwater Sustainability Agency |
| GSP | Groundwater Sustainability Plan |
| ILRP..... | Irrigated Lands Regulatory Program |
| JID..... | James Irrigation District |
| KRCD..... | Kings River Conservation District |
| KRWQC..... | Kings River Water Quality Coalition |
| NGS..... | National Geodetic Survey |
| SGMA | Sustainable Groundwater Management Act |

Executive Summary

This is the annual report prepared for the Kings Subbasin. The Kings Subbasin has seven Groundwater Sustainability Agencies (GSAs) (see **Figure 1-1**), all of whom prepared and submitted individual Groundwater Sustainability Plans (GSPs). The seven GSAs have worked cooperatively since 2016 to coordinate the development of their GSPs and have jointly prepared this single annual report for the entire Kings Subbasin.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the requirements for annual reports as identified in the GSP Emergency Regulations (i.e., California Code of Regulations section on Groundwater Sustainability Plans). Included in the body of the report are the regulation requirements. The outline of this report is similar to the structure headings used in the common outline used for each of the GSPs within the basin. The following is a short listing of what is included in each of the sections:

- Section 1 Introduction – A brief introduction of the intent and purpose of this report.
- Section 2 Land Use – A description of recent available land use data used in the report for the estimation of groundwater pumping.
- Section 3 Groundwater Pumping – An estimation of the GW pumping within the basin and a description of how the estimation was calculated.
- Section 4 Sustainable Management Criteria – A update as to the status of each of the Sustainability Indicators applicable to the basin, including groundwater levels (hydrographs and contours), estimation of groundwater storage change, groundwater quality data, land subsidence and surface to groundwater interconnection.
- Section 5 Monitoring Network – A description of any changes or problems with the monitoring network.
- Section 6 – An update of project and management actions undertaken during the reporting period.

This annual report includes data from Water Year 2019 (Oct 2018 to Sept 2019) and groundwater storage changes from Spring 2018 to Spring 2019, however in several places additional data from 2015 to 2019 is included.

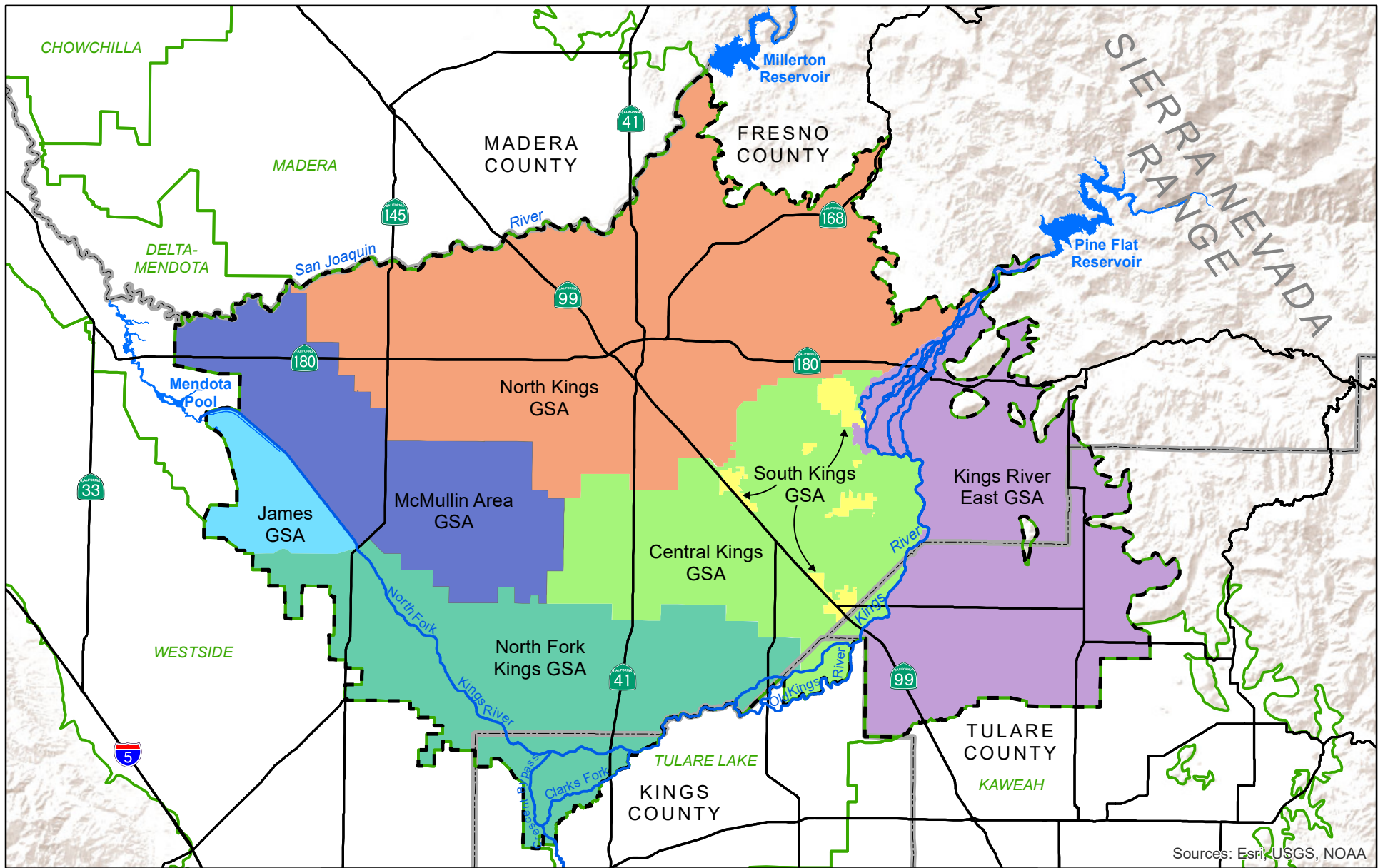
1 Introduction

356.2(a) General information, including an executive summary and a location map depicting the basin covered by the report.

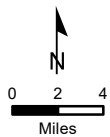
The Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA) requires groundwater sustainability agencies (GSAs) to submit annual reports to DWR each April 1 following adoption of a groundwater sustainability plan (GSP). This is the annual report prepared for the Kings Subbasin. The Kings Subbasin has seven Groundwater Sustainability Agencies (GSAs) (see **Figure 1-1**), all of whom prepared and submitted individual Groundwater Sustainability Plans (GSPs). The seven GSAs have worked cooperatively since 2016 to coordinate the development of their GSPs and have jointly prepared this single annual report for the entire Kings Subbasin.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the requirements for annual reports as identified in the GSP Emergency Regulations (i.e., California Code of Regulations section on Groundwater Sustainability Plans). GSP annual reports provide information on groundwater conditions and implementation of the plan for the prior water year. The period covered by this report is October 1, 2018 through September 30, 2019, however there are portions of the report that cover from 2015 to 2019.

The structure of this annual report is similar to the common heading structure used for all of the GSPs in the basin. For additional clarification or information on the basin plan area or conditions, please refer to the GSPs. As acknowledged by the Department of Water Resources, it is important to note that there are some data gaps and missing information as the GSAs have just finalized their GSPs in late 2019 and are just starting to implement their GSPs.



Sources: Esri, USGS, NOAA



- Kings Groundwater Subbasin (DWR 2019)
- Other Groundwater Subbasins (DWR 2019)
- County

Kings Subbasin
 Kings Groundwater Subbasin
 Groundwater Sustainability Agencies
Figure 1-1

2 Land Use and Surface Water Supplies

356.2(b) (3) Surface water supply used or available for use, for groundwater recharge or in-lieu use shall be reported based on quantitative data that describes the annual volume and sources for the preceding water year.

2.1 Overview of Surface Water Supplies in Kings Basin

Surface water in the Kings Basin comes from several sources, including the Kings River and San Joaquin River, with smaller amounts imported from other areas. The Kings River provides about 85% of the surface water used in the Kings Basin. Central Valley Project water from the Friant Unit comprises about 10% of surface water use. The remaining surface water include South of Delta CVP water, San Joaquin River Settlement water, and riparian diversions from the Kings and San Joaquin Rivers.

2.2 Recent Land Use Data

Historically, DWR Land Use Maps have been utilized for land use data in the Kings Basin. These maps were used in developing all the Groundwater Sustainability Plans in the Subbasin, and for consistency, were also used in estimating water demands for 2019 in this report. The most recent DWR land use mapping was prepared in 2016. This is considered the best available information for the period from 2015 to 2019. **Figure 2-1** is the DWR Land Use Map for 2016.

Kings Subbasin

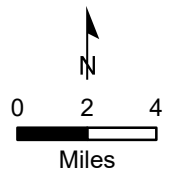
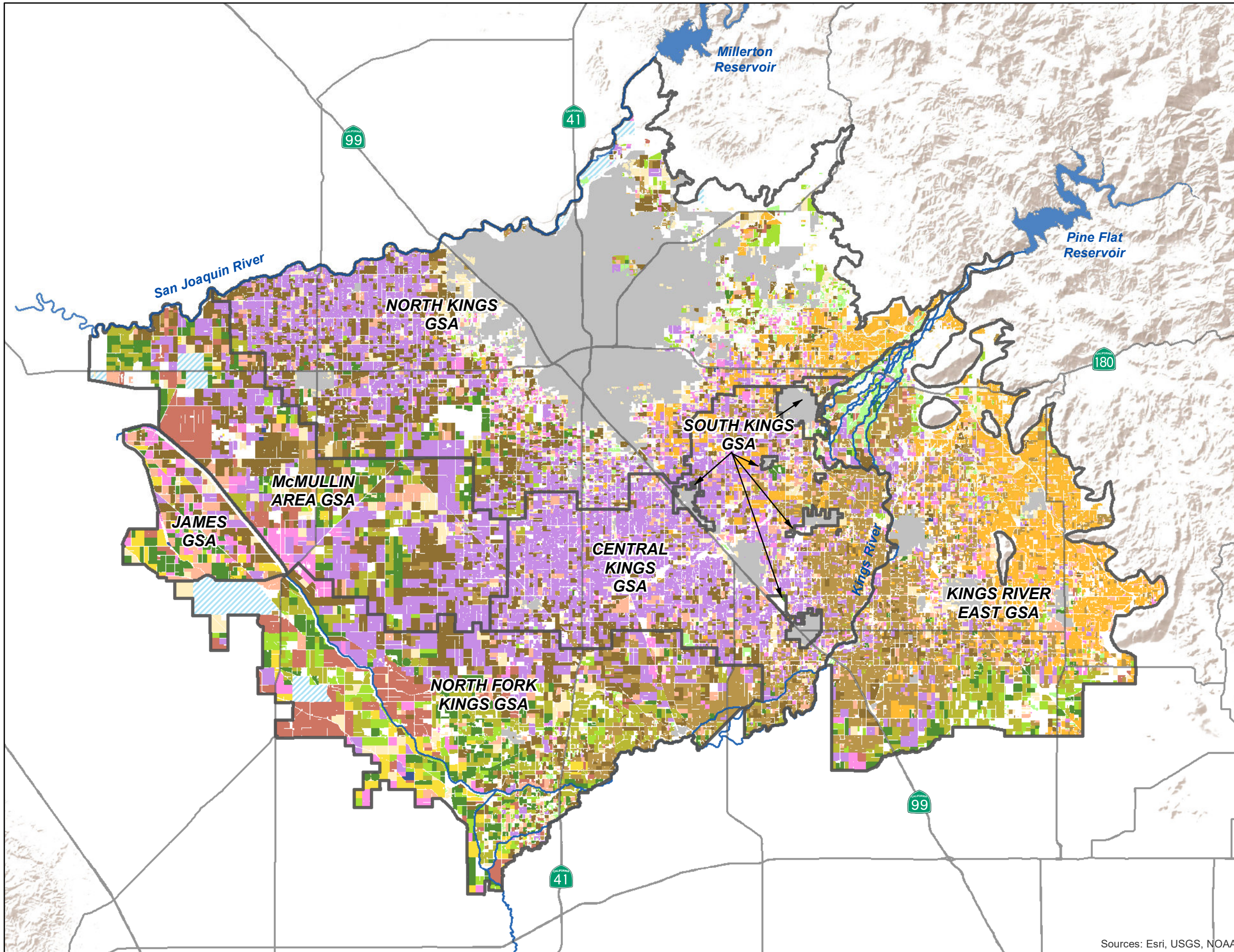
Land Use (DWR 2016)

Legend

- Kings Subbasin GSAs
- Highway
- Waterway

Land Use (DWR 2016)

- Citrus
- Grapes
- Pistachios
- Almonds
- Misc Deciduous
- Cotton
- Corn, Sorghum and Sudan
- Alfalfa and Alfalfa
- Misc Grain and Hay
- Mixed Pasture
- Misc Field Crops
- Truck, Nursery, and Berry Crops
- Young Perennials
- Managed Wetland
- Urban
- Idle



Sources: Esri, USGS, NOAA

Crop water demands for agricultural areas were calculated based on the land use map, estimated evapo-transpiration rates, and effective precipitation estimates. Evapotranspiration was based on DWR values published in DWR Bulletin 160 (DWR, 2019) for 1998-2011, with reference ETo adjusted for 2019 based on the California Irrigation Management Information System (CIMIS) station at Parlier. Effective precipitation was based on an empirical formula from DWR (1989). Annual precipitation contours were generated from several local weather stations, and the monthly distribution throughout the Basin was assumed to be similar to the long-term monthly distribution at the Fresno Airport Weather Bureau station.

The 2016 DWR Land Use Map was compared to the 2014 DWR Land Use maps for consistency and changes in land use. In general, the total irrigated area has slightly decreased. Unit evapotranspiration rates are also slightly higher than previous periods.

2.3 Description of Hydrology for Period

Table 2-1 shows the hydrologic year type for water years 2015 to 2019 based on an index created for the Kings Groundwater Sub-basin. The water year types were defined based on percentage of average long-term Kings River diversions to the Kings Subbasin from 1955-2019. The water year types include: Dry (<75%), Normal (75%-125%) and Wet (>125%). This index is used since Kings River water provides the majority of surface water in the Kings Groundwater Sub-basin and is considered a good overall indication of wetness and correlates with the amount of groundwater required to be pumped. Several years prior to 2019 are shown since they influence antecedent conditions, including groundwater levels, soil moisture content and surface water storage. Water years 2017-2019 were overall wetter than average but were preceded by an extremely dry period. Overall, the last five years result in near average conditions, but they include an extreme dry and an extreme wet year, which together may not equate to average pumping or recharge conditions.

Table 2-1 – Water Year Type (2015-2019)

| Water Year | % Historical Diversions | Water Year Type |
|------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2015 | 20% | Dry |
| 2016 | 74% | Dry |
| 2017 | 158% | Wet |
| 2018 | 99% | Normal |
| 2019 | 134% | Wet |
| Average | 97% | Normal |

Note: Water Year includes October of previous year to September of current year

2.4 Surface Water Deliveries

Table 2-2 summarizes the surface water source and surface water uses in the Kings Basin in water year 2019.

Table 2-2 – Kings Basin Surface Water Deliveries (WY2019)

| Source | Volume (AF) |
|-------------|-------------|
| Kings River | 1,479,000 |
| Other | 160,000 |
| Total | 1,639,000 |

Notes:

- 1 - 'Other' Water Sources include Friant CVP water, South of Delta CVP water, Schedule 2 San Joaquin River Settlement water, riparian diversions from the Kings River and San Joaquin River, recycled water, and other surface water supplies.
- 2- Values rounded to nearest 1,000 AF, values may differ due to rounding errors

Table 2-3 summarizes surface water use by water use sector.

Table 2-3 – Kings Basin Surface Water Use (WY2019)

| Water Use | Volume (AF) |
|------------------|-------------|
| Direct Use | 1,258,000 |
| Managed Recharge | 381,000 |
| Total | 1,639,000 |

Notes:

- 1 – Direct use includes urban and agricultural use
- 2 – Managed Recharge only includes intentional recharge. Other sources of groundwater recharge including canal seepage, pipeline leakage and wastewater effluent recharge occur in the Subbasin but are not included in the value above, because they do not fall under DWR's definition of Managed Recharge.
- 3 – Values rounded to the nearest 1,000 AF, values may differ due to rounding errors

Accuracy

Accuracies of measured and estimated water surface and groundwater supplies are based on confidence intervals for water budgets developed by Cal Poly Irrigation Training and Research Center (1999). Surface water diversions for agricultural and urban uses are measured with flumes or weirs with accuracies of about +/-5%. Surface water for intentional recharge is based on deliveries to recharge basins. Some recharge basins are metered with accuracy estimated at +/-5%. Some recharge deliveries were not metered and were estimated based on deliveries to metered basins or observations by field staff, with overall accuracies estimated at +/- 25%. Overall, intentional recharge deliveries have an estimated accuracy of +/-15%.

More detailed surface water data is provided in **Appendix A**, including the DWR Surface Water Supply table with details added for each GSA.

3 Groundwater Pumping

356.2(b) (2) Groundwater extraction for the preceding water year. Data shall be collected using the best available measurement methods and shall be presented in a table that summarizes groundwater extractions by water use sector, and identifies the method of measurement (direct or estimate) and accuracy of measurements, and a map that illustrates the general location and volume of groundwater extractions.

Following are discussions on the types of groundwater pumping in the Kings Groundwater Basin, including the pumping volumes, source of the information, measurement method and level of accuracy.

3.1 Urban Groundwater Use

Urban groundwater use includes pumping for cities and other municipalities, collectively called Municipal and Industrial (M&I) use, and rural domestic pumping. M&I groundwater pumping is metered and recorded with accuracies of +/- 5%.

Rural domestic groundwater pumping is not measured and was estimated based on census data in rural areas, and an assumed 0.5 AF/capita/year based on typical indoor water usage and landscaped areas in the region. These estimates have an accuracy of +/-20% and only comprises a small portion of the total urban demands. This was the same method used in the GSPs prepared for the Kings Basin.

3.2 Irrigation Groundwater Use

Groundwater is used extensively for crop irrigation throughout the Kings Basin. In James GSA, there are private irrigation wells, and all irrigation groundwater is pumped by wells owned and operated by James Irrigation District (JID). JID also owns and operates some wells in McMullin Area GSA that deliver groundwater to the JID system. The JID wells are all metered with measurement accuracy of +/-5%.

Irrigation groundwater in the other GSAs is pumped from private wells that are not metered. Pumping from these wells was estimated through a water budget approach, which has an estimated accuracy of +/- 15%. This is also called the 'Land Use' method, since it is based largely on the water demands of the land use. Following are discussion on how this method was employed.

In a simple situation, groundwater pumping = crop applied water demands – surface water deliveries. However, in many areas surface water deliveries to growers differ from headgate diversions due to system losses and deliveries for intentional recharge. In these situations, irrigation groundwater pumping is estimated using the following formula:

$$\text{Private Irrigation Pumping} = (\text{Crop evapotranspiration} - \text{effective precipitation}) / \text{irrigation efficiency} - \text{Surface water deliveries to growers}$$

where:

$$\text{Surface Water Deliveries to Growers} = \text{Headgate diversions} - \text{System losses} - \text{Intentional recharge}$$

and

$$\text{System Losses} = \text{Channel evaporation} + \text{Channel seepage} + \text{Reservoir evaporation} + \text{Reservoir seepage} + \text{Operational Spills}$$

As a result, private irrigation pumping was calculated with the following formula:

Private Irrigation Pumping = (Crop evapotranspiration - effective precipitation) / Irrigation efficiency
 – Headgate diversions + Channel evaporation + Channel seepage + Reservoir evaporation +
 Reservoir seepage + Operational spills + Intentional recharge

These calculations were performed for each GSA for water years 2015 to 2019 (see calculations in **Appendix A**).

No groundwater is pumped for environmental use or other uses not described above.

3.3 Groundwater Pumping Volumes

Table 3-1 summarizes the volumes of estimated groundwater for each measurement method.

Table 3-1 – Groundwater Measurement Methods (WY 2019)

| Water Sector | Method | Volume (AF) | Accuracy |
|----------------------|-----------|-------------|----------|
| Agricultural | Land Use | 892,000 | +/-15% |
| M&I and Agricultural | Metered | 124,000 | +/-5% |
| Rural Domestic | Estimated | 45,000 | +/-20% |
| - | Total | 1,061,000 | - |

Note: Values rounded to the nearest 1,000 AF, values may differ due to rounding errors

These values are also presented by GSA in the DWR Groundwater Extraction Methods table found in **Appendix A**

Table 3-2 summarizes the groundwater pumped by water use sector in water year 2019

Table 3-2 – Groundwater Pumping by Water Use Sector (WY 2019)

| Source | Volume (AF) |
|--------------------------|-------------|
| Urban ¹ | 156,000 |
| Agriculture ² | 906,000 |
| Total | 1,062,000 |

1 – Urban use includes M&I and rural domestic pumping

2 – Agricultural use includes crop irrigation and dairy water use

3 - Values are rounded to the nearest 1,000 AF, values may differ due to rounding errors

These values are also presented by GSA in the DWR Groundwater Extractions table found in **Appendix A**.



3.4 Geographic Distribution of Groundwater Pumping

Figure 3-1 shows estimated groundwater pumping (agricultural and urban) for each of the seven GSAs.

Kings Subbasin

Groundwater Extraction by GSA
(Acre-Feet)

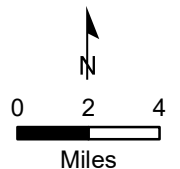
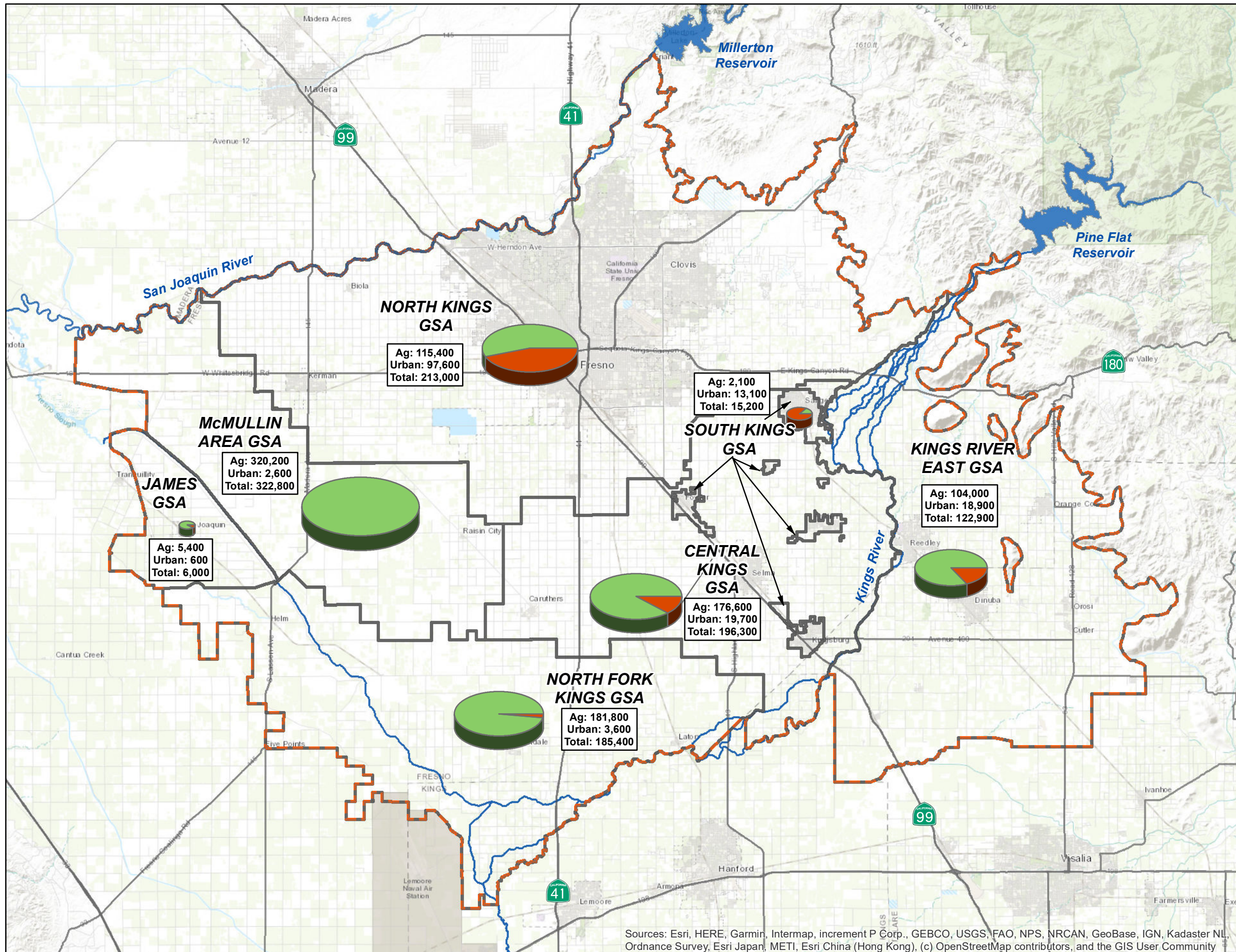
Figure 3-1

-  Kings Subbasin GSAs
-  Kings Subbasin (2019)

Pumping By Water Use Sector (AF)*

-  Agriculture
-  Urban

*Volumes rounded to the nearest 100 AF



Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

3.5 Total Water Use

356.2(b) (4) Total water use shall be collected using the best available measurement methods and shall be reported in a table that summarizes total water use by water use sector, water source type, and identifies the method of measurement (direct or estimate) and accuracy of measurements. Existing water use data from the most recent Urban Water Management Plans or Agricultural Water Management Plans within the basin may be used, as long as the data are reported by water year.

Table 3-3 summarizes total water use by water use type and sector for WY2019

Table 3-3 – Summary of Total Water Use for WY 2019 (AF)

| Description | Urban | Agriculture | Total |
|---------------|---------|-------------|-----------|
| Groundwater | 156,000 | 906,000 | 1,062,000 |
| Surface Water | 179,000 | 1,460,000 | 1,639,000 |
| Total | 335,000 | 2,366,000 | 2,701,000 |

Notes:

- 1 - Surface water includes use contract diversions, riparian diversions and recycled water used for both recharge and direct use
- 2 – Values rounded to the nearest 1,000 AF

These values are also presented by GSA in the DWR Total Water Use table found in **Appendix A**. Refer to discussions in previous sections for information on measurement methods and accuracy.

The data presented in **Table 3-3** is a short snapshot of water conditions, and not necessarily representative of long-term average hydrology. This information was not used to develop a 2019 annual water budget for comparison to change in groundwater storage. An annual water budget would likely not be accurate due to time lags in various forms of recharge, and inaccuracies that tend to balance out over longer time periods. However, this information will eventually be used in a long-term multi-year water budget analysis.

4 Sustainable Management Criteria

4.1 Sustainable Goal

As identified in Section 4.1 of each of the GSPs, the sustainability goal of the Kings Sub-basin and each GSA is to ensure that by 2040 the basin is being managed to maintain a reliable water supply for current and future beneficial uses without experiencing undesirable results. This goal will be met by balancing water demand with available water supply to stabilize declining groundwater levels without significantly and unreasonably impacting water quality, land subsidence, or interconnected surface water. The goal of the basin is to correct and end the long-term trend of a declining water table understanding that water levels will fluctuate based on the season, hydrologic cycle, and changing groundwater demands within the basin and its proximity.

4.2 Groundwater Levels

356.2(b) (1) (A) Groundwater elevation contour maps for each principal aquifer in the basin illustrating, at a minimum, the seasonal high and seasonal low groundwater conditions.

356.2(b) (1) (B) Hydrographs of groundwater elevations and water year type using historical data to the greatest extent available, including from January 1, 2015, to current reporting year.

The Kings Subbasin monitoring network includes hundreds of wells used for developing groundwater contour maps and estimating change in storage. As identified in the GSPs of the subbasin, a subset of these wells includes one hundred and twenty-four (124) indicator wells (Sustainable Management Criteria or SMC) wells in the Kings Subbasin for which Interim Milestones, Measurable Objectives and Minimum Thresholds have been set (**Figure 4-1**). **Appendix B** contains the groundwater elevation and depth to water in tabular format from spring 2015 to spring 2019 and fall data from 2015 to 2018 for these wells. **Appendix C** contains hydrographs for the indicator wells. These hydrographs graphically show Interim Milestones, Measurable Objectives, Minimum Thresholds and the trend line over the hydrologic base period from 1997 to 2012. The hydrographs have inset maps showing the location of the well within the GSA. Additional information on the hydrographs includes the well names (local and/or state names as available) and the ground surface elevation.

In general, since 2015, water levels continued to decline at the end of a historic drought and in some cases reaching lowest points recorded in fall 2016. After the wet 2016/2017 winter groundwater levels generally rose through spring 2017 and continued to increase in some areas even through fall of 2017. Since 2017 some wells have continued to see increases in water levels, while some showed declines after the normal 2017/2018 winter. Some rebound occurred in the spring 2019 data after the wet 2018/2019 winter. However, Subbasin wide the general trend was decreasing water levels during the drought and increases in water levels after the drought.

There are only a few locations in the Subbasin where wells are known to be perforated solely below the Corcoran clay or the deeper confined portion of the aquifer east of the Corcoran clay. Newer community wells are typically sealed across shallow contaminated water and probably reflect hydraulic conditions in deeper groundwater. To date there is insufficient geographic distribution of data from wells known to be perforated below the Corcoran clay where it is present or from deeper wells east of the Corcoran clay to contour the lower aquifer zone or deep groundwater. The basin will continue to gather data to continue to better define the confined aquifer, but for now, only mapping of the unconfined aquifer has been prepared.

4.2.1 Water Level Maps/Contours

Water surface elevation contour maps were generated for the spring of each year from 2015 to 2019 and fall 2018 based on the available water level data and are included in **Appendix B**. The seasonal high and seasonal low groundwater conditions for 2018 are presented in **Appendix D** along with the spring groundwater contour maps from 2015 to 2019. At the time of this annual report the fall 2019 compilation was not complete but will be included in tabular format in subsequent annual reports. The fall 2019 data that was available at the time of this report can be seen on the hydrographs in **Appendix C**.

The water surface elevation contours represent the unconfined aquifer above the Corcoran clay and above the conceptual base of unconfined groundwater east of the Corcoran clay. In areas of the

Subbasin where the shallow A clay is present these contours are meant to represent the portion of the aquifer below it but above the Corcoran clay.

The number of wells evaluated in the Kings Subbasin to develop the groundwater surface elevation contours varied from about 630 in spring 2015 to about 740 wells in spring 2018. Additional well data was also evaluated outside of the Kings Subbasin but the number of wells with data available outside the Subbasin was variable and not included in the total number.

The process used to generate the contours was similar to what was used by the basin for development of the GSPs. Well locations and groundwater elevations were plotted on the Kings Subbasin maps for the spring of each year from 2015 to 2019 and fall 2018. Groundwater level elevations that appeared inconsistent with the majority of other wells in an area were typically not used. Wells with significantly different water levels may be perforated in the confined portion of the aquifer or in shallow groundwater above the A clay where it is present or other local clays. In some locations where a well reading was significantly different than other wells in the immediate vicinity, it was discarded because it was believed that these readings were likely erroneous or anomalous (well pumping nearby, well recently pumped, oil, etc). Effort was made to use the same wells year over year in this evaluation so that the storage change calculations, described below, were not unduly affected by the use of data from different wells or data from wells that did not have data in other year(s).




Groundwater Elevation contours were generated utilizing ArcGIS software and then the contours were reviewed and edited for consistency, and to remove apparently anomalous data. It should be noted that data was used, even if the data point was new or had not been used in other maps in the period, if the data was reasonably consistent with the contours. This is done so that through time more wells are used in the contouring process to better define the groundwater surface. ArcGIS was then used to convert the groundwater surface elevation contours (**Appendix D**) to depth to water maps using the states Digital Elevation Model or surveyed measuring point elevations if available, for use in the storage change evaluation discussed below.

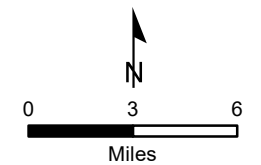
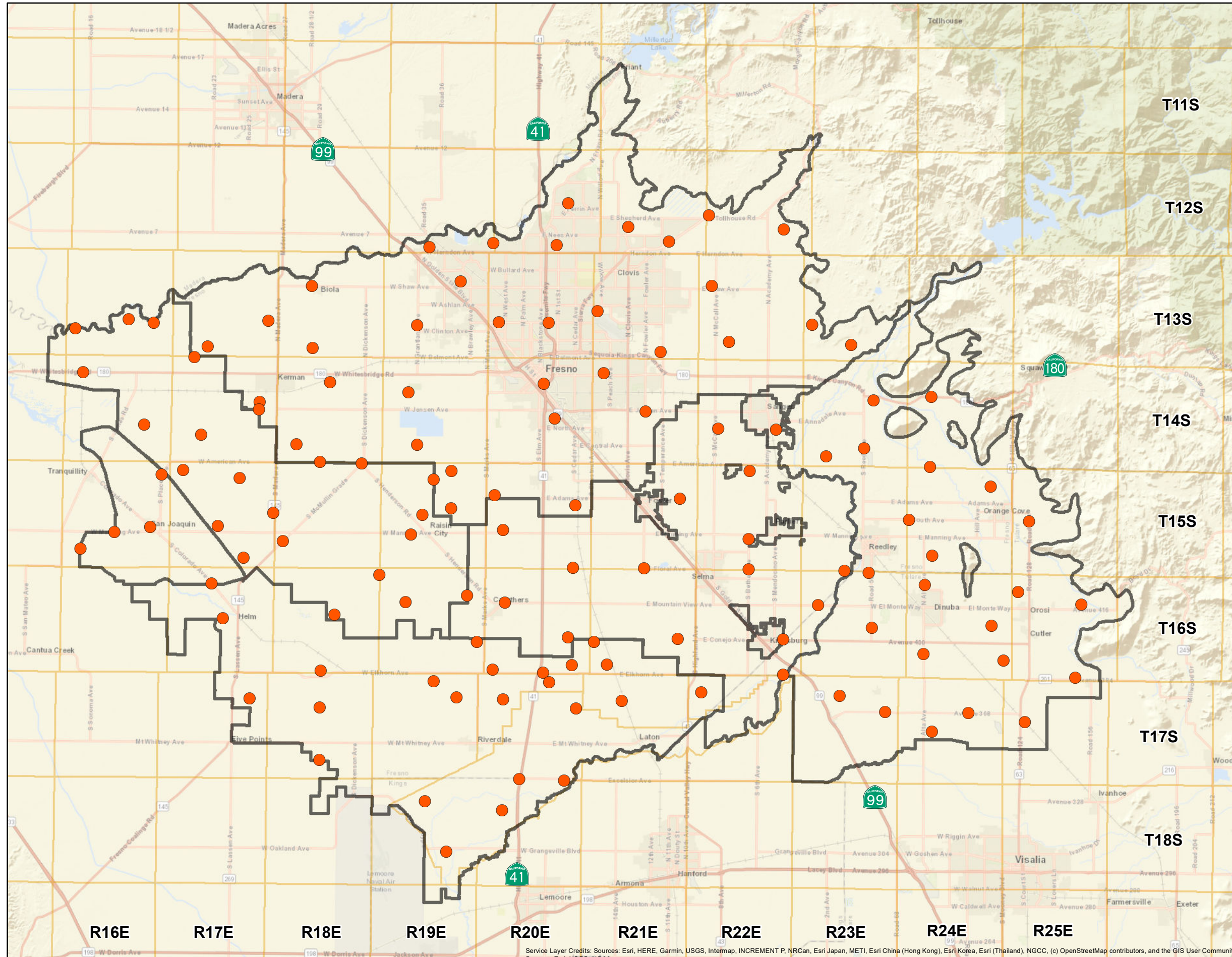
Kings Subbasin Coordinated Effort

Water Level Monitoring Network

Figure 4-1

Legend

-  Indicator Well
-  Groundwater Sustainable Agency
-  Township/Range



Service Layer Credits: Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community
Sources: Esri, USGS, NOAA

4.3 Groundwater Storage

356.2(b) (5) (A) Change in groundwater in storage maps for each principal aquifer in the basin.
356.2(b) (5) (B) A graph depicting water year type, groundwater use, the annual change in groundwater in storage, and the cumulative change in groundwater in storage for the basin based on historical data to the greatest extent available, including from January 1, 2015, to the current reporting year.

Technical Memorandum 2 in the Kings Subbasin GSPs identifies the current specific yield values used in storage change calculations for the Kings Subbasin. The specific yield units from this process are illustrated on **Figure 4-2**. Specific yield values also vary by depth and Technical Memorandum 2 describes specific yield at depth intervals from 0'-50', 50'-100', 100'-200' and 200'-300', and below 300 feet. Storage change was estimated based on the storage above 400' below the groundwater surface.

The process for estimating the groundwater storage change from 2015 to 2019 was the same process utilized by all the GSAs in the basin in preparation of their GSPs and included the following steps:

1. The final wells selected from the water surface elevation review and contouring process were used to create depth to water surfaces, as described above.
2. Using the depth to water surfaces, the average depth to water value was determined for each unique specific yield unit. The average depth was determined using ArcGIS Spatial Analyst.
3. For each specific yield unit, the average depth to water of that area was used to determine the height of water above 400 feet for each depth zone.
4. The height of water in each depth zone was multiplied by the specific yield for that depth zone and then by the total acreage within that Specific Yield unit.
5. Values for each depth zone were added to determine total volume in storage above 400 feet.
6. The groundwater in storage volume by specific yield units were totaled by GSA to estimate the GSA total for that year.
7. Steps 1 through 6 were repeated for the ending year being considered.
8. The total volume in storage estimated for the starting year was subtracted from the total volume estimated for the ending year to determine the total change in volume between the two years.

Figure 4-2 shows the Subbasin specific yield units and which specific yield units had minimal (-.01 to +0.1 AF per acre), increasing (>+0.1 AF per acre) or decreasing (< -0.1 AF per acre) storage change from spring 2018 to spring 2019.

There is some inconsistent well data in certain areas that affects year to year estimations of storage change. The GSAs will continue to work to improve the reliability of data within the basin. **Table 4-4** below shows the estimates of storage change year by year and the total change in storage for the Kings Subbasin. The spring 2018 to spring 2019 estimated storage change is a positive 210,000 acre-feet across the entire Kings Basin. This report covers multiple years from 2015 to 2019. Over the spring 2015 to spring 2019 period the cumulative storage change from spring 2015 to spring 2019 was estimated to be positive by about 330,000 acre-feet (**Figure 4-3**). The positive increase in storage from spring 2016 to spring 2019 seems reasonable given the wet winters in 2016/2017 and 2018/2019, the normal 2017/2018 winter, and the ability of Pine Flat reservoir to maintain hold over storage for delivery in subsequent years. As well, the negative storage change from spring 2015 to spring 2016 is reasonable considering it was the last dry year of the drought. There are some data gaps as well as some inconsistent data from year to year in certain areas that affects year to year estimations of storage change. The GSAs will continue to work to improve the reliability of data within the basin.

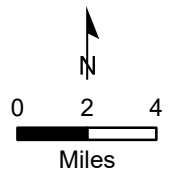
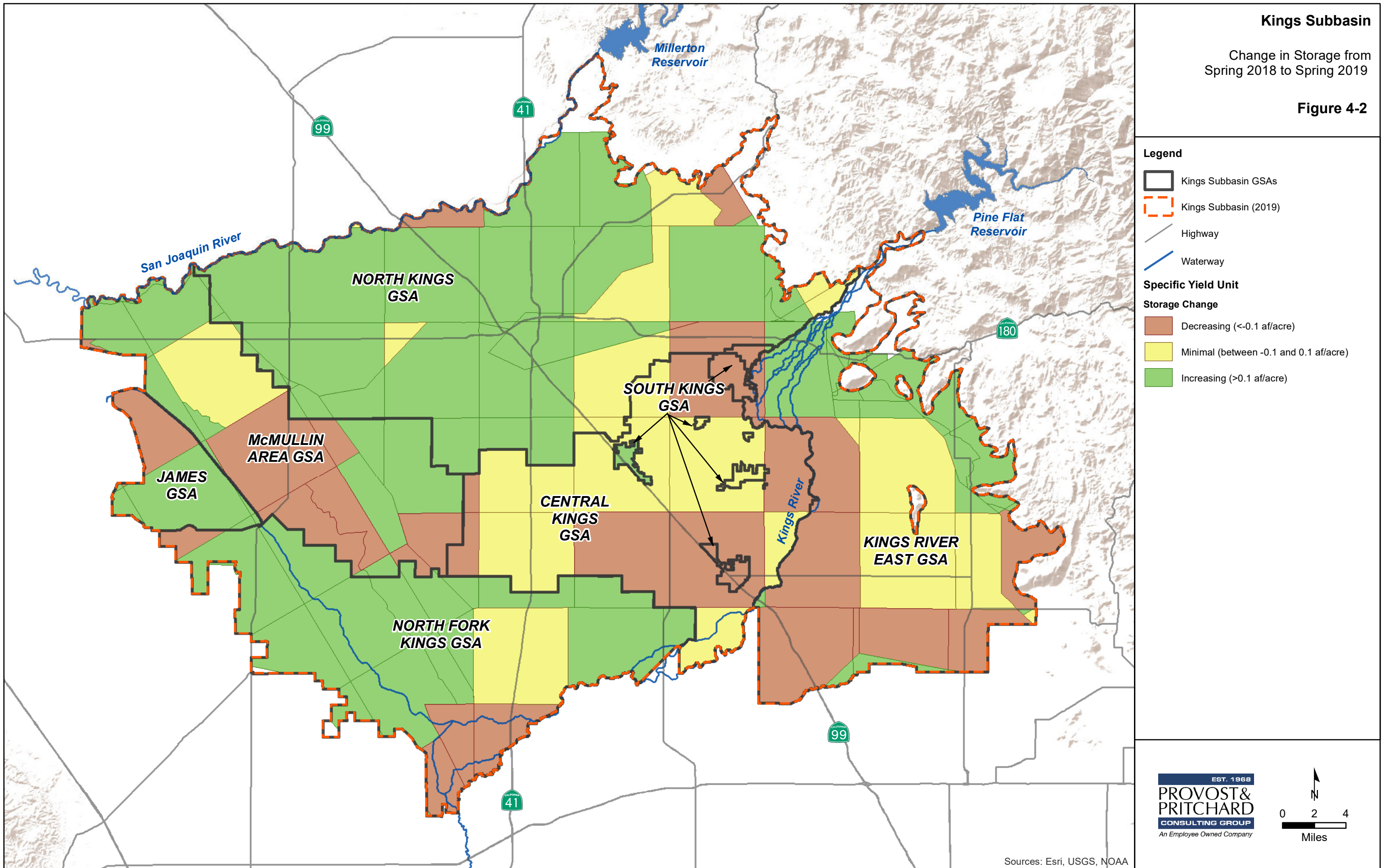
Table 4-1 – Kings Subbasin - Estimated Annual Change in Storage, Spring 2015 to Spring 2019

| Kings Subbasin GSA | Est. Storage Change Sp. 15 to Sp. 16 | Est. Storage Change Sp. 16 to Sp. 17 | Est. Storage Change Sp. 17 to Sp. 18 | Est. Storage Change Sp. 18 to Sp. 19 |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Total Est. Storage Change (AF) | -300,000 | 180,000 | 240,000 | 210,000 |

Kings Subbasin

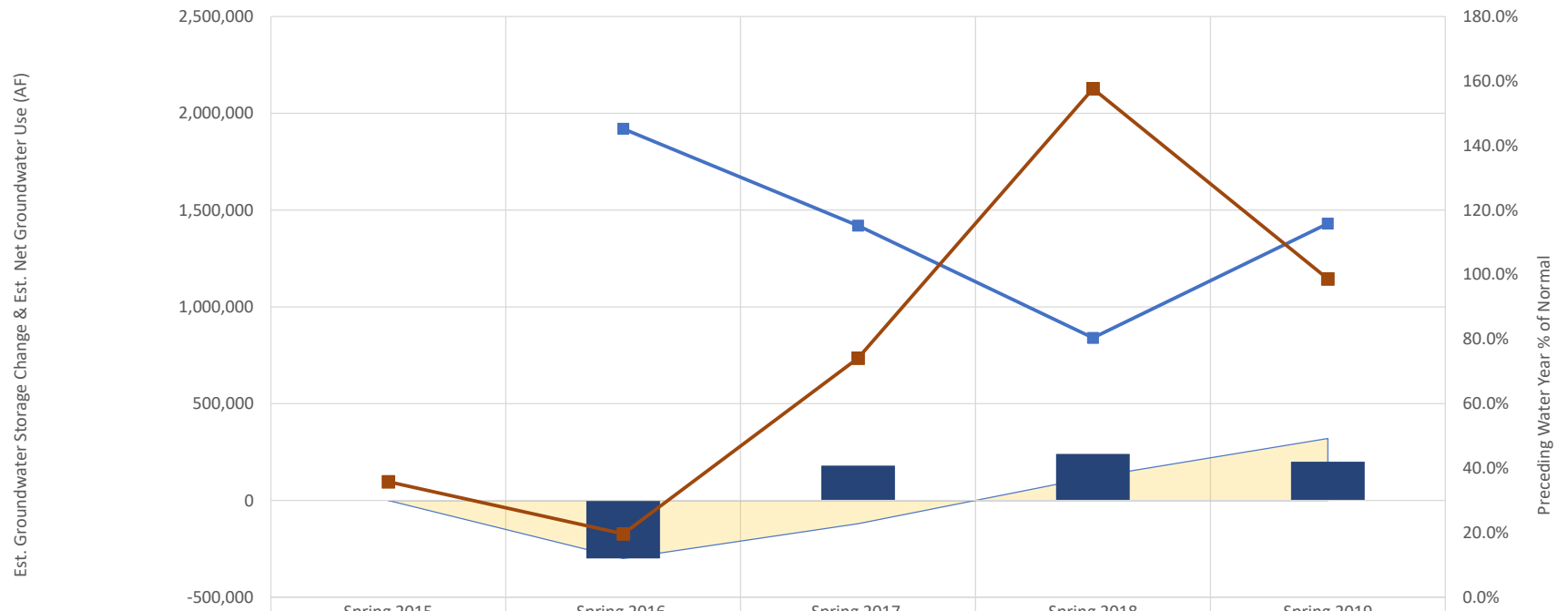
Change in Storage from Spring 2018 to Spring 2019

Figure 4-2



Sources: Esri, USGS, NOAA

Kings Subbasin
Estimated Annual and Cumulative Groundwater Storage Change from Spring 2015 to Spring 2019



| | Spring 2015 | Spring 2016 | Spring 2017 | Spring 2018 | Spring 2019 |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Cumulative Change in Storage, AF | | -300,000 | -120,000 | 120,000 | 320,000 |
| Annual GW Storage Change, AF | | (300,000) | 180,000 | 240,000 | 200,000 |
| Preceding WY Est. Total GW Use, AF | | 1,920,000 | 1,420,000 | 840,000 | 1,430,000 |
| Preceding WY % of Normal | 35.8% | 19.6% | 74.1% | 157.6% | 98.7% |

Notes:

- 1 - Annual storage change is from spring to spring. Storage change is listed under the ending year evaluated. For example, storage change from Sp. 2015 to Sp. 2016 is under the Spring 2016 column.
- 2 - Storage was not estimated in spring 2014 therefore storage change from spring 2014 to spring 2015 was not estimated.
- 3 - Preceding WY ends Sept. 30 of the previous year, for example the 2016/2017 Water Year ends on Sept. 30, 2017 and is shown under the Spring 2018 column on this graph.
- 4 - Water Year begins Oct. 1 of preceding year and runs through Sept. 30 of listed year. For example, the 2015 water year begins Oct. 1 2014 and continues through Sept. 30 2015.
- 5 - Values rounded to nearest 10,000 acre-feet.
- 6 - Kings River Water Year Types - less than 75% = Dry, from 75% to 125% = Normal, greater than 125% = Wet

Figure 4-3

4.4 Seawater Intrusion

The Kings Subbasin is not hydrologically located near the ocean nor near saline sinks. Therefore, no criteria has been established for undesirable results.

4.5 Groundwater Quality

The Kings Basin's Groundwater Quality Monitoring Network is comprised of the individual GSA groundwater quality monitoring networks described in each GSA's GSP. A map of the overall network is shown in **Figure 4-4**.

The groundwater quality monitoring networks for the GSAs are comprised primarily of community and non-community public supply wells. Groundwater quality data from these wells are publicly available from the water suppliers or through online databases such the State Safe Drinking Water Information System (<http://sdwis.waterboards.ca.gov/PDWW/>) or the California Water Boards' Electronic Data Transfer (EDT) database. McMullin also utilizes groundwater quality data from the American Avenue Landfill is publicly available on the California Water Board's online GeoTracker database as it becomes available. Some GSAs are also utilizing data from the Kings River Water Quality Coalition (KRWQC) under the Irrigated Lands Regulatory Program (ILRP). To date KRWQC has conducted one groundwater monitoring event in 2018 of domestic wells within the GSA where data is publicly available on the GAMA online database. Additional trend analysis as described in the GSP will be performed in subsequent annual reports, as needed, and as sufficient data is collected in time.

4.6 Land Subsidence




As discussed in the GSP, the basin is primarily relying on land subsidence survey information from observation points surveyed by KRCD as part of their land subsidence network. Data was provided from KRCD for measurements taken in April of 2016 and December of 2019. The cumulative elevation change over that more than 3 year period was mapped and is shown in **Figure 4-5**. The observations generally indicate little to no change throughout the basin, with a greater amount of change in the western and southwestern portion of the basin.

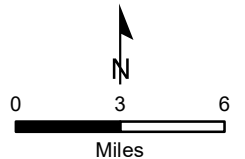
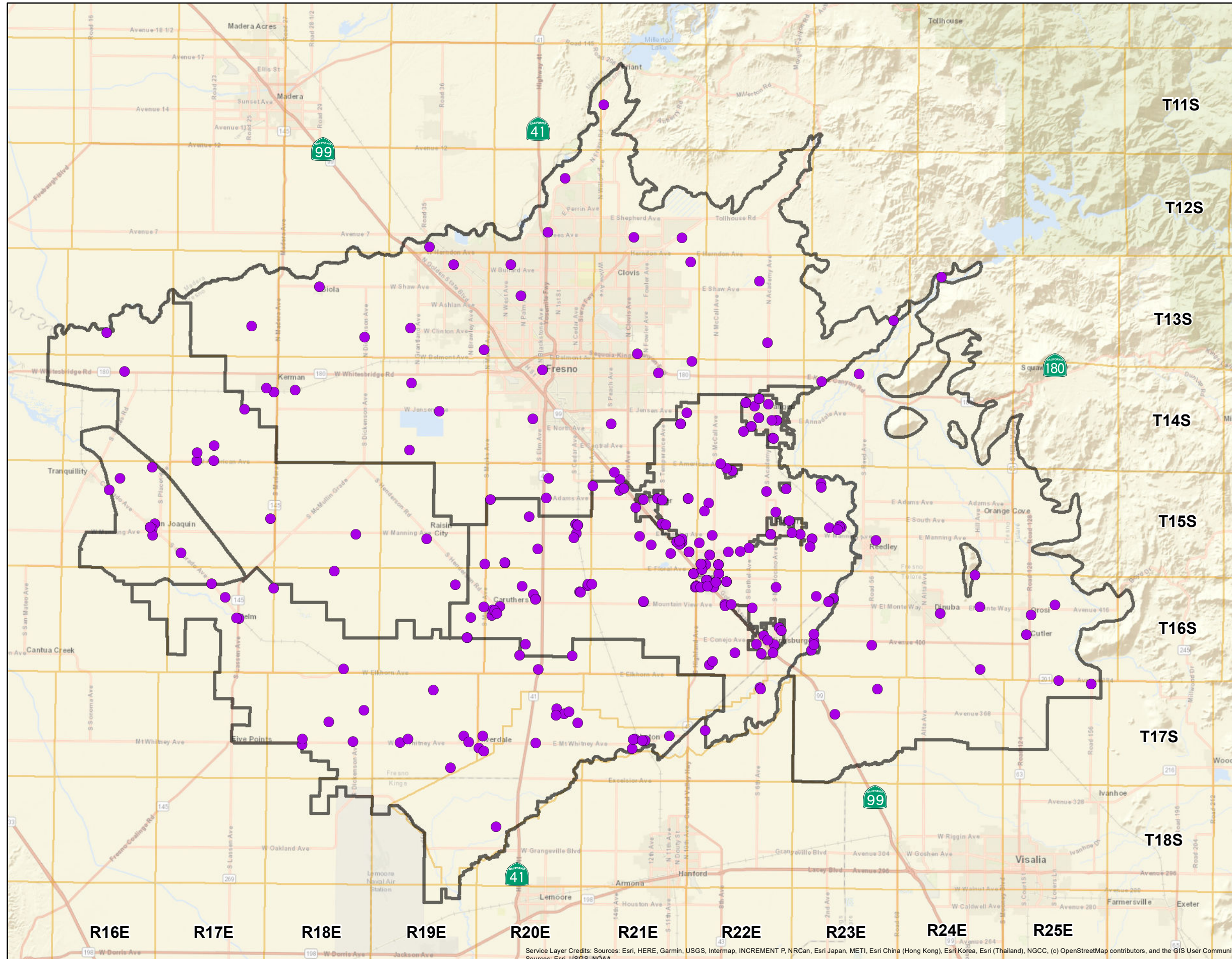
Kings Subbasin Coordinated Effort

Water Quality Monitoring Network

Figure 4-4

Legend

-  Selected Representative Groundwater Monitoring Wells
-  Groundwater Sustainable Agency
-  Township/Range

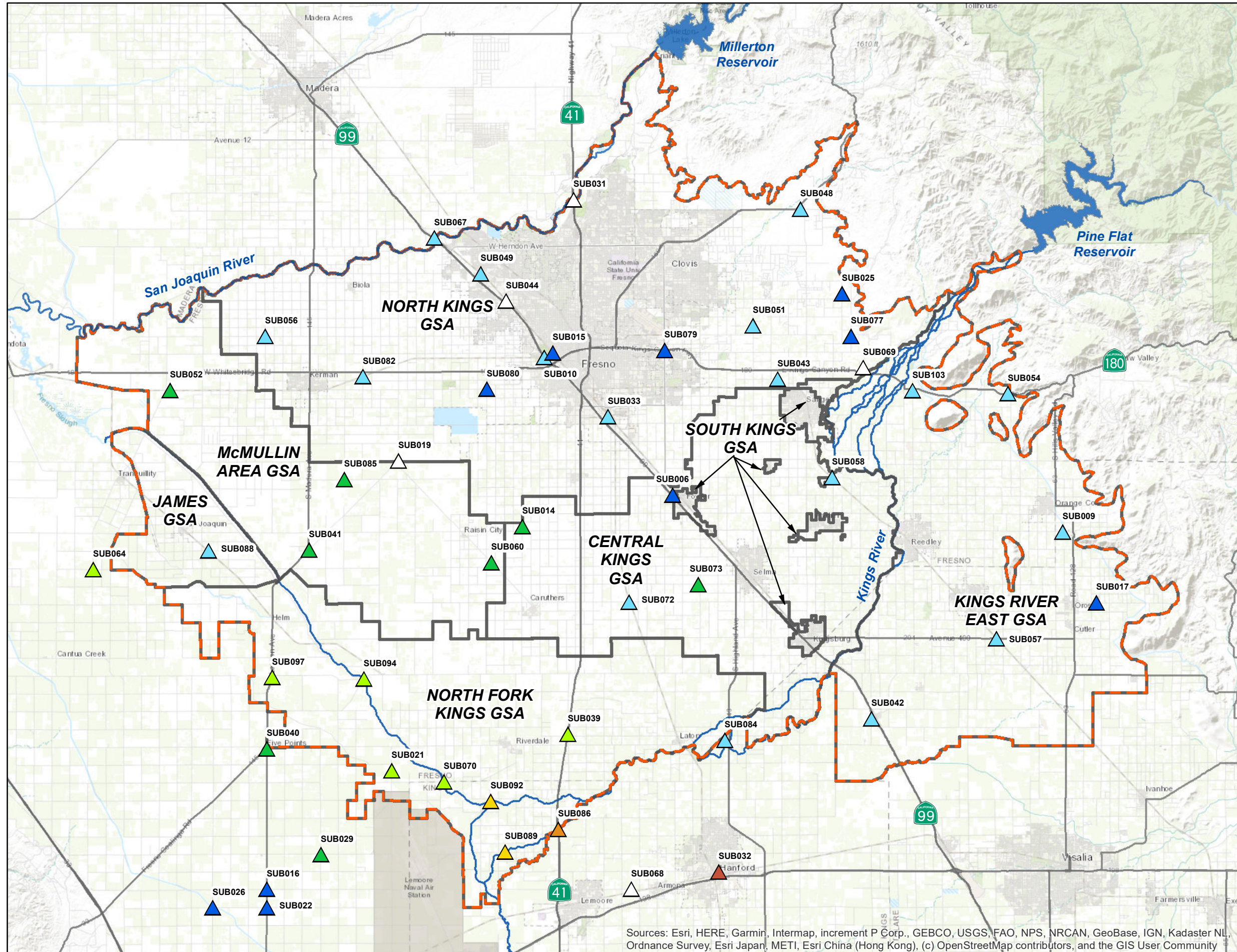


Service Layer Credits: Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community
Sources: Esri, USGS, NOAA

Kings Subbasin

Land Subsidence Monitoring
Apr 2016- Dec 2019

Figure 4-5

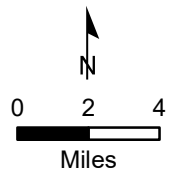


- Kings Subbasin GSAs
- Kings Subbasin (2019)

Subsidence Monitoring Location

Elevation Changes from Apr 2016 to Dec 2019 (ft)

- 0.01 to 0.66
- 0.24 to 0.00
- 0.49 to -0.25
- 0.99 to -0.50
- 1.24 to -1.00
- 1.49 to -1.25
- 1.60 to -1.50
- No Data



Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

4.7 Surface to Groundwater Interconnection

The Kings Subbasin GSAs have established a groundwater level monitoring network with an adequate density and which includes wells near the rivers that will be monitored to better understand potential surface to groundwater interconnections issues.

The Kings Subbasin Hydrographs presented in **Appendix C** indicate that groundwater near Kings River wells had declining groundwater levels during the drought period until approximately spring of 2016 when groundwater levels rose until 2018, corresponding with the wet time period at the end of the drought.

5 Monitoring Network

This is the first annual report following just a few months after completion of the GSPs within the basin, so there are no changes to the monitoring network at this time. GSAs have identified different data gaps within their GSPs that they intend to fill, likely modifying the monitoring network for the basin. If monitoring networks or protocols are changed, future annual reports will discuss those changes in this section.

6 Groundwater Projects and Management Actions Status

356.2(b) (5) (C) A description of progress towards implementing the Plan, including achieving interim milestones, and implementation of projects or management actions since the previous annual report.

The GSAs within the Kings Basin finalized their GSPs in late 2019 and submitted to DWR in January 2020 and are just beginning to implement their GSPs. Each of the GSAs includes a number of planned and possible projects and management actions to be implemented. Initial implementation work at this time includes project development and design, gathering of information to fill data gaps including well construction information, as well as continued stakeholder outreach and engagement. Most recently, on February 24, 2020, the GSAs helped conduct the third Kings Basin-wide GSP Community Workshop for Residents on Private Wells and Rural Communities coordinated by Self-Help Enterprises and KRCD in the community of Easton. This section will include a summary of implementation actions in future annual reports.

7 References

California Department of Water Resources, *California Water Plan Update – 2018*, Bulletin 160-18, 2019.

California Department of Water Resources, *Effective Precipitation - A Field Study to Assess Consumptive Use of Winter Rains by Spring and Summer Crops*, February 1989.

Cal Poly Irrigation Training and Research Center, *“Irrigation Water Balance Fundamentals”*, USCID Conference on Benchmarking Irrigation System Performance Using Water Measurement and Water Balances, San Luis Obispo, March 10, 1999.

Kings Groundwater Basin Groundwater Extractions

| Basin Number | Water Year | Total Groundwater Extractions (AF) | Water Use Sector Urban (AF) | Water Use Sector Industrial (AF) | Water Use Sector Agricultural (AF) | Water Use Sector Managed Wetlands (AF) | Water Use Sector Managed Recharge (AF) ¹ | Water Use Sector Native Vegetation (AF) | Water Use Sector Other (AF) | Water Use Sector Other Description |
|--------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|---|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 5-022.08 | 2019 (Oct. 2018 - Sept. 2019) | 1,061,594 | 156,073 | 0 | 897,723 | 0 | 381,436 | 0 | 7,798 | - |

**Kings Groundwater Basin
Groundwater Extraction Methods**

| Basin Number | Water Year | Meters Volume (AF) | Meters Description | Meters Type | Meters Accuracy (%) | Meters Accuracy Description | Electrical Records Volume (AF) | Electrical Records Description | Electrical Records Type | Electrical Records Accuracy (%) | Electrical Records Accuracy Description |
|--------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|----------------------|------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 5-022.08 | 2019 (Oct. 2018 - Sept. 2019) | 123,987 | Flow meters | Direct | 0-5% | Typical accuracy for propeller and magnetic meters | 0 | - | - | - | - |
| Basin Number | Water Year | Land Use Volume (AF) | Land Use Description | Land Use Type | Land Use Accuracy (%) | Land Use Accuracy Description | Groundwater Model Volume (AF) | Groundwater Model Description | Groundwater Model Type | Groundwater Model Accuracy (%) | Groundwater Model Accuracy Description |
| 5-022.08 | 2019 (Oct. 2018 - Sept. 2019) | 892,307 | Calculated pumping from crop water demands minus surface water deliveries | Estimate | 10-20% | Based on accuracy of Crop evapotranspiration estimates | 0 | - | - | - | - |
| Basin Number | Water Year | Other Method(s) Volume (AF) | Other Method(s) Description | Other Method(s) Type | Other Method(s) Accuracy (%) | Other Method(s) Accuracy Description | | | | | |
| 5-022.08 | 2019 (Oct. 2018 - Sept. 2019) | 45,300 | Rural domestic pumping estimated based on vegetated area and standard indoor use | Estimate | 10-20% | Accuracy based on professional judgement | | | | | |

**Kings Groundwater Basin
Surface Water**

| Basin Number | Water Year | Methods Used To Determine | Water Source Type Central Valley Project (AF) | Water Source Type State Water Project (AF) | Water Source Type Colorado River Project (AF) | Water Source Type Local Supplies - Kings River (AF) | Water Source Type Local Imported Supplies (AF) | Water Source Type Recycled Water (AF) | Water Source Type Desalination (AF) | Water Source Type Other (AF) | Water Source Type Other Description |
|--------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|------------------------------------|---|
| 5-022.08 | 2019 (Oct. 2018 - Sept. 2019) | Flumes and water meters | 119,759 | 0 | 0 | 1,478,650 | 0 | 581 | 0 | 40,172 | |

**Kings Groundwater Basin
Total Water Supply**

| Basin Number | Water Year | Total Water Use (AF) | Methods Used To Determine | Water Source Type Groundwater (AF) | Water Source Type Surface Water (AF) | Water Source Type Recycled Water (AF) | Water Source Type Reused Water (AF) | Water Source Type Other (AF) | Water Source Type Other Description |
|--------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 5-022.08 | 2019 (Oct. 2018 - Sept. 2019) | 2,700,756 | Sum of all water supplies | 1,061,594 | 1,598,409 | 581 | 0 | 40,172 | Riparian water diversions |

| Basin Number | Water Year | Water Use Sector Urban (AF) | Water Use Sector Industrial (AF) | Water Use Sector Agricultural (AF) | Water Use Sector Managed Wetlands (AF) | Water Use Sector Managed Recharge (AF) ¹ | Water Use Sector Native Vegetation (AF) | Water Use Sector Other (AF) | Water Use Sector Other Description |
|--------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|---|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 5-022.08 | 2019 (Oct. 2018 - Sept. 2019) | 232,745 | 0 | 2,078,777 | 0 | 381,436 | 0 | 7,798 | - |

Appendix B – Groundwater Level Data

| Unique Well ID | Local Well ID | GSA | DTW Sp. 18 | WSE Sp. 18 | DTW Fall 18 | WSE Fall 18 | DTW Sp. 19 | WSE Sp. 2019 |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| CID06 | 6 | Central Kings GSA | 48.4 | 294.0 | 57.4 | 285.0 | 59.0 | 283.4 |
| CID12 | 12 | Central Kings GSA | 54.7 | 286.3 | 58.3 | 282.7 | 54.7 | 286.3 |
| CID16 | 16 | Central Kings GSA | 73.2 | 245.6 | 73.6 | 245.2 | 72.0 | 246.8 |
| CID28 | 28 | Central Kings GSA | | | | | | |
| CID31 | 31 | Central Kings GSA | 50.8 | 275.8 | 52.2 | 274.4 | 49.9 | 276.6 |
| CID32 | 32 | Central Kings GSA | 57.9 | 259.7 | 58.4 | 259.2 | 56.2 | 261.4 |
| CID41 | 41 | Central Kings GSA | 27.1 | 262.9 | 25.0 | 265.0 | 26.4 | 263.6 |
| CID48 | 48 | Central Kings GSA | 141.6 | 95.9 | 143.3 | 94.2 | 139.9 | 97.6 |
| CID56 | 56 | Central Kings GSA | 166.7 | 81.7 | 170.6 | 77.8 | 166.5 | 81.9 |
| CID62 | 62 | Central Kings GSA | | | | | | |
| CID65 | 65 | Central Kings GSA | 64.2 | 230.9 | 65.1 | 230.1 | 67.1 | 228.1 |
| CID67 | 67 | Central Kings GSA | 109.6 | 156.8 | 111.4 | 155.0 | 108.9 | 157.5 |
| CID74 | 74 | Central Kings GSA | 132.5 | 121.3 | 136.0 | 117.8 | 131.3 | 122.4 |
| 1010034-002 | 1010034-002 | James ID | | | | | 109.5 | 63.1 |
| 15S16E28A003M | | James ID | 92.8 | 75.7 | 95.0 | 76.1 | 92.5 | 78.6 |
| 15S16E29N001M | Horn | James ID | 101.7 | 71.8 | | | | |
| 16S17E04P001M | D12 | James ID | 168.0 | 7.0 | 171.2 | 3.8 | 162.4 | 12.6 |
| 366502N1201782W001 | C65 | James ID | 114.5 | 53.3 | 118.8 | 49.0 | 107.8 | 60.0 |
| 14S24E17C001MX | 17C1 | Kings River East GSA | 16.1 | 448.7 | 15.0 | 447.9 | 14.3 | 448.6 |
| 15S24E11A001MX | 11A1 | Kings River East GSA | 17.7 | 412.8 | 19.6 | 410.4 | 9.3 | 420.7 |
| 15S25E19A001MX | 19A1 | Kings River East GSA | 51.5 | 407.8 | 49.3 | 409.3 | 45.2 | 413.4 |
| 16S25E10J001MX | 10J1 | Kings River East GSA | 57.7 | 365.0 | 65.4 | 357.2 | 57.1 | 365.5 |
| 364425N1193860W001 | 143 | Kings River East GSA | 62.1 | 230.6 | 62.2 | 230.5 | | |
| 365283N1194482W001 | 80 | Kings River East GSA | 70.7 | 246.0 | 73.8 | 242.8 | | |
| 366767N1194568W001 | 4A | Kings River East GSA | 50.2 | 311.3 | 51.7 | 310.8 | | |
| B013B | B013B | Kings River East GSA | 14.9 | 375.9 | | | 15.1 | 375.6 |
| I045A | I045A | Kings River East GSA | 65.8 | 337.1 | 70.4 | 332.5 | 60.6 | 342.3 |
| I055A | I055A | Kings River East GSA | 81.1 | 284.5 | 93.9 | 271.7 | 81.1 | 284.5 |
| I073A | I073A | Kings River East GSA | 62.6 | 274.0 | 65.1 | 271.5 | | |
| KRWD04 | KRWD04 | Kings River East GSA | 19.0 | 318.3 | 19.0 | 318.3 | 17.0 | 320.3 |
| M065A | M065A | Kings River East GSA | 86.5 | 274.7 | | | 89.8 | 271.4 |
| M105A | M105A | Kings River East GSA | | | | | | |
| M130B | M130B | Kings River East GSA | 82.8 | 235.8 | 85.5 | 233.1 | 82.3 | 236.2 |
| O123A | O123A | Kings River East GSA | 54.2 | 298.5 | 55.5 | 297.2 | 59.7 | 293.0 |
| T136A | T136A | Kings River East GSA | | | | | | |
| T139A | T139A | Kings River East GSA | 69.3 | 316.1 | 79.2 | 306.1 | 70.0 | 315.4 |
| W172A | W172A | Kings River East GSA | 70.3 | 222.4 | 68.2 | 224.4 | | |
| X156A | X156A | Kings River East GSA | 60.2 | 286.6 | 59.9 | 286.9 | 62.1 | 284.7 |

| Unique Well ID | Local Well ID | GSA | DTW Sp. 18 | WSE Sp. 18 | DTW Fall 18 | WSE Fall 18 | DTW Sp. 19 | WSE Sp. 2019 |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| X176A | X176A | Kings River East GSA | 105.3 | 185.4 | | | 107.0 | 183.4 |
| X213A | X213A | Kings River East GSA | | | | | | |
| X234B | X234B | Kings River East GSA | 93.6 | 234.2 | 99.1 | 228.6 | | |
| 15S18E02A001MX | FD02A1 | McMullin Area GSA | | | | | | |
| 365463N1199268W001 | 16S19E17C001M | McMullin Area GSA | | | | | | |
| 365963N1200529W001 | 15S18E30L001M | McMullin Area GSA | | | | | 228.7 | -33.3 |
| 366082N1201199W001 | 15S17E21J001M | McMullin Area GSA | | | 216.2 | -21.7 | 205.4 | -10.9 |
| 366188N1199104W001 | 15S19E21C003M | McMullin Area GSA | | | | | | |
| 366196N1200632W001 | 15S17E13R002M | McMullin Area GSA | | | 198.8 | -16.2 | 179.4 | 3.2 |
| 367477N1201460W001 | FD5D1 | McMullin Area GSA | | | | | | |
| 367705N1202691W001 | 13S16E30L003M | McMullin Area GSA | 117.0 | 60.4 | | | | |
| 367757N1201874W001 | 13S16E26A001M | McMullin Area GSA | 71.0 | 122.4 | | | 67.5 | 125.9 |
| 367782N1202141W001 | 13S16E27C001M | McMullin Area GSA | 57.0 | 131.4 | 79.0 | 109.4 | 53.0 | 135.4 |
| A01 | A01 | McMullin Area GSA | 109.0 | 53.6 | 132.0 | 30.6 | 113.5 | 48.3 |
| A07 | A07 | McMullin Area GSA | 87.0 | 83.8 | 86.0 | 84.8 | 75.0 | 94.4 |
| A17 | A17 | McMullin Area GSA | 140.0 | 70.8 | 146.0 | 64.8 | 138.0 | 72.1 |
| A20 | A20 | McMullin Area GSA | | | | | | |
| A23 | A23 | McMullin Area GSA | 176.0 | 15.1 | | | 176.5 | 12.5 |
| A24 | A24 | McMullin Area GSA | 134.0 | 41.3 | 140.0 | 35.3 | 130.5 | 42.8 |
| A30 | A30 | McMullin Area GSA | 213.0 | -32.8 | 215.2 | -35.0 | 197.5 | -19.6 |
| A34 | A34 | McMullin Area GSA | 163.0 | 53.3 | 167.0 | 49.3 | 156.0 | 59.0 |
| A46 | A46 | McMullin Area GSA | 125.0 | 115.2 | 150.0 | 90.2 | | |
| A51 | A51 | McMullin Area GSA | 189.0 | 40.8 | 193.0 | 36.8 | 180.0 | 48.5 |
| A53 | A53 | McMullin Area GSA | 242.0 | -29.0 | 235.0 | -22.0 | 229.0 | -17.9 |
| A58 | A58 | McMullin Area GSA | | | 238.0 | -43.2 | 233.0 | -40.6 |
| A62 | A62 | McMullin Area GSA | 183.0 | 55.1 | 194.0 | 44.1 | 181.5 | 54.8 |
| 364002N1197624W001 | 18S20E02A001M | North Fork Kings GSA | 165.0 | 77.8 | 172.0 | 70.8 | | |
| 364591N1200135W001 | 17S18E09R001M | North Fork Kings GSA | 219.0 | -21.2 | | | | |
| 364603N1197510W001 | 17S20E12Q001M | North Fork Kings GSA | 146.2 | 96.5 | | | 142.2 | 100.5 |
| 364667N1197041W001 | 17S21E09M001M | North Fork Kings GSA | 123.2 | 129.5 | 130.5 | 122.2 | 121.1 | 131.6 |
| 364668N1198257W001 | 17S20E08L001M | North Fork Kings GSA | 178.2 | 54.5 | 193.2 | 39.5 | 171.2 | 61.5 |
| 364682N1198732W001 | 17S19E11H001M | North Fork Kings GSA | | | | | 192.9 | 29.8 |
| 364739N1196227W001 | 17S22E07A001M | North Fork Kings GSA | | | 110.0 | 162.7 | | |
| 364813N1198968W001 | 17S19E03L001M | North Fork Kings GSA | 218.5 | 1.5 | 201.6 | 18.4 | 191.2 | 28.8 |
| 364816N1197785W001 | 17S20E02M001M | North Fork Kings GSA | | | | | | |
| 364893N1200127W001 | 16S18E33Q001M | North Fork Kings GSA | | | 244.0 | -45.3 | | |
| 364916N1198366W001 | 16S20E31P001M | North Fork Kings GSA | | | 200.0 | 37.7 | 201.3 | 36.4 |
| 364960N1197554W001 | 16S20E35J001M | North Fork Kings GSA | 143.5 | 106.2 | | | 143.4 | 106.3 |

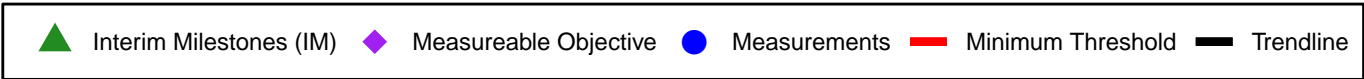
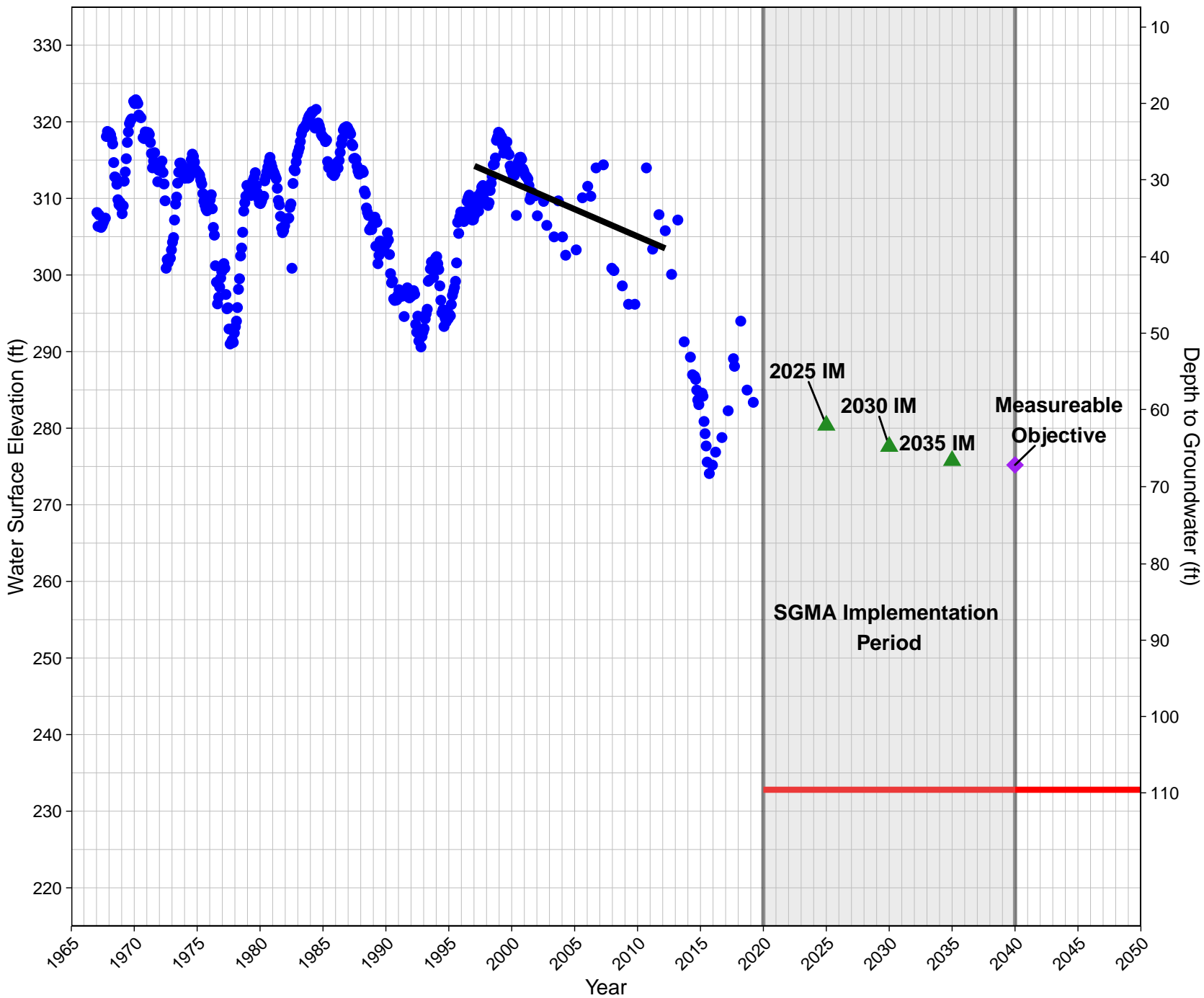
| Unique Well ID | Local Well ID | GSA | DTW Sp. 18 | WSE Sp. 18 | DTW Fall 18 | WSE Fall 18 | DTW Sp. 19 | WSE Sp. 2019 |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| 364967N1197193W001 | 16S21E31J001M | North Fork Kings GSA | 134.0 | 123.7 | 146.2 | 111.5 | 137.2 | 120.5 |
| 365143N1198529W001 | 16S19E25B001M | North Fork Kings GSA | 216.9 | 19.8 | | | 184.9 | 51.8 |
| 365150N1197327W001 | 16S21E30C001M | North Fork Kings GSA | 130.6 | 127.1 | 133.4 | 124.3 | 130.3 | 127.4 |
| B06 | B06 | North Fork Kings GSA | 182.0 | 0.7 | 183.0 | -0.3 | | |
| B22 | B22 | North Fork Kings GSA | 202.5 | -3.3 | 208.0 | -8.8 | | |
| B31 | B31 | North Fork Kings GSA | 189.5 | 18.5 | | | | |
| CID51 | KRCD CID051 | North Fork Kings GSA | 147.7 | 95.8 | 147.3 | 96.2 | 147.3 | 96.2 |
| LID14 | LID14 | North Fork Kings GSA | 151.0 | 84.9 | 181.0 | 54.9 | 155.0 | 80.9 |
| LID21 | LID21 | North Fork Kings GSA | 147.0 | 80.7 | 164.0 | 63.7 | 155.0 | 72.7 |
| LID25 | LID25 | North Fork Kings GSA | 171.0 | 41.9 | 174.0 | 38.9 | 174.0 | 38.9 |
| LID26 | LID26 | North Fork Kings GSA | 172.0 | 41.9 | 200.0 | 13.9 | 172.0 | 41.9 |
| 12S19E33P001MX | FC160 | North Kings GSA | 99.8 | 201.1 | 103.6 | 197.3 | 100.7 | 200.2 |
| 12S19E36J001MX | FC091 | North Kings GSA | 153.4 | 178.4 | 152.3 | 179.5 | 152.0 | 179.8 |
| 12S20E23D001MX | FC295 | North Kings GSA | | | | | | |
| 12S20E34K001MX | FC092 | North Kings GSA | 161.9 | 198.2 | 170.5 | 189.6 | 165.3 | 194.8 |
| 12S21E29K001M | FC29K1 | North Kings GSA | 77.6 | 303.9 | 77.0 | 304.5 | 80.2 | 301.3 |
| 12S21E34H001M | FC34H1 | North Kings GSA | 61.8 | 330.7 | 61.5 | 331.0 | 61.0 | 331.5 |
| 12S22E19N001M | FC19N1 | North Kings GSA | 31.1 | 409.5 | 35.5 | 405.1 | 55.3 | 385.3 |
| 12S22E26L001M | FC26L1 | North Kings GSA | 22.7 | 464.9 | | | | |
| 13S17E25C001MX | FD25C1 | North Kings GSA | 84.1 | 147.8 | 85.1 | 146.8 | 84.1 | 147.8 |
| 13S17E33M001MX | FD32H1 | North Kings GSA | 111.4 | 98.7 | 112.9 | 97.2 | 107.4 | 102.7 |
| 13S18E17A001MX | FD17A1 | North Kings GSA | | | | | 65.0 | 188.2 |
| 13S18E33M001MX | FD32J1 | North Kings GSA | 84.5 | 152.8 | 79.5 | 158.8 | 81.5 | 155.8 |
| 13S19E11L001MX | FC035 | North Kings GSA | 119.8 | 184.9 | 121.8 | 182.9 | 120.9 | 183.8 |
| 13S19E29A001MX | FD29A1 | North Kings GSA | 89.7 | 177.2 | 90.7 | 176.2 | 86.7 | 180.2 |
| 13S20E27C001MX | FC069 | North Kings GSA | 133.6 | 176.5 | 132.7 | 177.4 | 128.6 | 181.5 |
| 13S20E30B001MX | FC074 | North Kings GSA | 121.0 | 183.0 | 122.0 | 182.0 | 120.9 | 183.1 |
| 13S21E19E001MX | FC080 | North Kings GSA | 142.9 | 191.9 | 139.2 | 195.6 | 130.0 | 204.8 |
| 13S22E07R001MX | FD07R1 | North Kings GSA | 59.0 | 332.6 | 59.5 | 332.1 | 58.5 | 333.1 |
| 13S22E32A001MX | FD32A1 | North Kings GSA | 50.2 | 320.6 | 55.7 | 315.1 | 49.7 | 321.1 |
| 13S23E30B001MX | FD30B1 | North Kings GSA | 13.2 | 397.6 | 8.2 | 402.6 | 6.7 | 404.1 |
| 13S23E33B001MX | FD33B1 | North Kings GSA | 14.4 | 417.4 | 12.9 | 418.9 | 10.9 | 420.9 |
| 14S18E09H001MX | FD09H1 | North Kings GSA | 93.2 | 143.1 | 91.2 | 145.1 | 92.2 | 144.1 |
| 14S18E32D001MX | FD32D1 | North Kings GSA | | | | | | |
| 14S19E17C001MX | FD17C1 | North Kings GSA | 90.9 | 158.9 | 92.9 | 156.9 | 92.4 | 157.4 |
| 14S19E33D001MX | FD33D1 | North Kings GSA | 74.5 | 165.0 | 87.5 | 152.0 | 80.0 | 159.5 |
| 14S20E10M001MX | FC003 | North Kings GSA | 106.1 | 185.3 | 104.1 | 187.3 | 101.0 | 190.4 |
| 14S20E22J001MX | FC040 | North Kings GSA | | | | | | |

| Unique Well ID | Local Well ID | GSA | DTW Sp. 18 | WSE Sp. 18 | DTW Fall 18 | WSE Fall 18 | DTW Sp. 19 | WSE Sp. 2019 |
|--------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| 14S21E06Q001MX | FC077 | North Kings GSA | 112.9 | 196.6 | 110.3 | 199.3 | 113.7 | 195.9 |
| 14S21E22D001MX | FD22D1 | North Kings GSA | 79.2 | 238.6 | | | 79.7 | 238.1 |
| 15S19E02M001MX | FD03J1 | North Kings GSA | 111.3 | 131.6 | 110.3 | 132.6 | | |
| 15S19E14M001MX | FD14M1 | North Kings GSA | 139.4 | 101.8 | 138.4 | 102.8 | 137.4 | 103.8 |
| 15S20E07Q001MX | FD07P1 | North Kings GSA | | | | | | |
| 15S20E13E001MX | FD13E2 | North Kings GSA | 91.4 | 190.6 | 91.9 | 190.1 | 89.4 | 192.6 |
| 367113N1200785W001 | 14S17E14J001M | North Kings GSA | 149.0 | 61.5 | 153.0 | 57.5 | 130.0 | 80.5 |
| 367556N1196666W001 | 13S21E34J002M | North Kings GSA | | | 79.5 | 261.0 | 72.1 | 268.4 |
| CID10 | 10 | South Kings GSA | 47.7 | 318.5 | 47.4 | 318.8 | 48.9 | 317.3 |
| CID25 | 25 | South Kings GSA | 64.3 | 263.0 | 65.5 | 261.8 | 65.7 | 261.6 |
| CID34 | 34 | South Kings GSA | 57.8 | 239.0 | 58.2 | 238.6 | 56.8 | 240.0 |

Appendix C – Groundwater Monitor Well Hydrographs

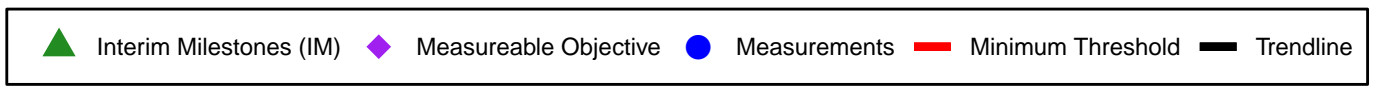
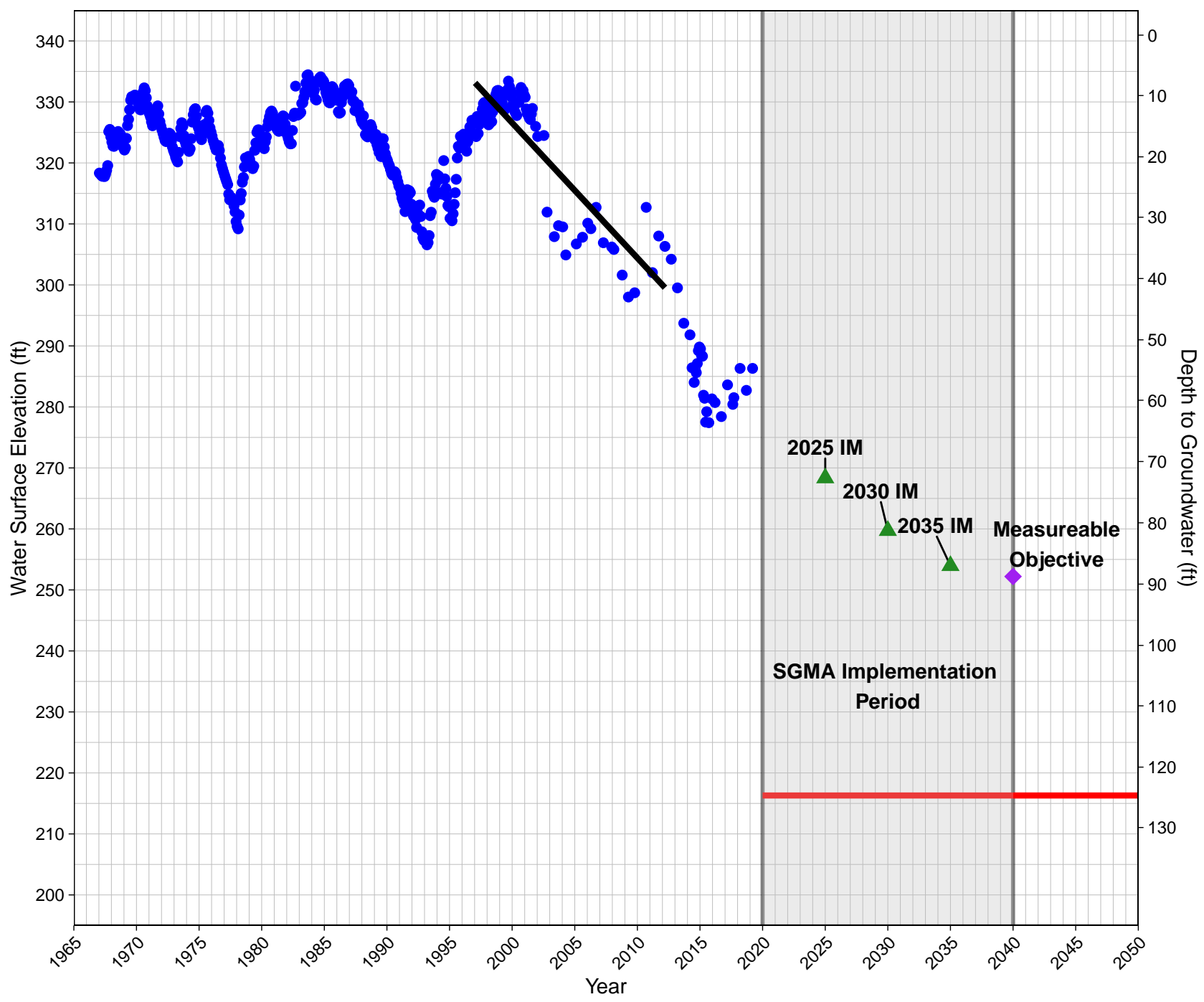
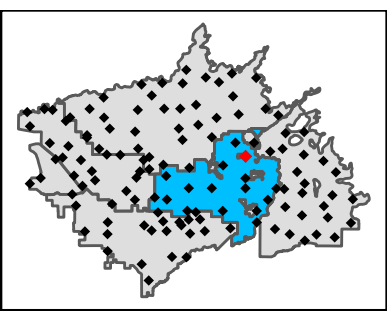
CID06

Ground Surface Elevation: 342 ft
Central Kings GSA



CID12

Ground Surface Elevation: 341 ft
Central Kings GSA

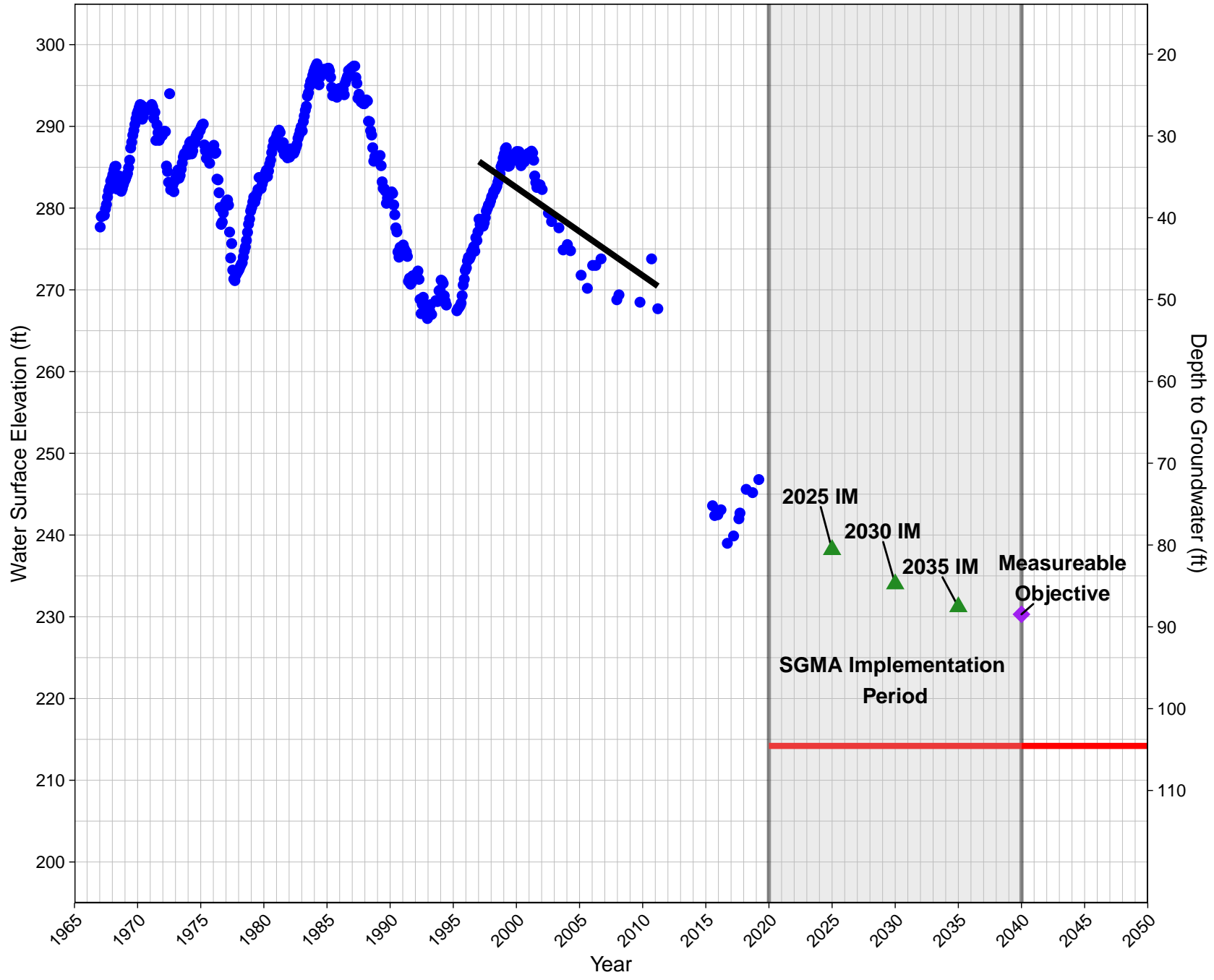
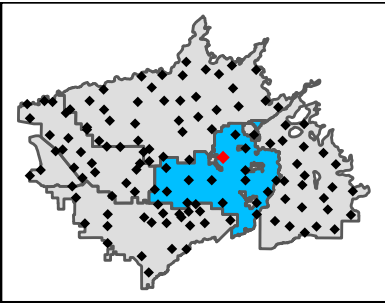


CID16

State Well ID: 15S21E14A001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 319 ft

Central Kings GSA

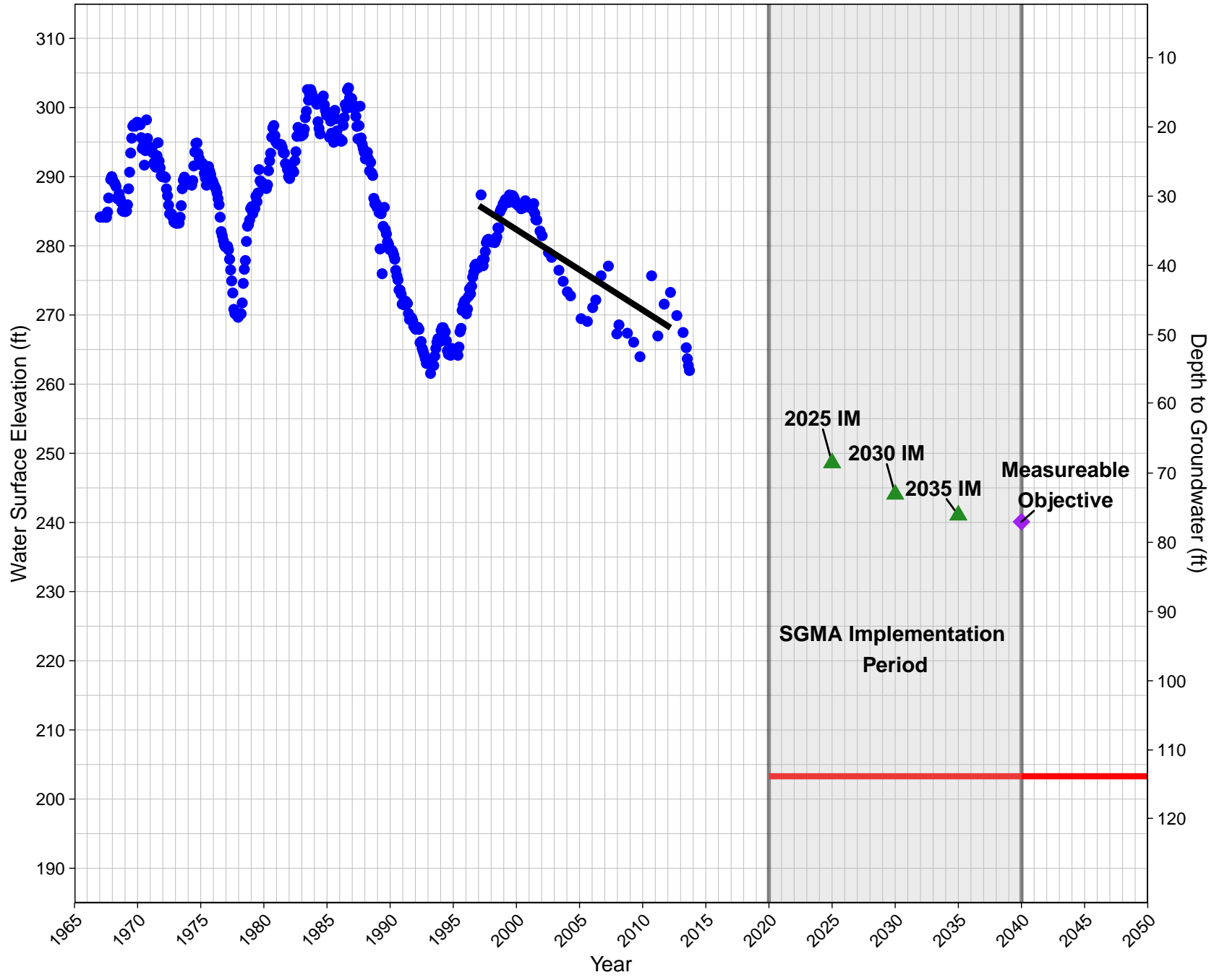
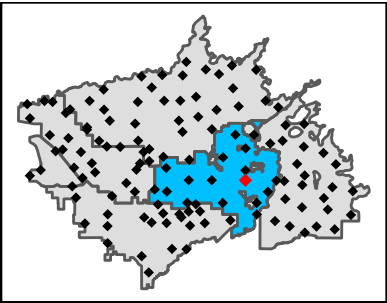


CID28

State Well ID: 15S22E33R001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 317 ft

Central Kings GSA

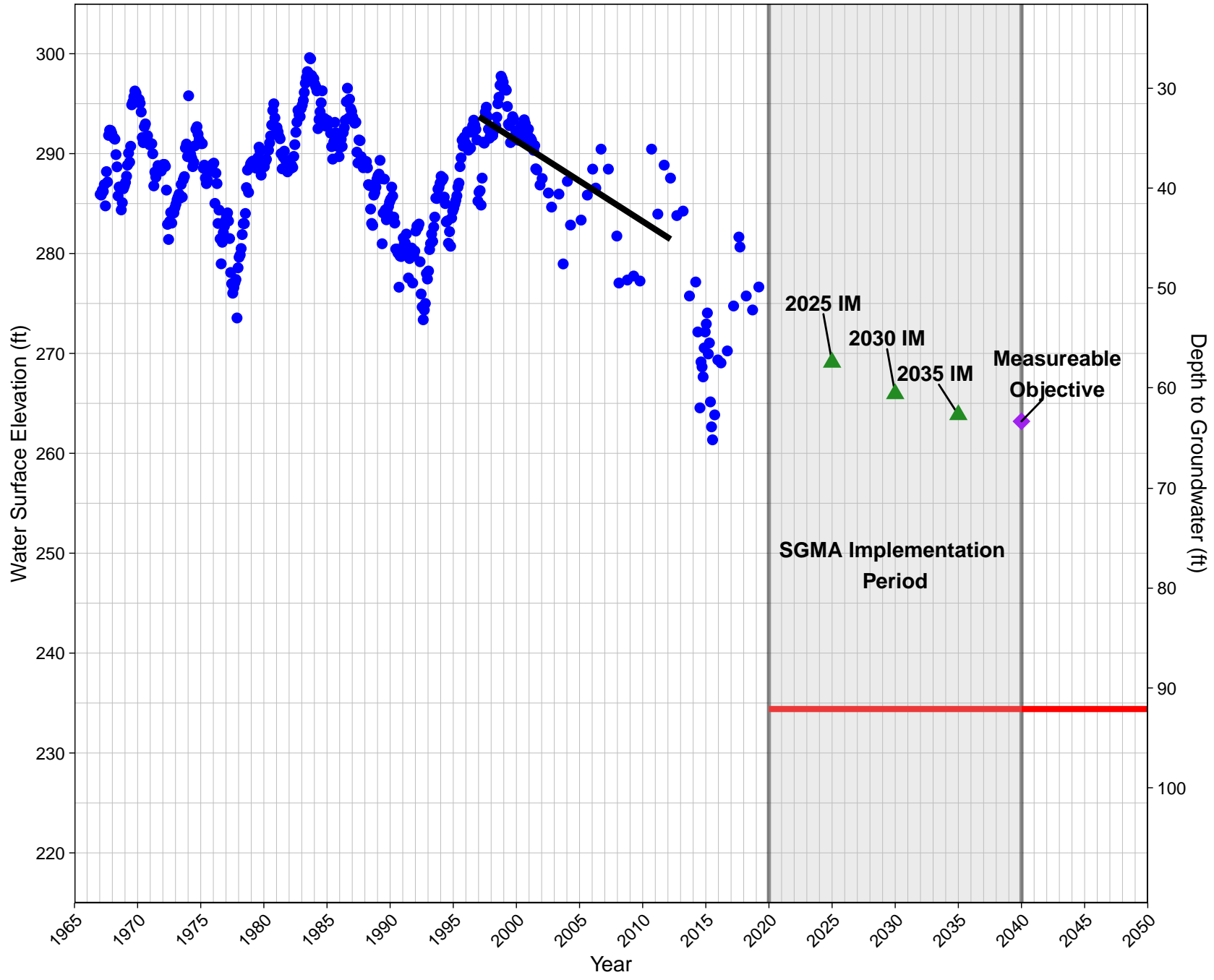
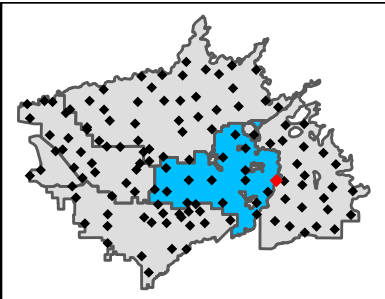


CID31

State Well ID: 15S23E33P001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 327 ft

Central Kings GSA

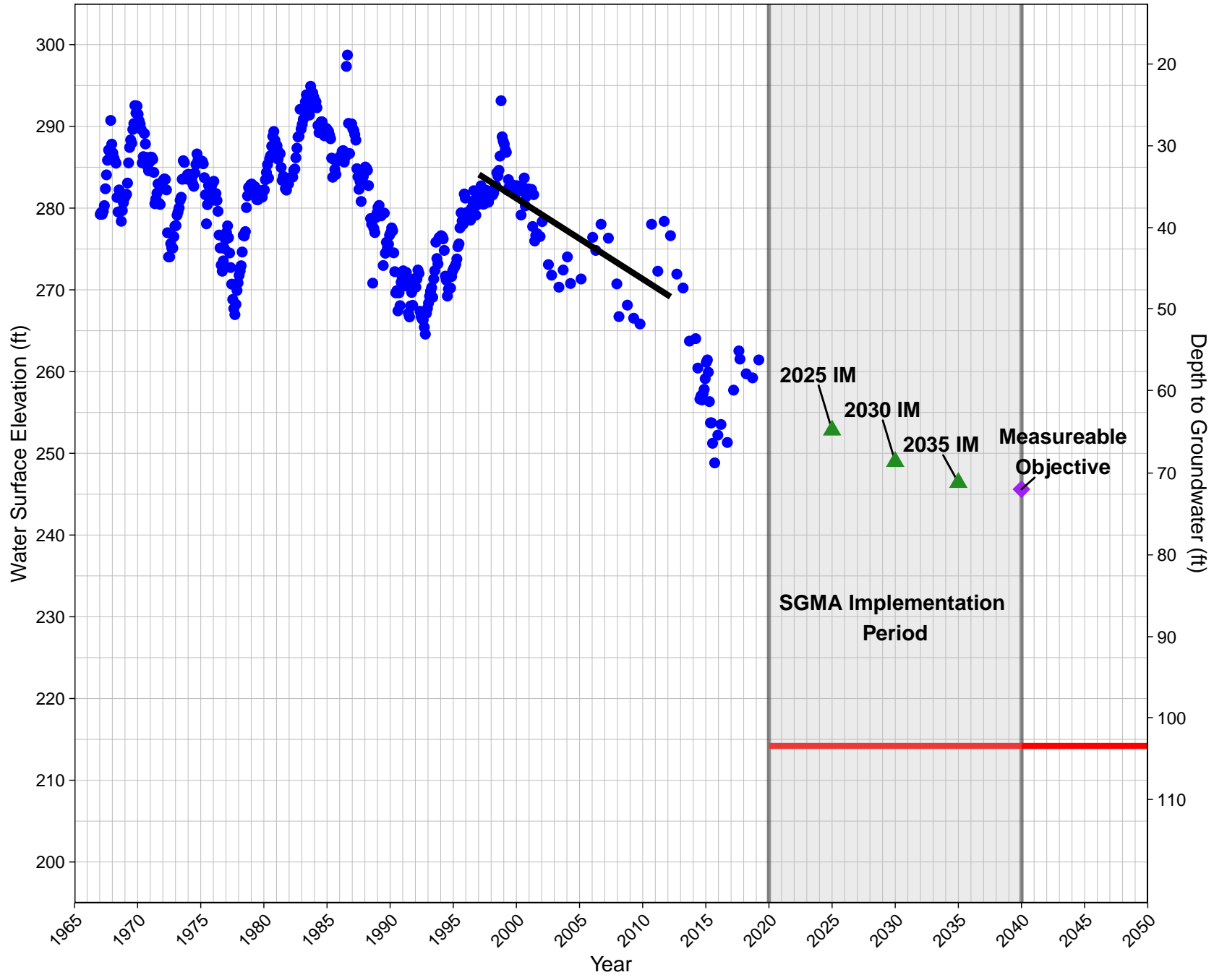
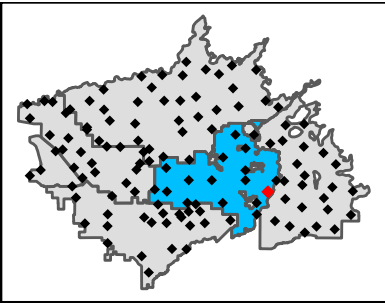


CID32

State Well ID: 16S23E18A001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 318 ft

Central Kings GSA

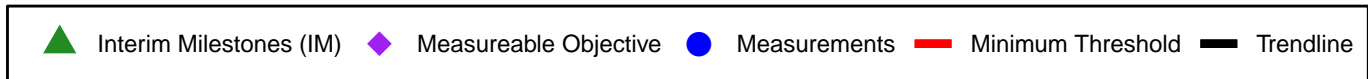
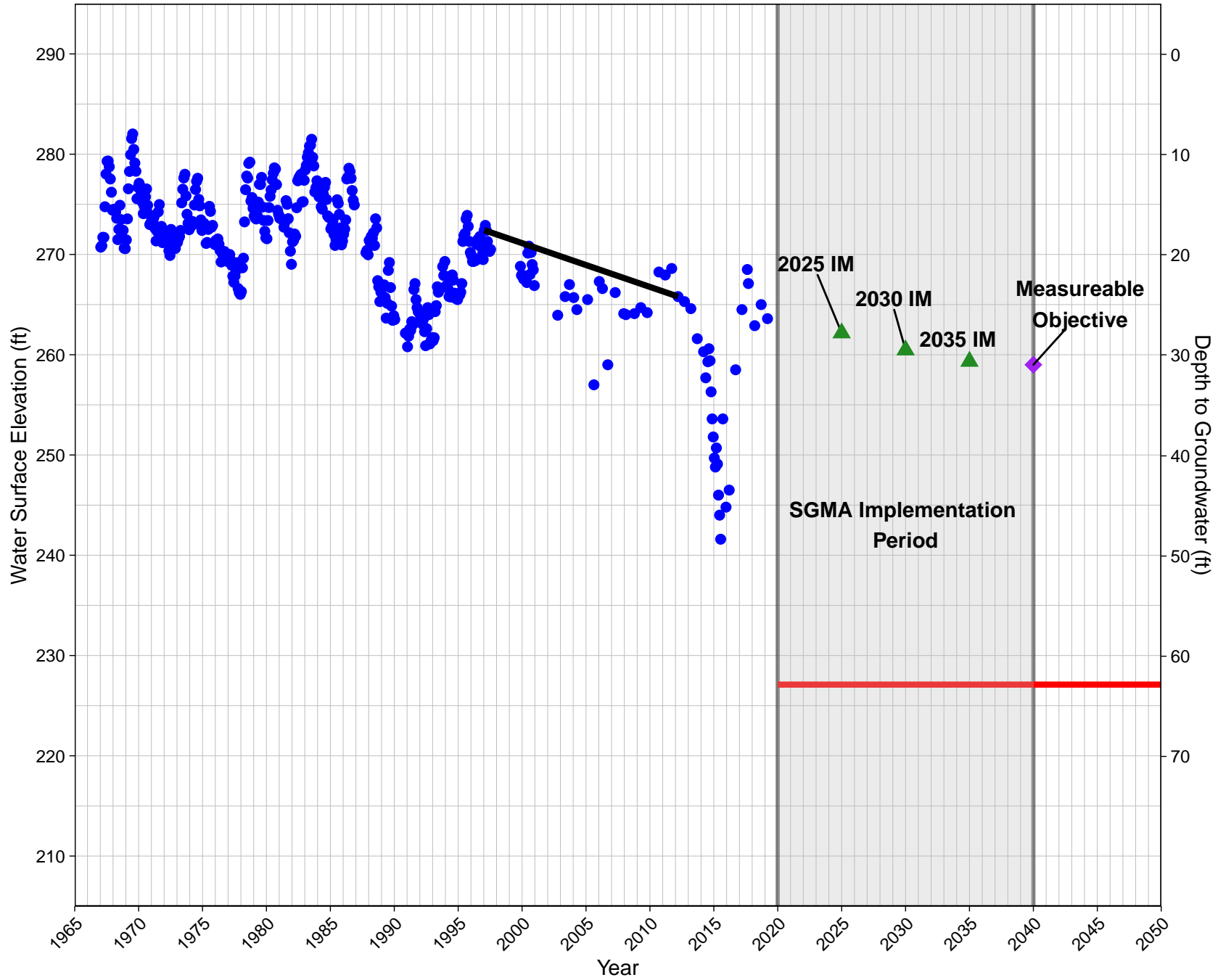
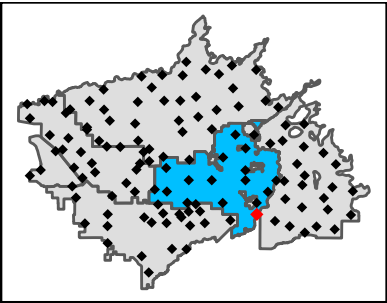


CID41

State Well ID: 17S22E01C001M

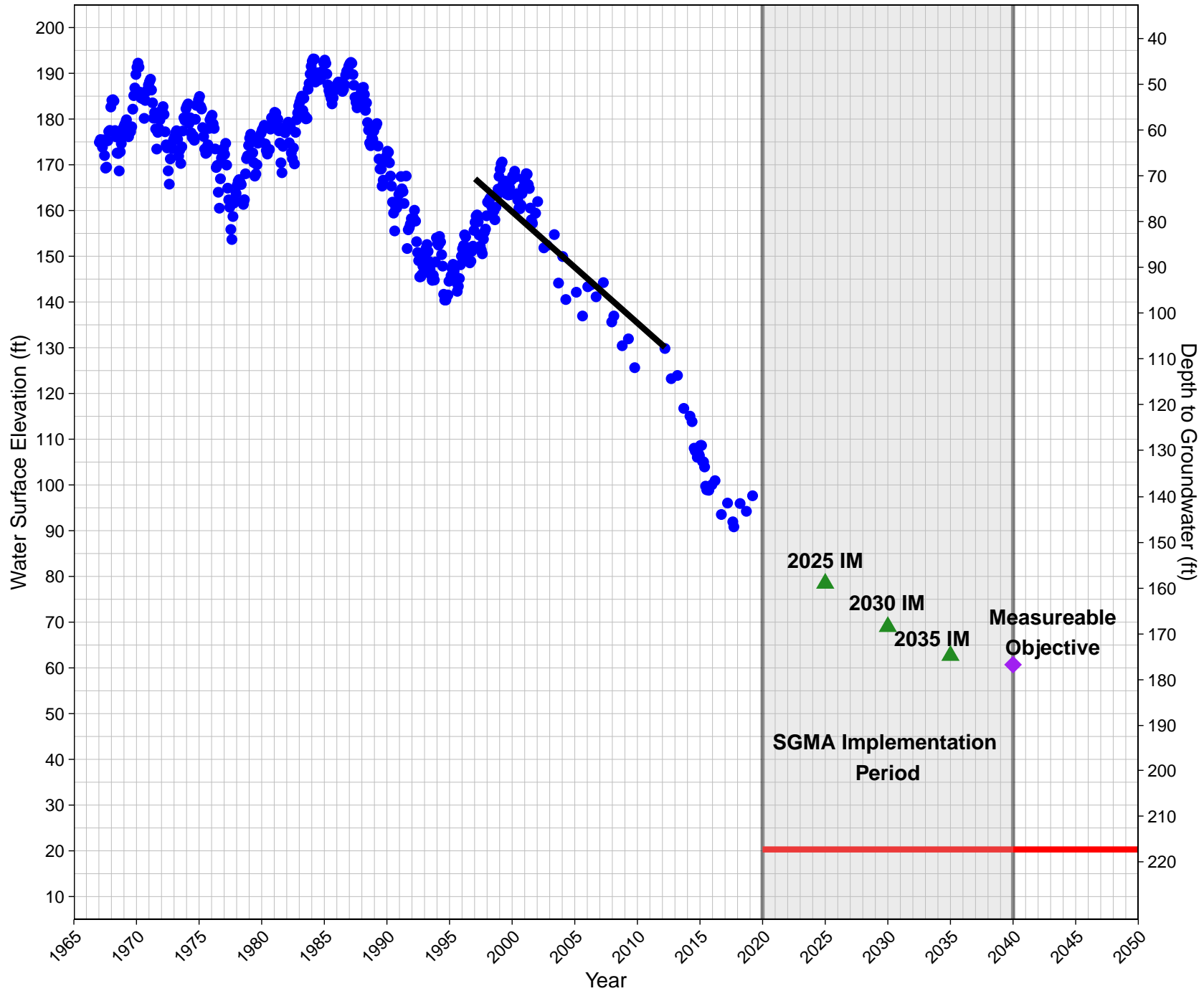
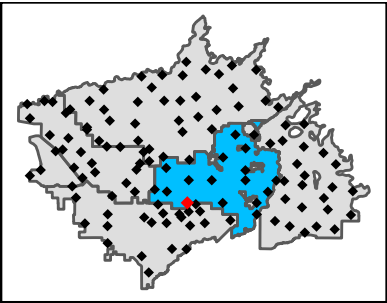
Ground Surface Elevation: 290 ft

Central Kings GSA



CID48

Ground Surface Elevation: 238 ft
Central Kings GSA

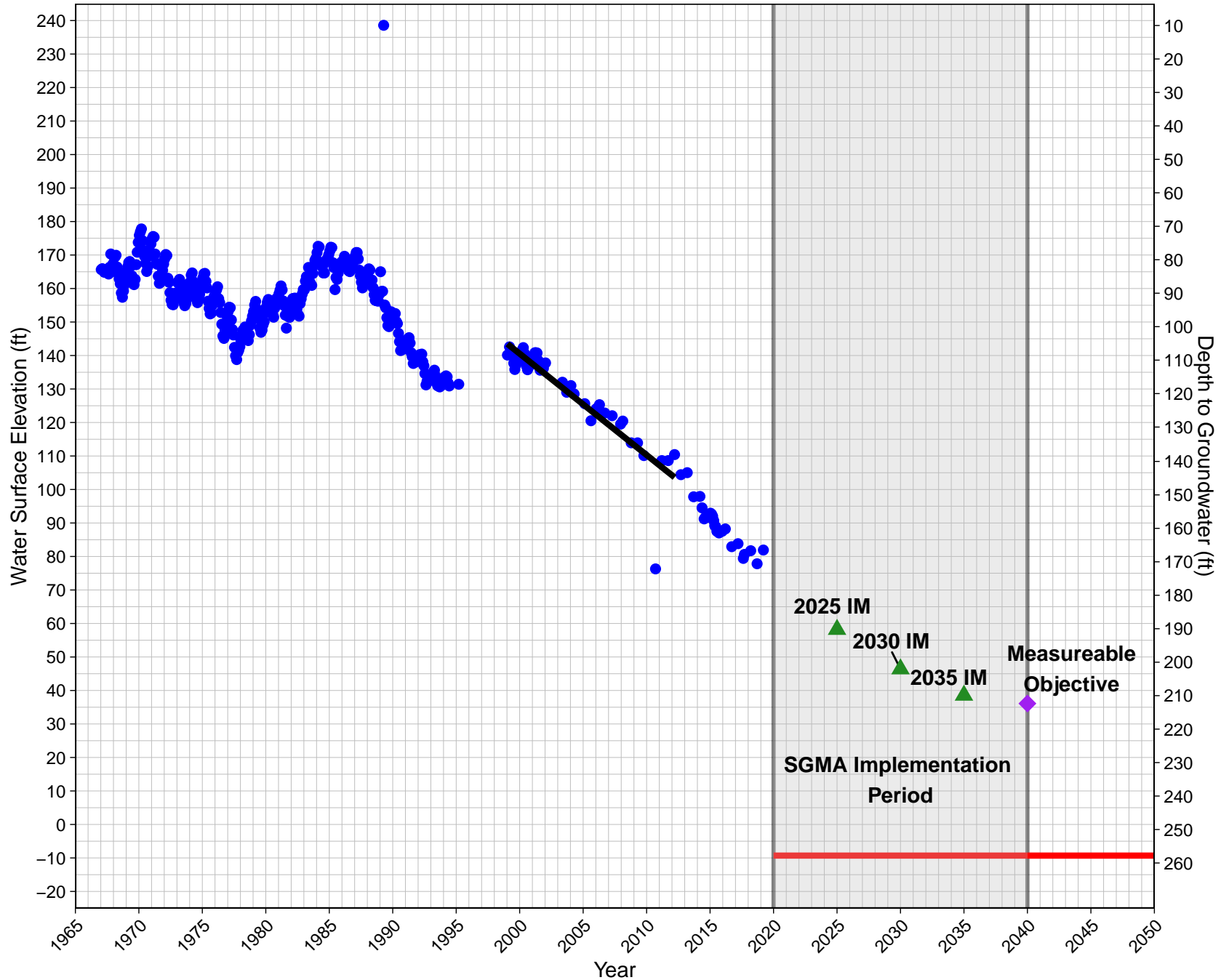
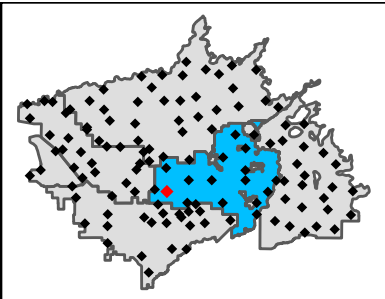


CID56

State Well ID: 16S20E18A001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 248 ft

Central Kings GSA

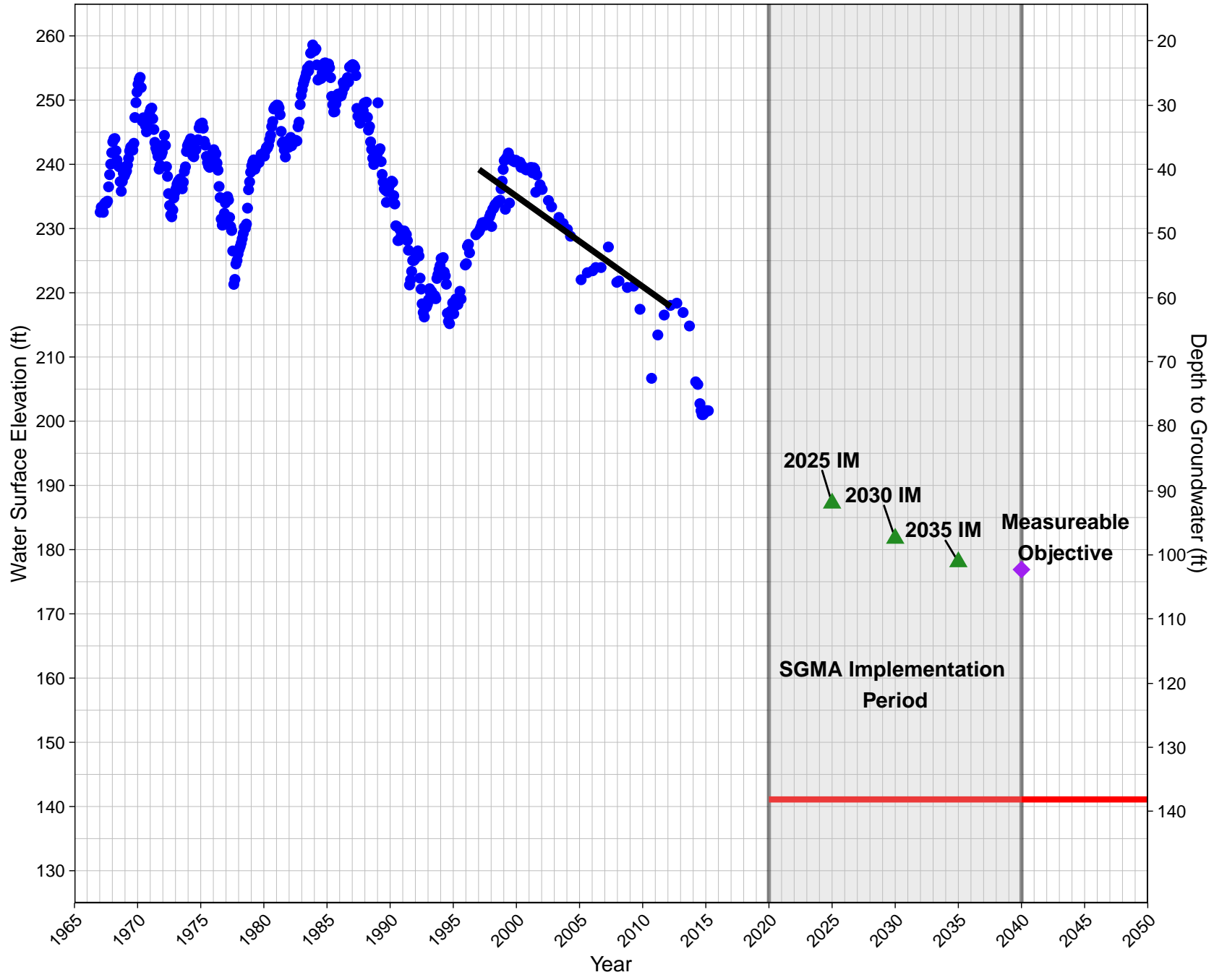
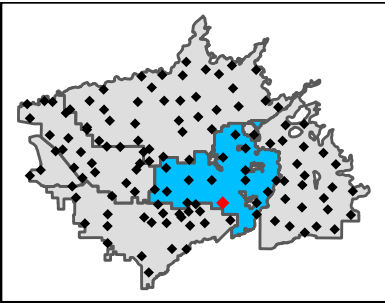


CID62

State Well ID: 16S21E23R001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 279 ft

Central Kings GSA

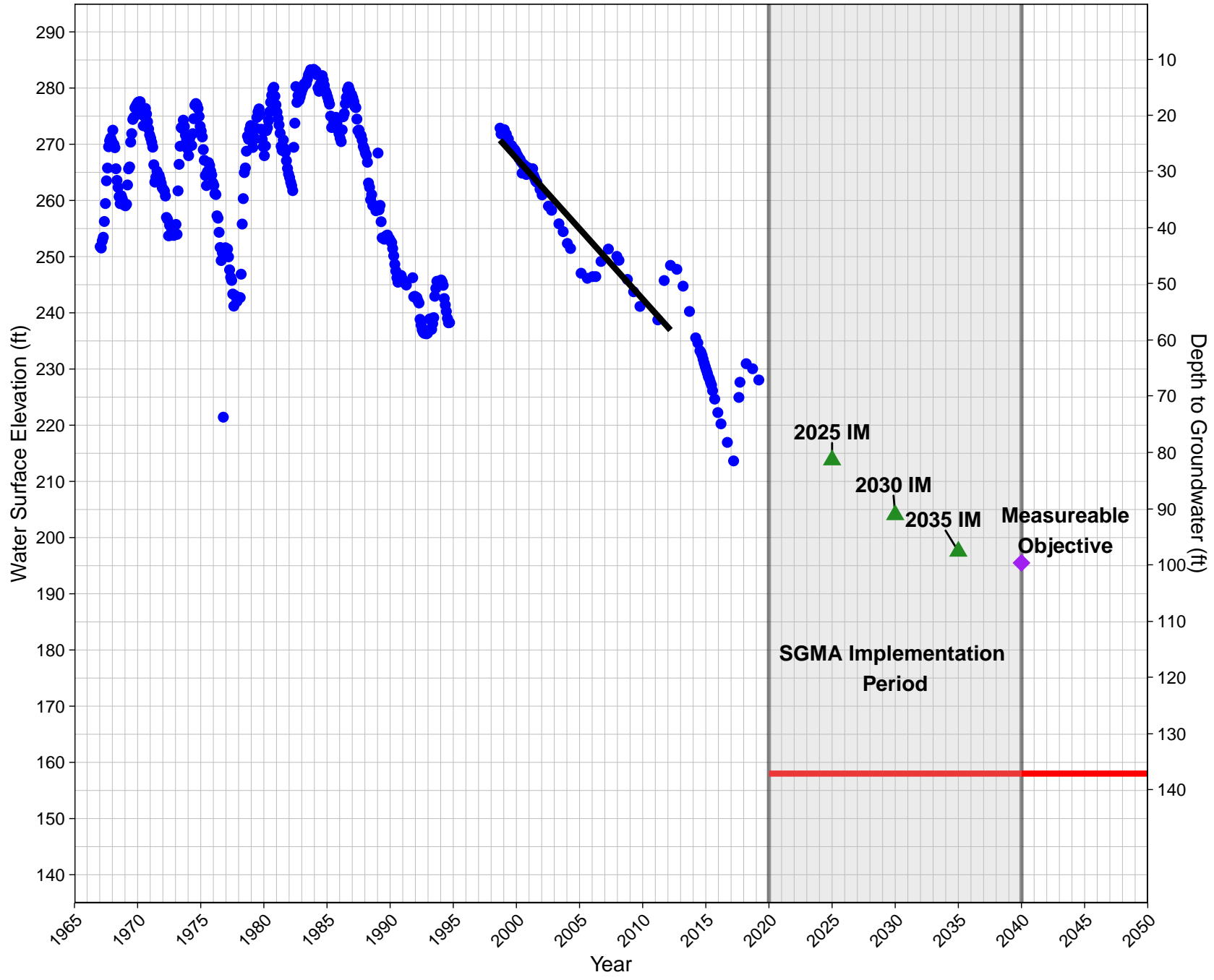
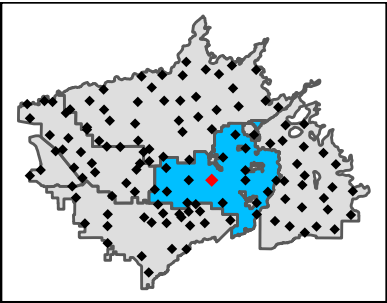


CID65

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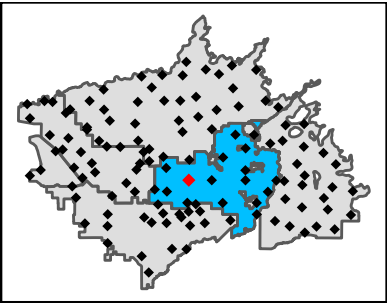
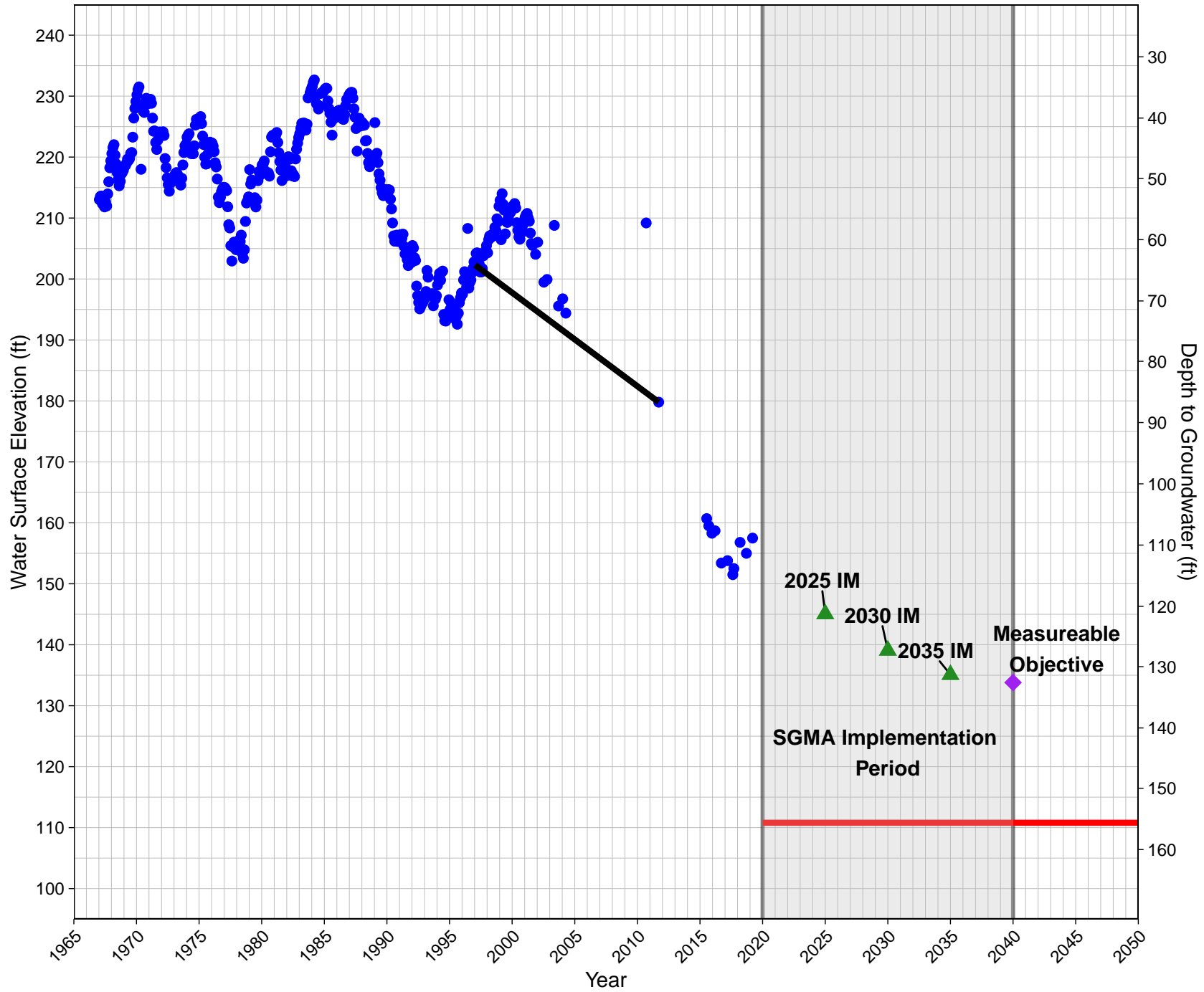
Ground Surface Elevation: 295 ft

Central Kings GSA



CID67

Ground Surface Elevation: 266 ft
Central Kings GSA

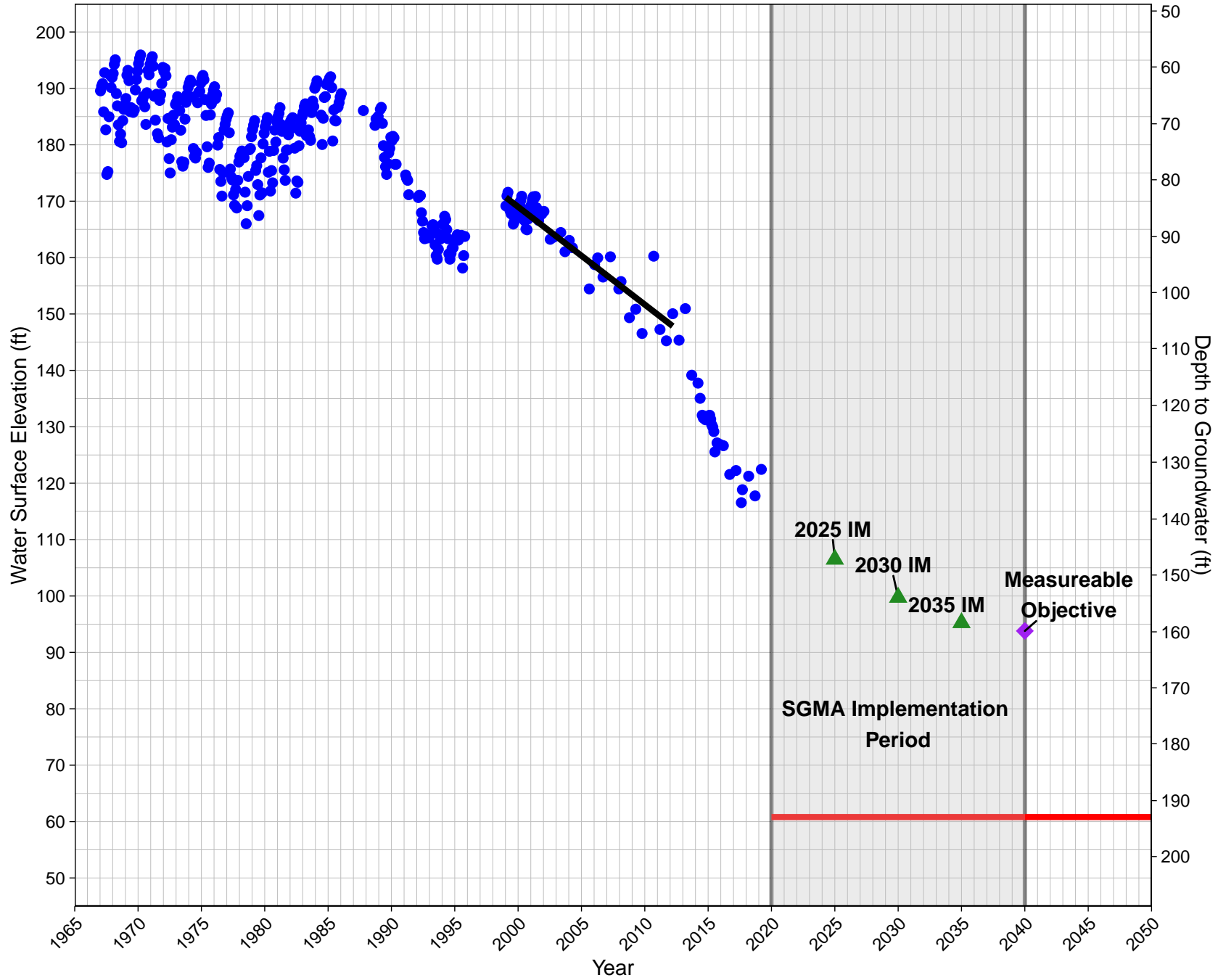
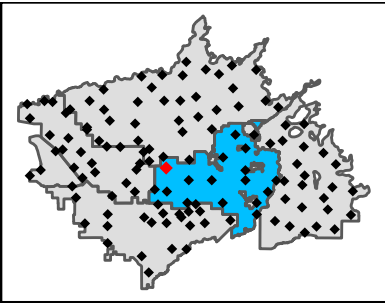


CID74

State Well ID: 15S20E19R001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 254 ft

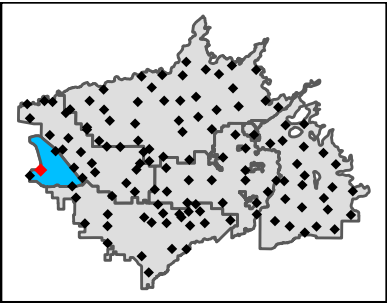
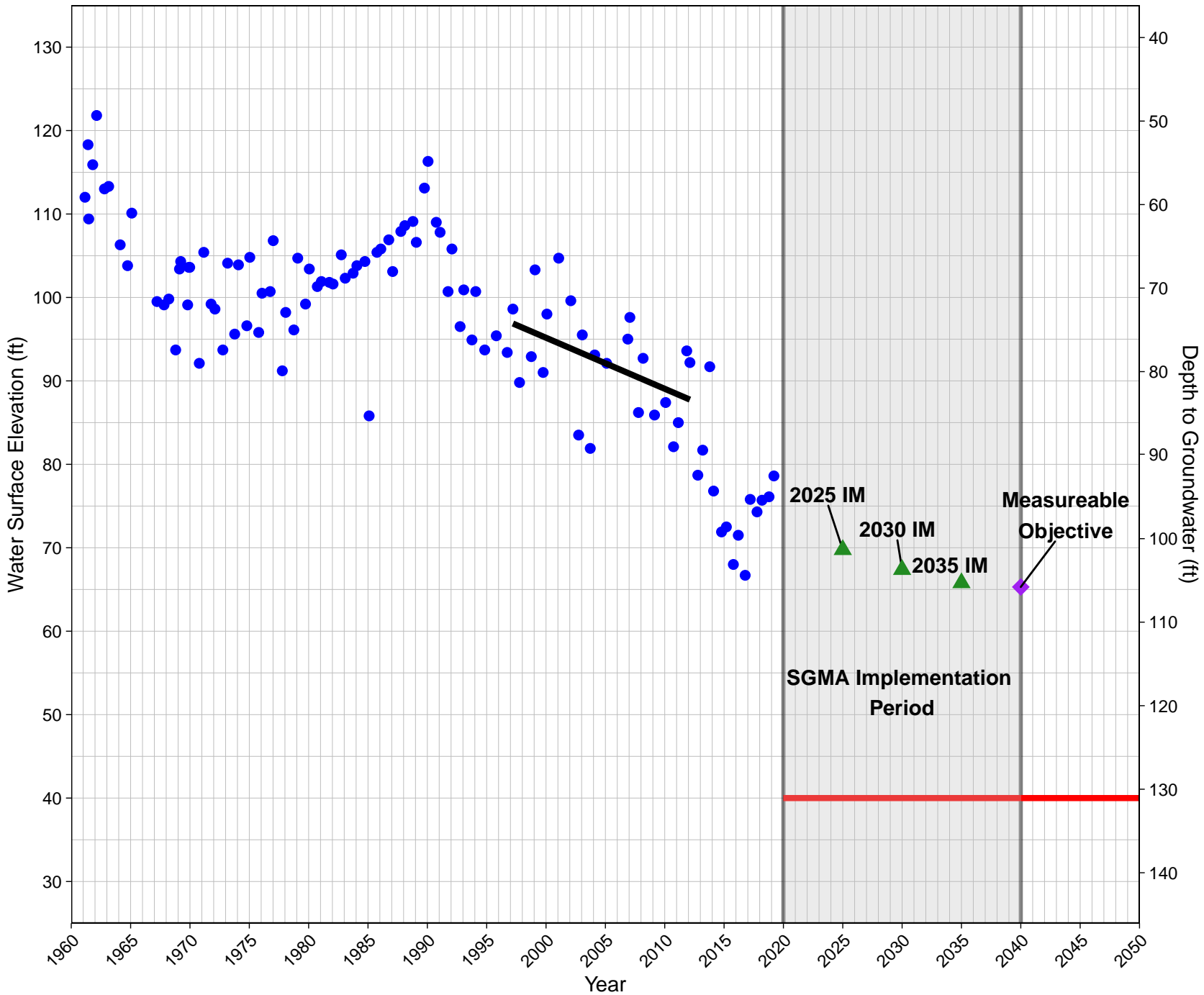
Central Kings GSA



15S16E28A003M

Ground Surface Elevation: 171 ft

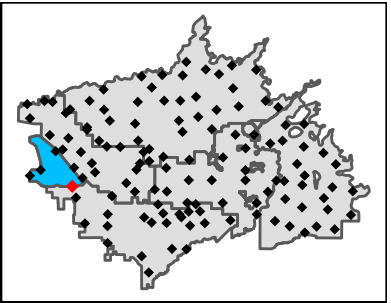
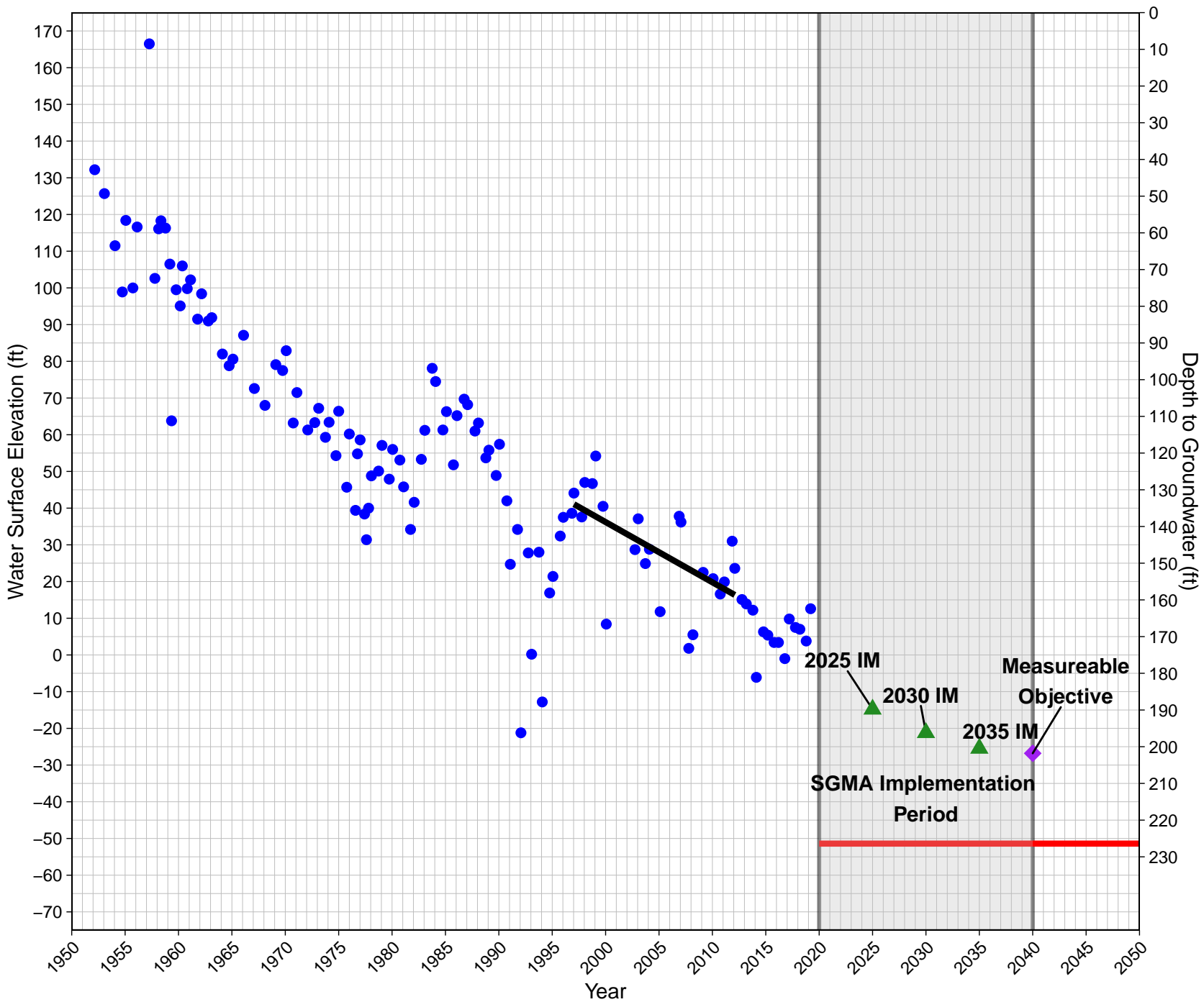
James ID



16S17E04P001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 175 ft

James ID

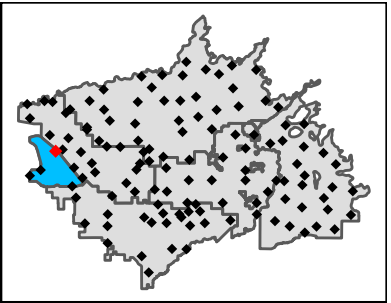
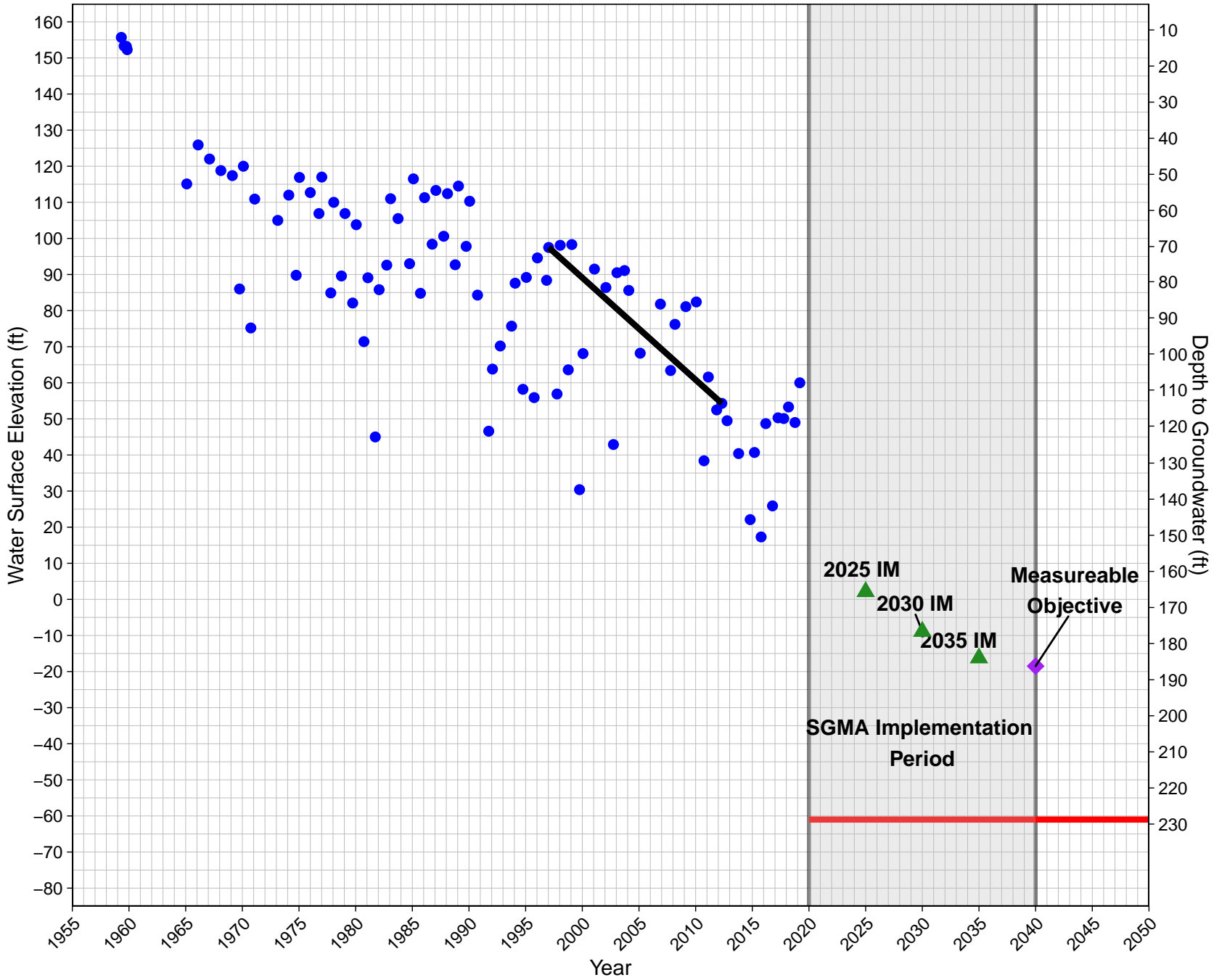


366502N1201782W001

State Well ID: 15S16E01Q002M

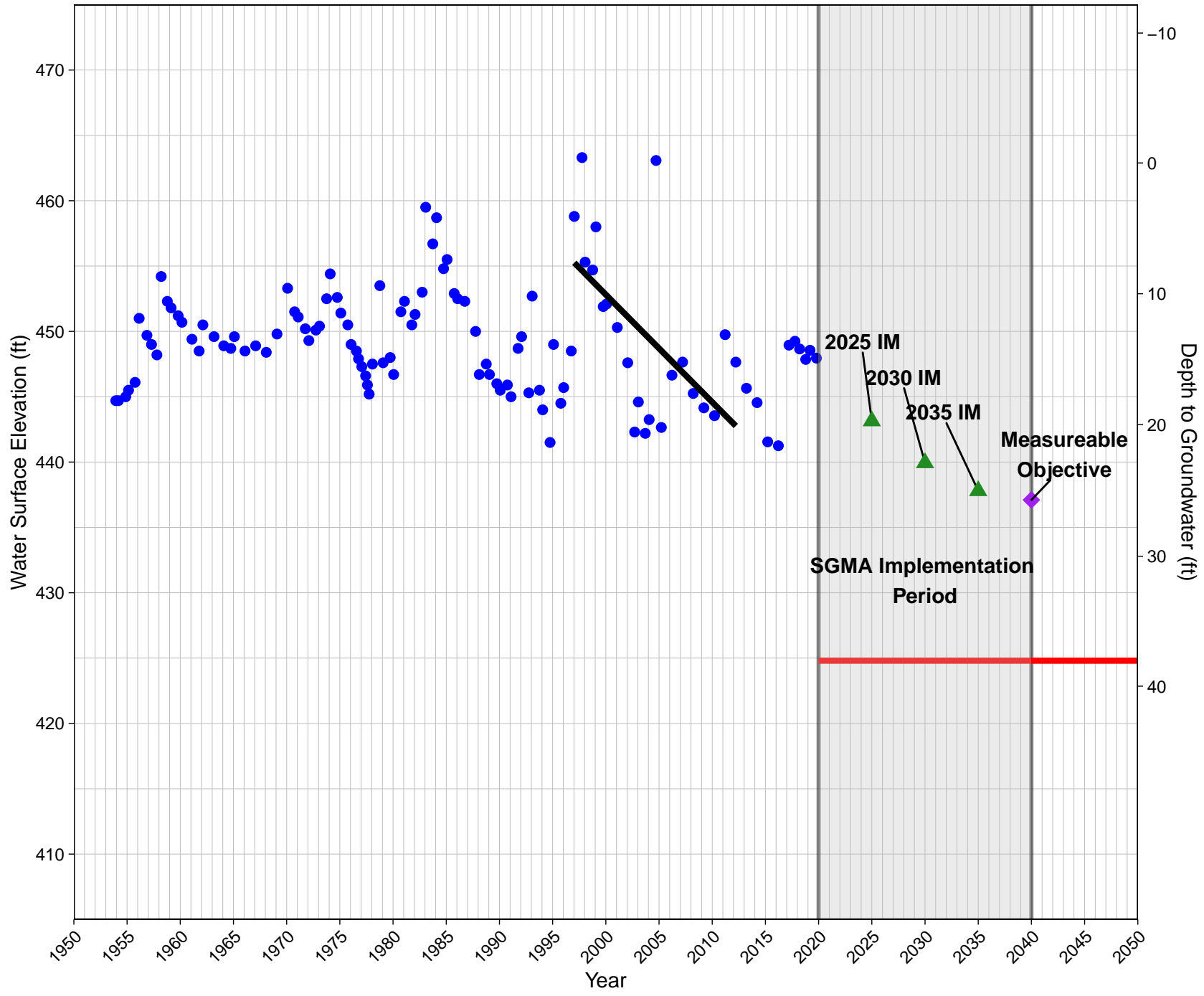
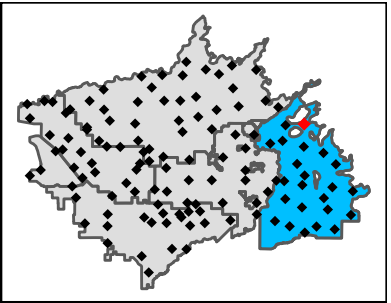
Ground Surface Elevation: 168 ft

James ID



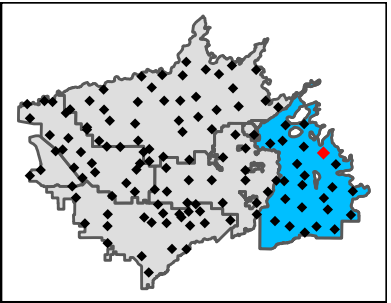
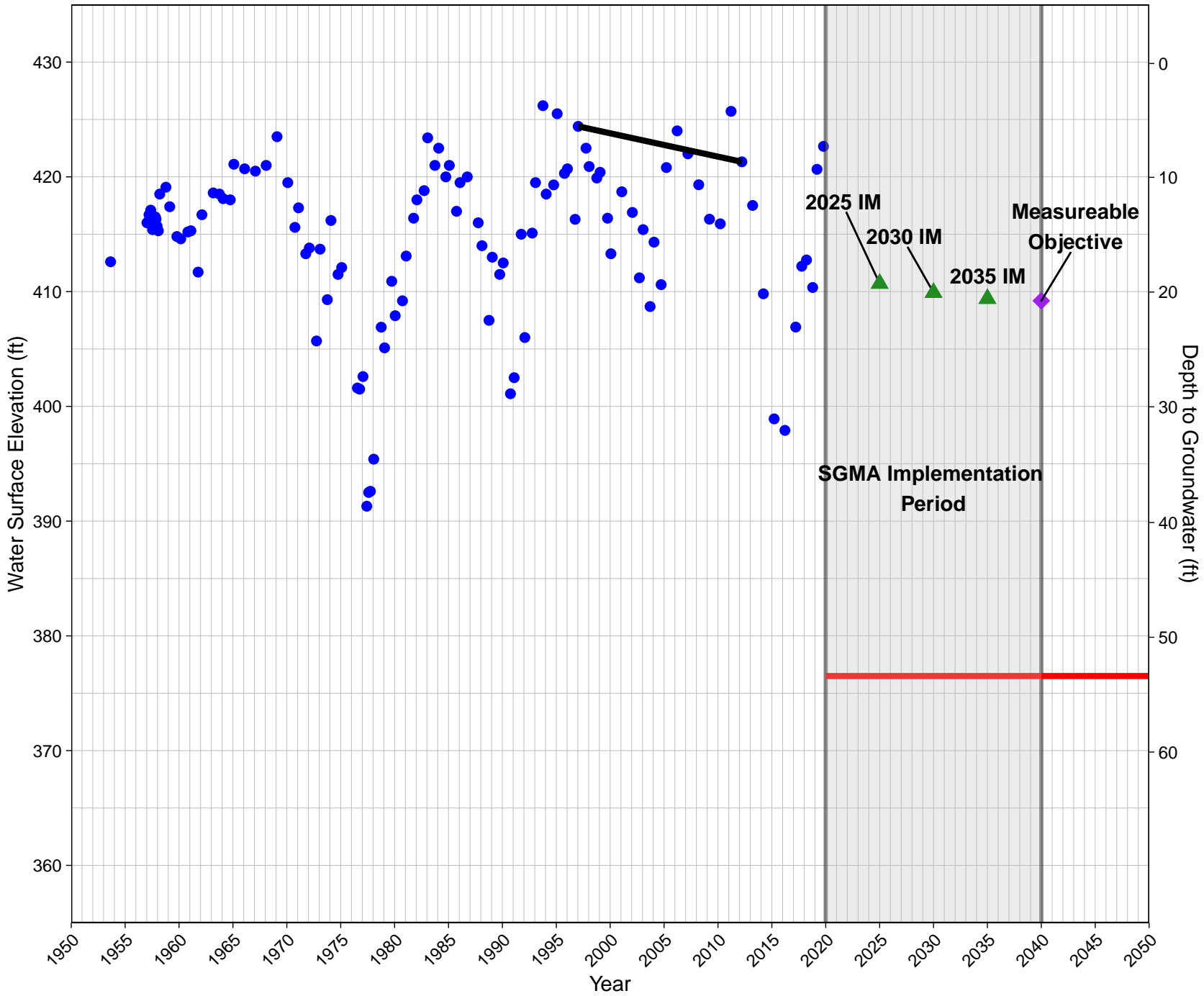
14S24E17C001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 463 ft
Kings River East GSA



15S24E11A001MX

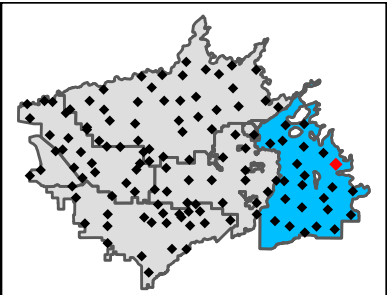
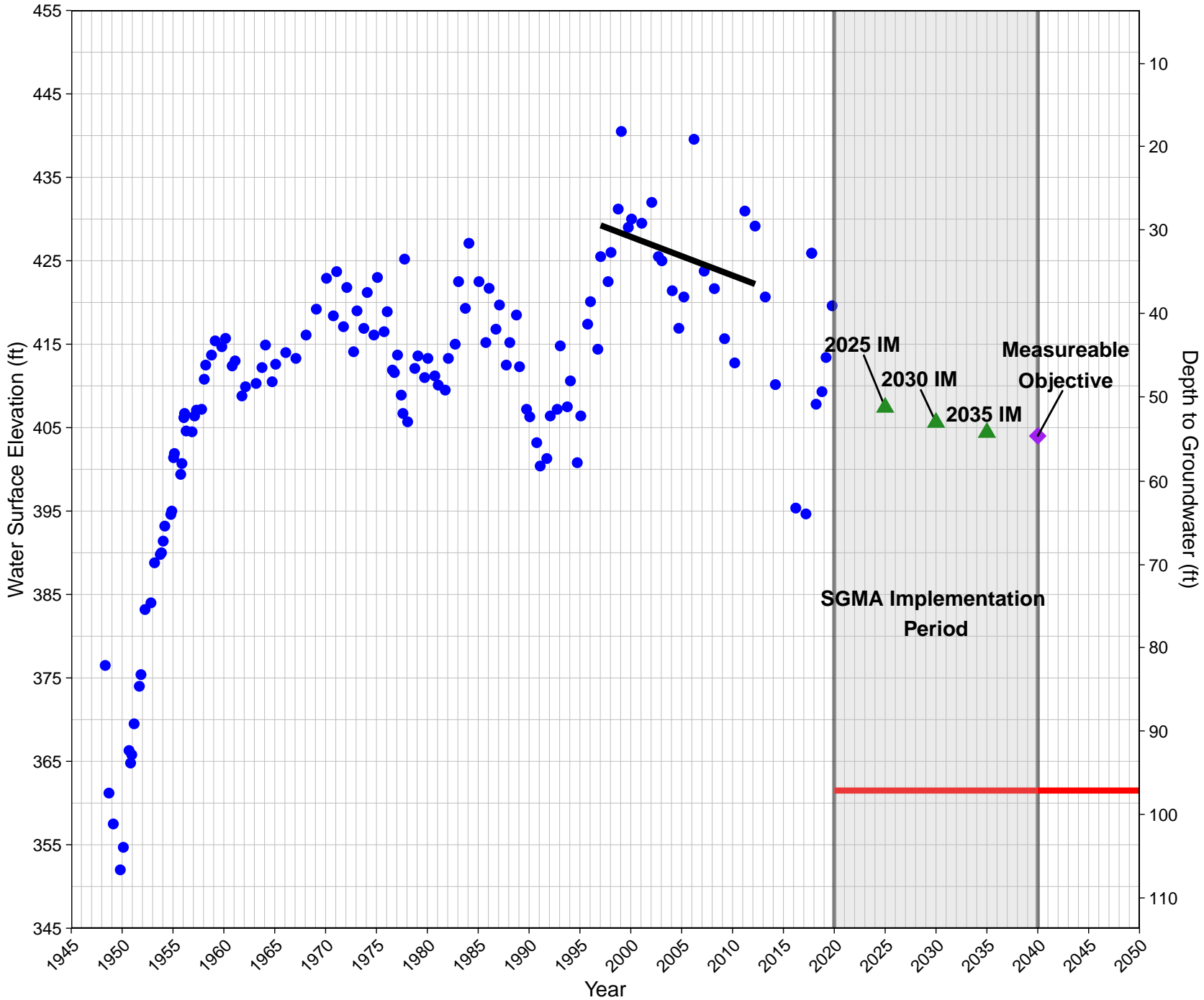
Ground Surface Elevation: 430 ft
Kings River East GSA



15S25E19A001MX

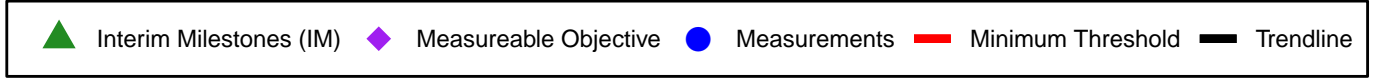
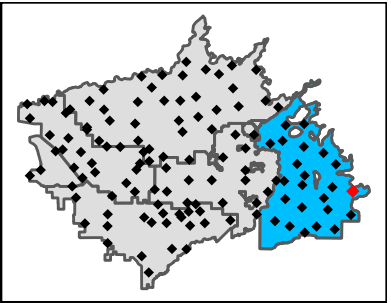
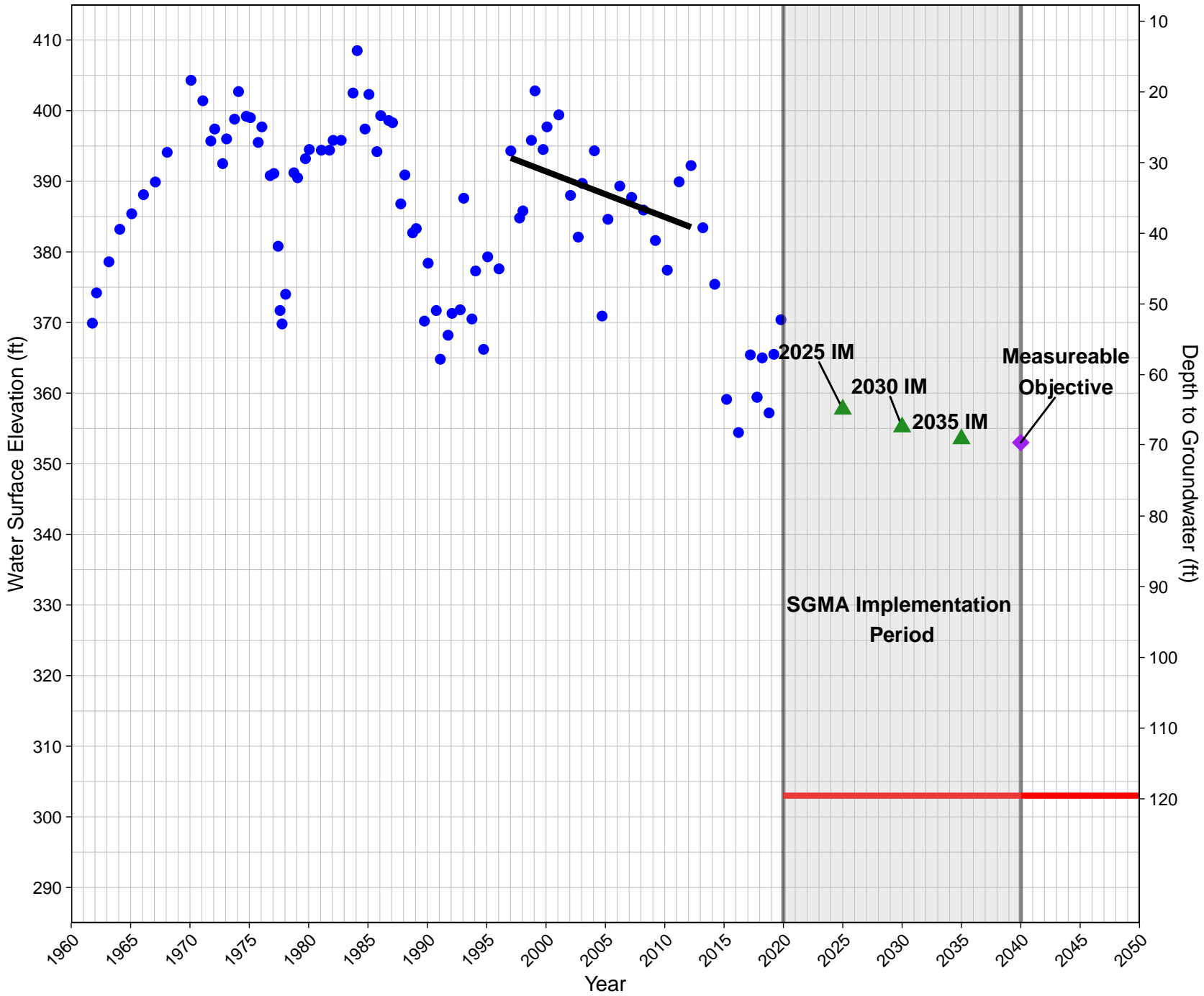
Ground Surface Elevation: 459 ft

Kings River East GSA



16S25E10J001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 423 ft
Kings River East GSA

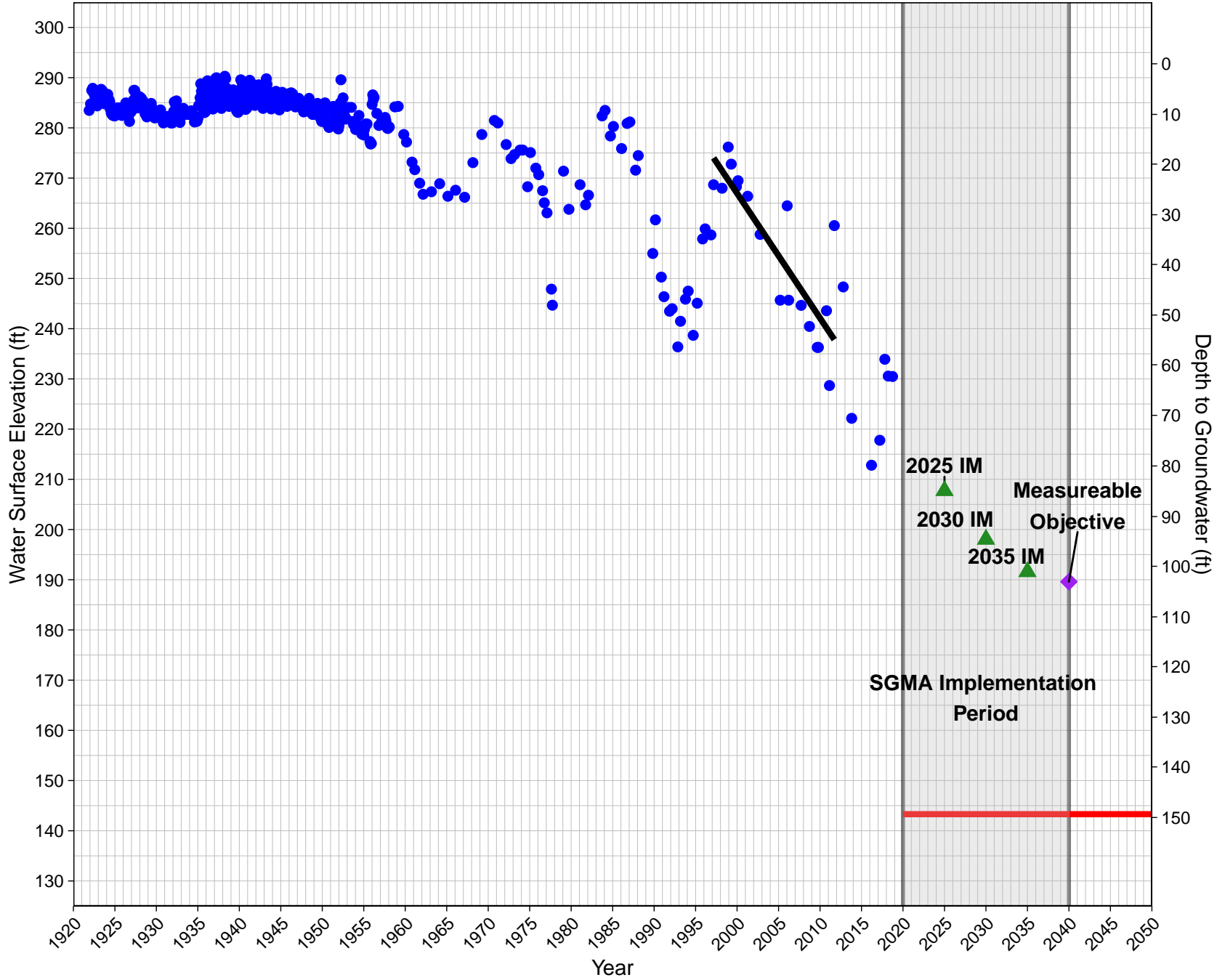
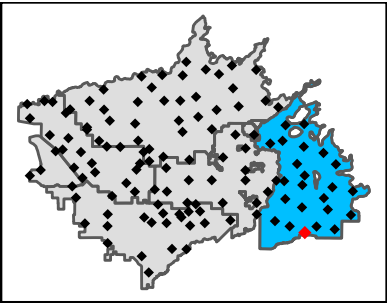


364425N1193860W001

State Well ID: 17S24E20A001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 293 ft

Kings River East GSA

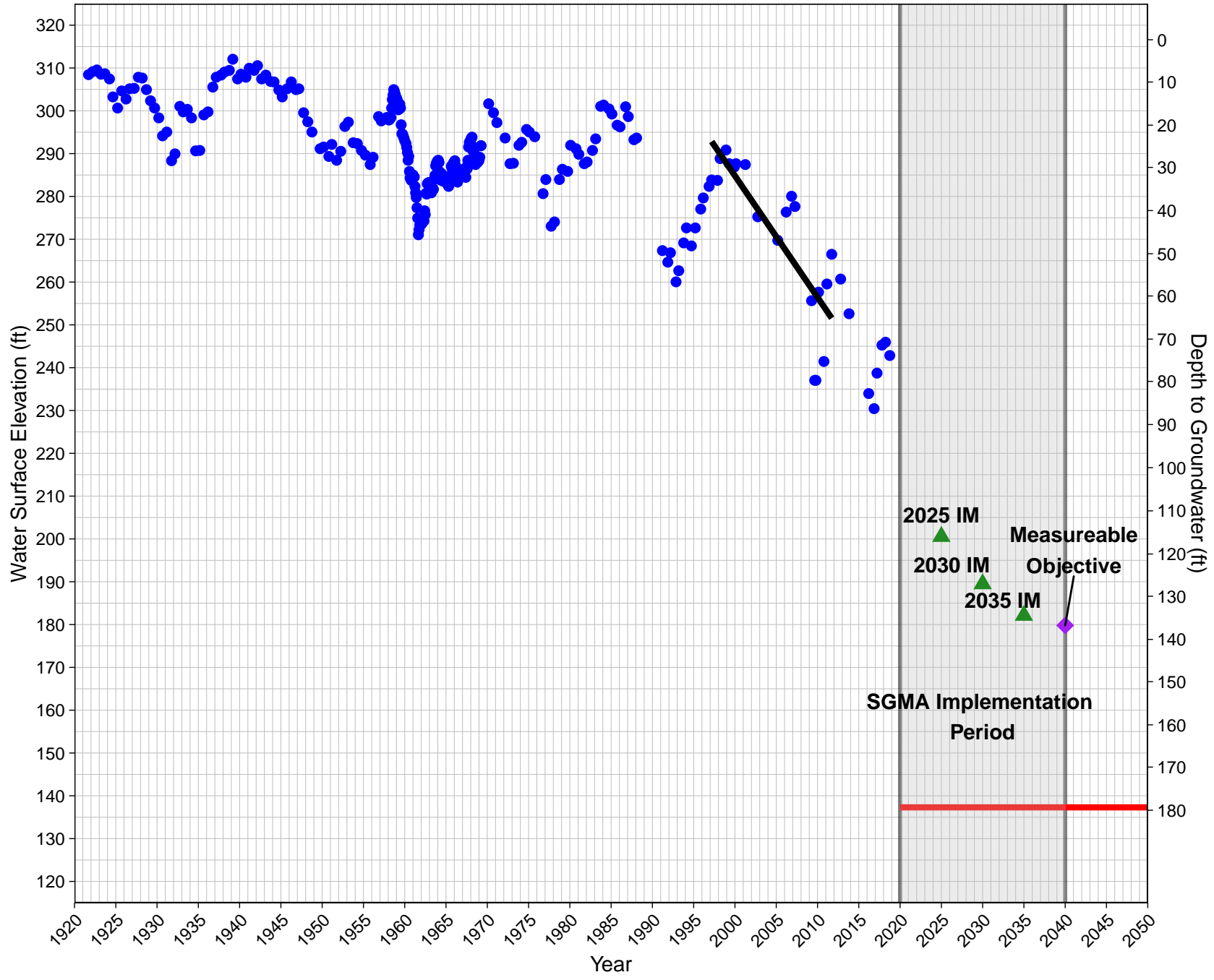
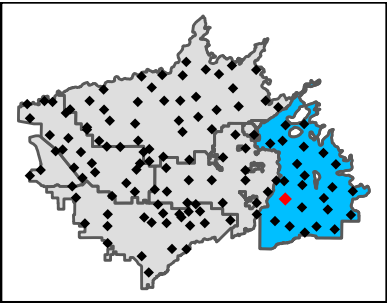


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State Well ID: 16S23E23E001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 317 ft

Kings River East GSA

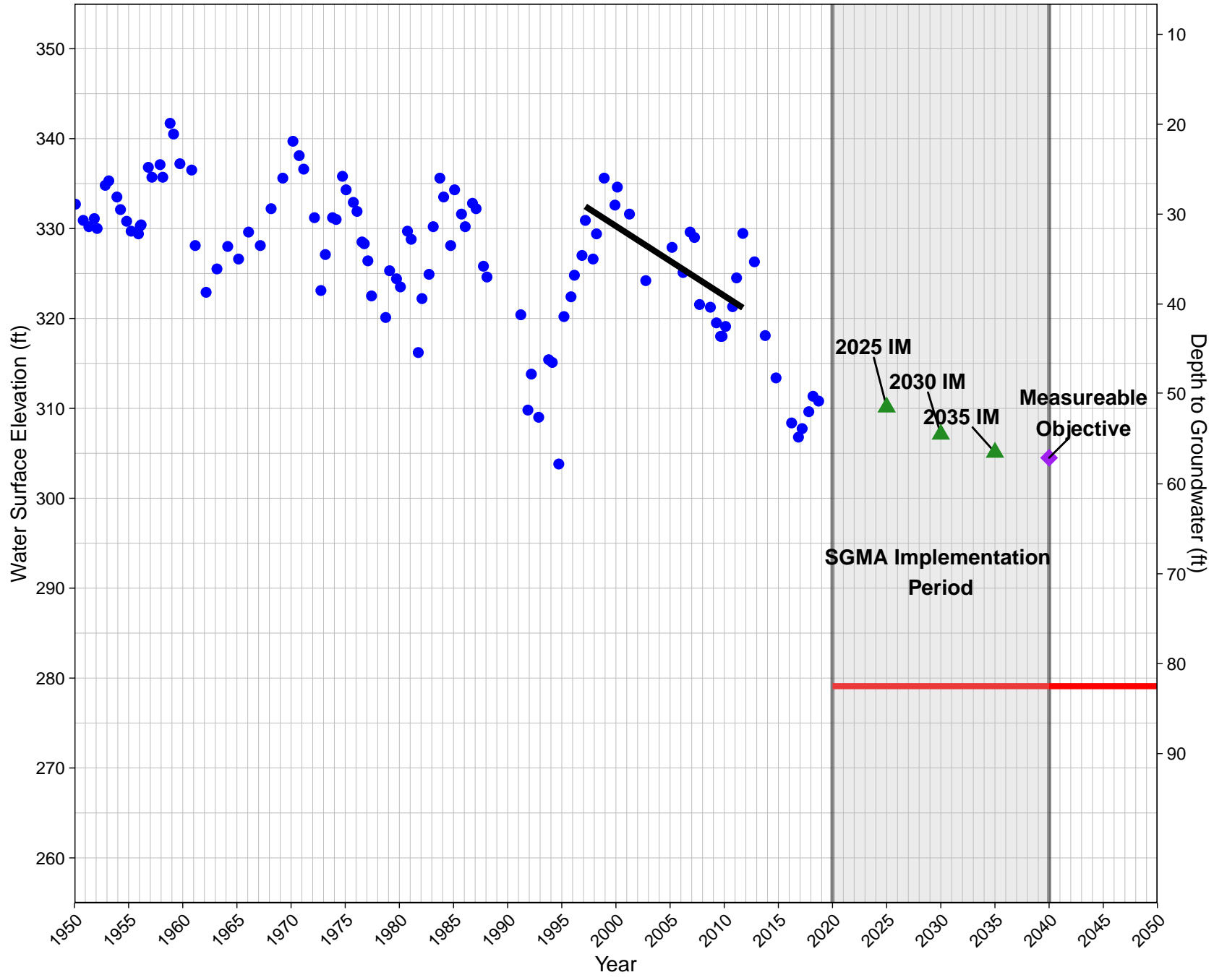
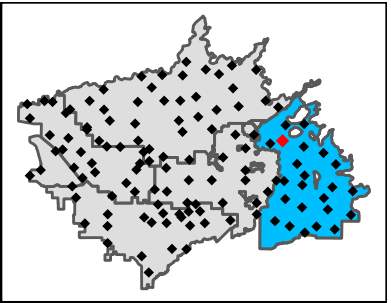


366767N1194568W001

State Well ID: 14S23E34B001M

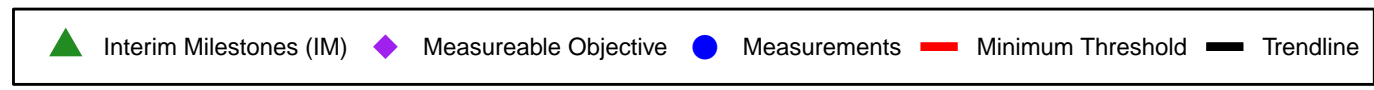
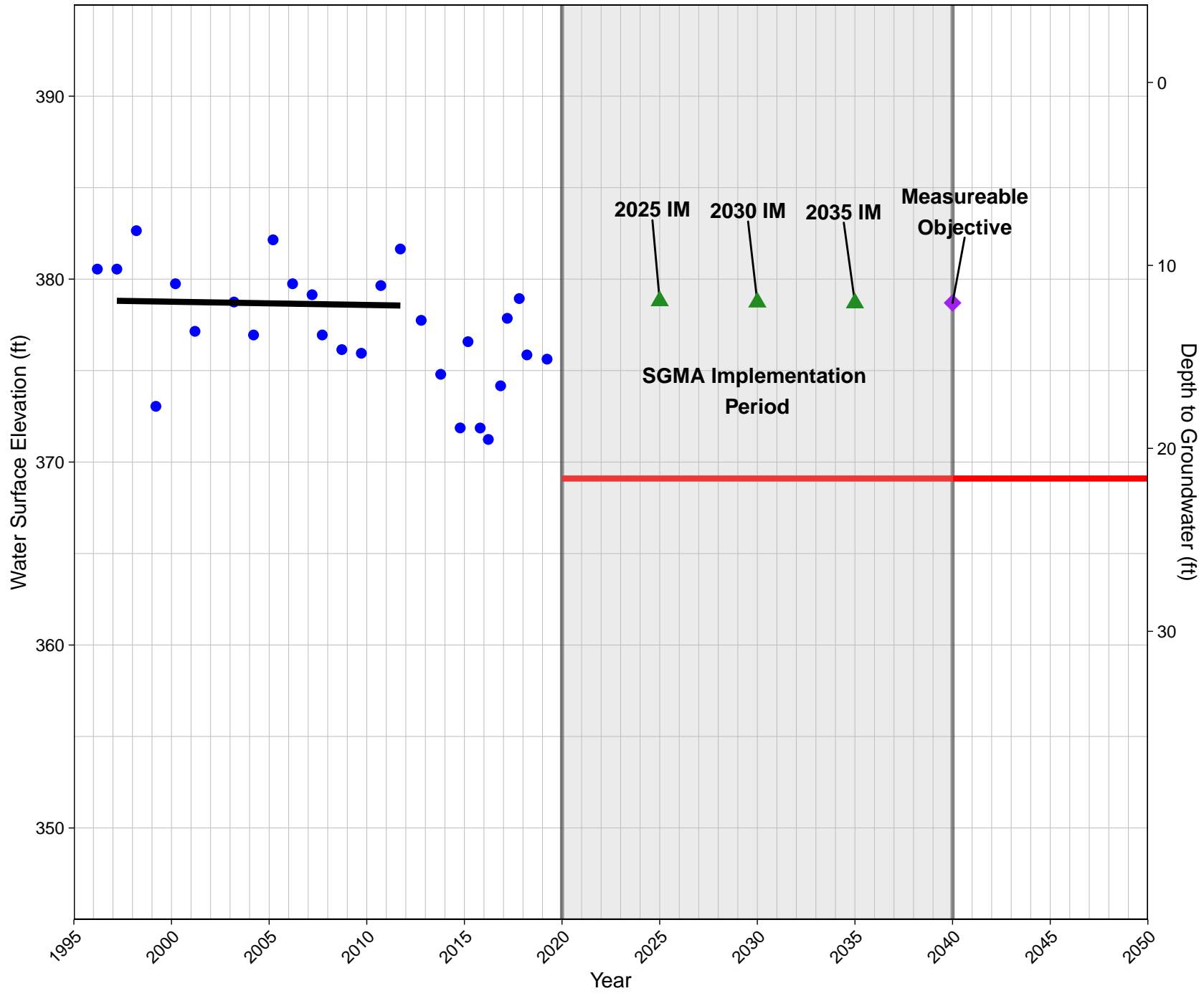
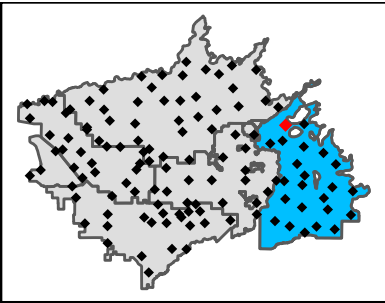
Ground Surface Elevation: 362 ft

Kings River East GSA



B013B

Ground Surface Elevation: 391 ft
Kings River East GSA

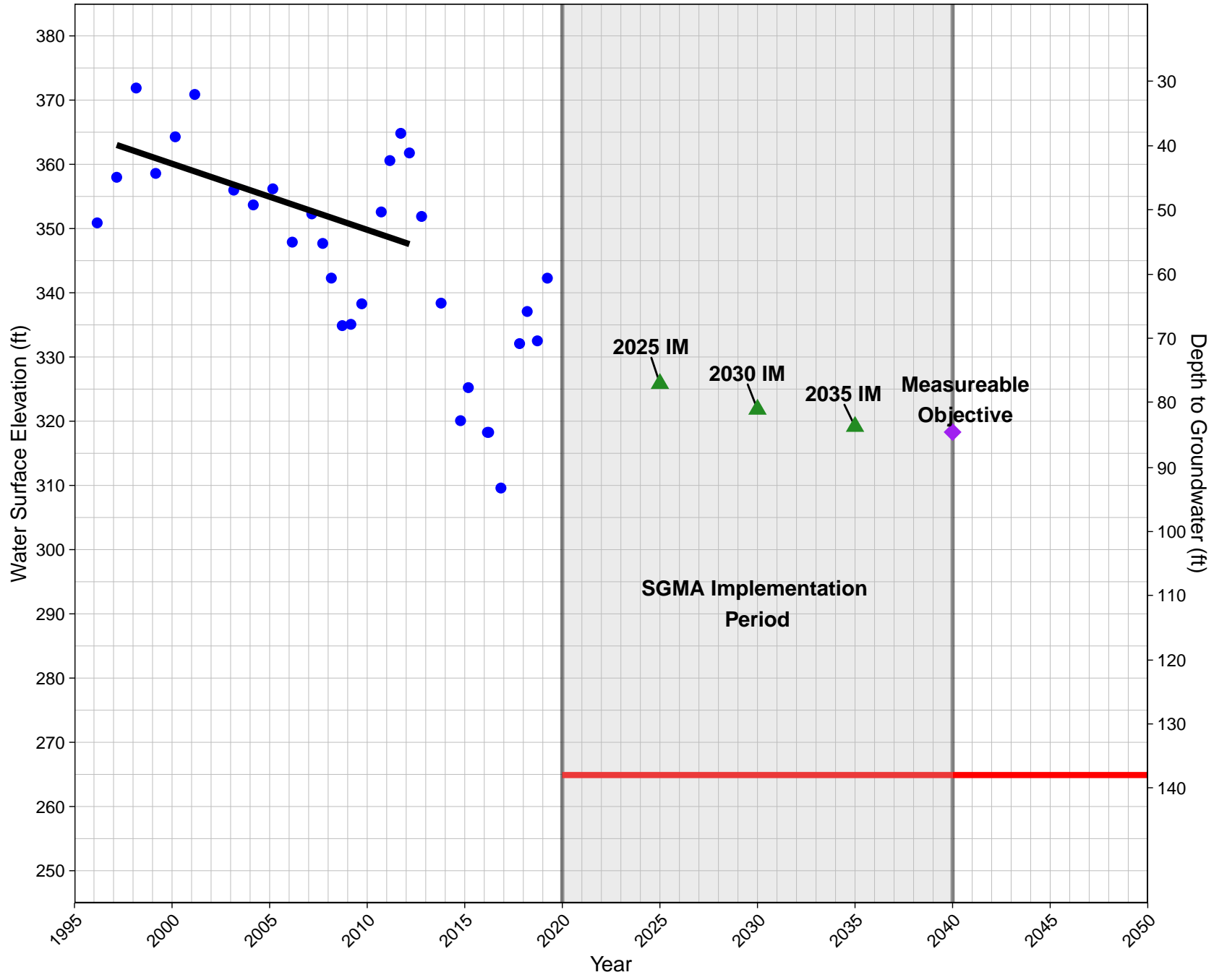
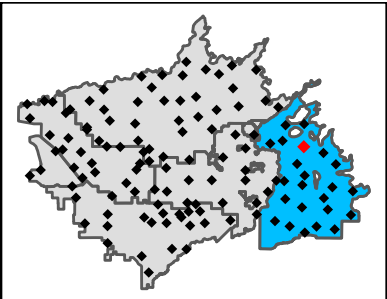


I045A

State Well ID: 15S24E05C001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 403 ft

Kings River East GSA

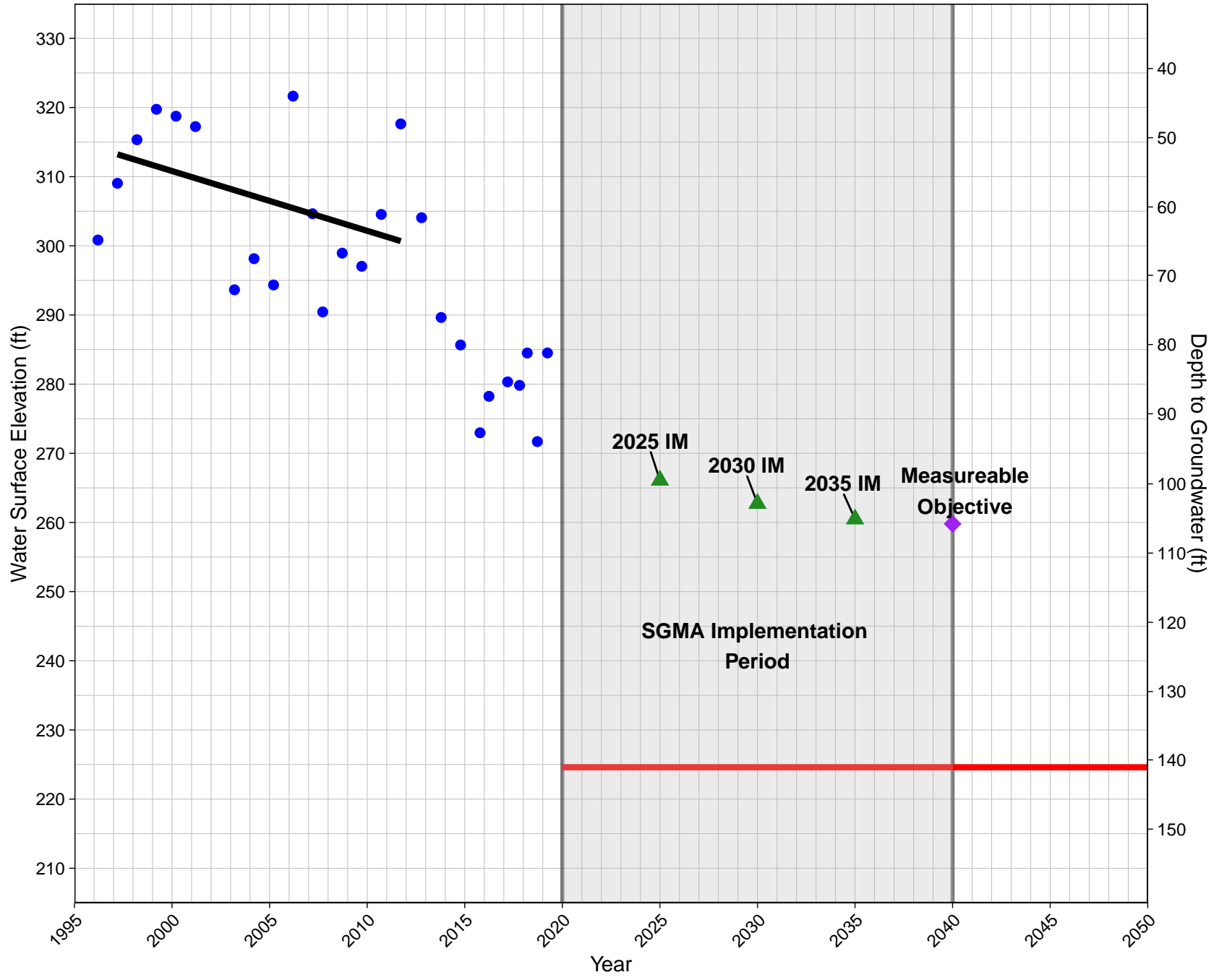
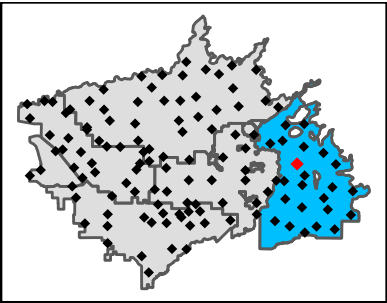


I055A

State Well ID: 15S24E19D002M

Ground Surface Elevation: 366 ft

Kings River East GSA

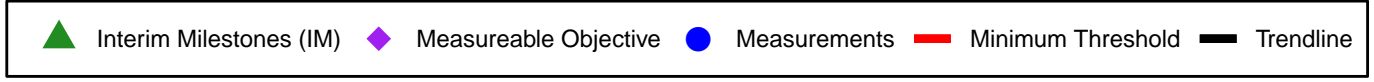
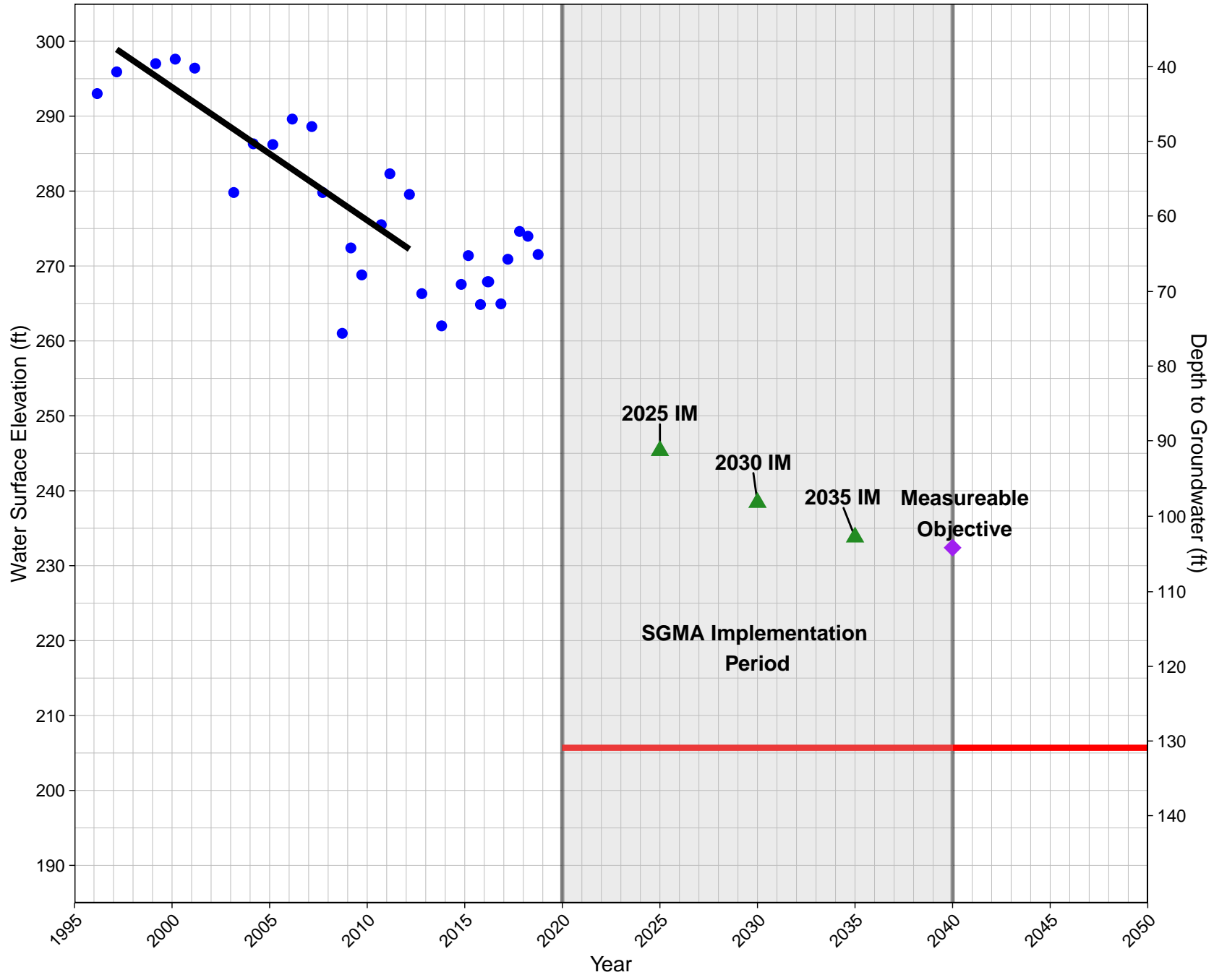
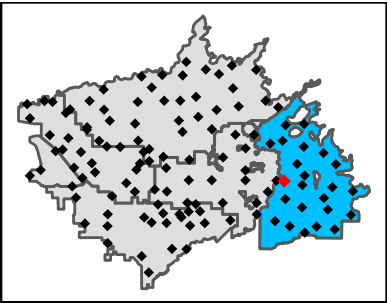


I073A

State Well ID: 16S23E03A001M

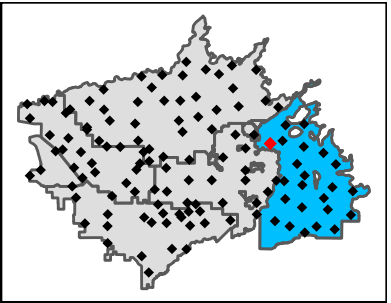
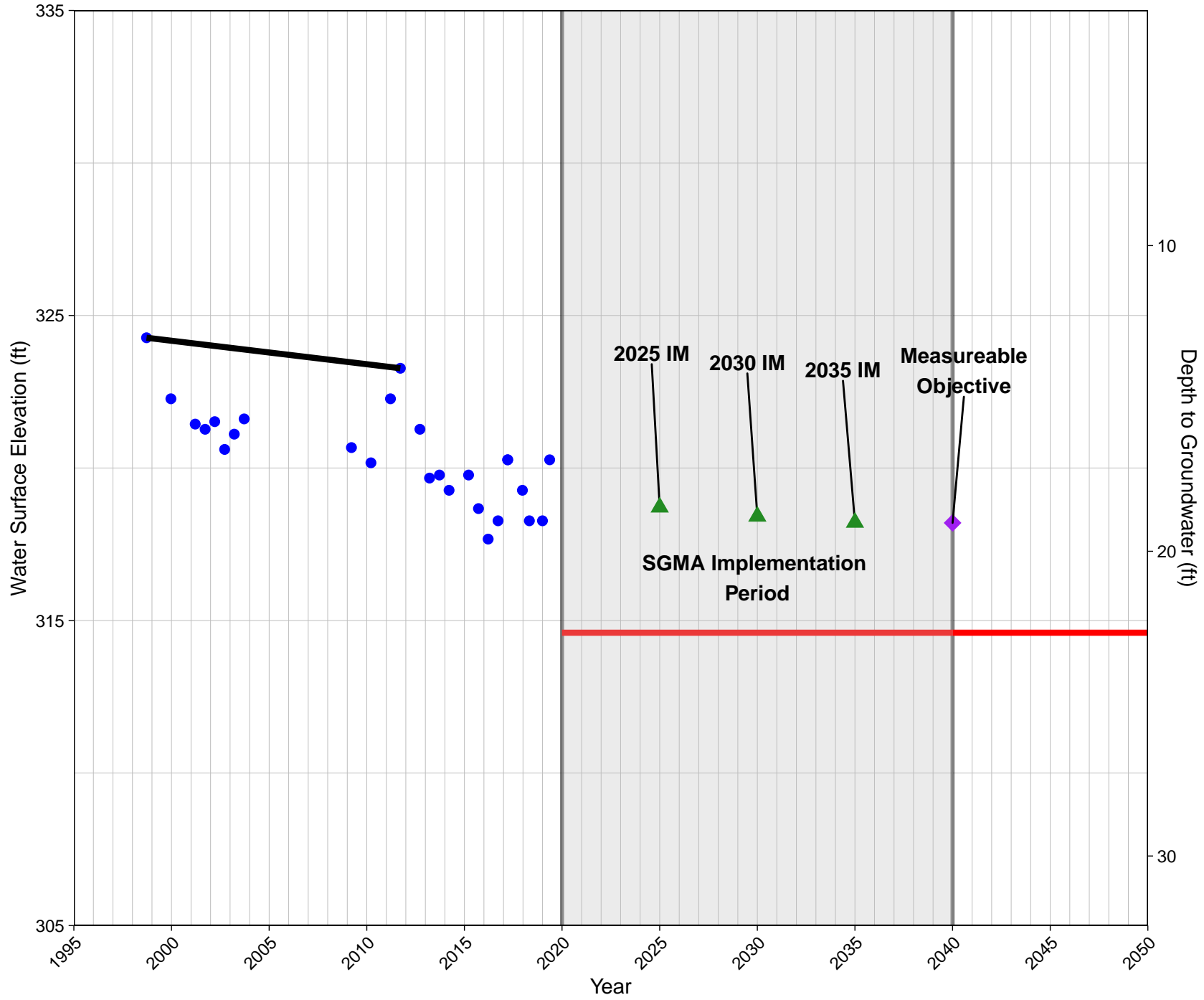
Ground Surface Elevation: 337 ft

Kings River East GSA



KRWD04

Ground Surface Elevation: 337 ft
Kings River East GSA

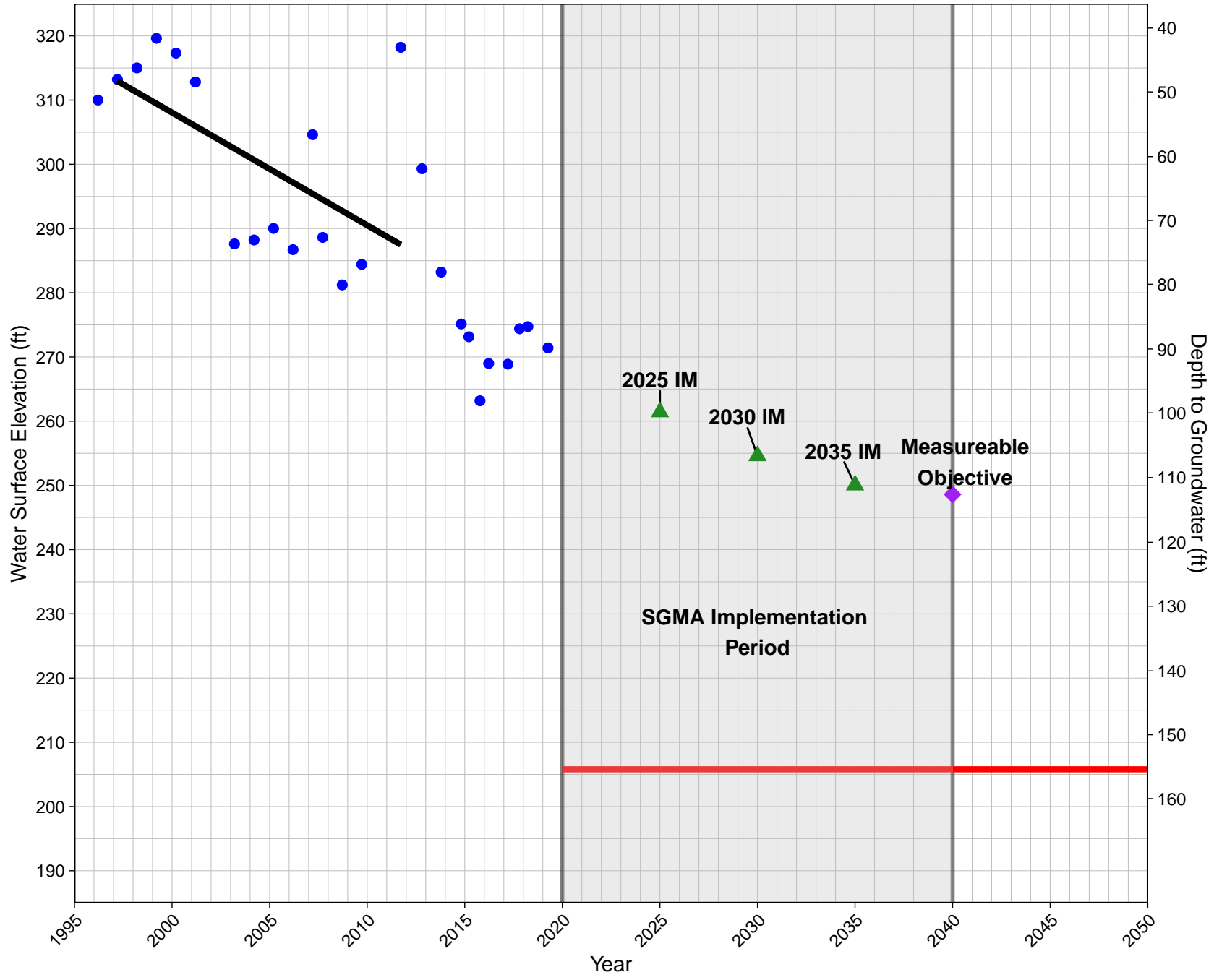
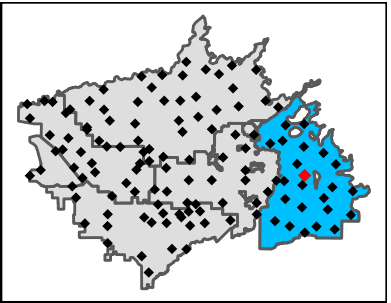


M065A

State Well ID: 15S24E32C001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 361 ft

Kings River East GSA

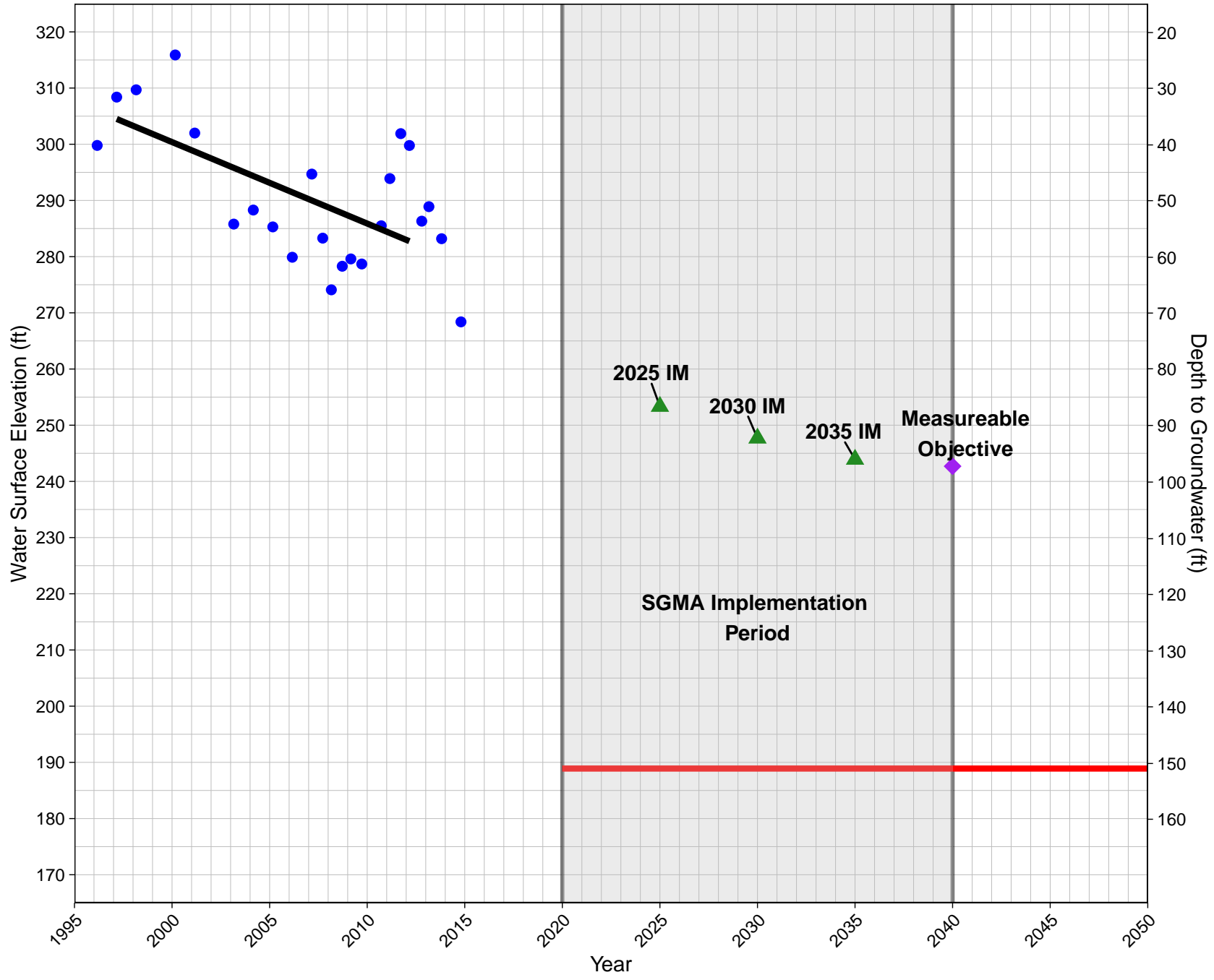
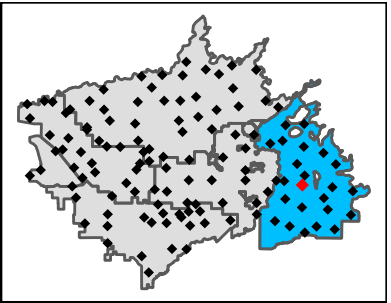


M105A

State Well ID: 16S24E05M001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 340 ft

Kings River East GSA

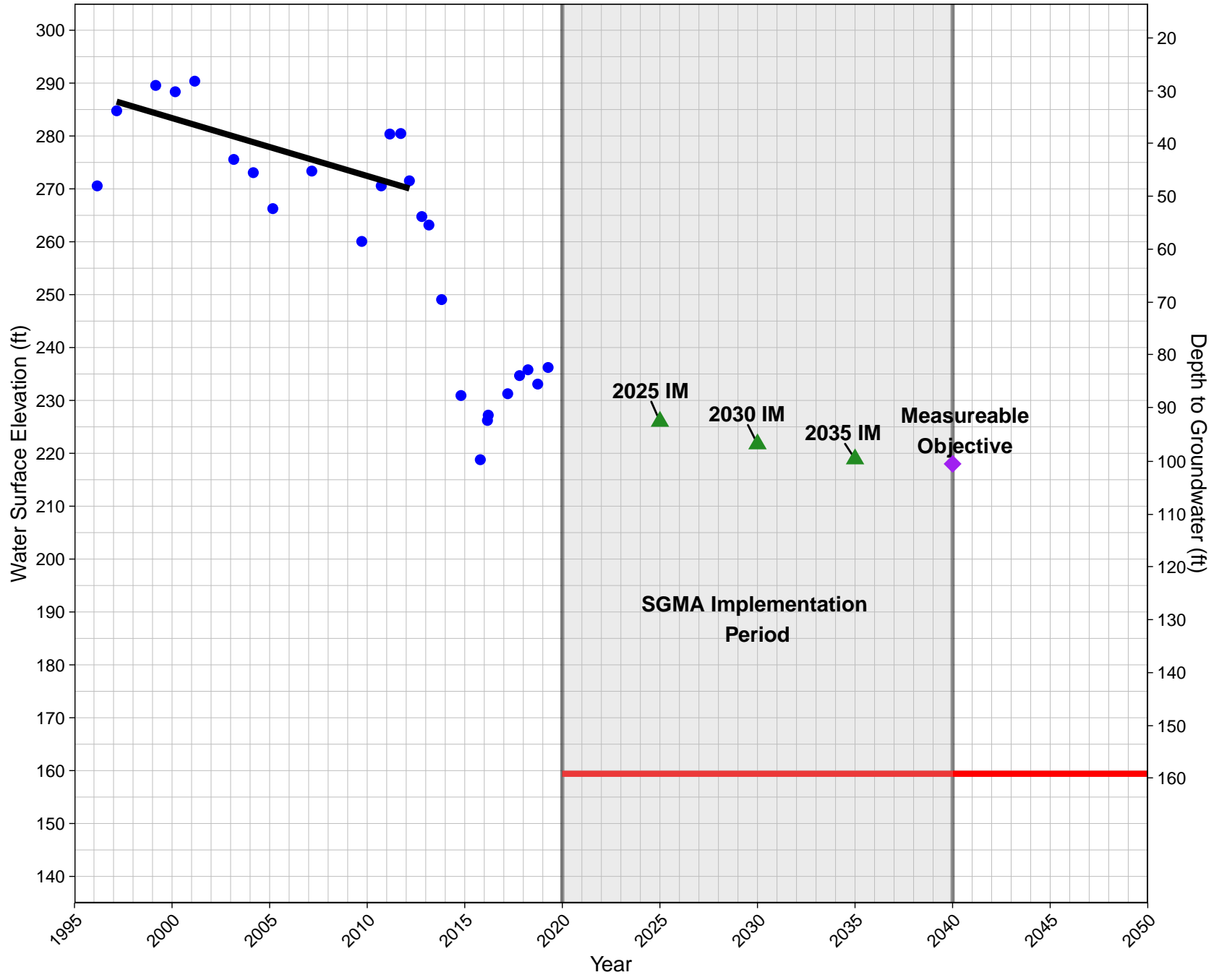
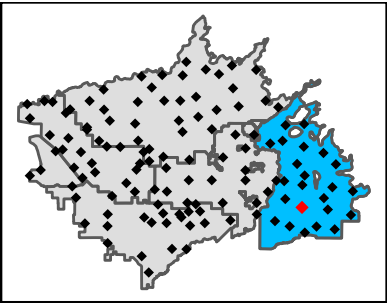


M130B

State Well ID: 16S24E30R001M

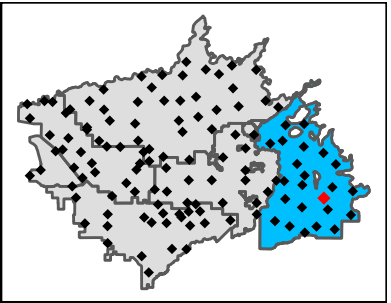
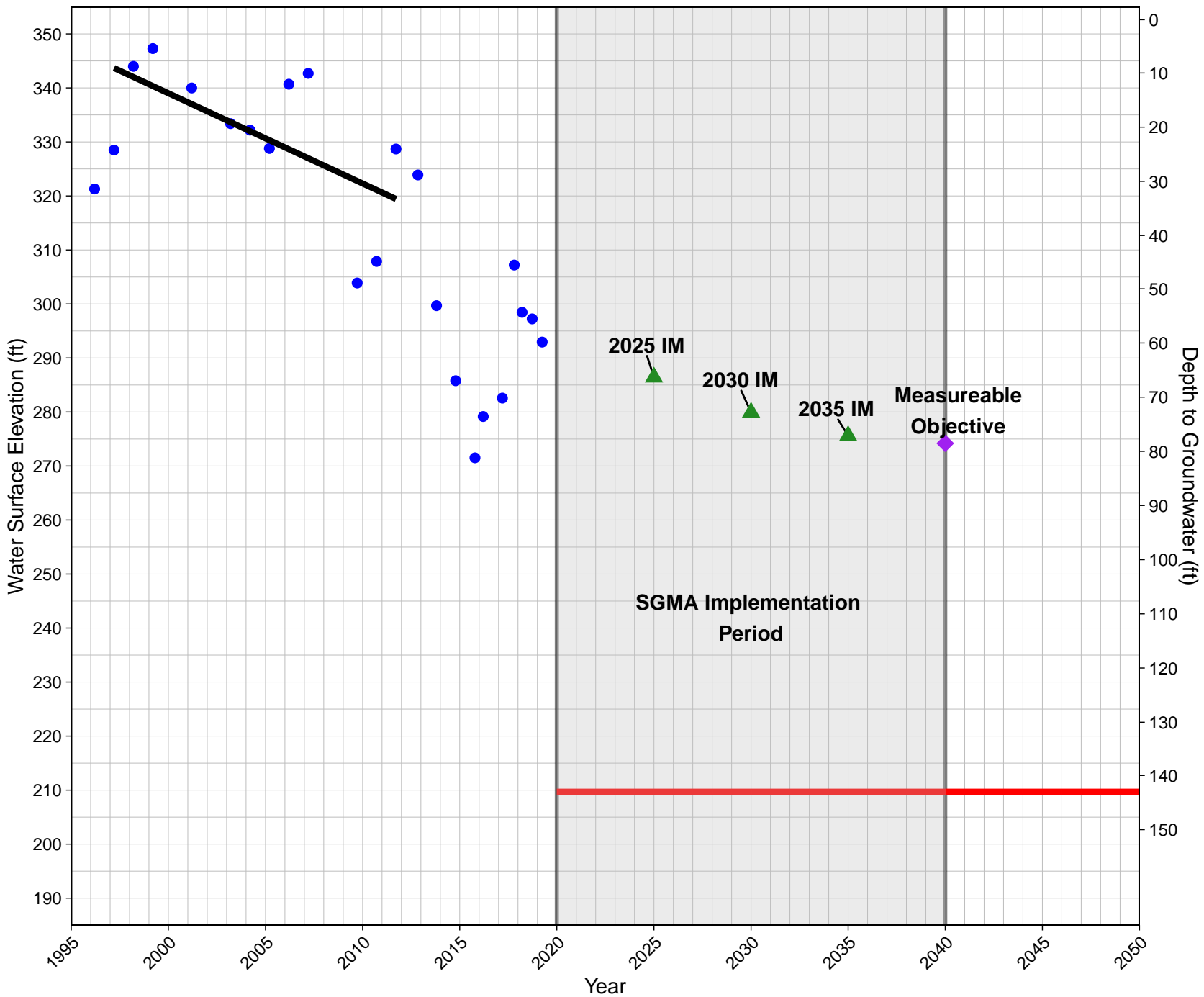
Ground Surface Elevation: 319 ft

Kings River East GSA



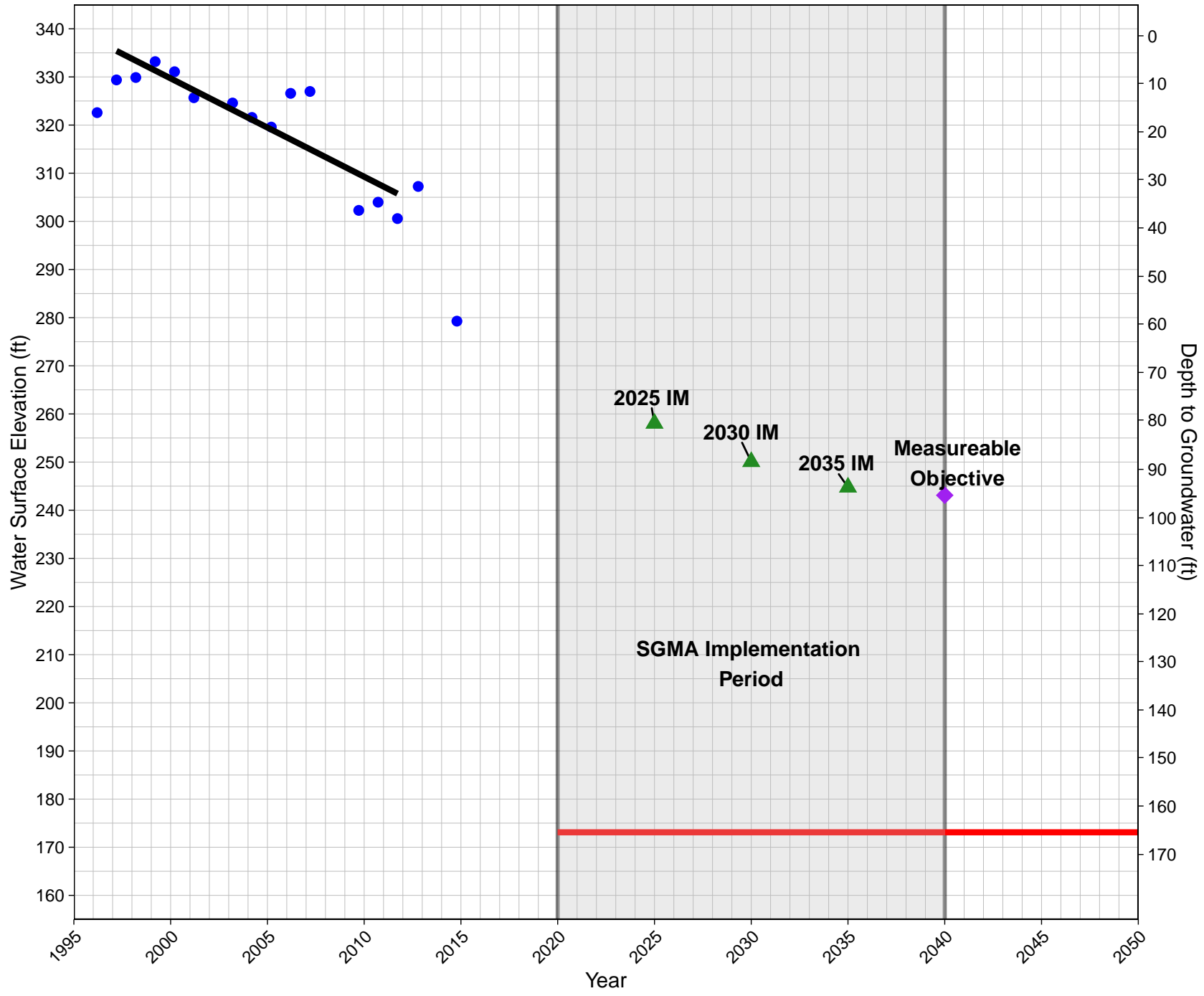
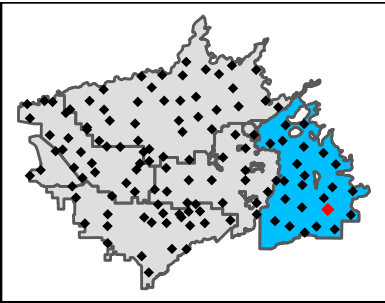
O123A

Ground Surface Elevation: 353 ft
Kings River East GSA



T136A

Ground Surface Elevation: 339 ft
Kings River East GSA

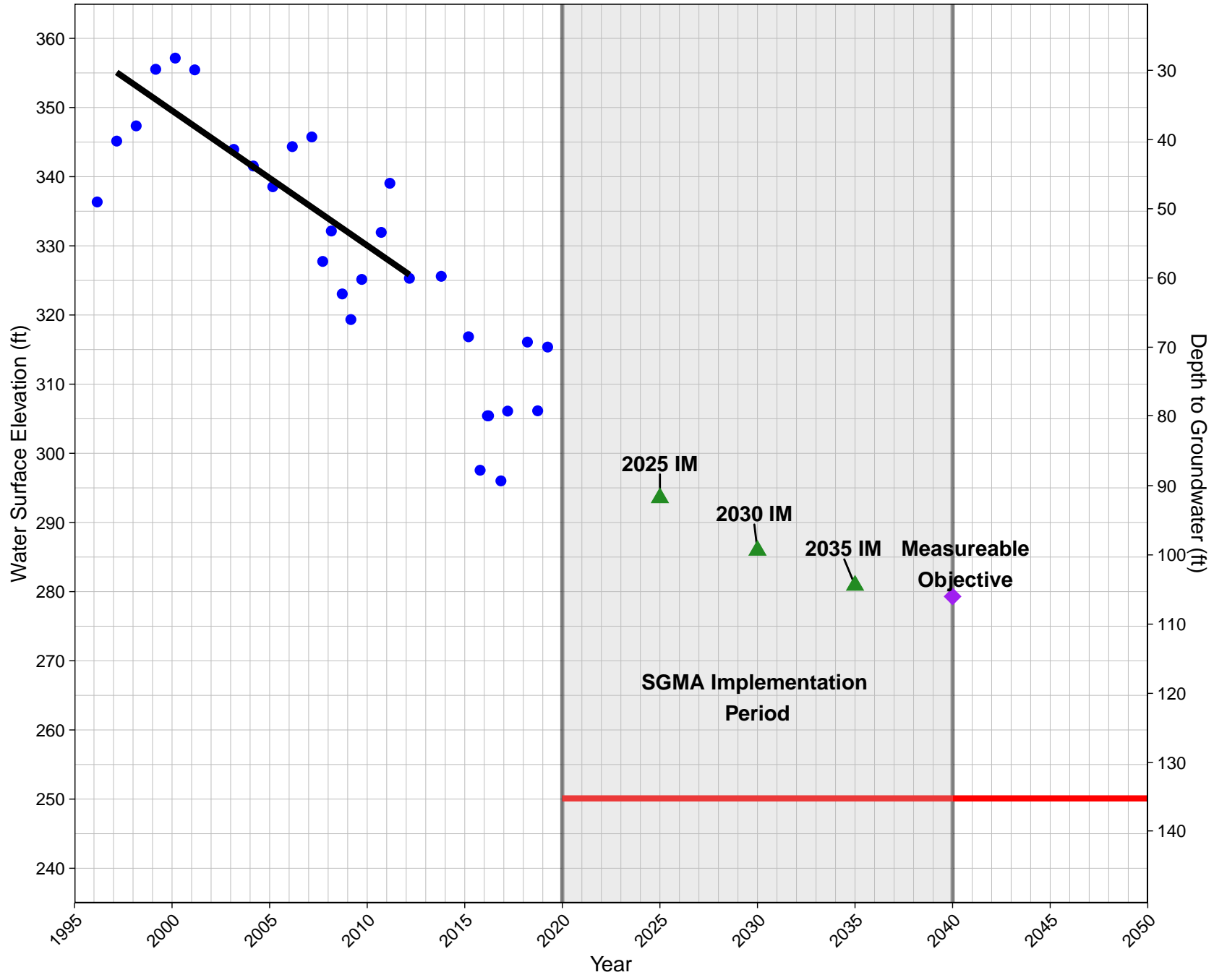
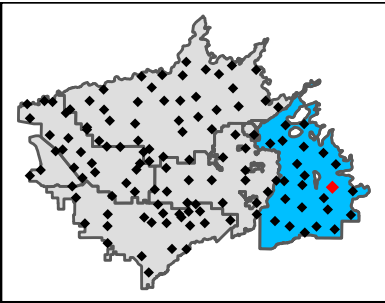


T139A

State Well ID: 16S25E07D001M

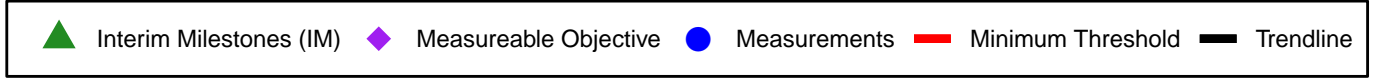
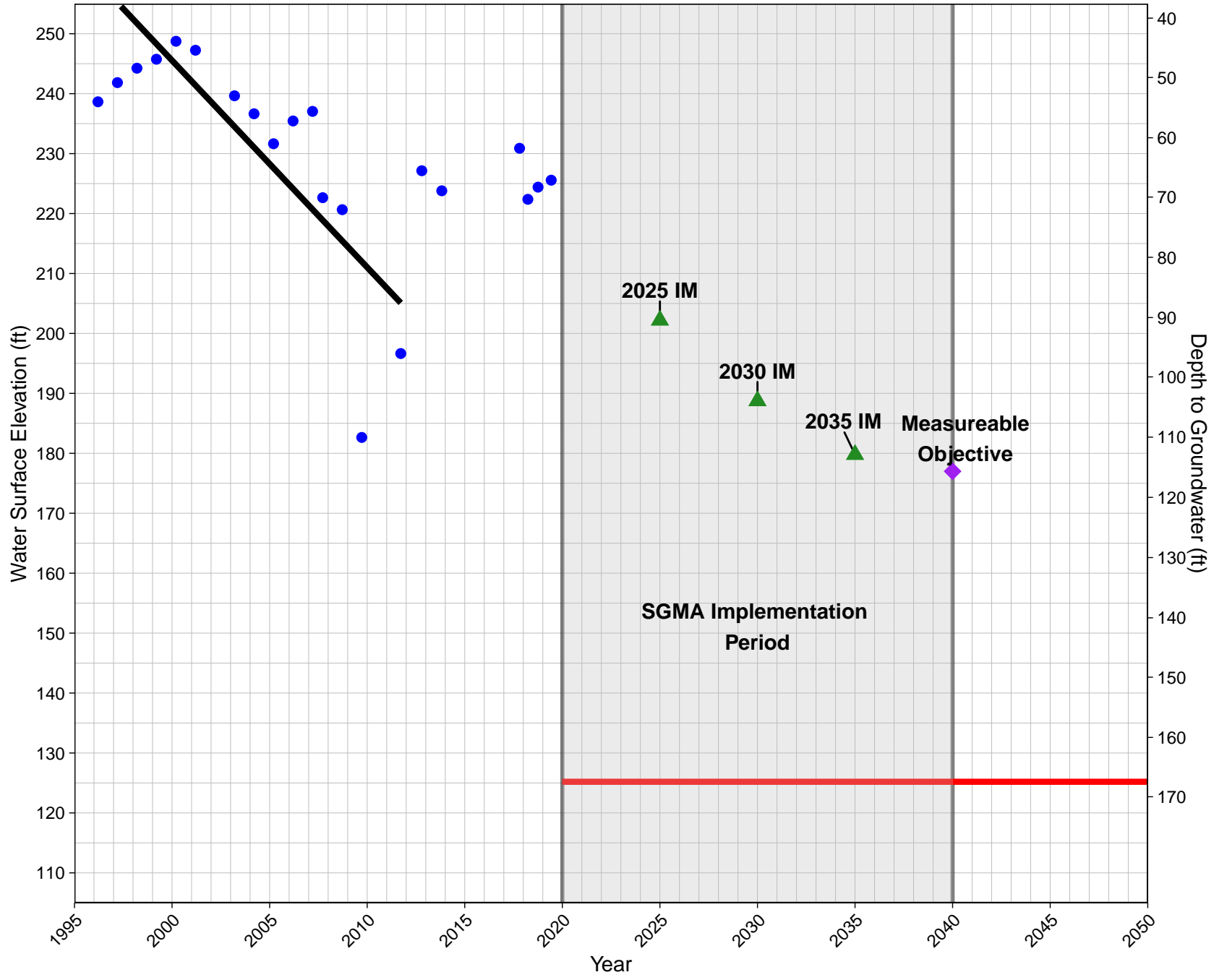
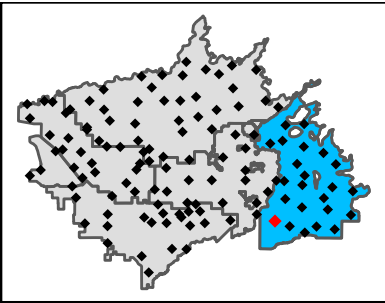
Ground Surface Elevation: 385 ft

Kings River East GSA



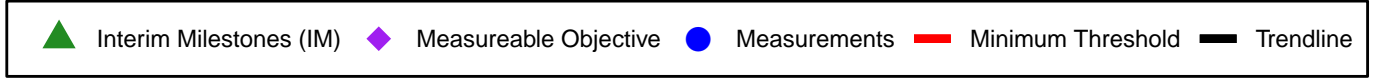
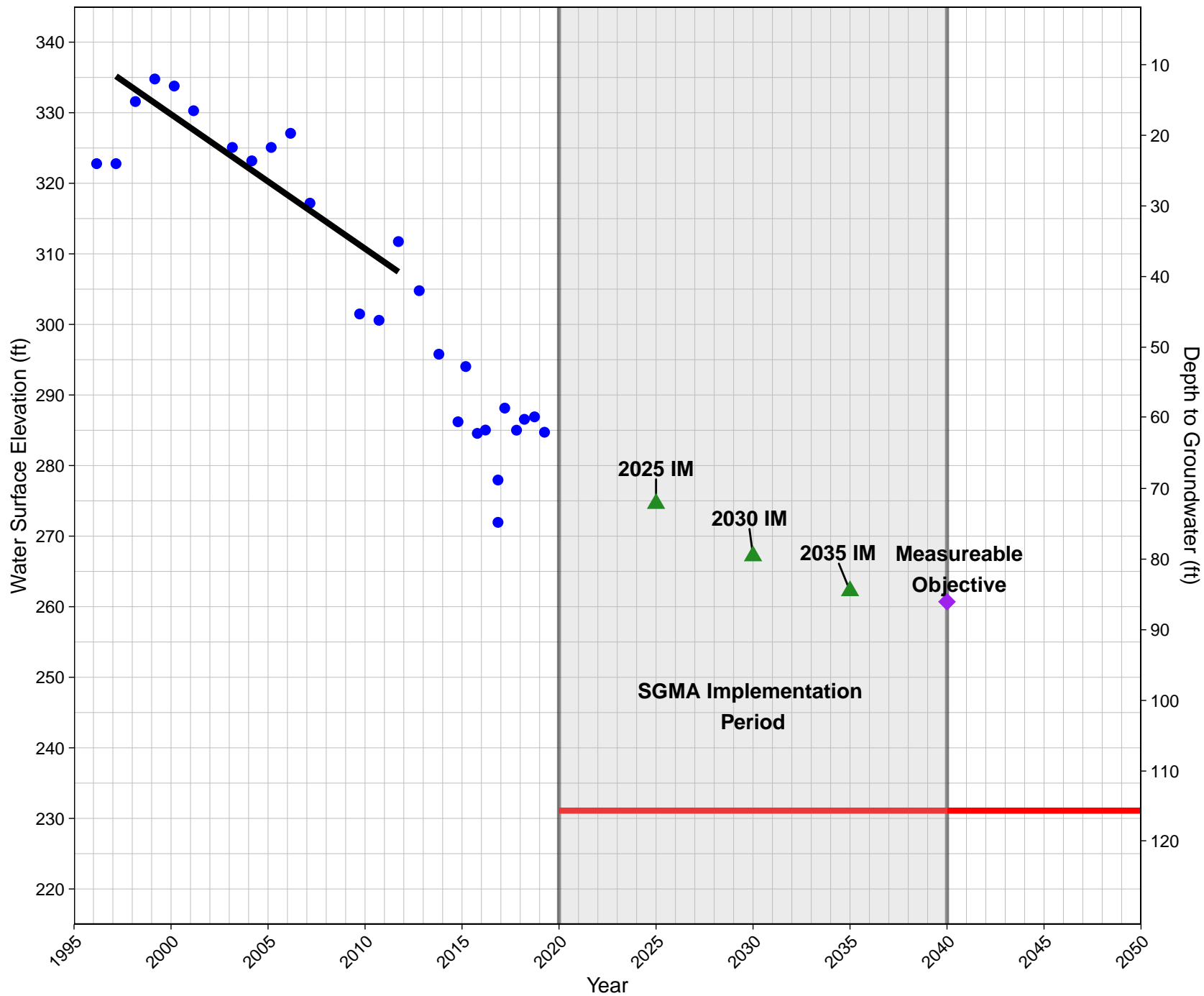
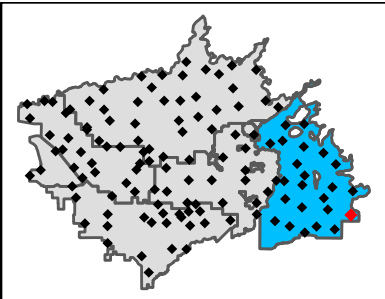
W172A

State Well ID: 17S23E09B001M
Ground Surface Elevation: 293 ft
Kings River East GSA



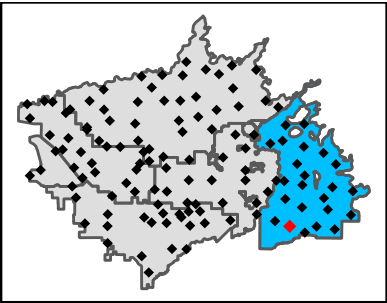
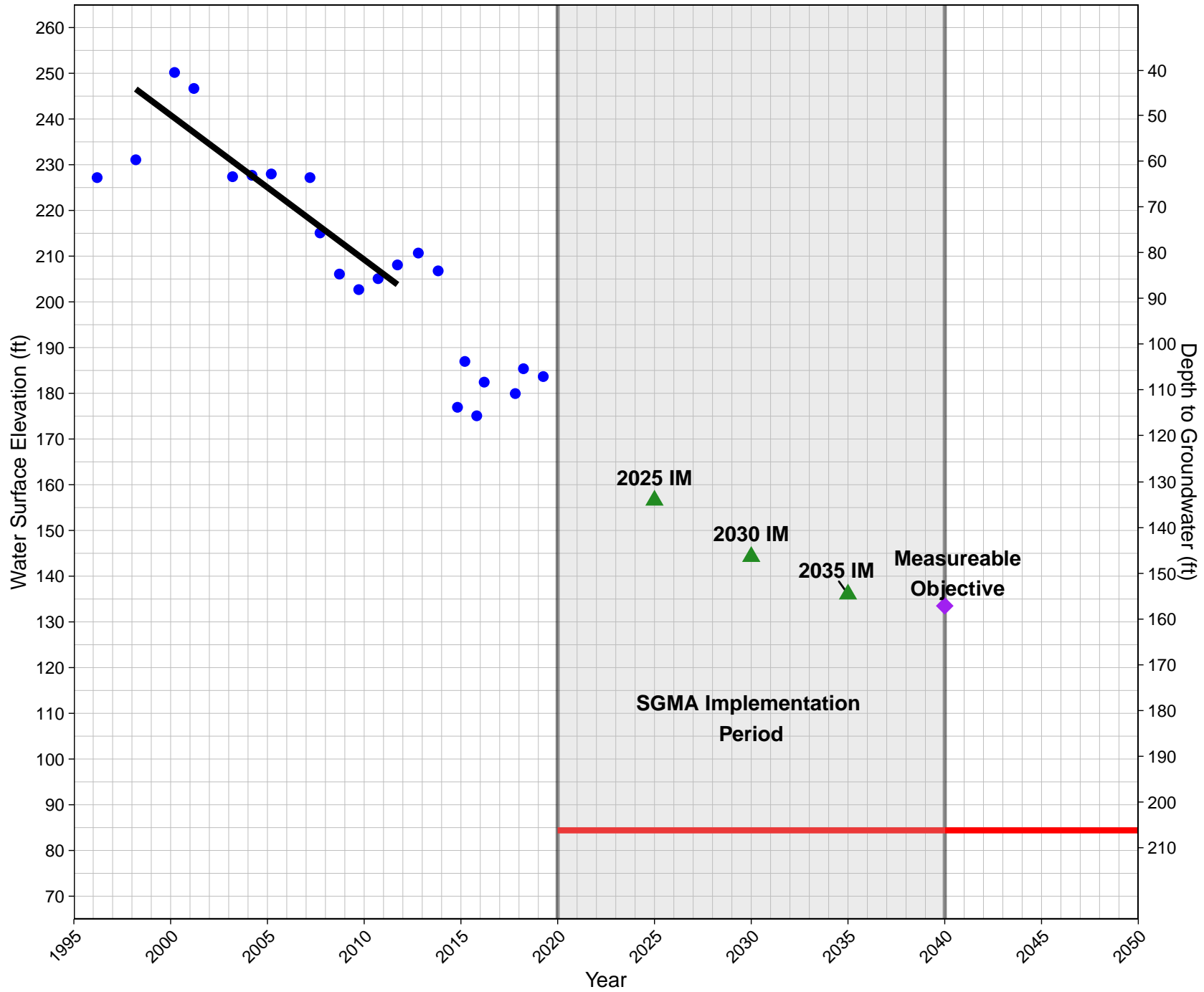
X156A

Ground Surface Elevation: 347 ft
Kings River East GSA



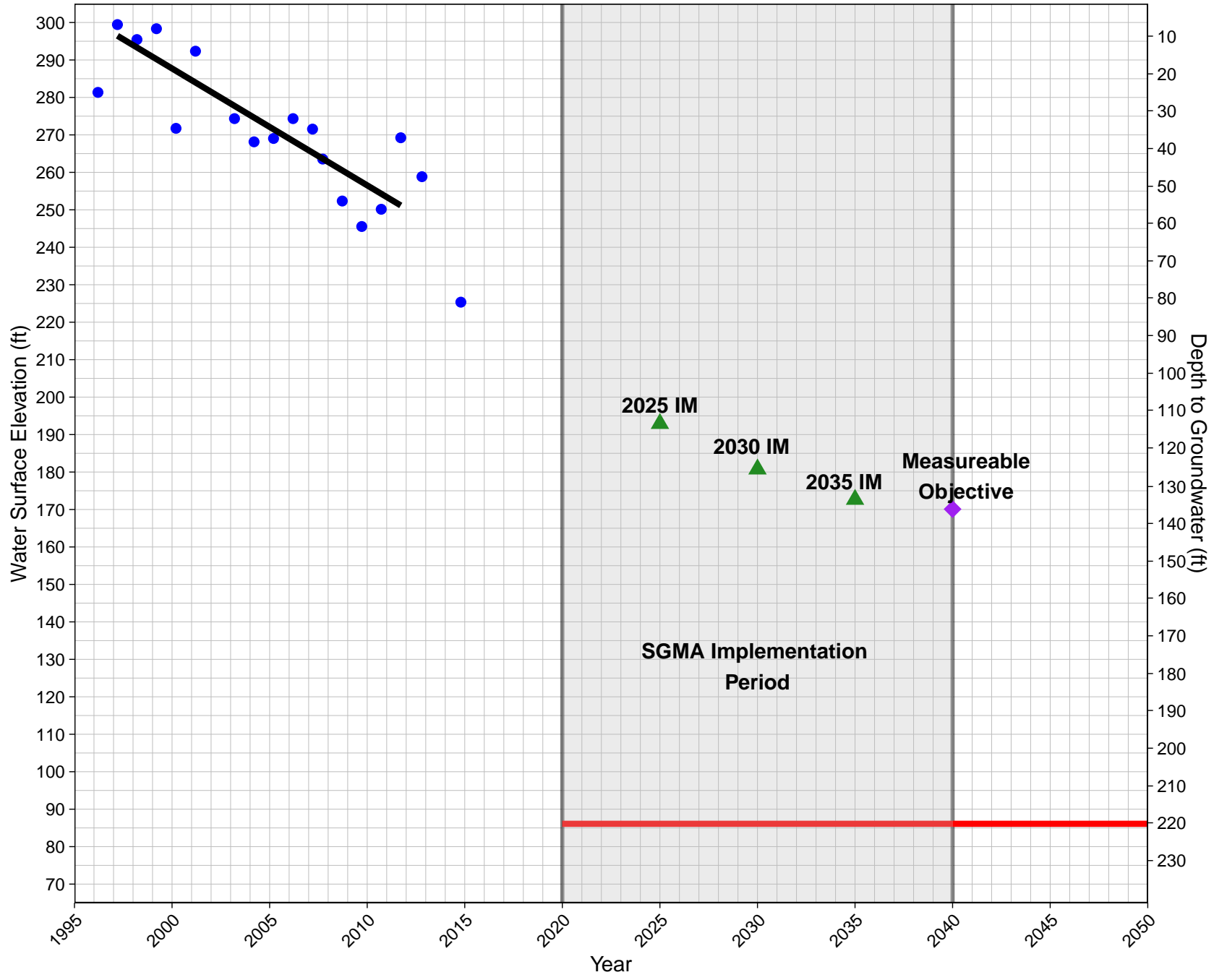
X176A

Ground Surface Elevation: 291 ft
Kings River East GSA



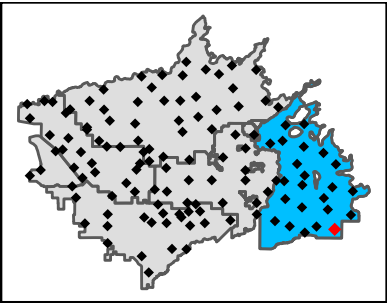
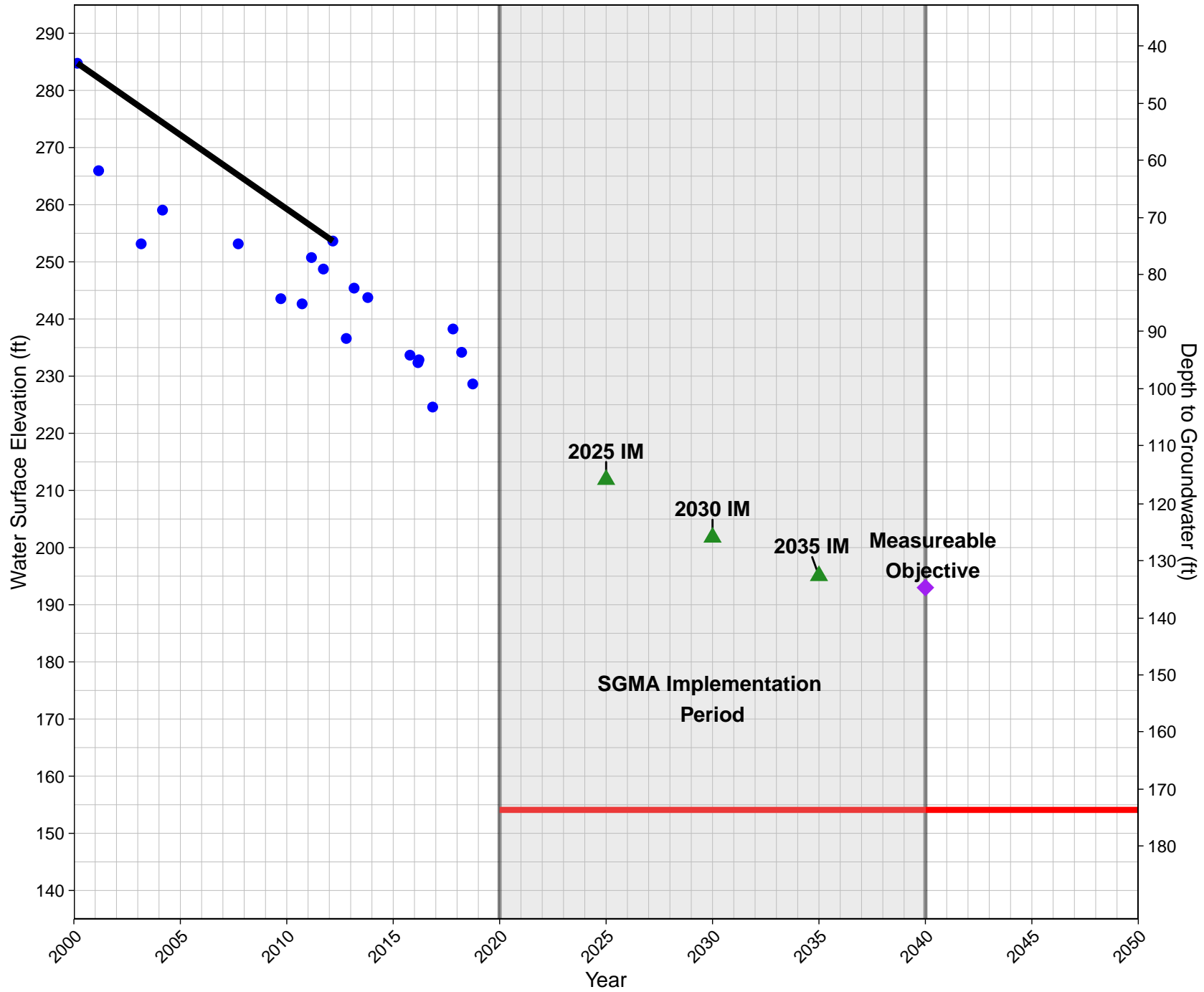
X213A

State Well ID: 17S24E15A002M
Ground Surface Elevation: 306 ft
Kings River East GSA

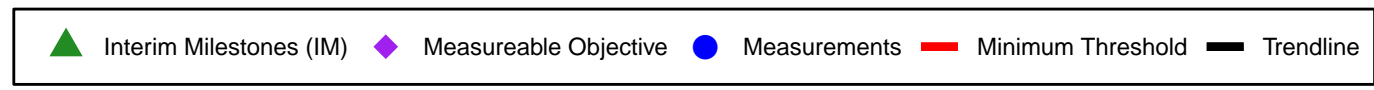
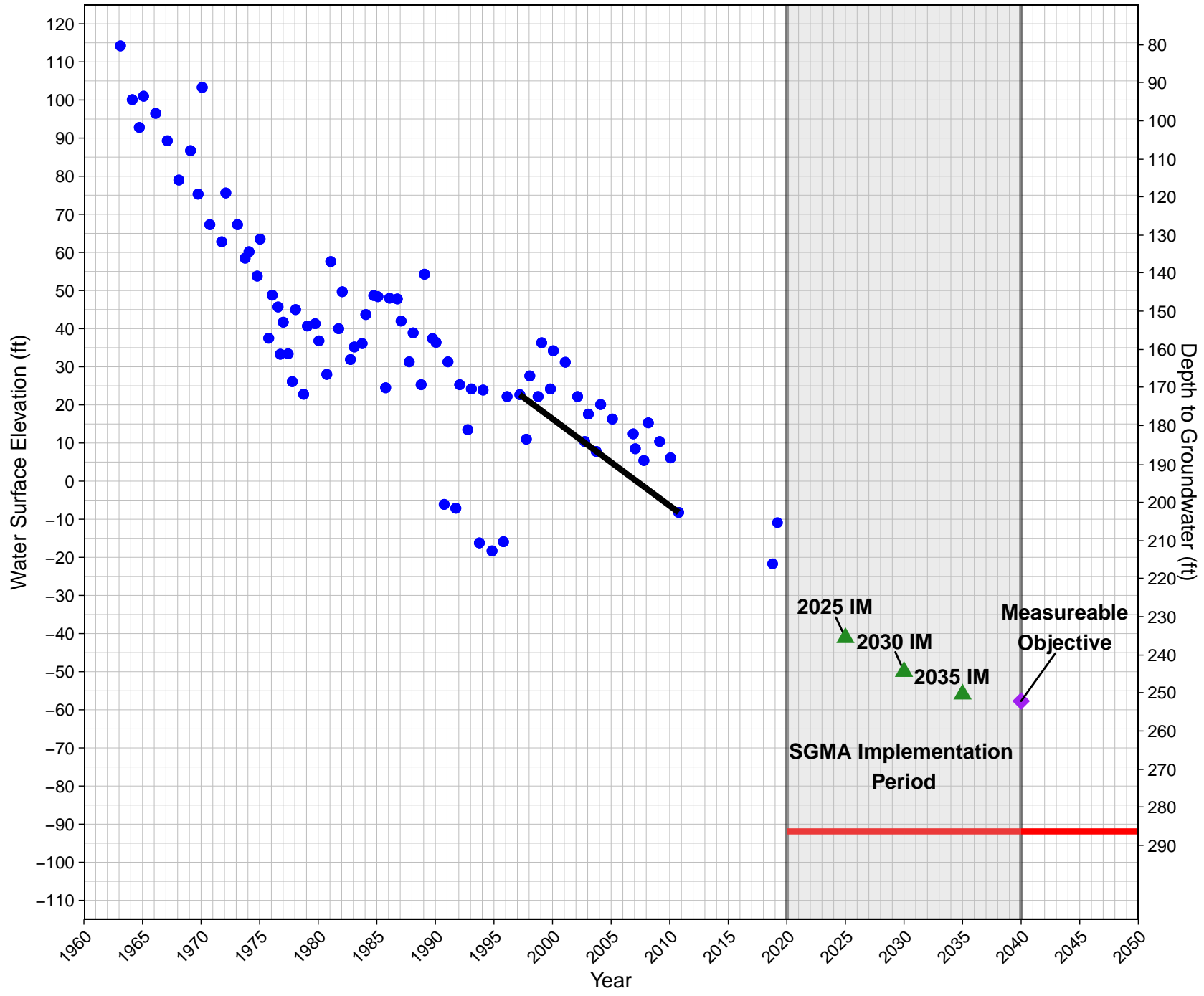
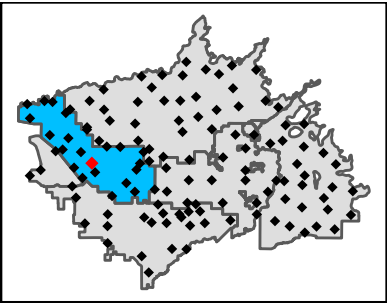


X234B

Ground Surface Elevation: 328 ft
Kings River East GSA

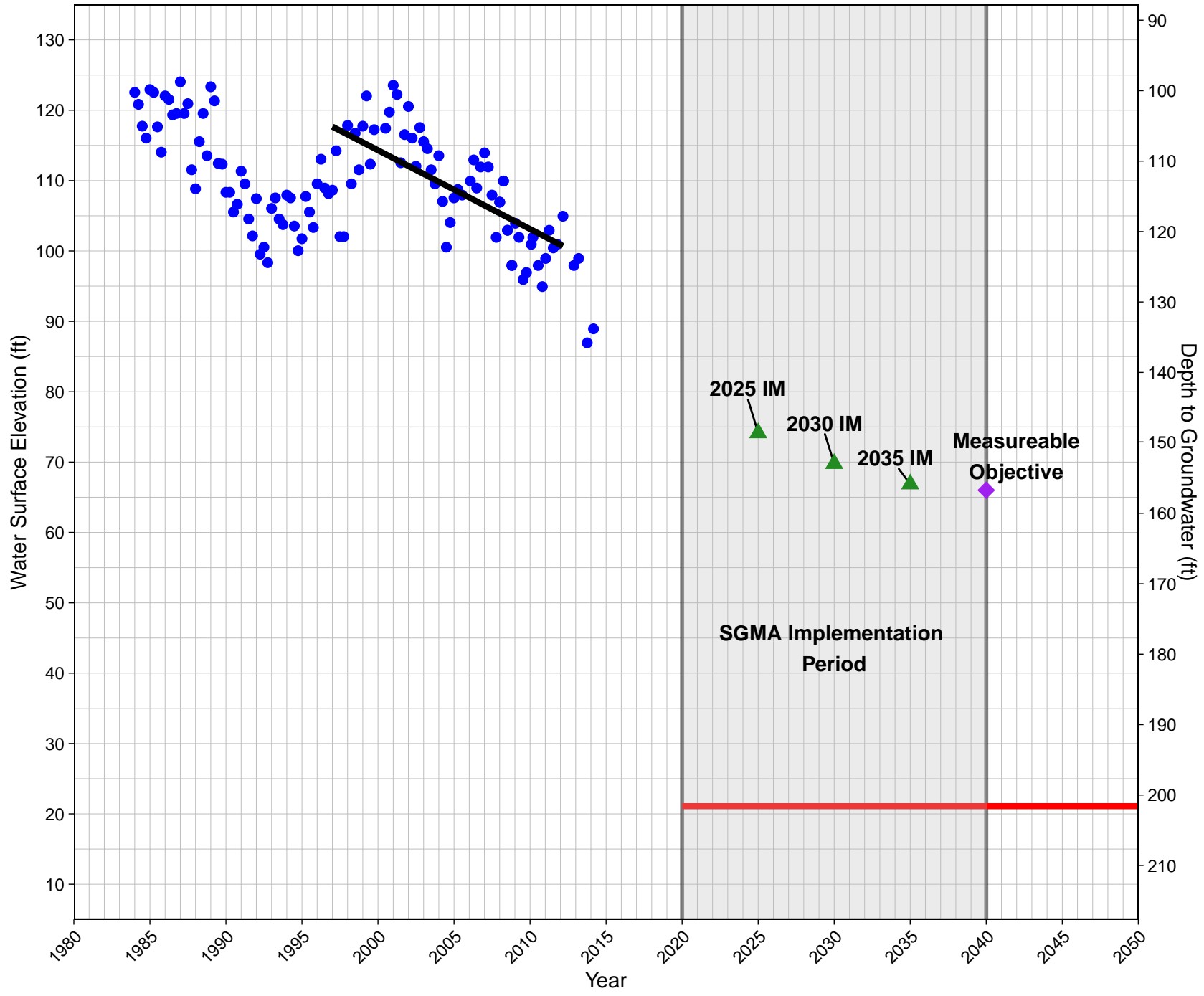
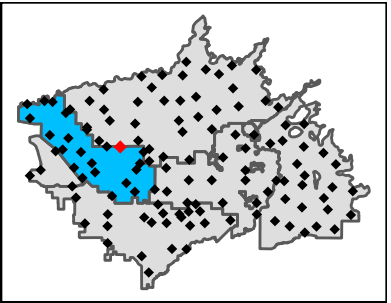


15S17E13R002M
Ground Surface Elevation: 194 ft
McMullin Area GSA



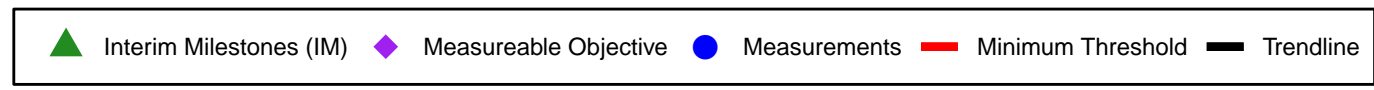
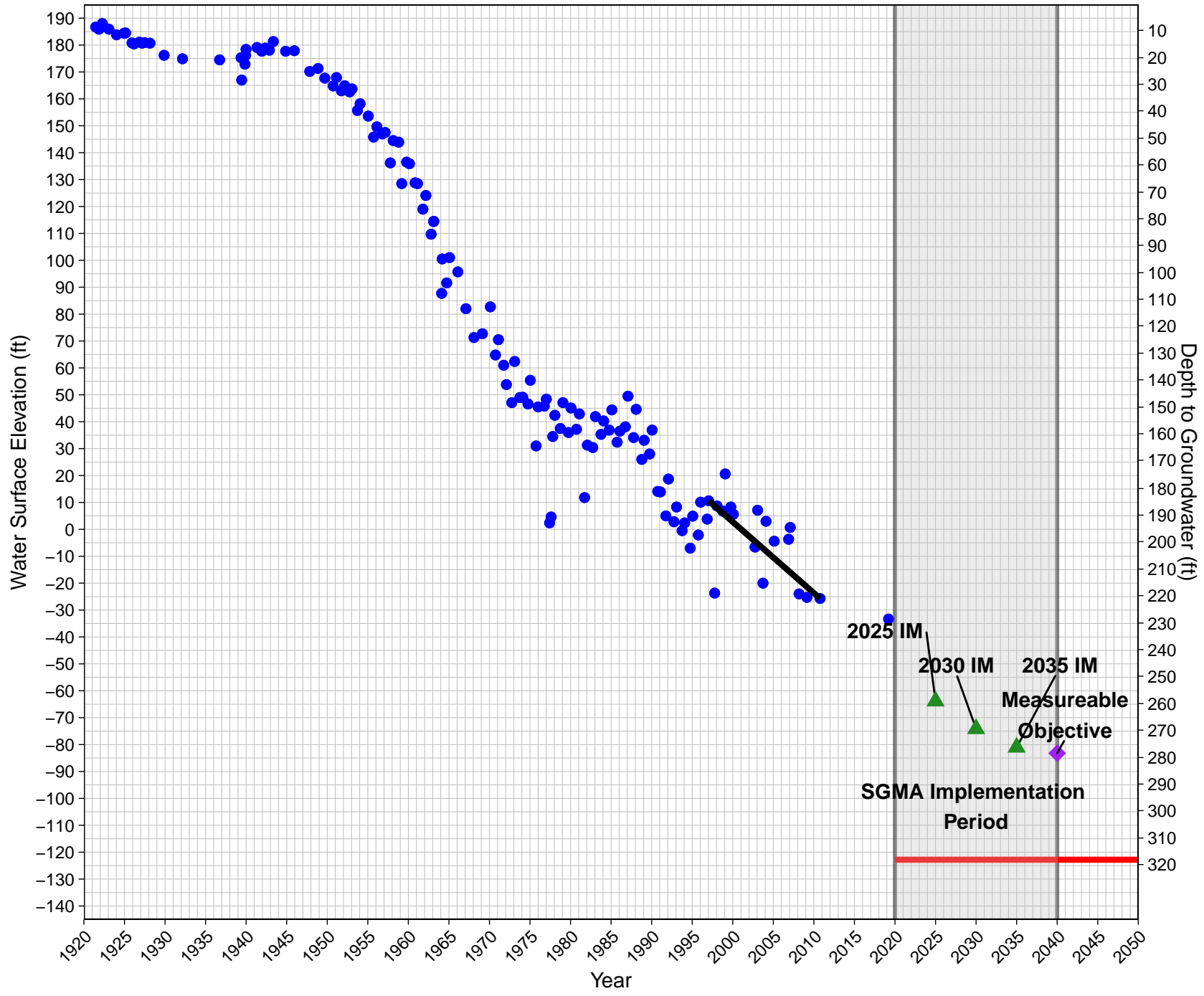
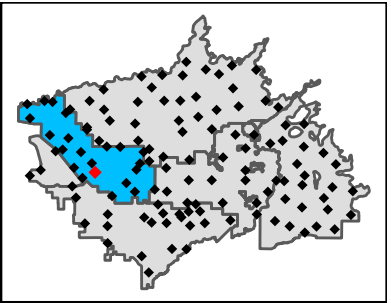
15S18E02A001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 223 ft
McMullin Area GSA



15S18E30L001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 195 ft
McMullin Area GSA

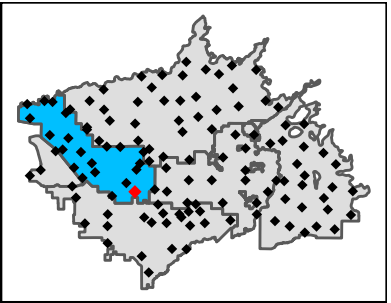
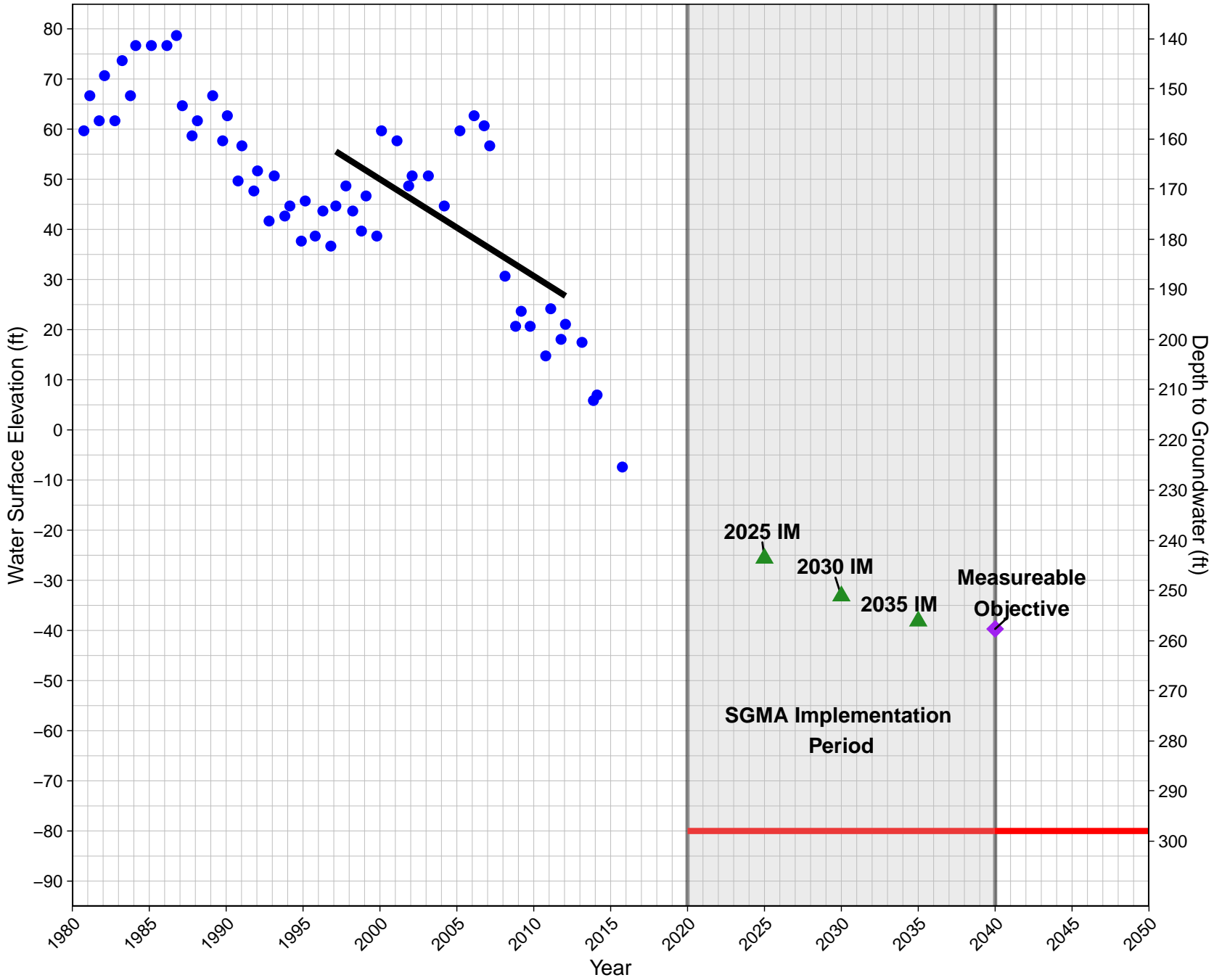


365463N1199268W001

State Well ID: 16S19E17C001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 218 ft

McMullin Area GSA

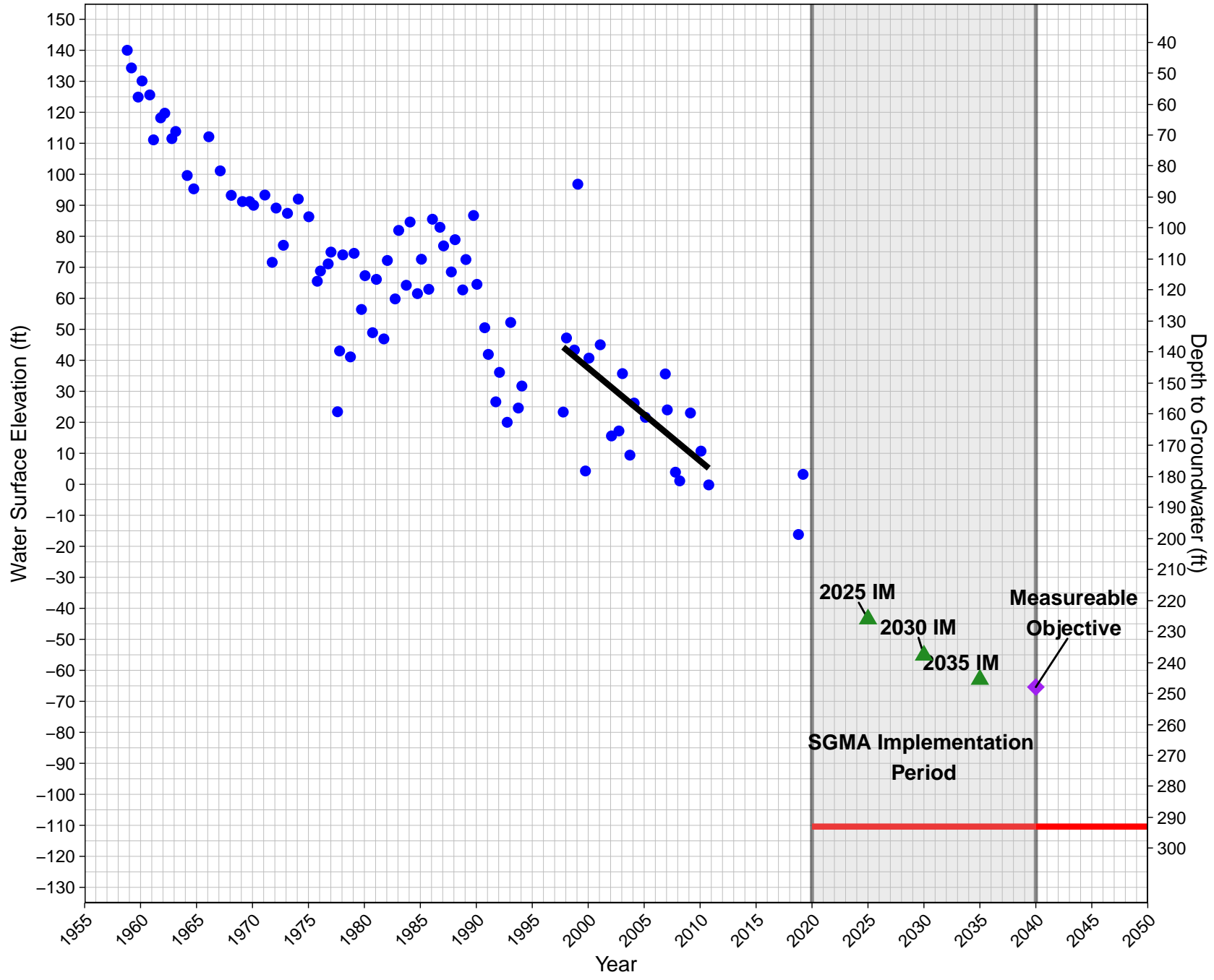
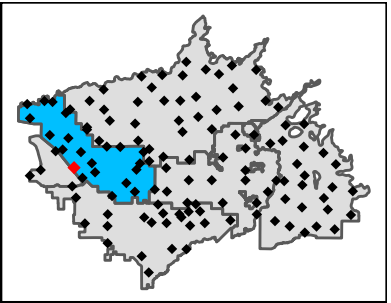


366082N1201199W001

State Well ID: 15S17E21J001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 183 ft

McMullin Area GSA

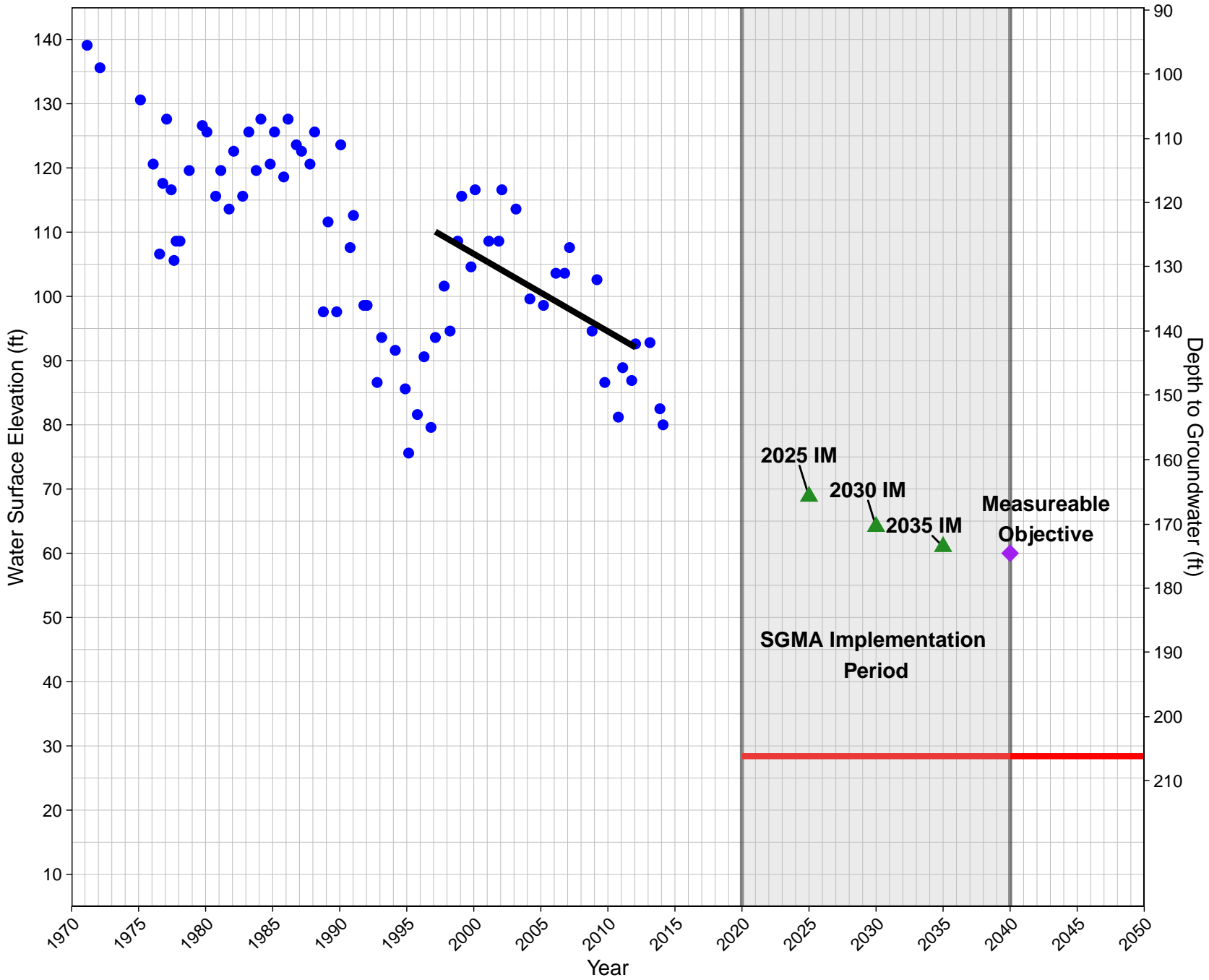
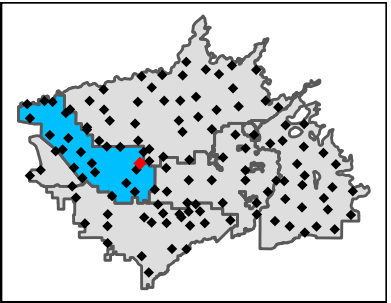


366188N1199104W001

State Well ID: 15S19E21C003M

Ground Surface Elevation: 235 ft

McMullin Area GSA

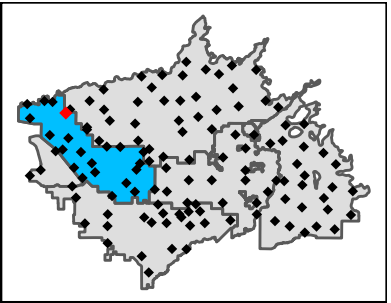
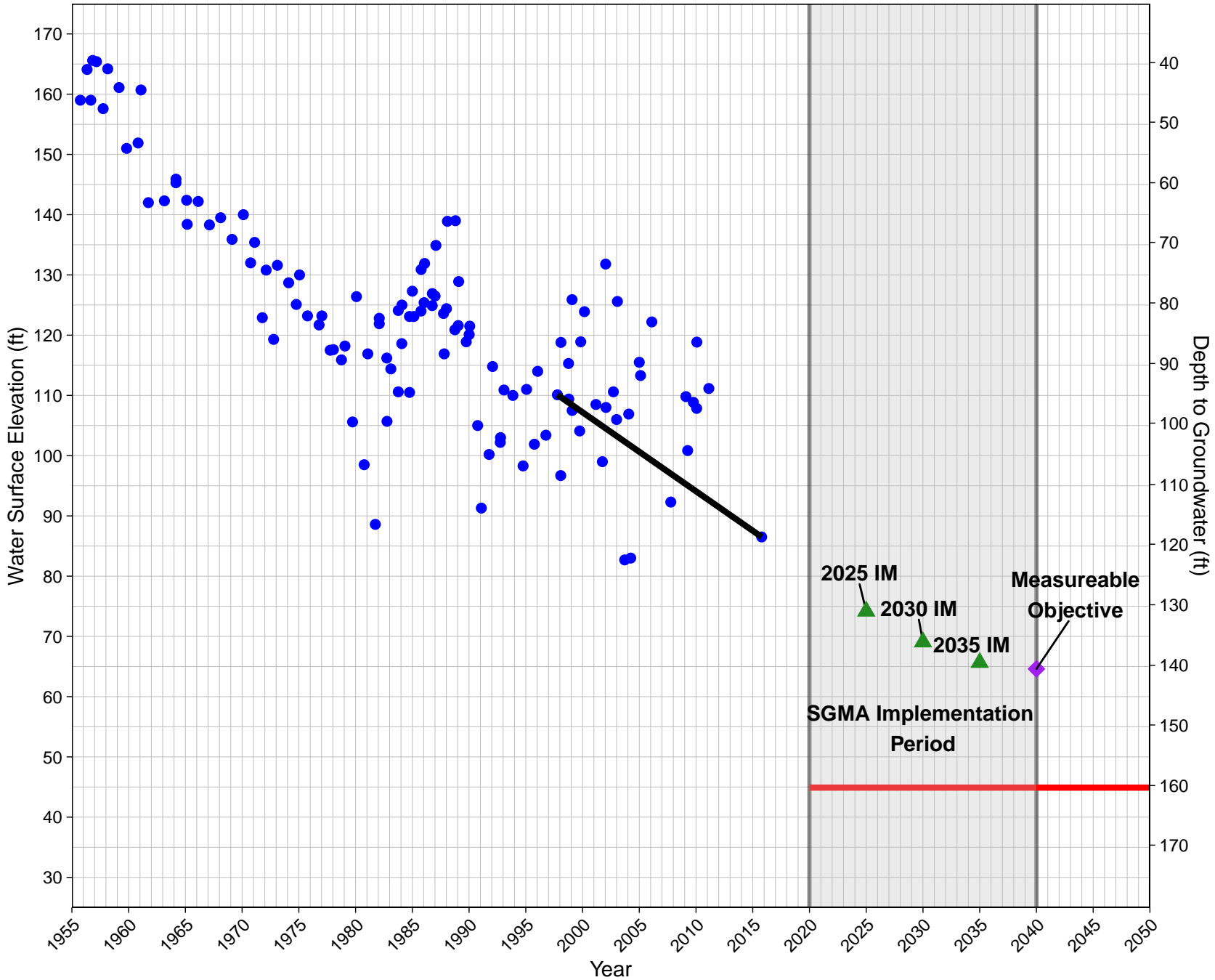


367477N1201460W001

State Well ID: 14S17E05D001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 205 ft

McMullin Area GSA

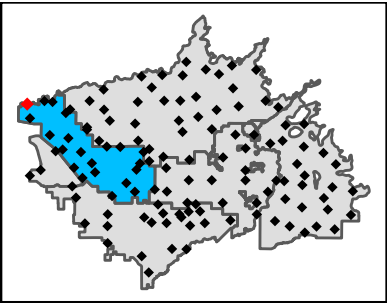
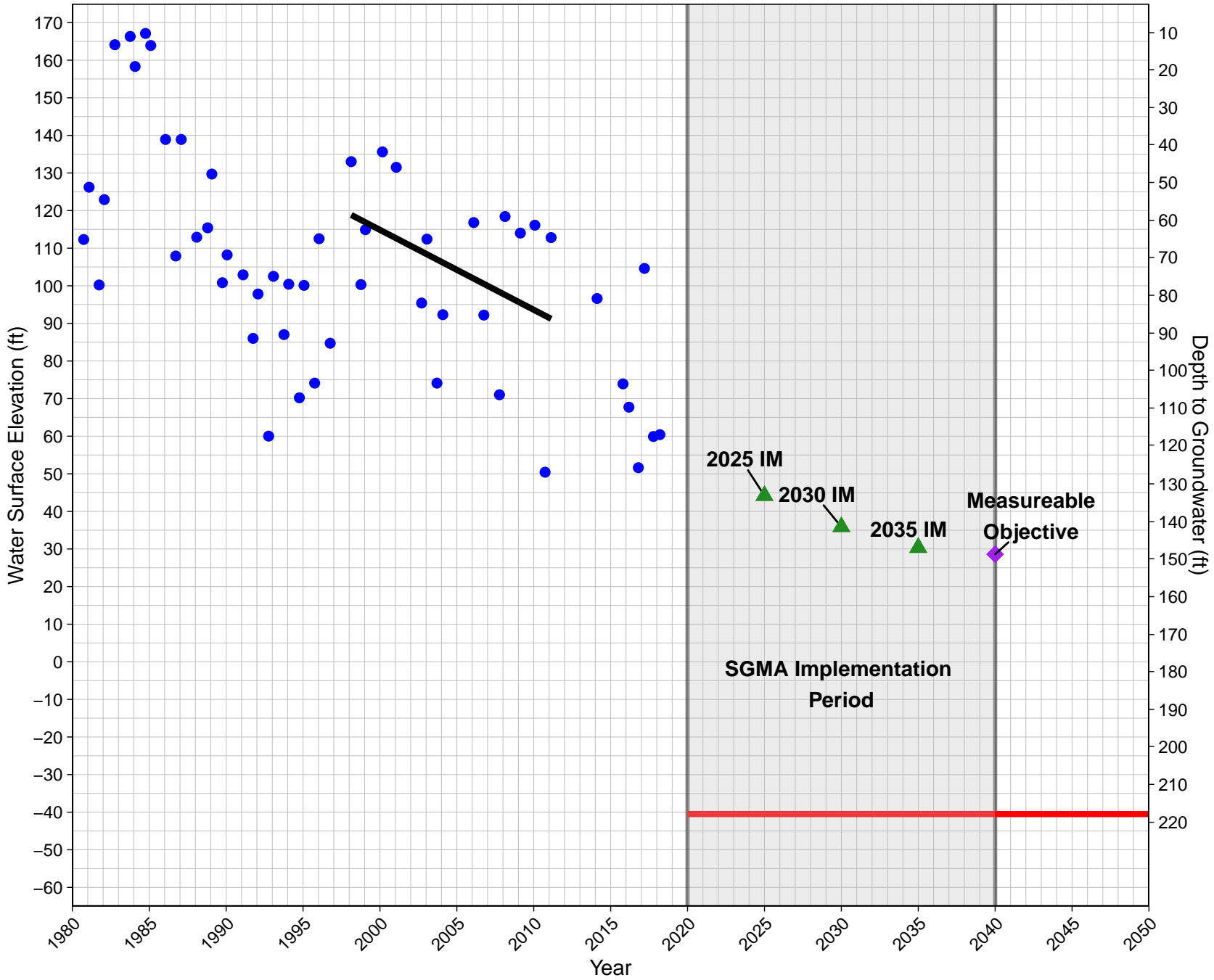


367705N1202691W001

State Well ID: 13S16E30L003M

Ground Surface Elevation: 177 ft

McMullin Area GSA

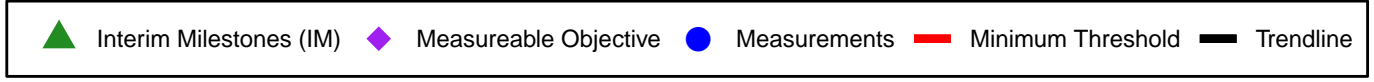
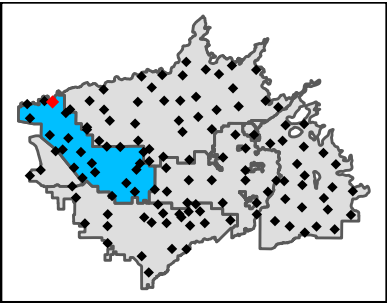
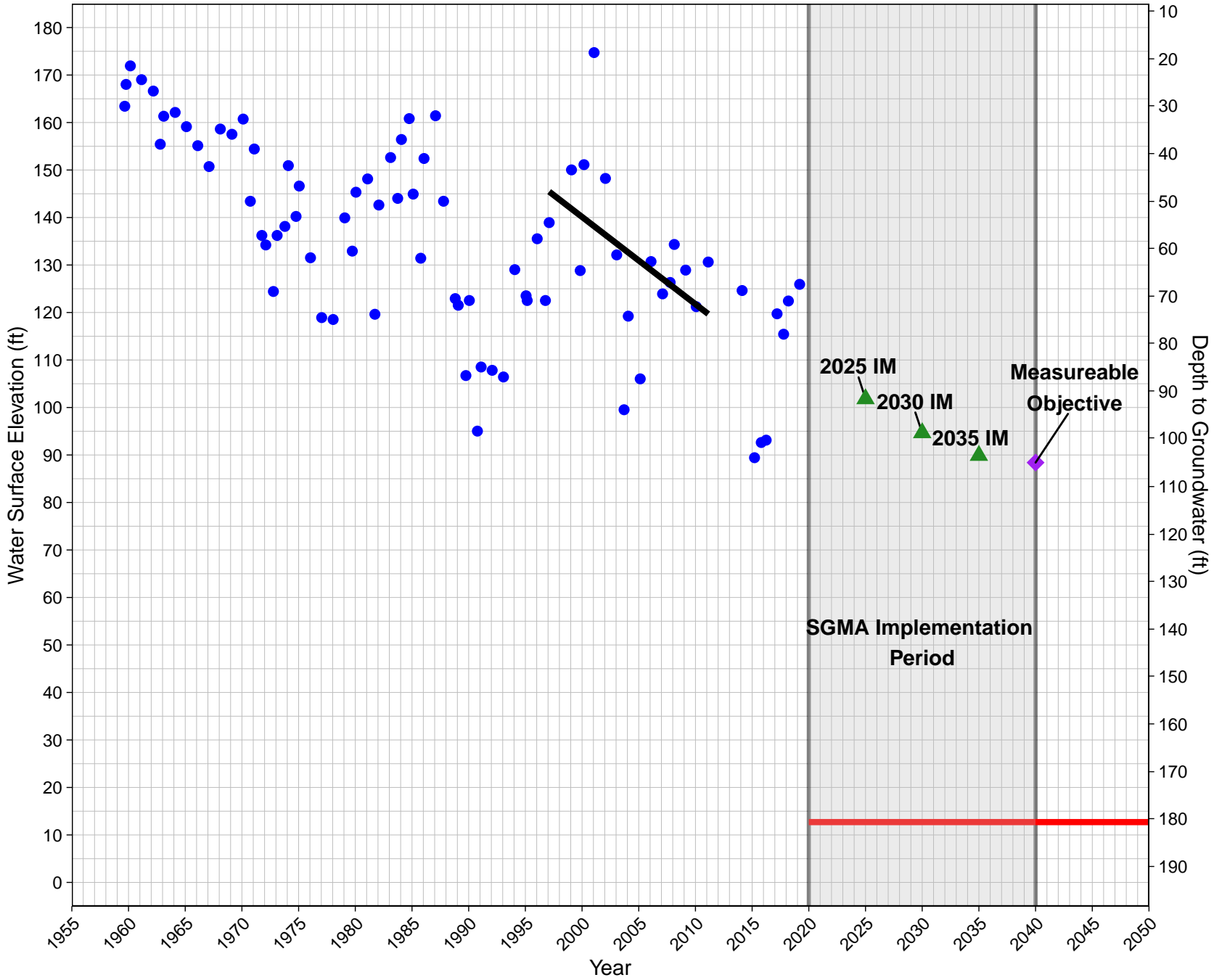


367757N1201874W001

State Well ID: 13S16E26A001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 193 ft

McMullin Area GSA

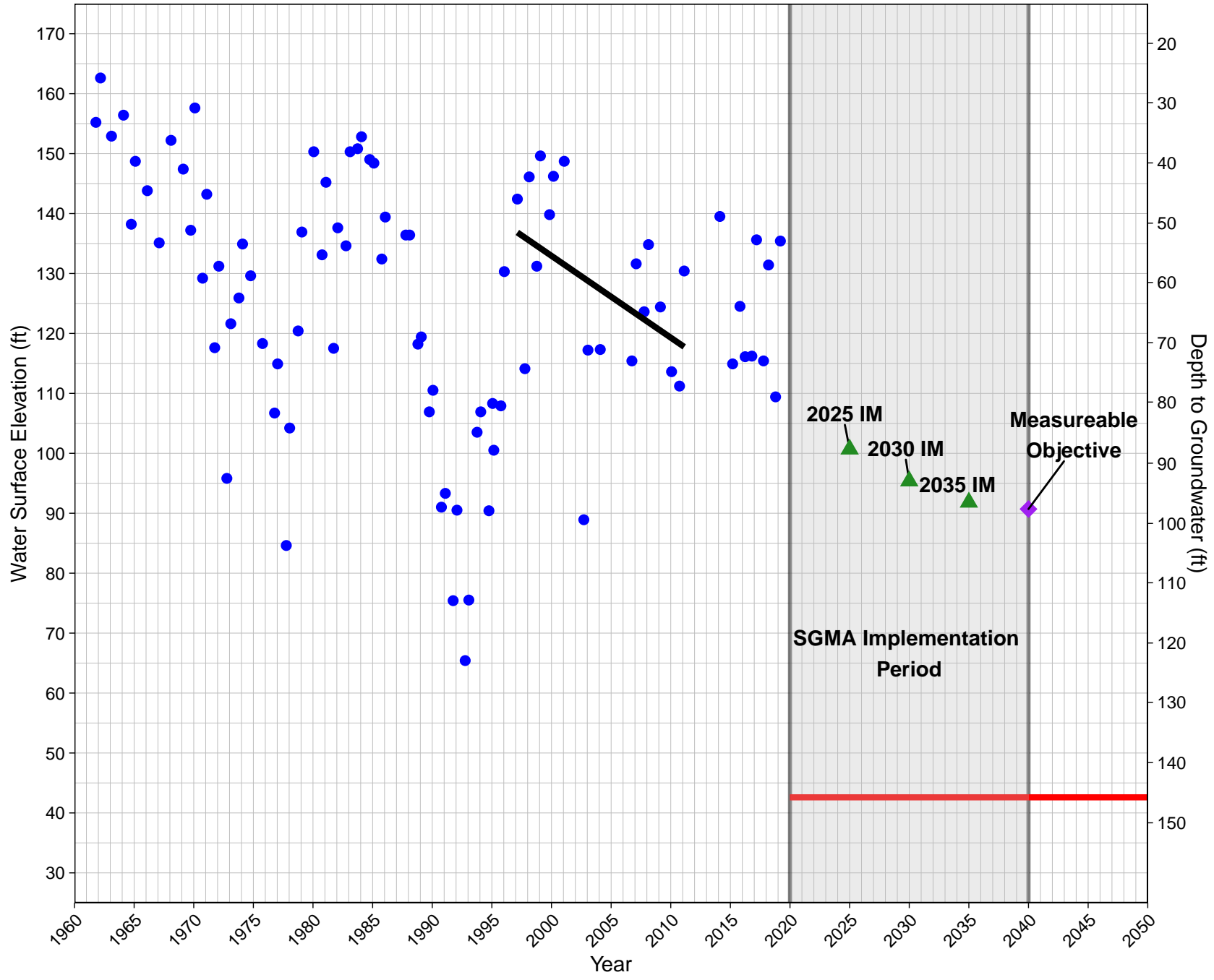
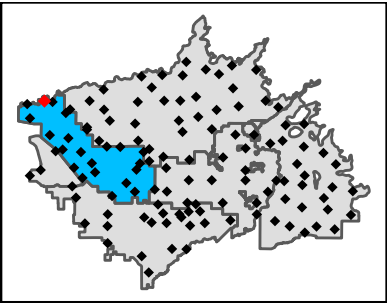


367782N1202141W001

State Well ID: 13S16E27C001M

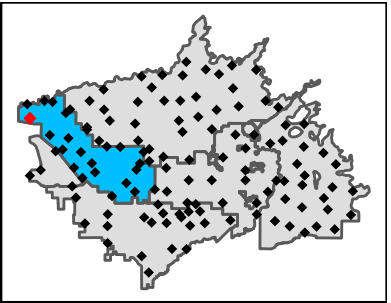
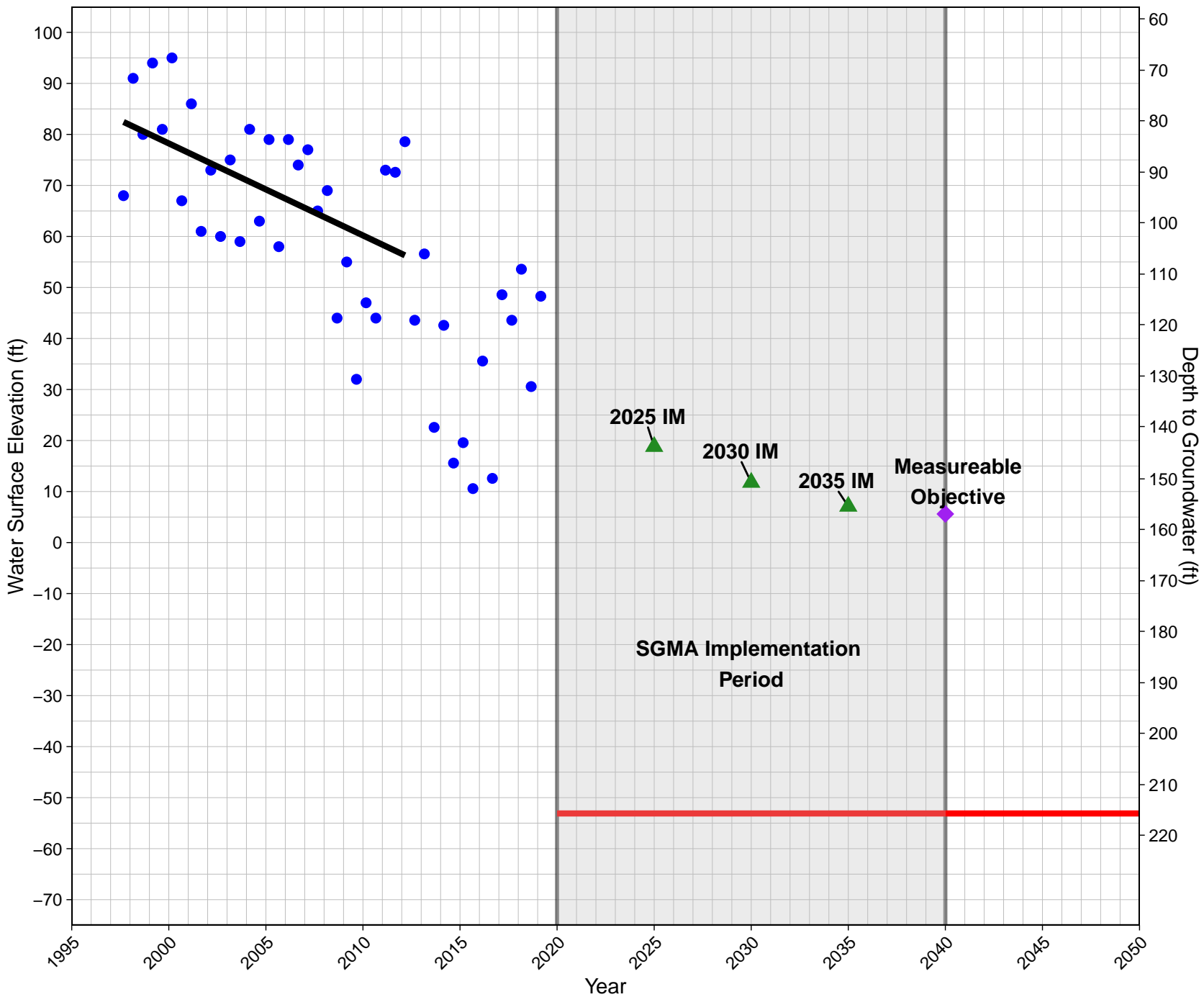
Ground Surface Elevation: 188 ft

McMullin Area GSA



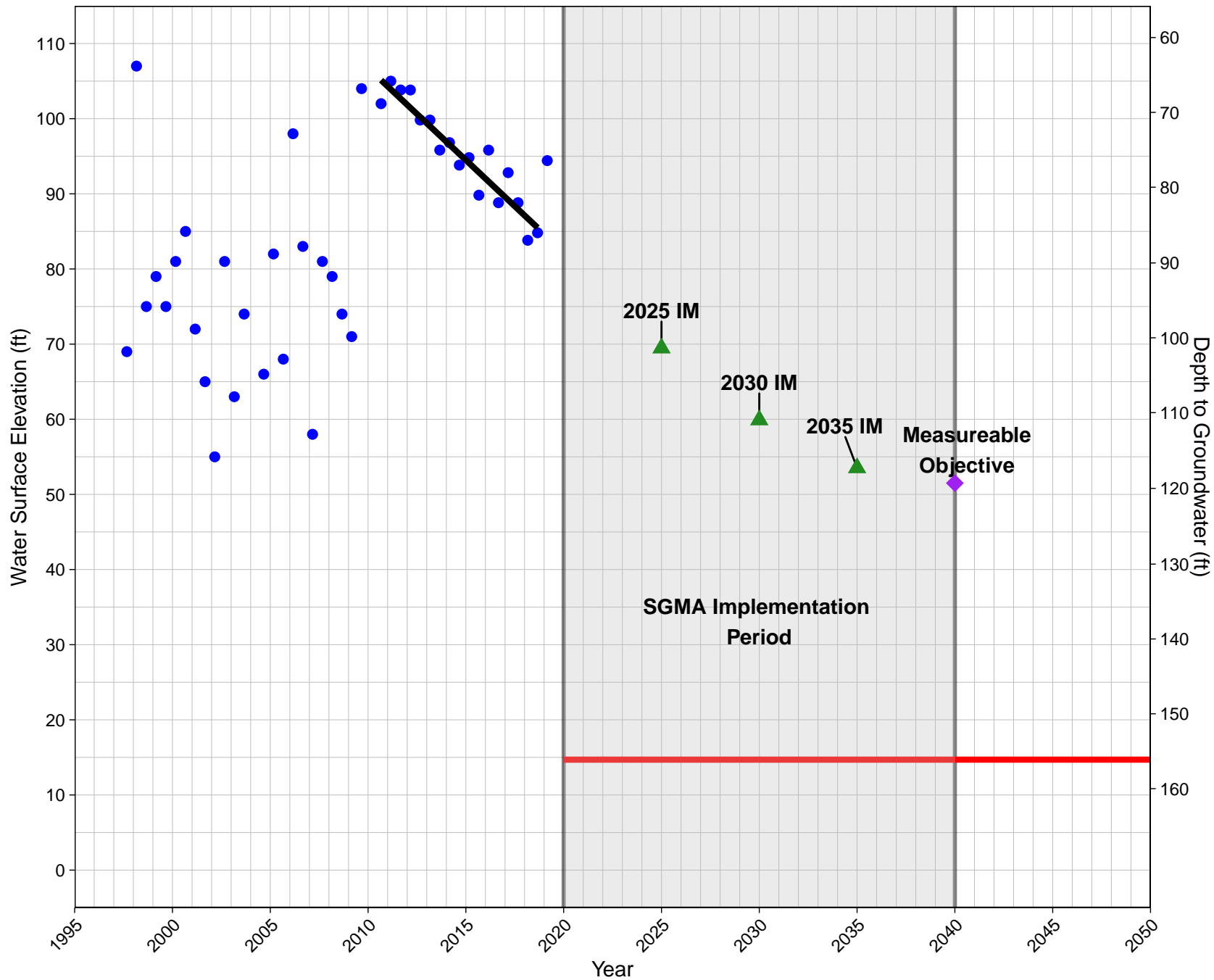
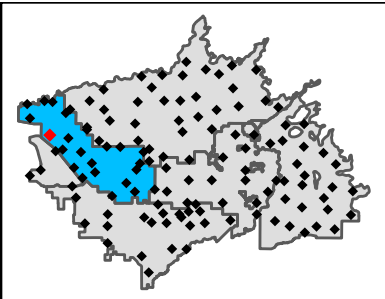
A01

Ground Surface Elevation: 163 ft
McMullin Area GSA



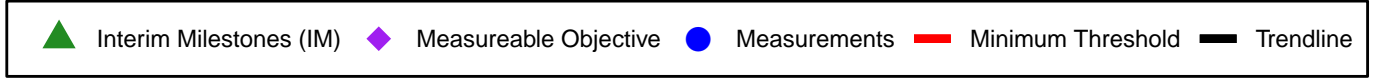
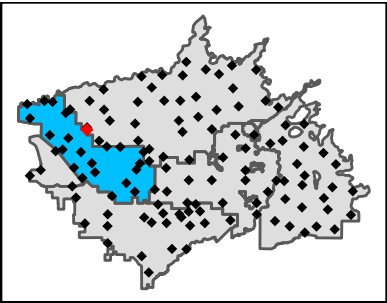
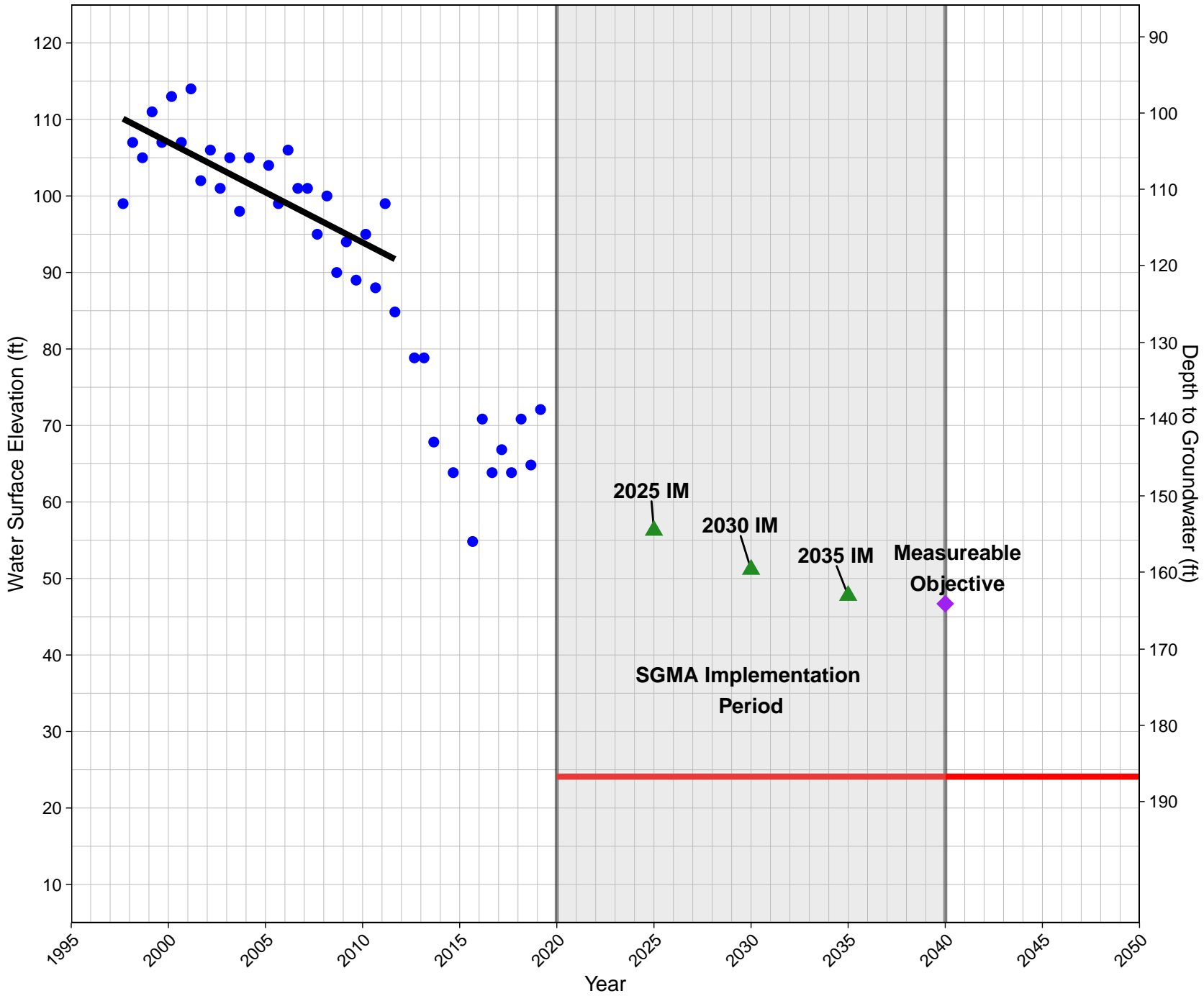
A07

State Well ID:
Ground Surface Elevation: 171 ft
McMullin Area GSA



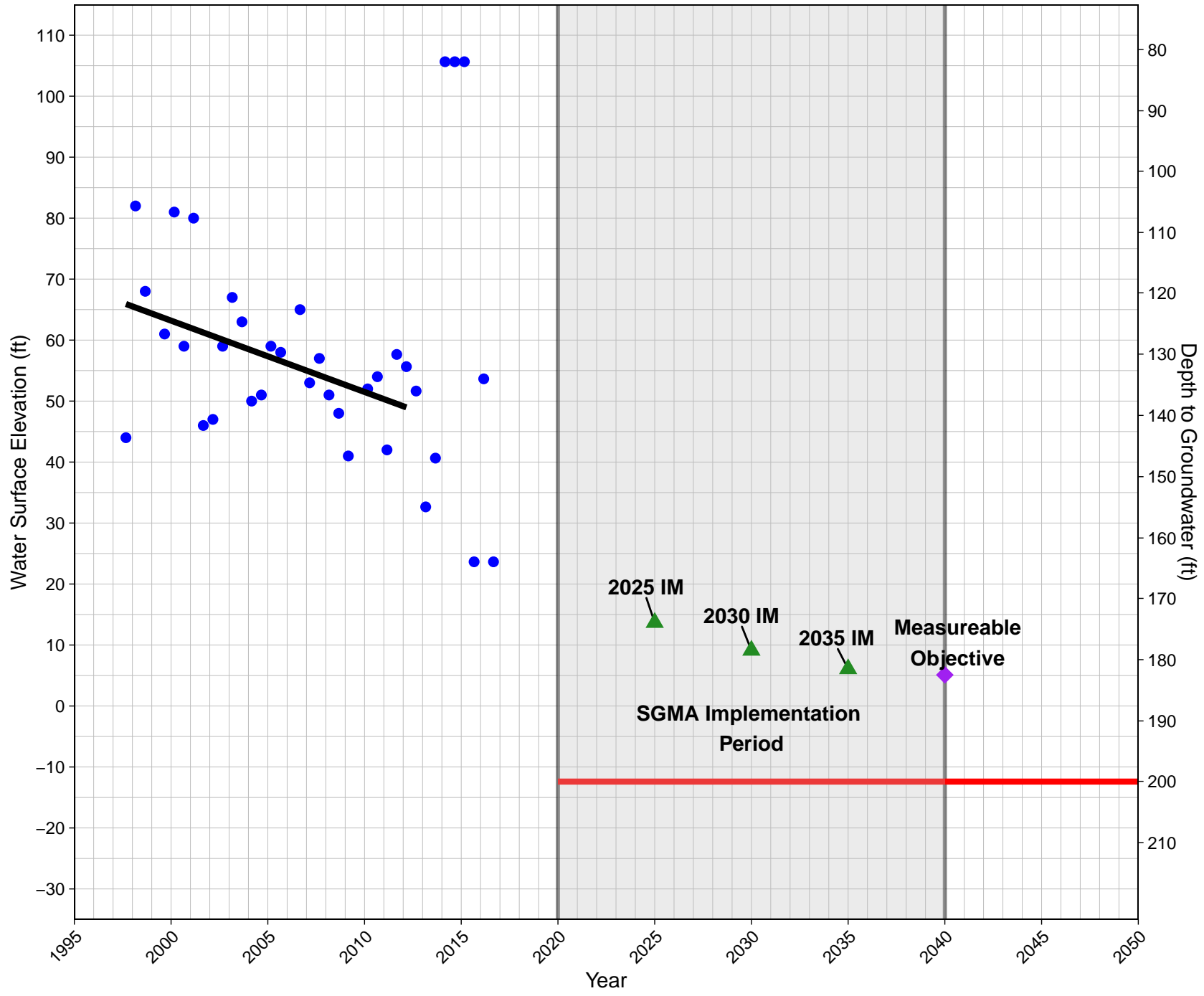
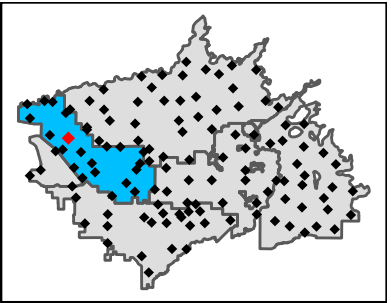
A17

Ground Surface Elevation: 211 ft
McMullin Area GSA



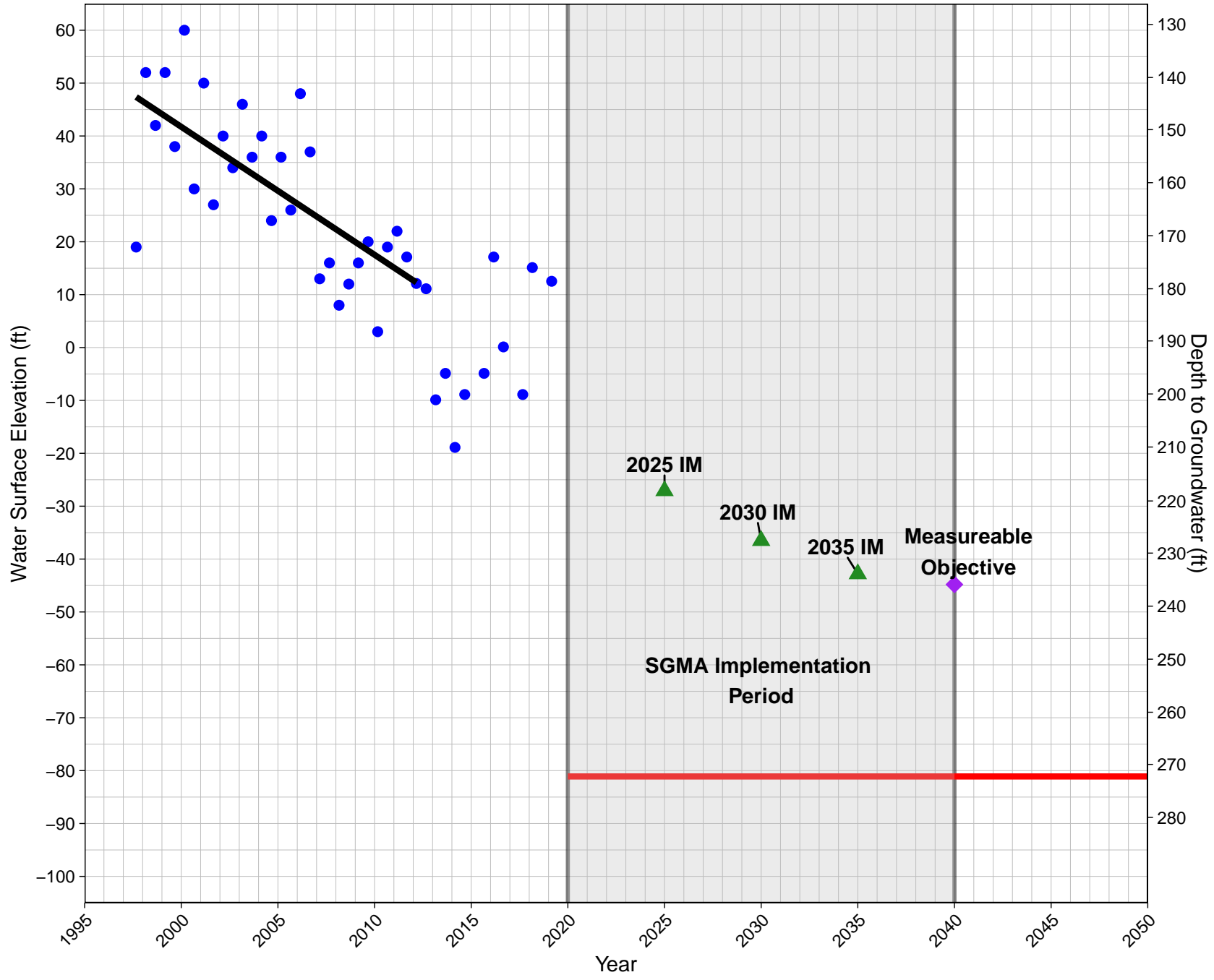
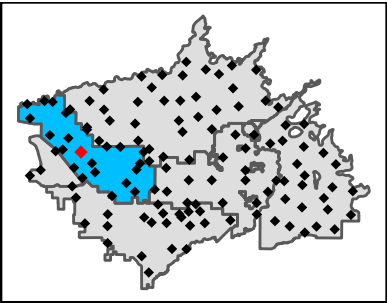
A20

Ground Surface Elevation: 188 ft
McMullin Area GSA



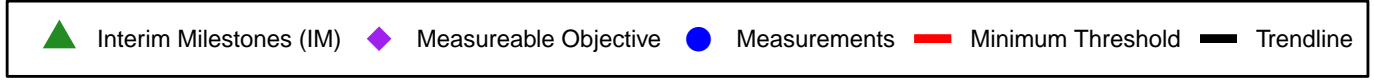
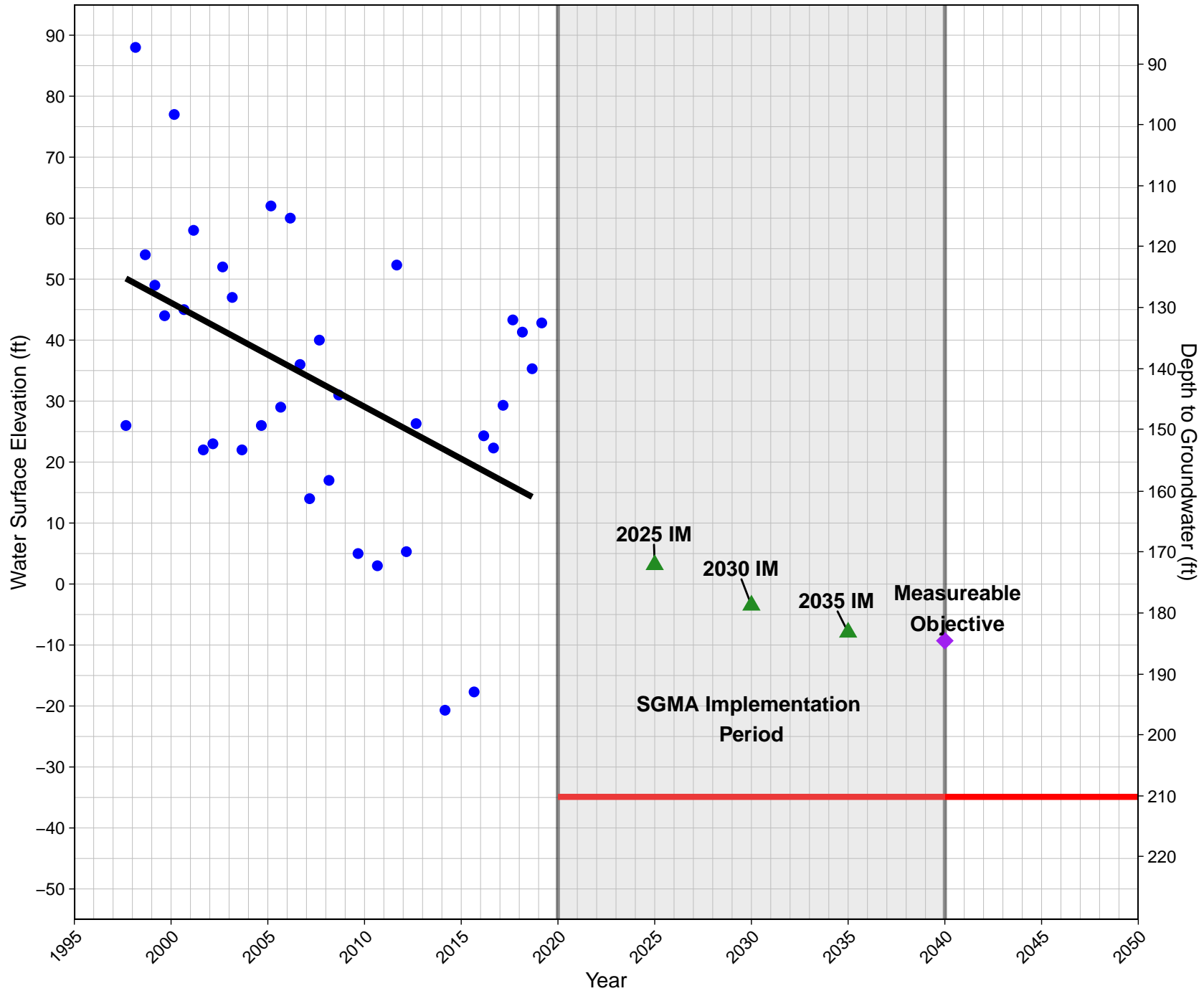
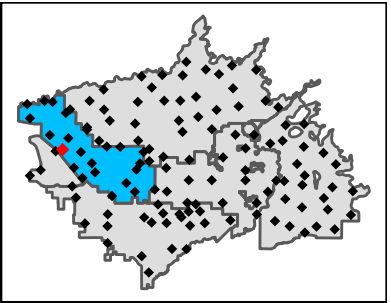
A23

State Well ID:
Ground Surface Elevation: 191 ft
McMullin Area GSA



A24

Ground Surface Elevation: 175 ft
McMullin Area GSA

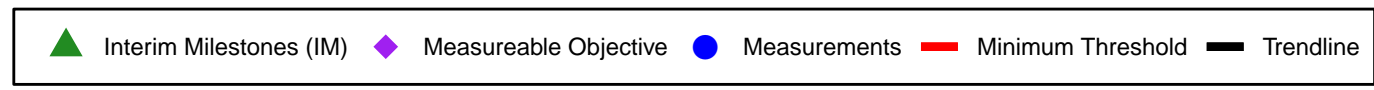
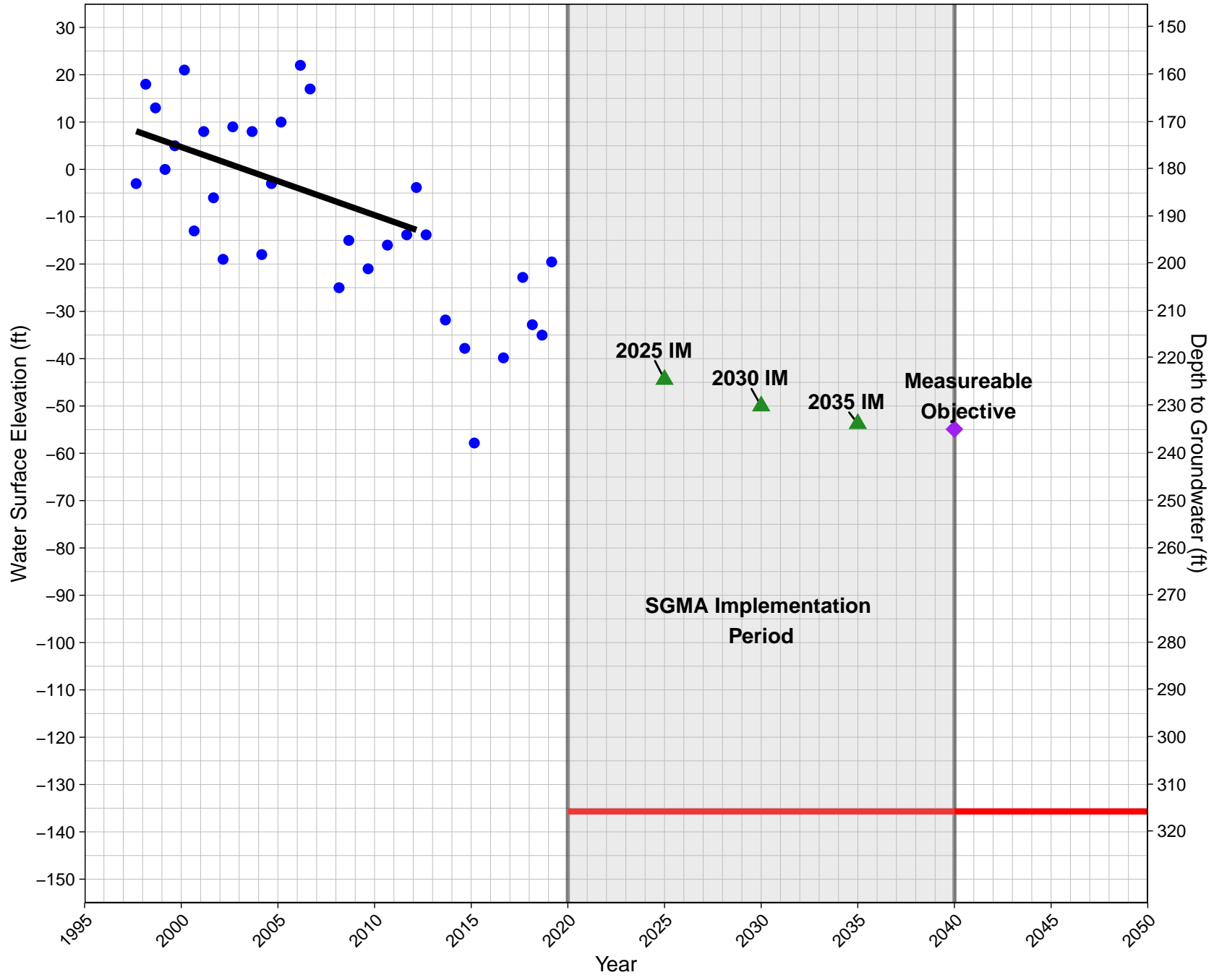
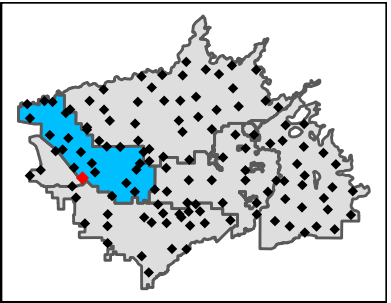


A30

State Well ID:

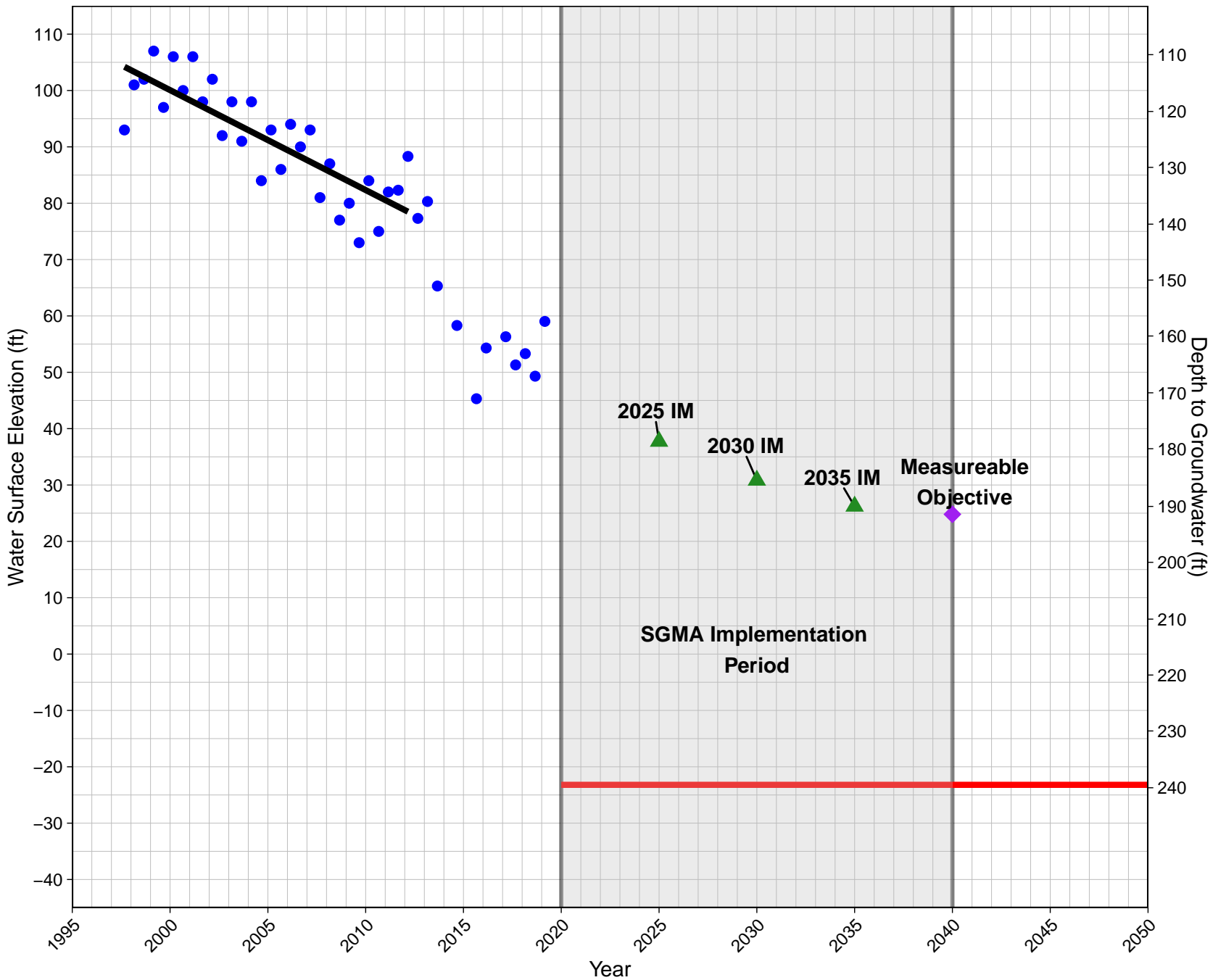
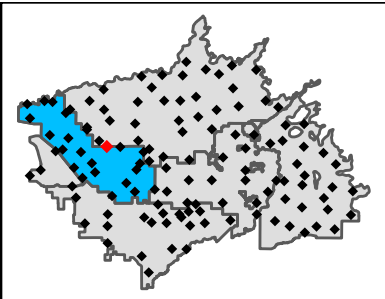
Ground Surface Elevation: 180 ft

McMullin Area GSA



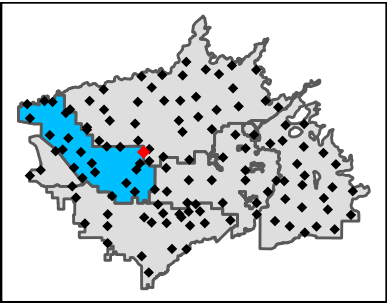
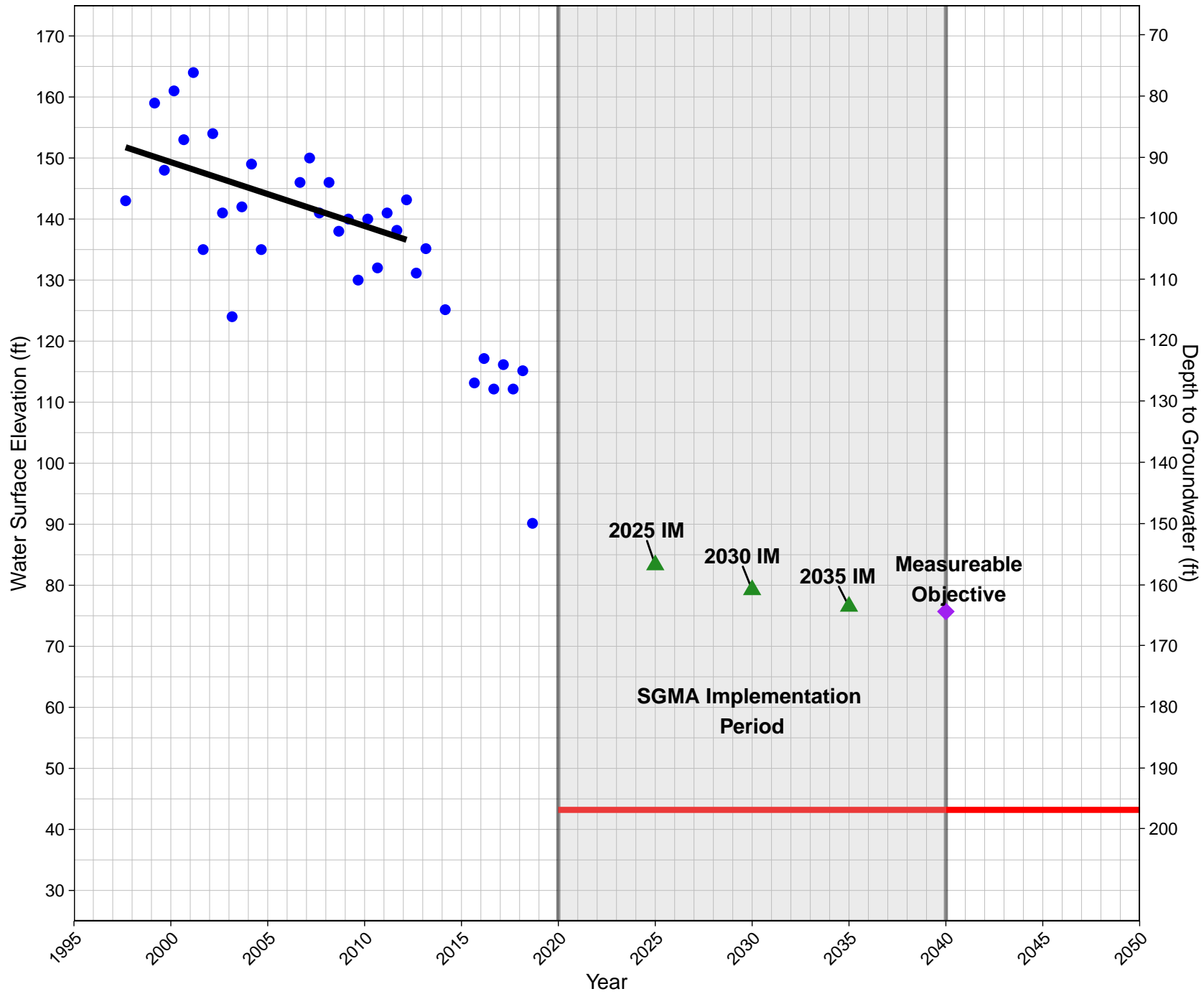
A34

State Well ID:
Ground Surface Elevation: 216 ft
McMullin Area GSA



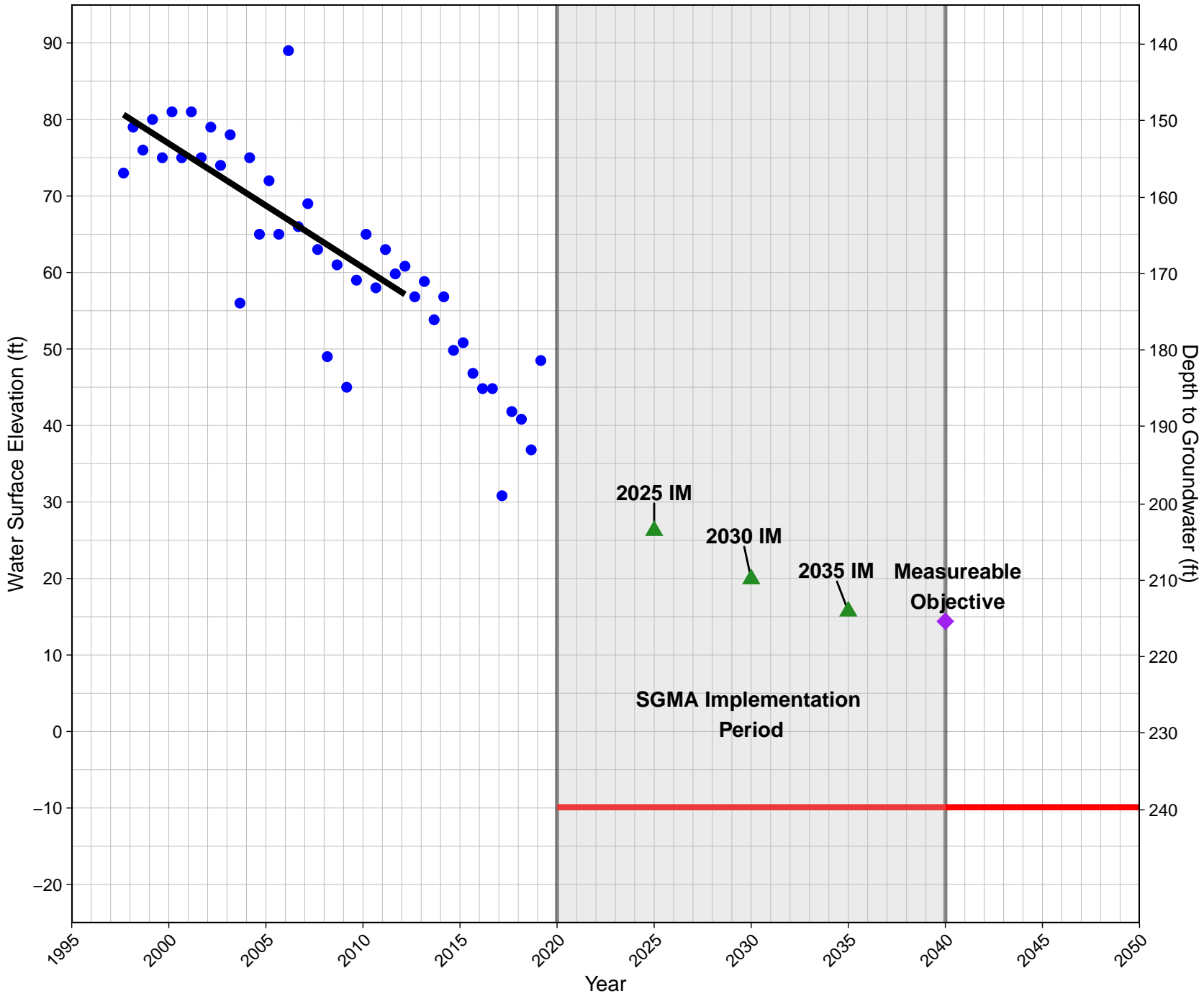
A46

Ground Surface Elevation: 240 ft
McMullin Area GSA



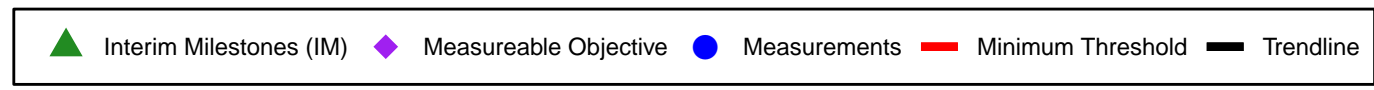
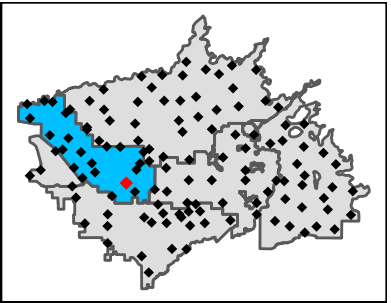
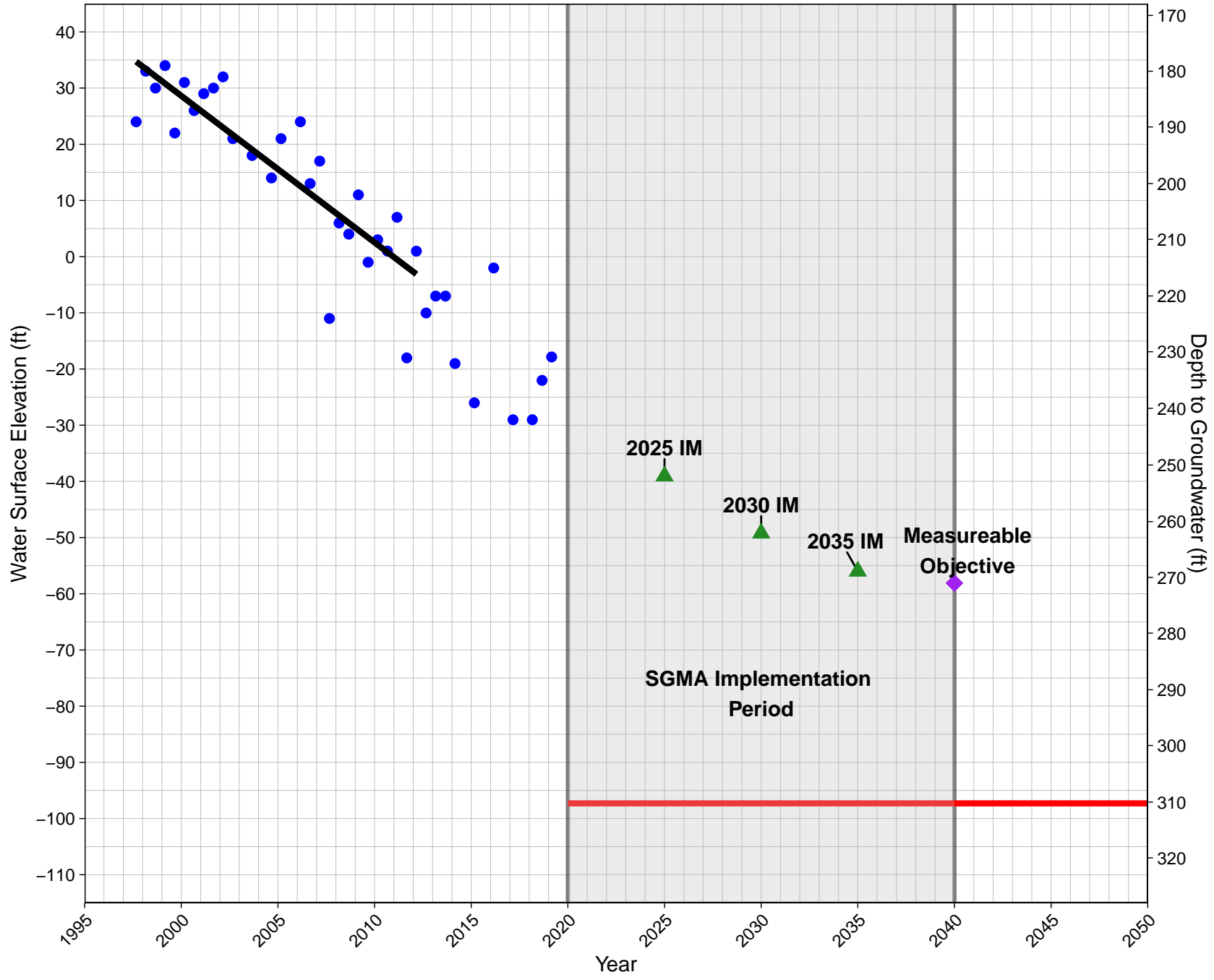
A51

Ground Surface Elevation: 230 ft
McMullin Area GSA



A53

State Well ID:
Ground Surface Elevation: 213 ft
McMullin Area GSA

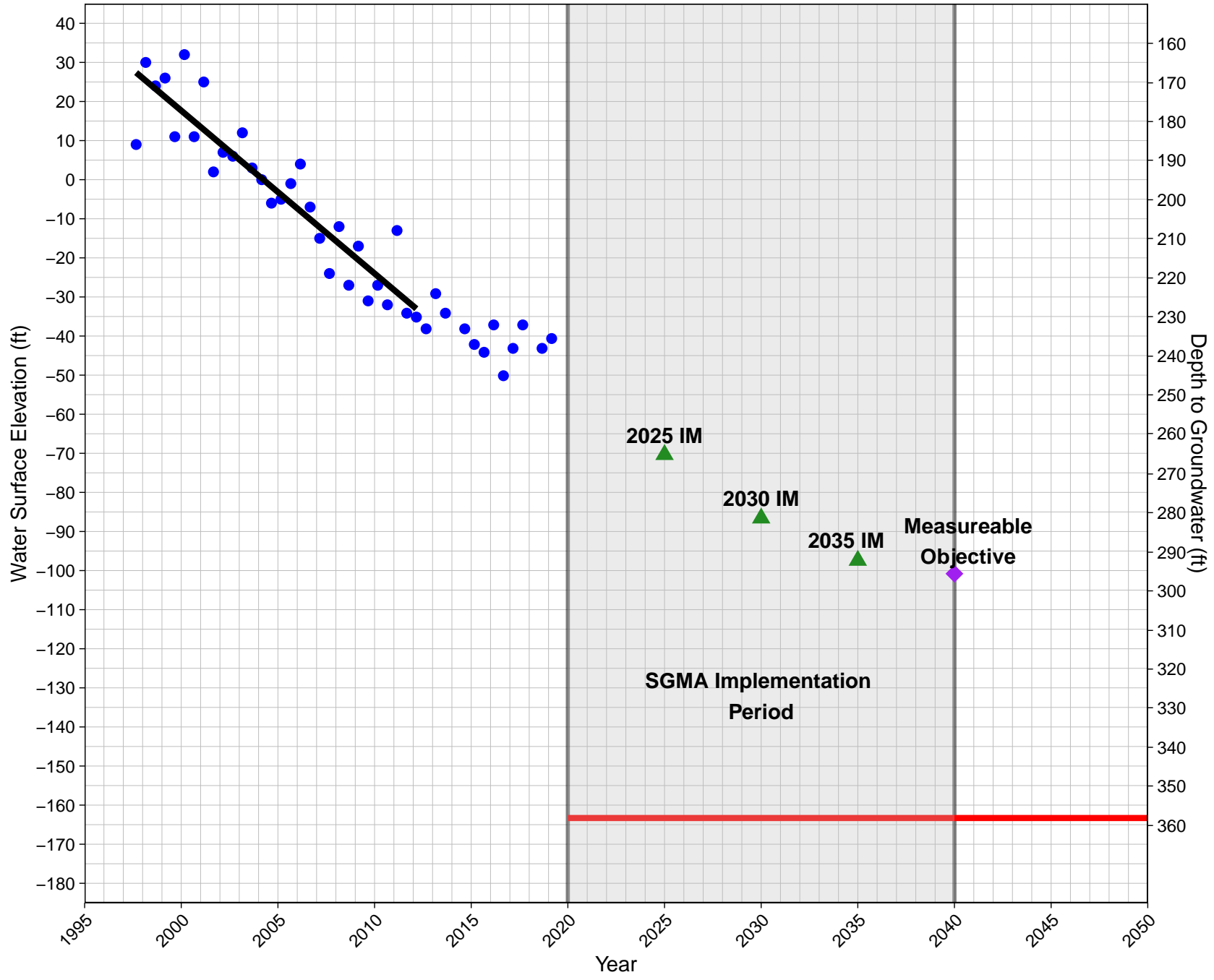


A58

State Well ID:

Ground Surface Elevation: 195 ft

McMullin Area GSA

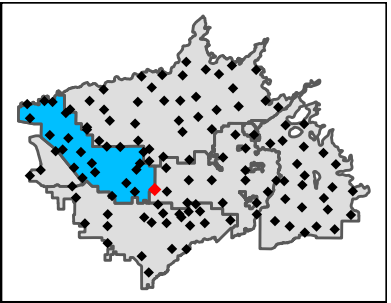
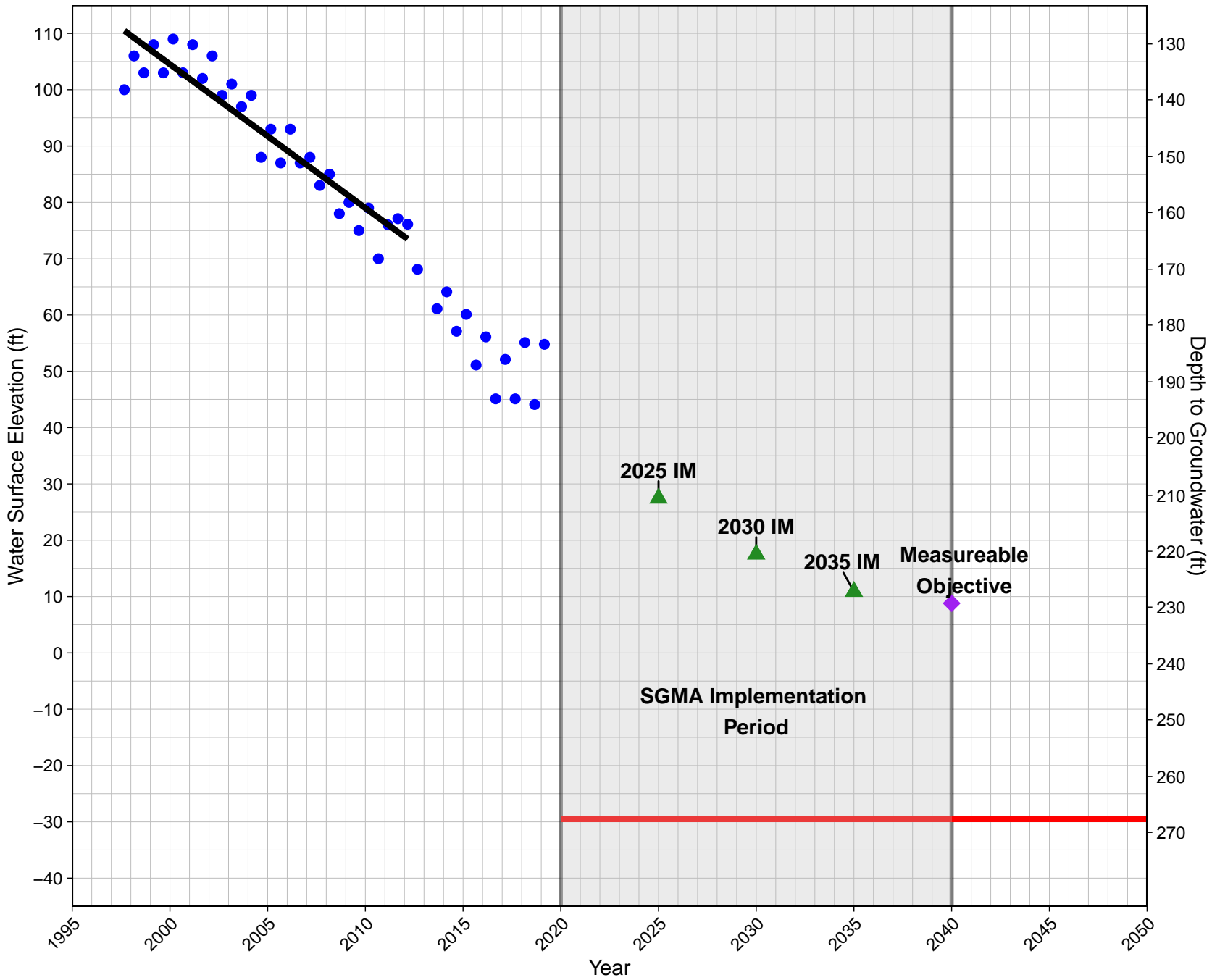


A62

State Well ID: 16S19E14A001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 238 ft

McMullin Area GSA

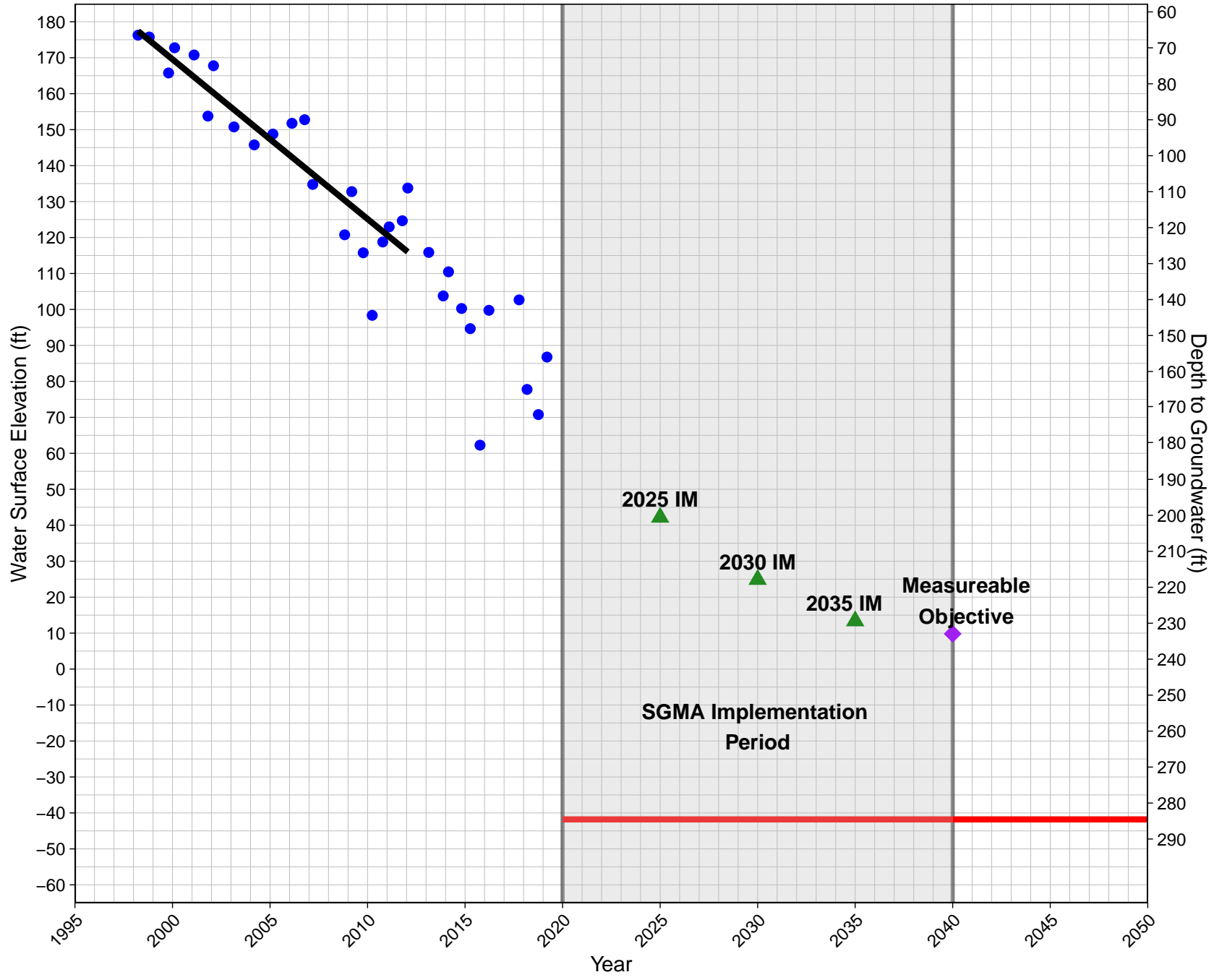
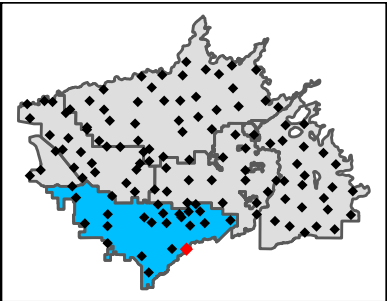


364002N1197624W001

State Well ID: 18S20E02A001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 243 ft

North Fork Kings GSA

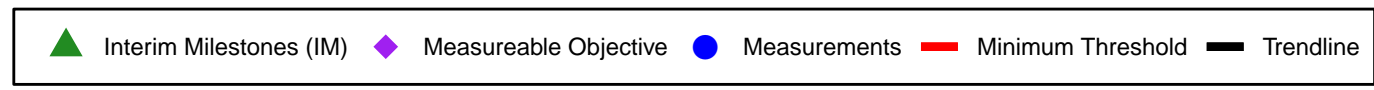
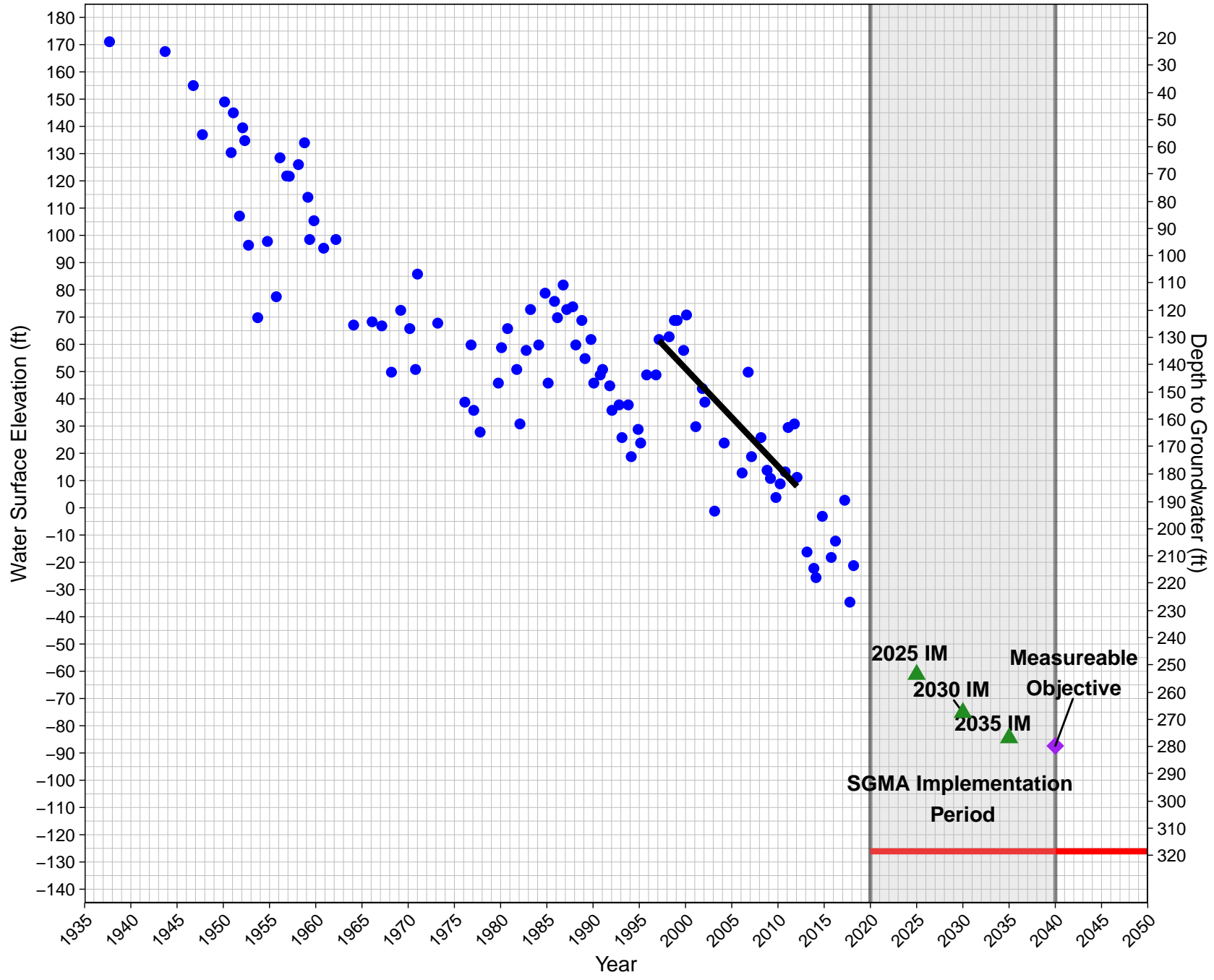
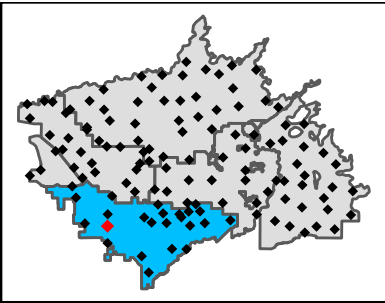


364591N1200135W001

State Well ID: 17S18E09R001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 192 ft

North Fork Kings GSA

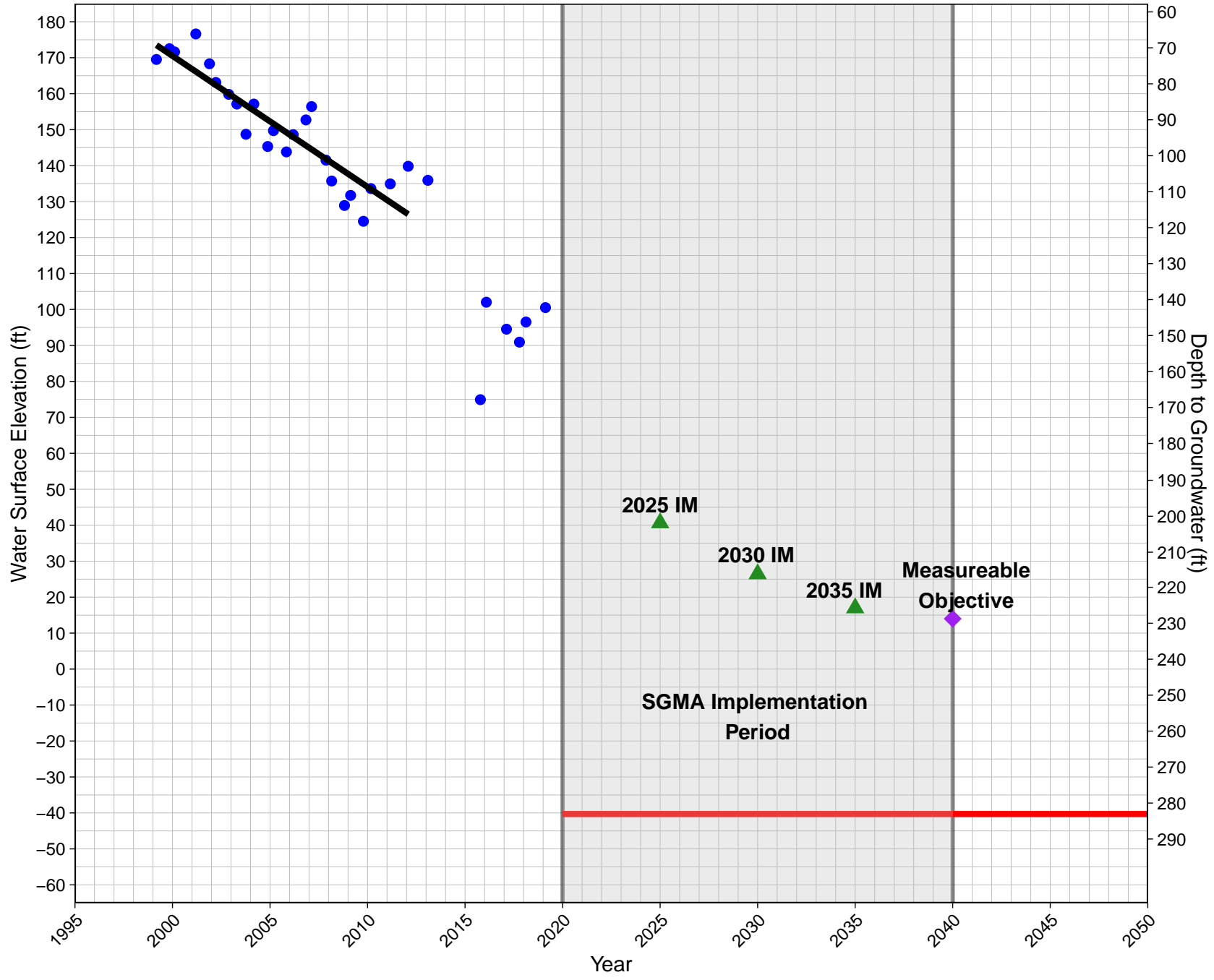
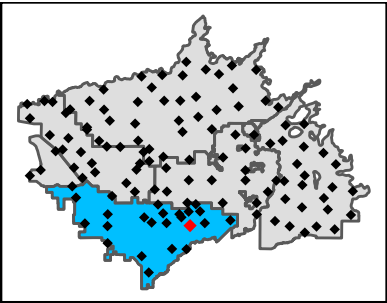


364603N1197510W001

State Well ID: 17S20E12Q001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 243 ft

North Fork Kings GSA

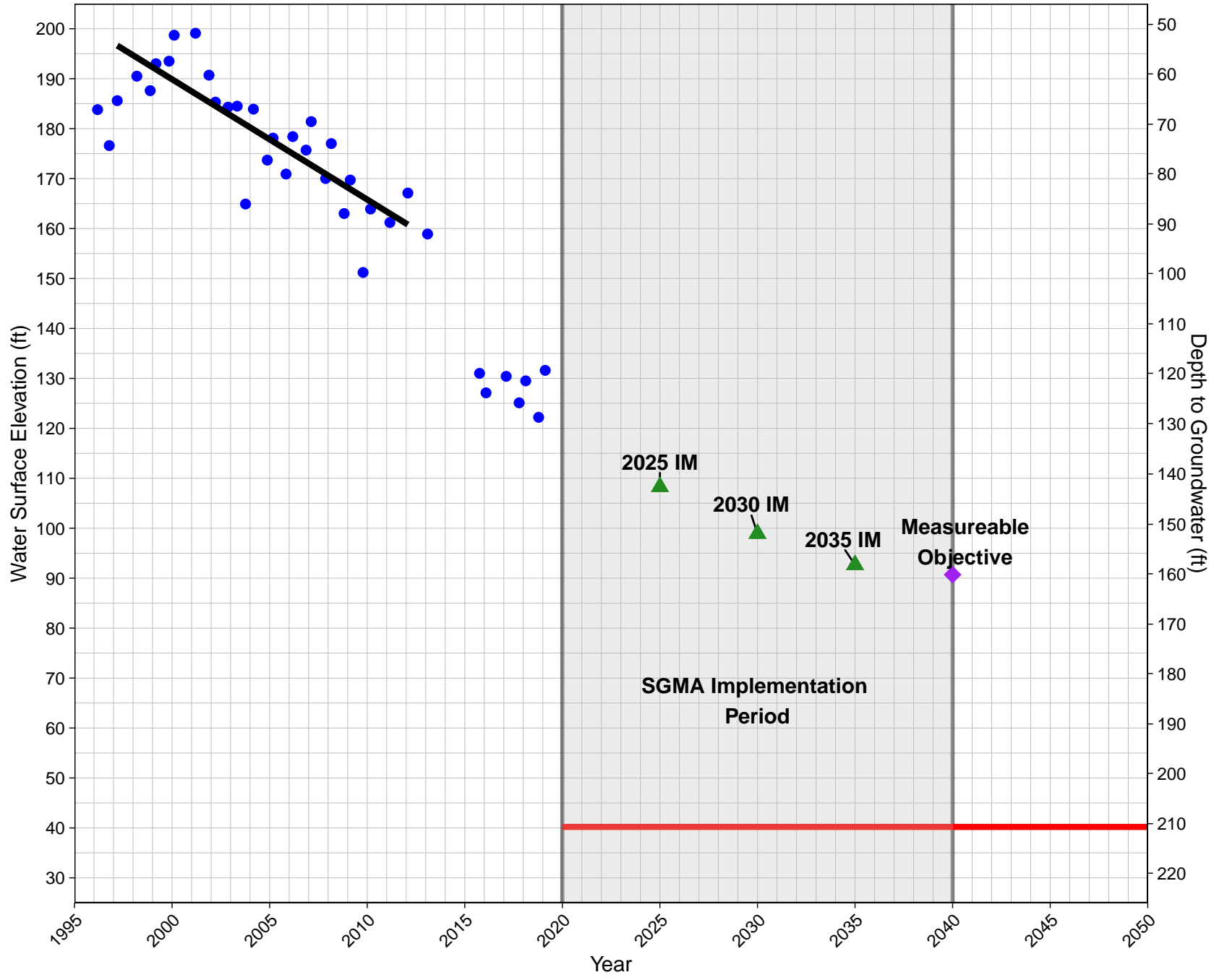
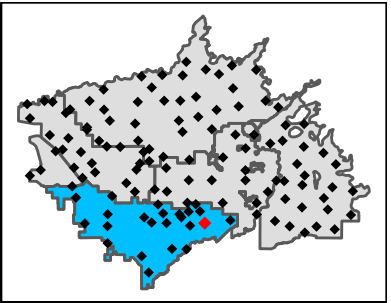


364667N1197041W001

State Well ID: 17S21E09M001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 251 ft

North Fork Kings GSA

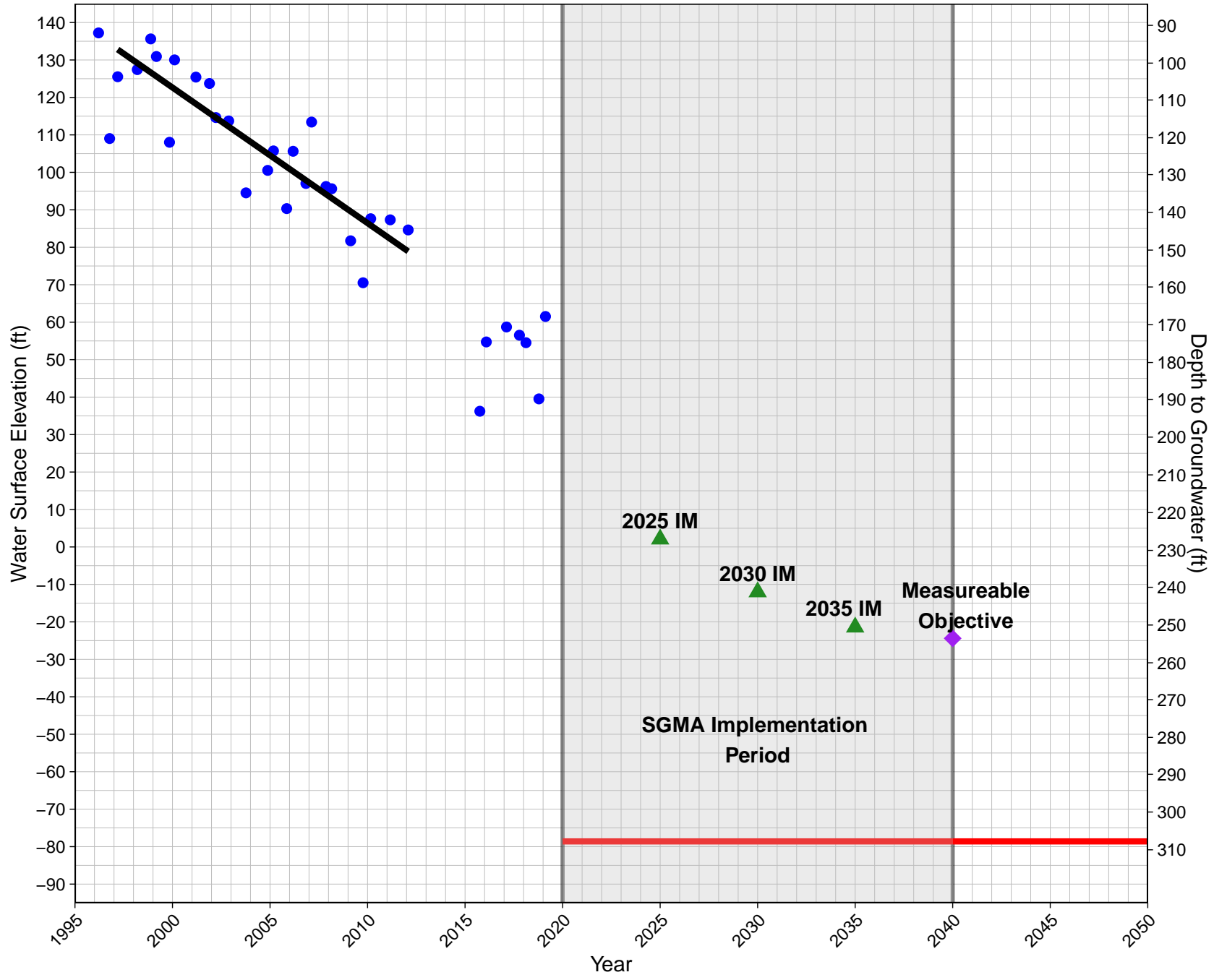
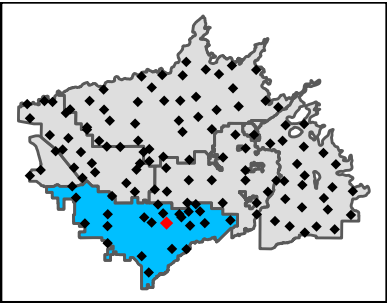


364668N1198257W001

State Well ID: 17S20E08L001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 229 ft

North Fork Kings GSA

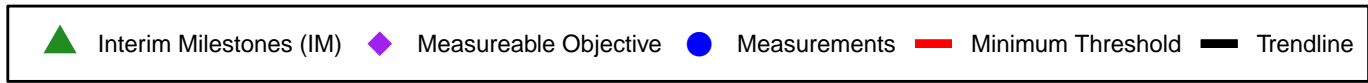
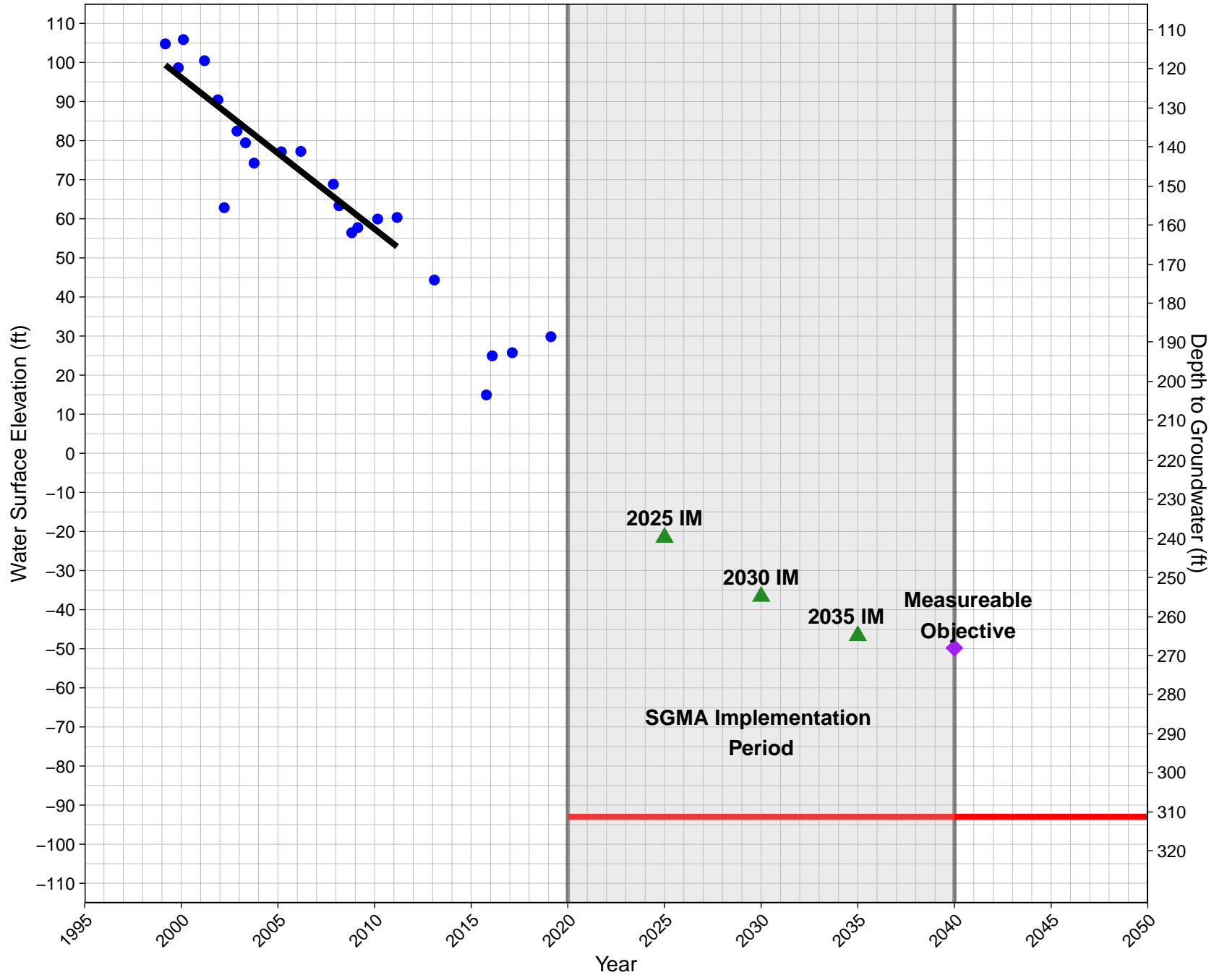


364682N1198732W001

State Well ID: 17S19E11H001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 218 ft

North Fork Kings GSA

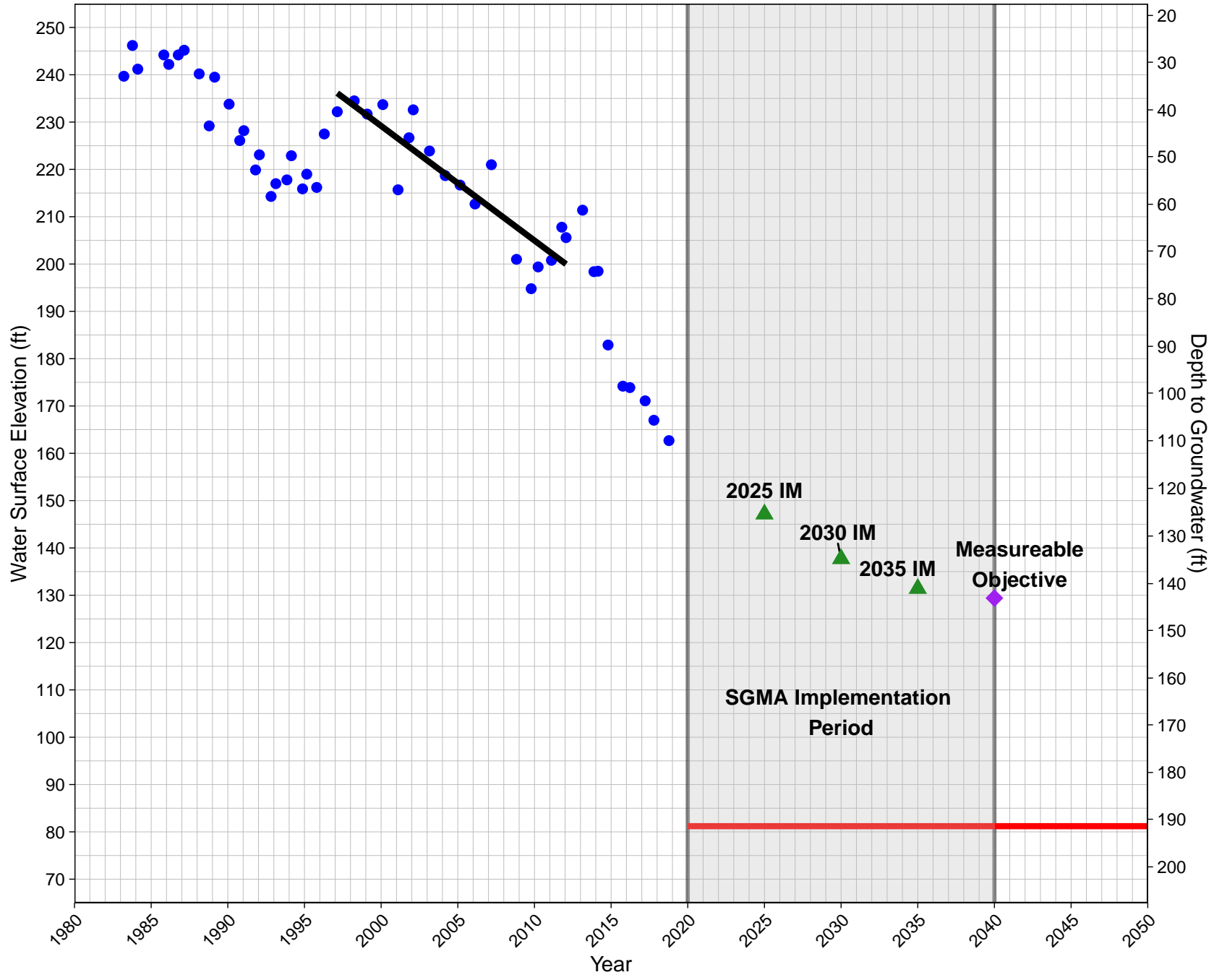
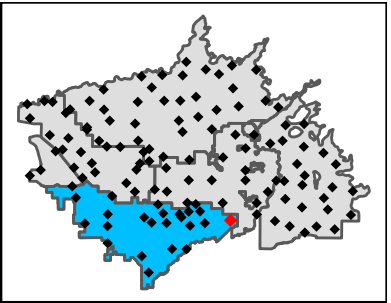


364739N1196227W001

State Well ID: 17S22E07A001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 273 ft

North Fork Kings GSA

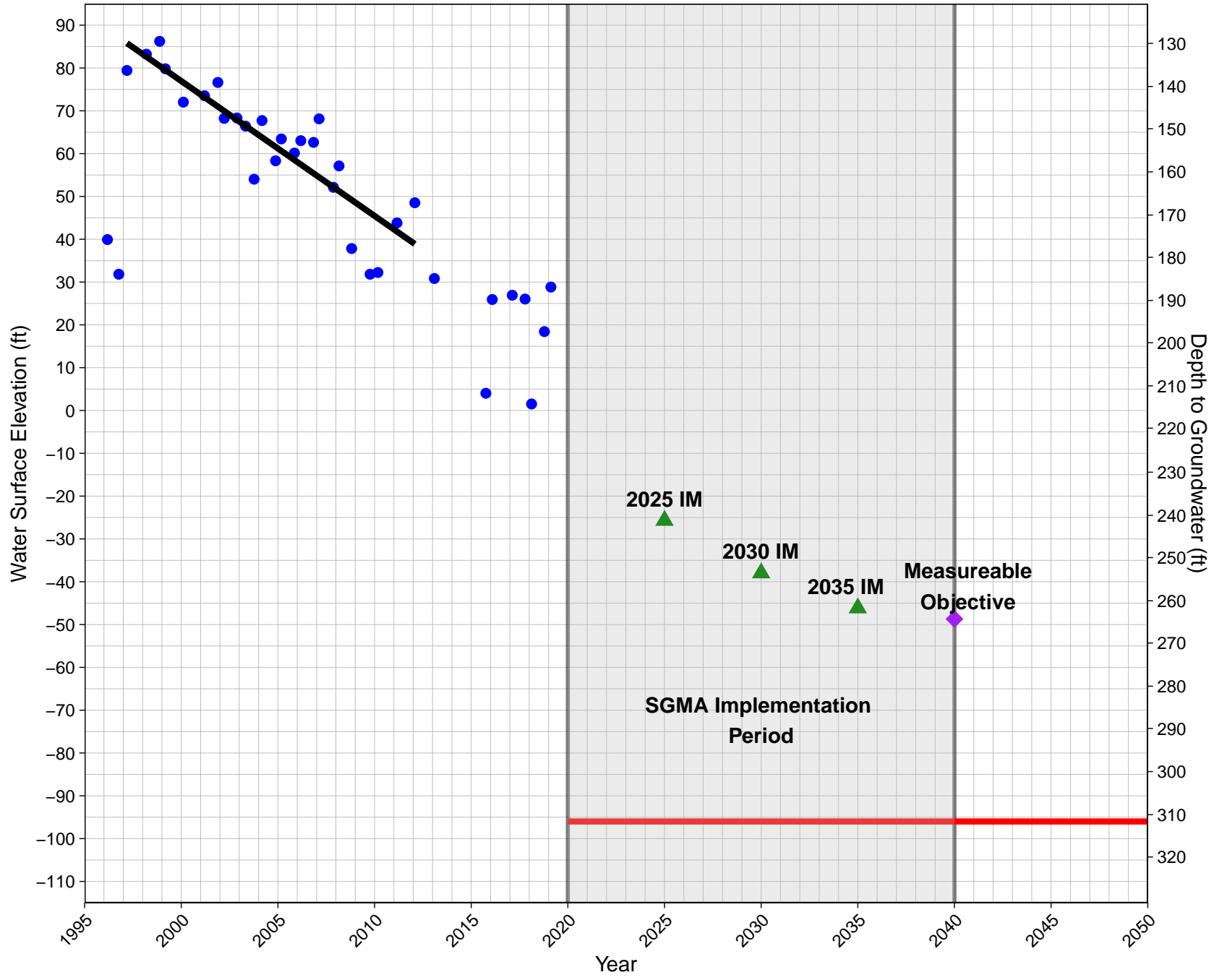
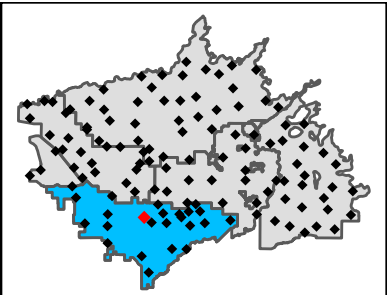


364813N1198968W001

State Well ID: 17S19E03L001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 216 ft

North Fork Kings GSA

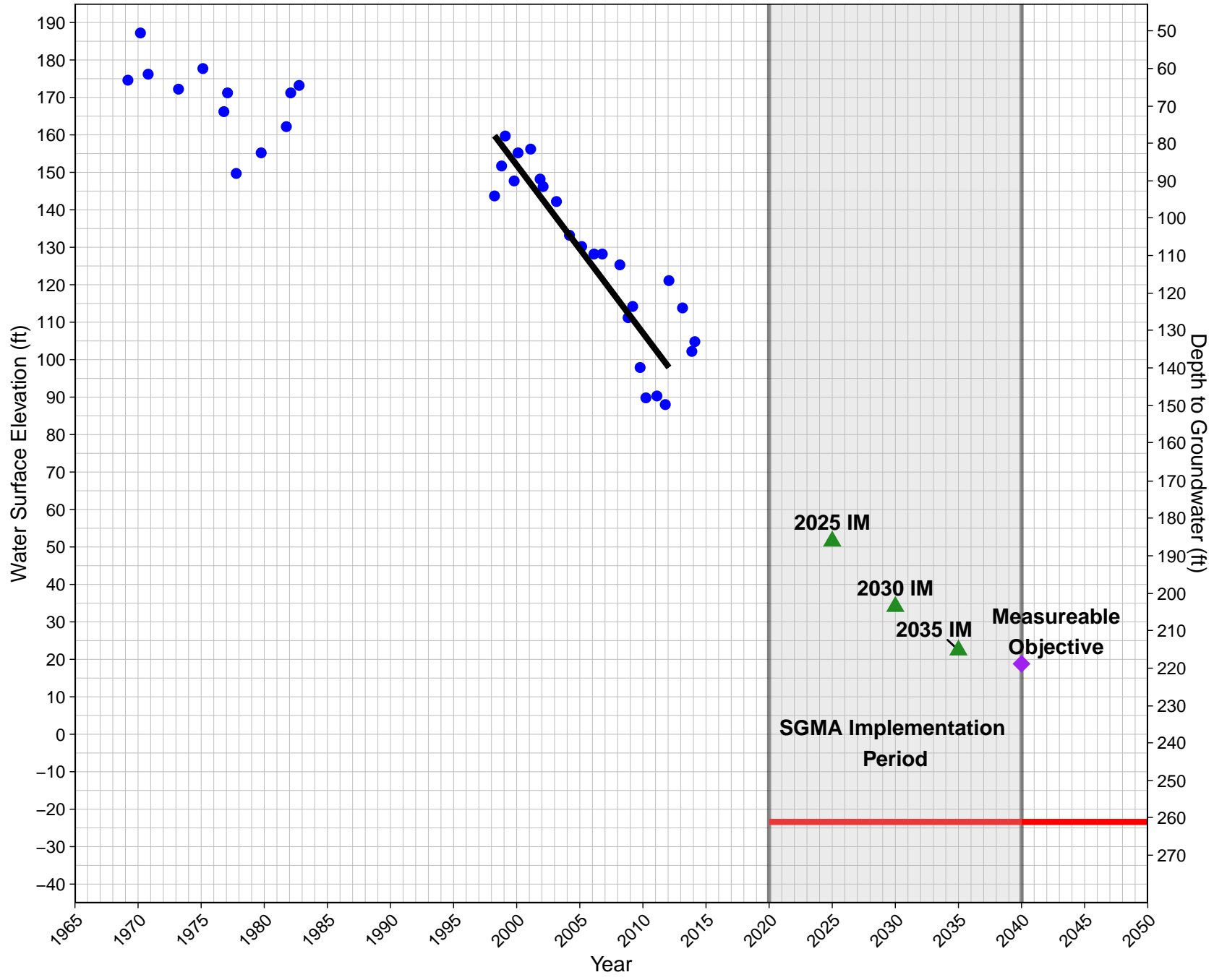
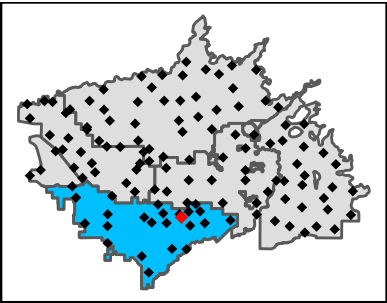


364816N1197785W001

State Well ID: 17S20E02M001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 238 ft

North Fork Kings GSA

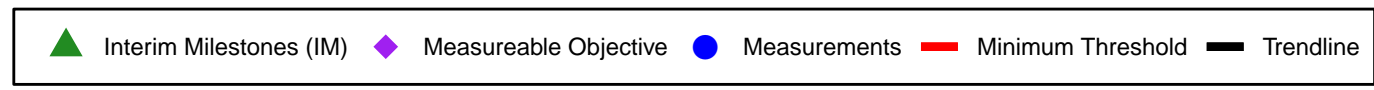
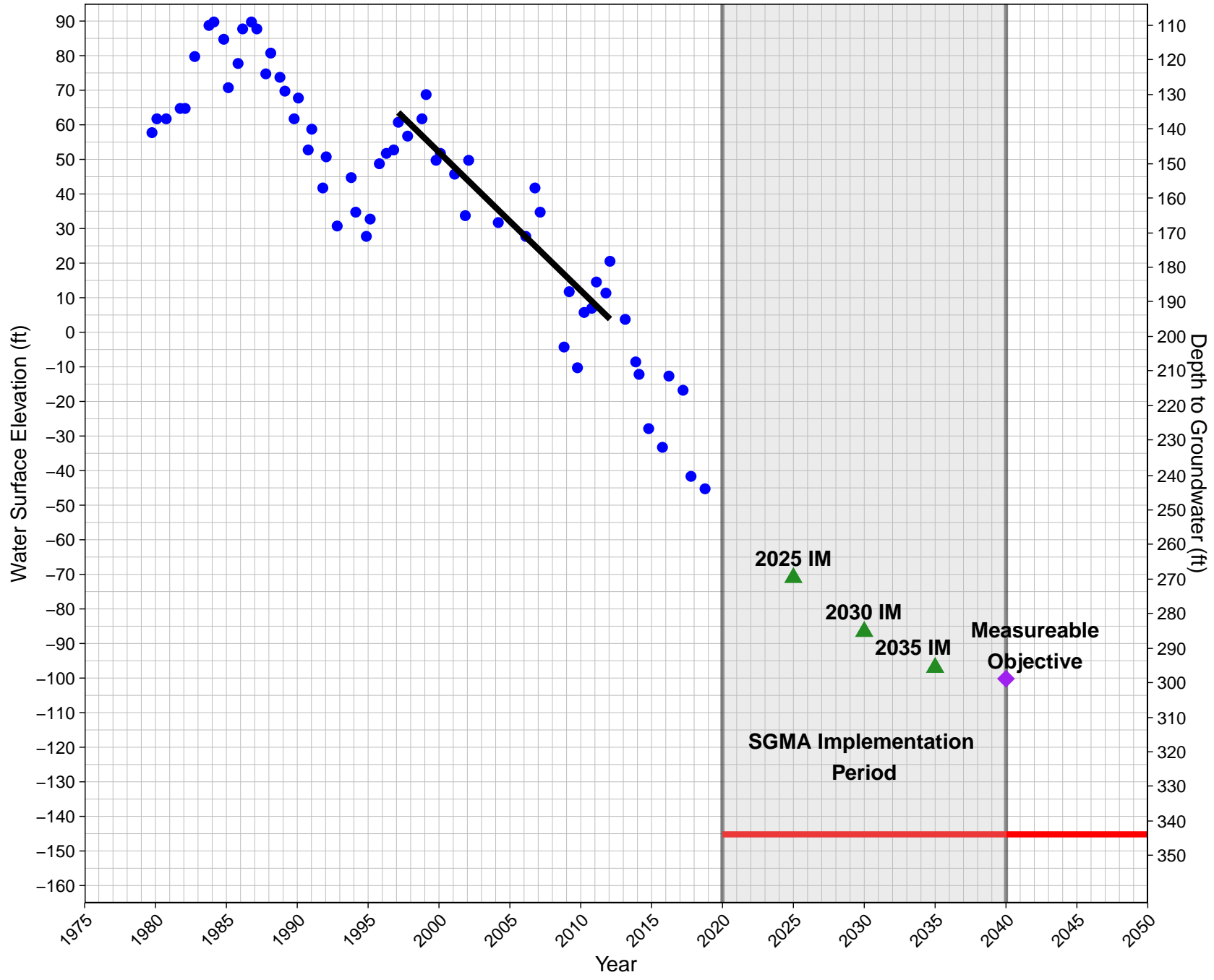
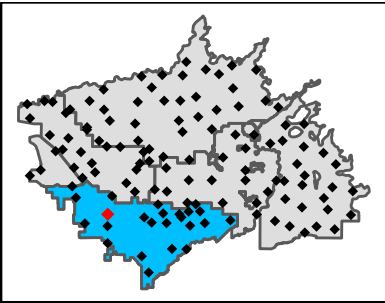


364893N1200127W001

State Well ID: 16S18E33Q001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 199 ft

North Fork Kings GSA

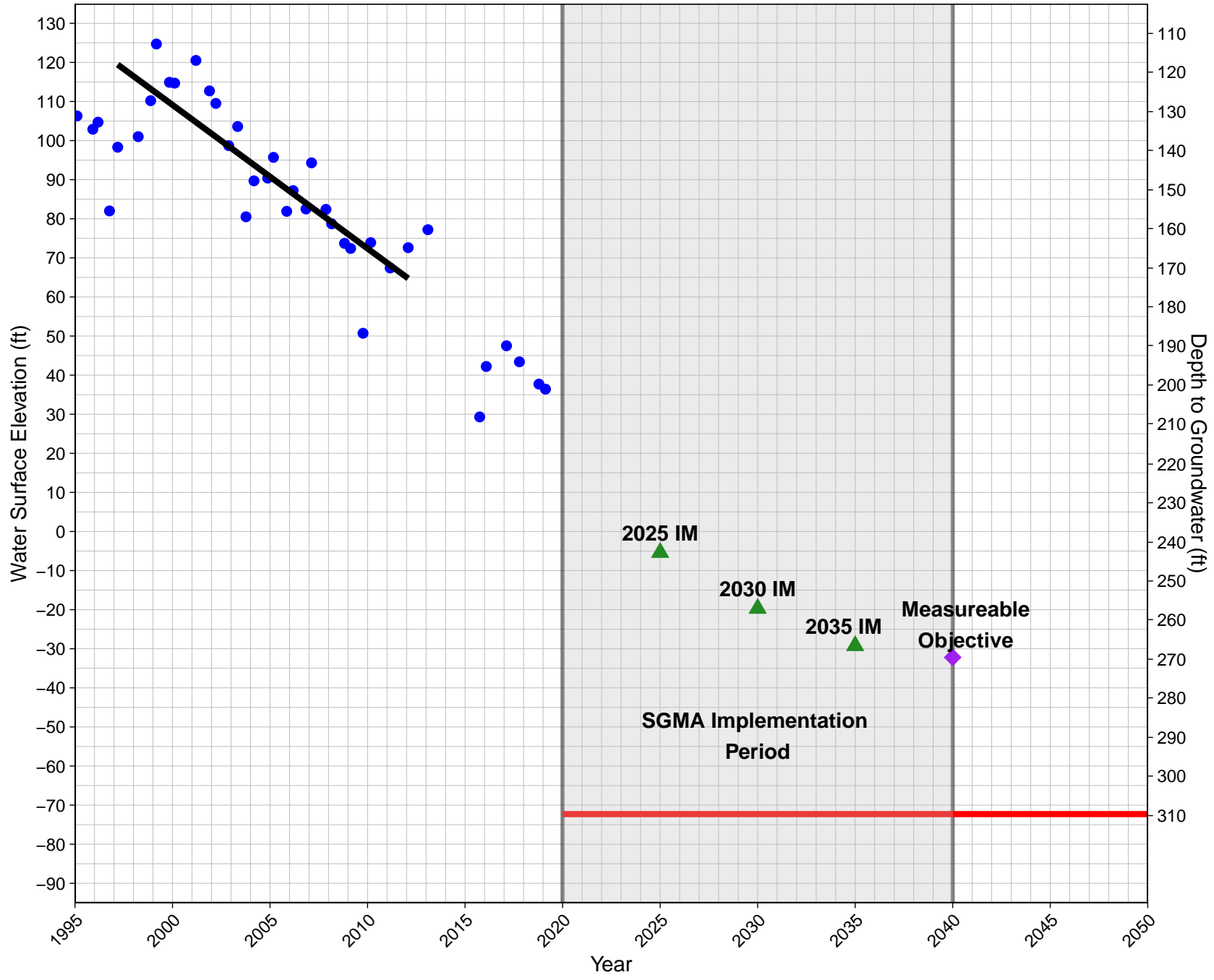
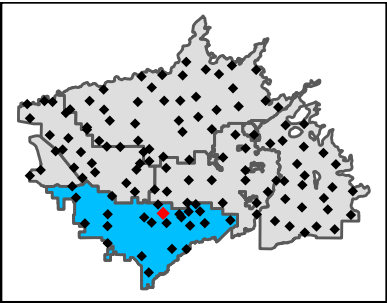


364916N1198366W001

State Well ID: 16S20E31P001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 237 ft

North Fork Kings GSA

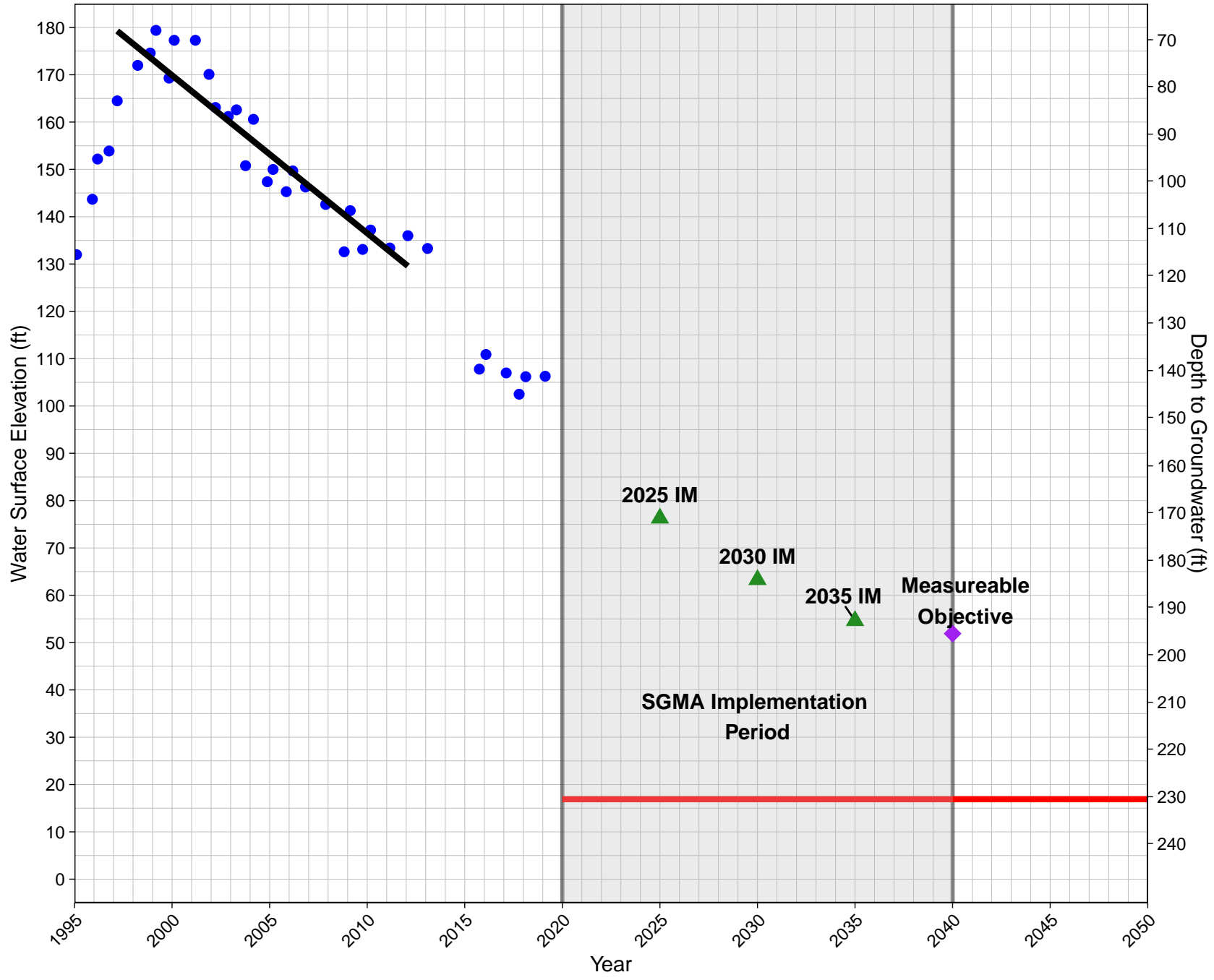
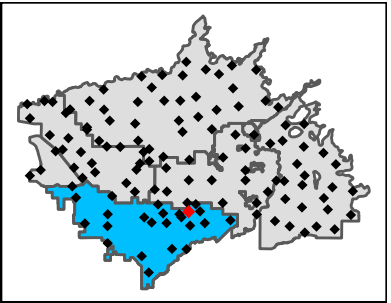


364960N1197554W001

State Well ID: 16S20E35J001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 247 ft

North Fork Kings GSA

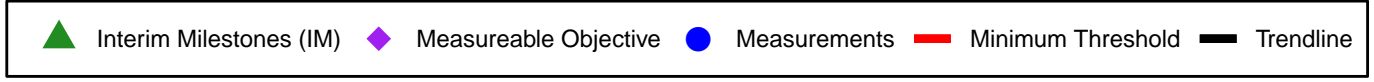
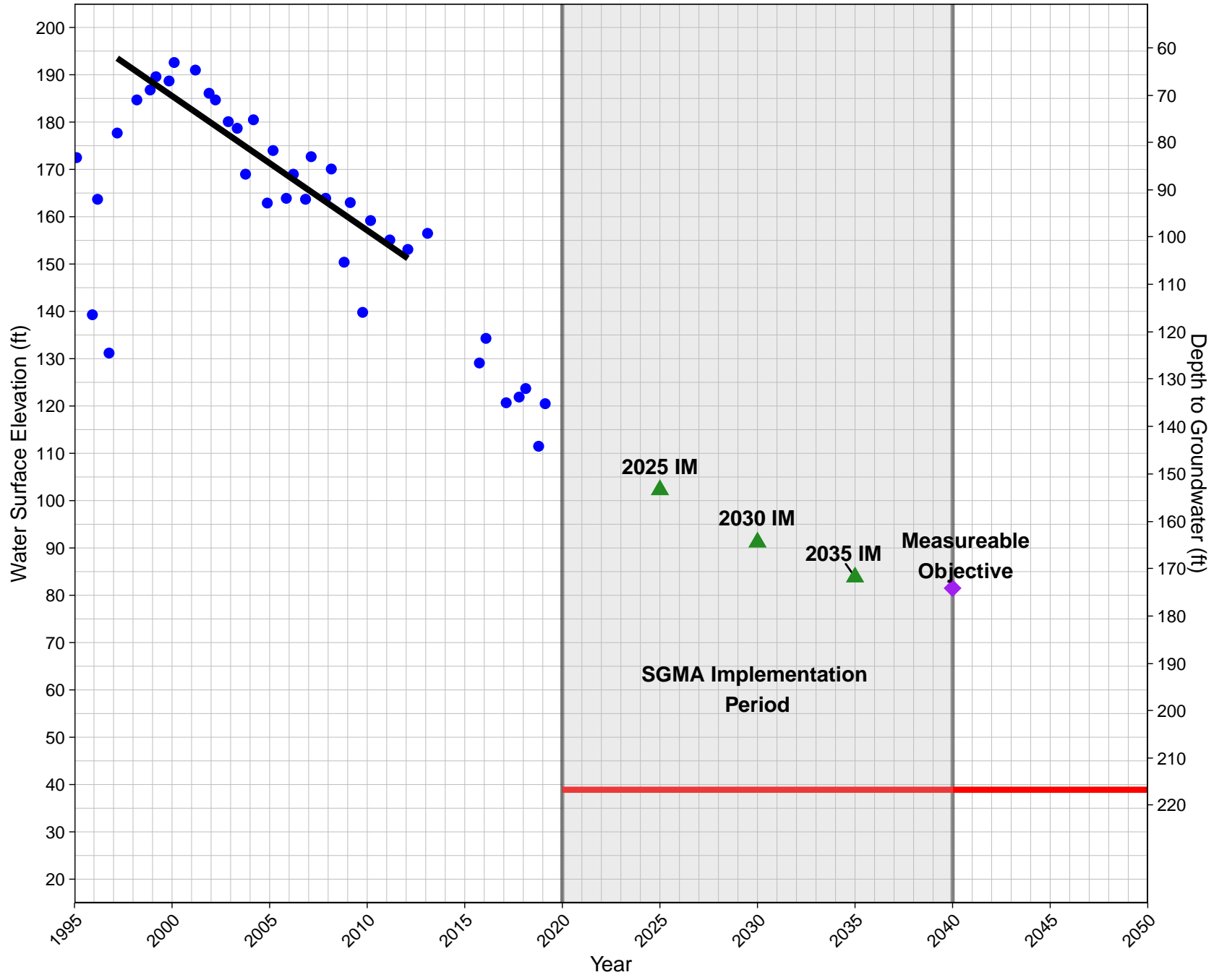
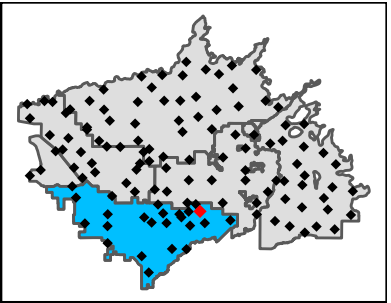


364967N1197193W001

State Well ID: 16S21E31J001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 256 ft

North Fork Kings GSA

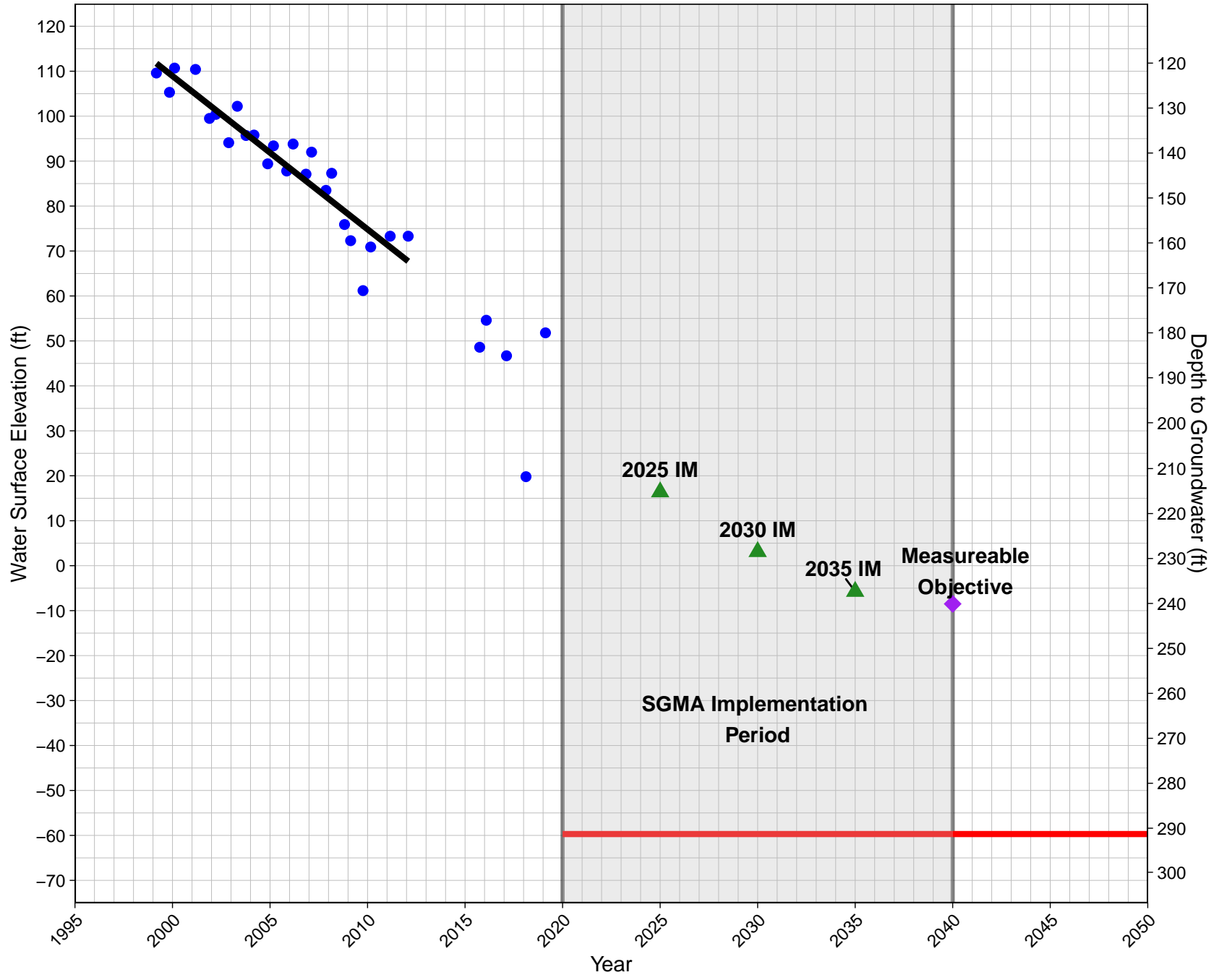
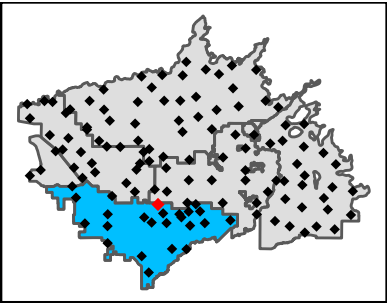


365143N1198529W001

State Well ID: 16S19E25B001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 232 ft

North Fork Kings GSA

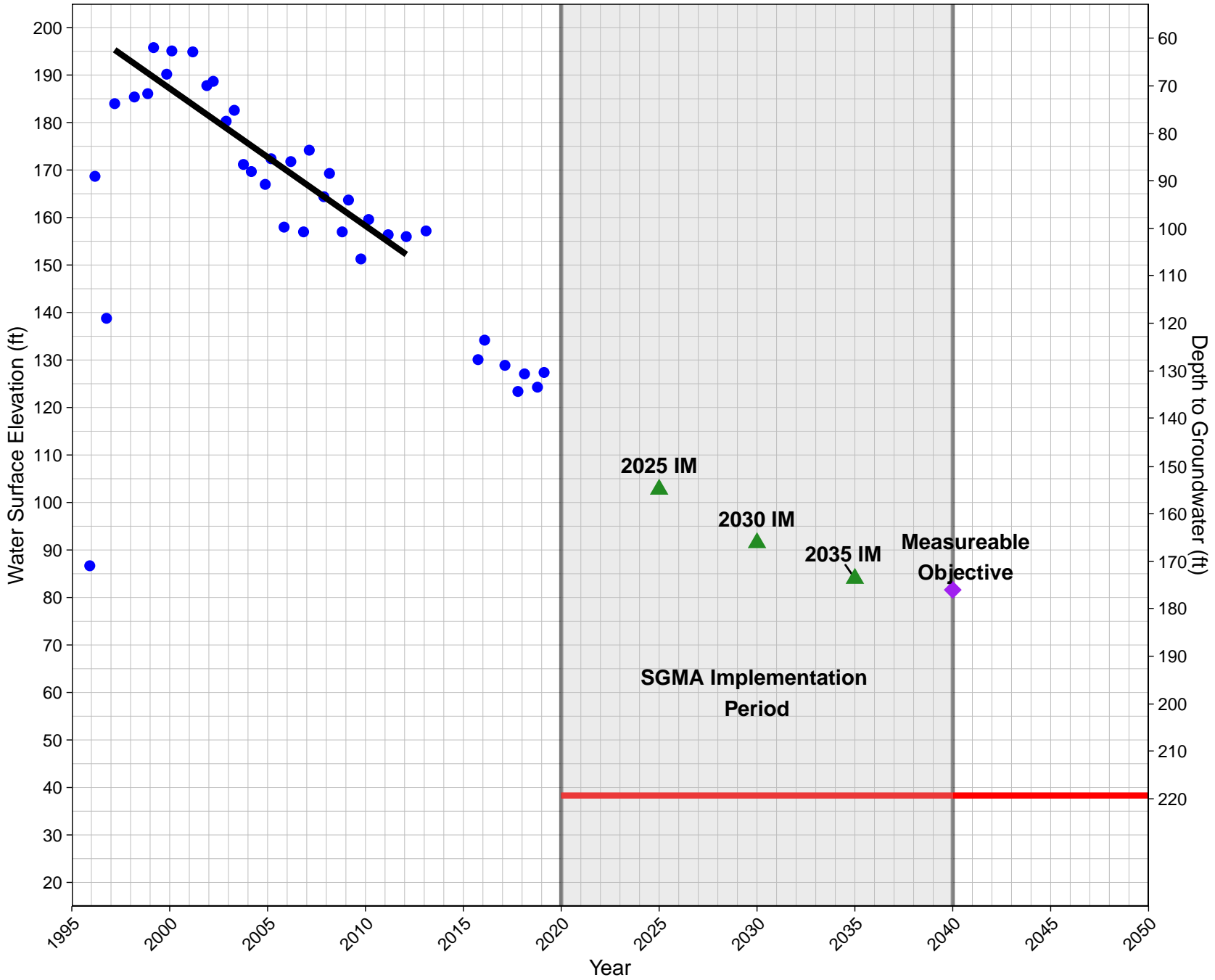
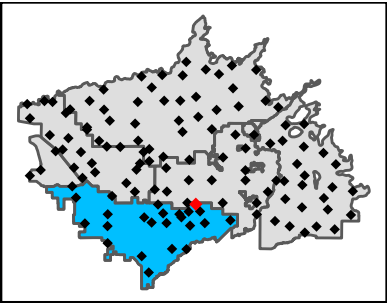


365150N1197327W001

State Well ID: 16S21E30C001M

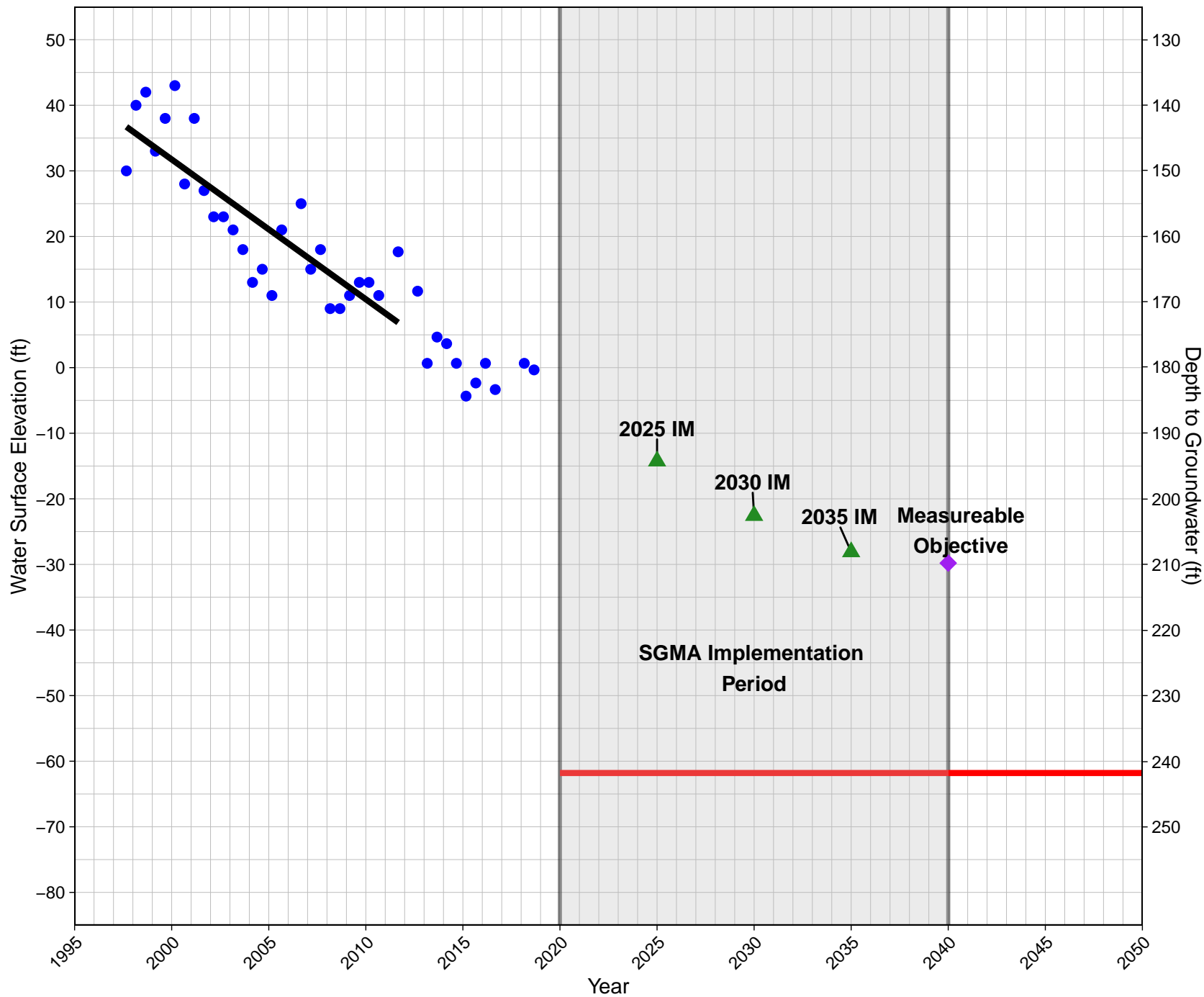
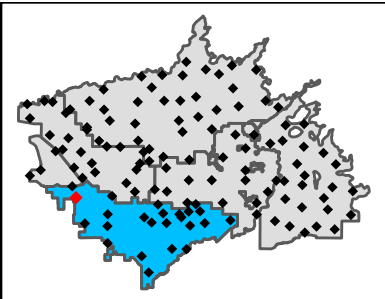
Ground Surface Elevation: 258 ft

North Fork Kings GSA



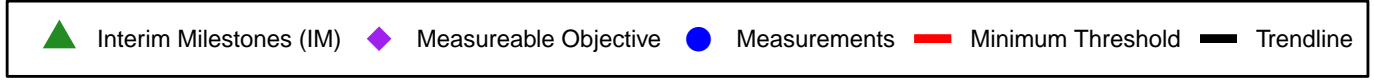
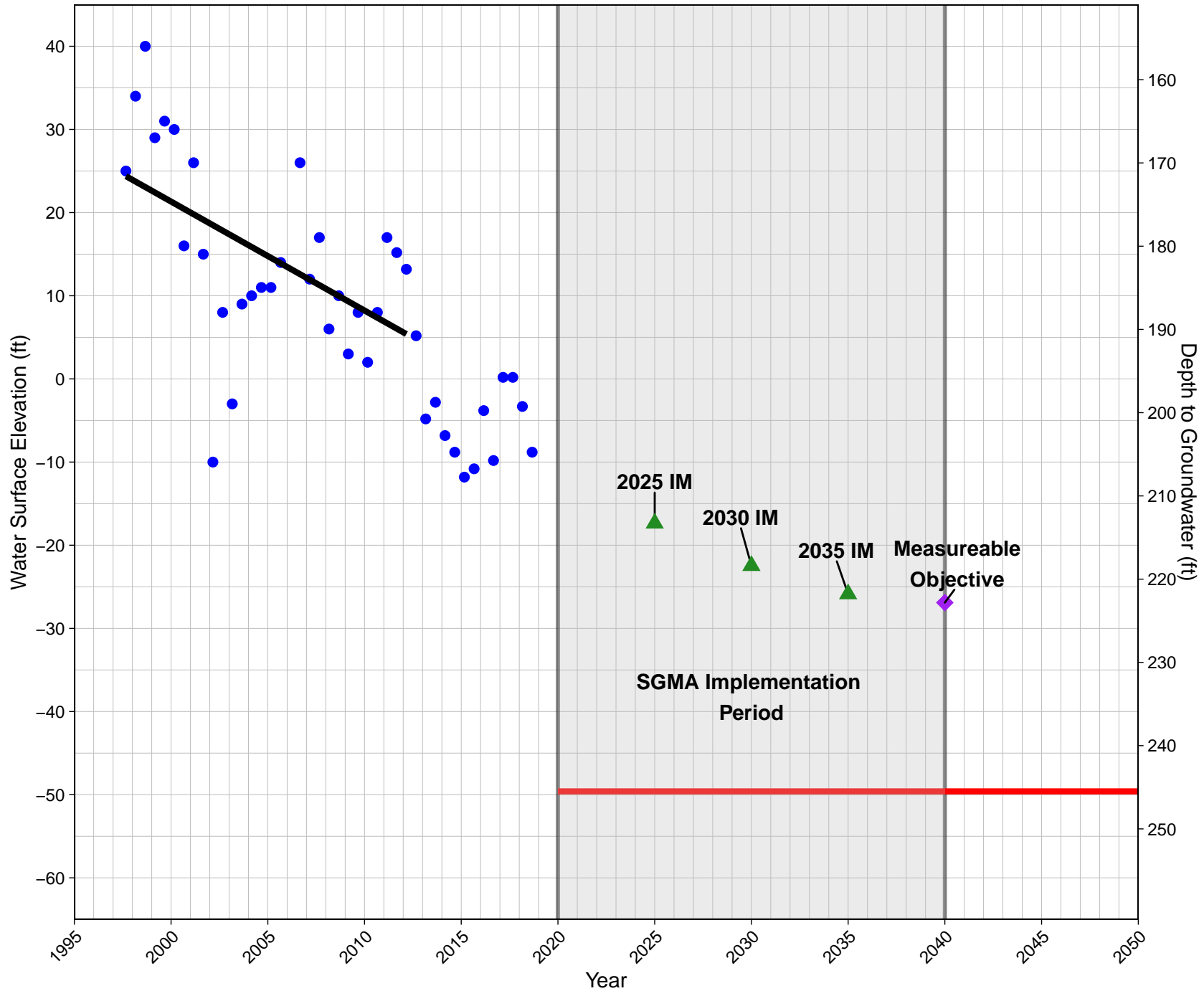
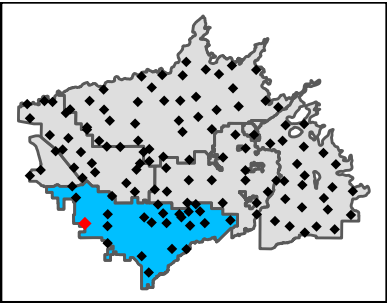
B06

Ground Surface Elevation: 180 ft
North Fork Kings GSA



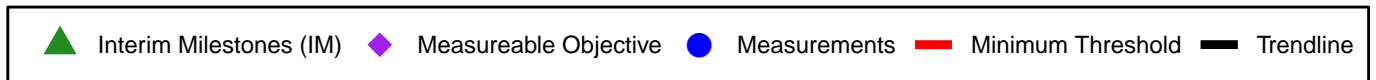
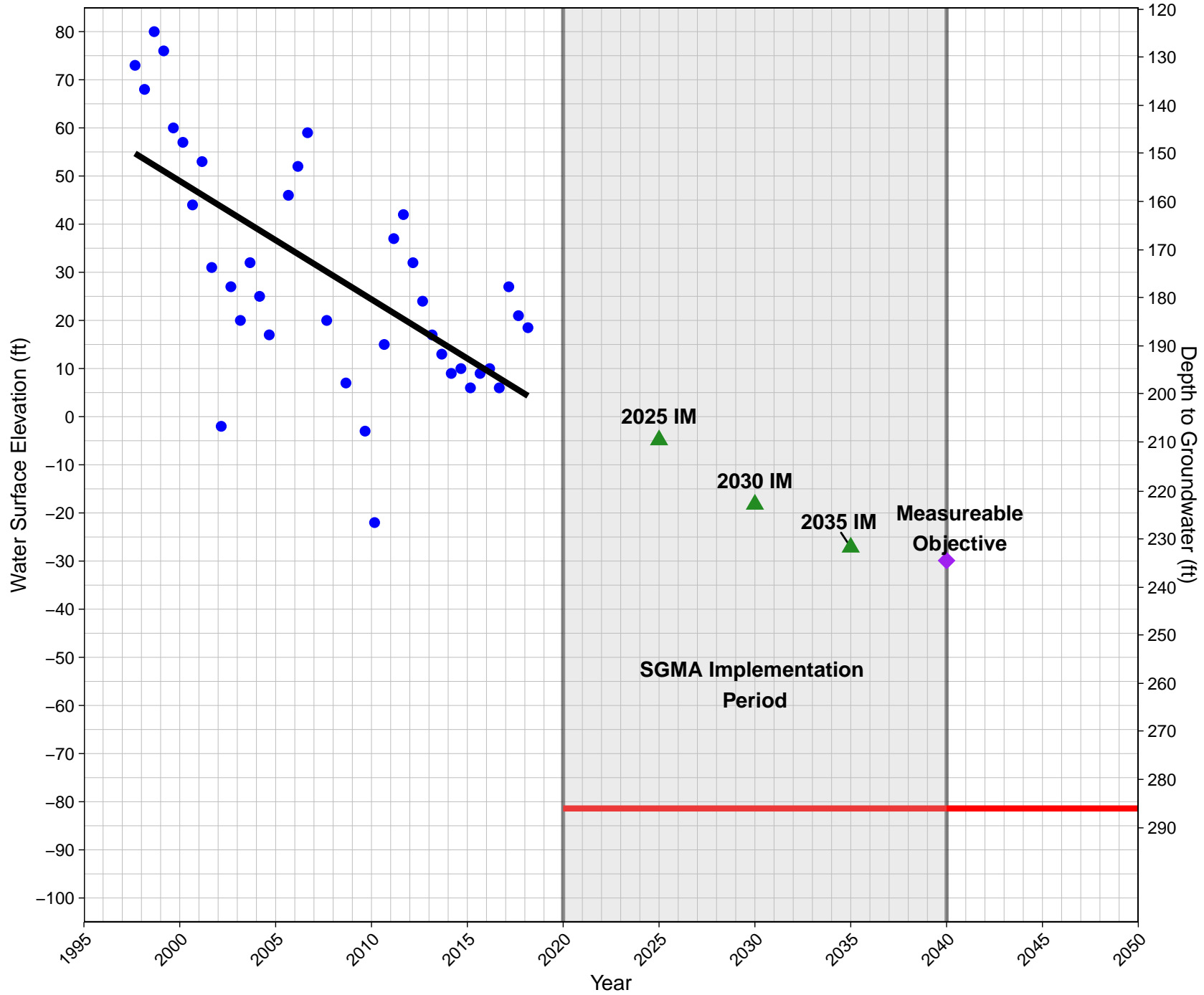
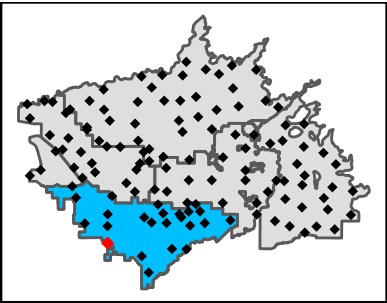
B22

Ground Surface Elevation: 196 ft
North Fork Kings GSA



B31

Ground Surface Elevation: 205 ft
North Fork Kings GSA

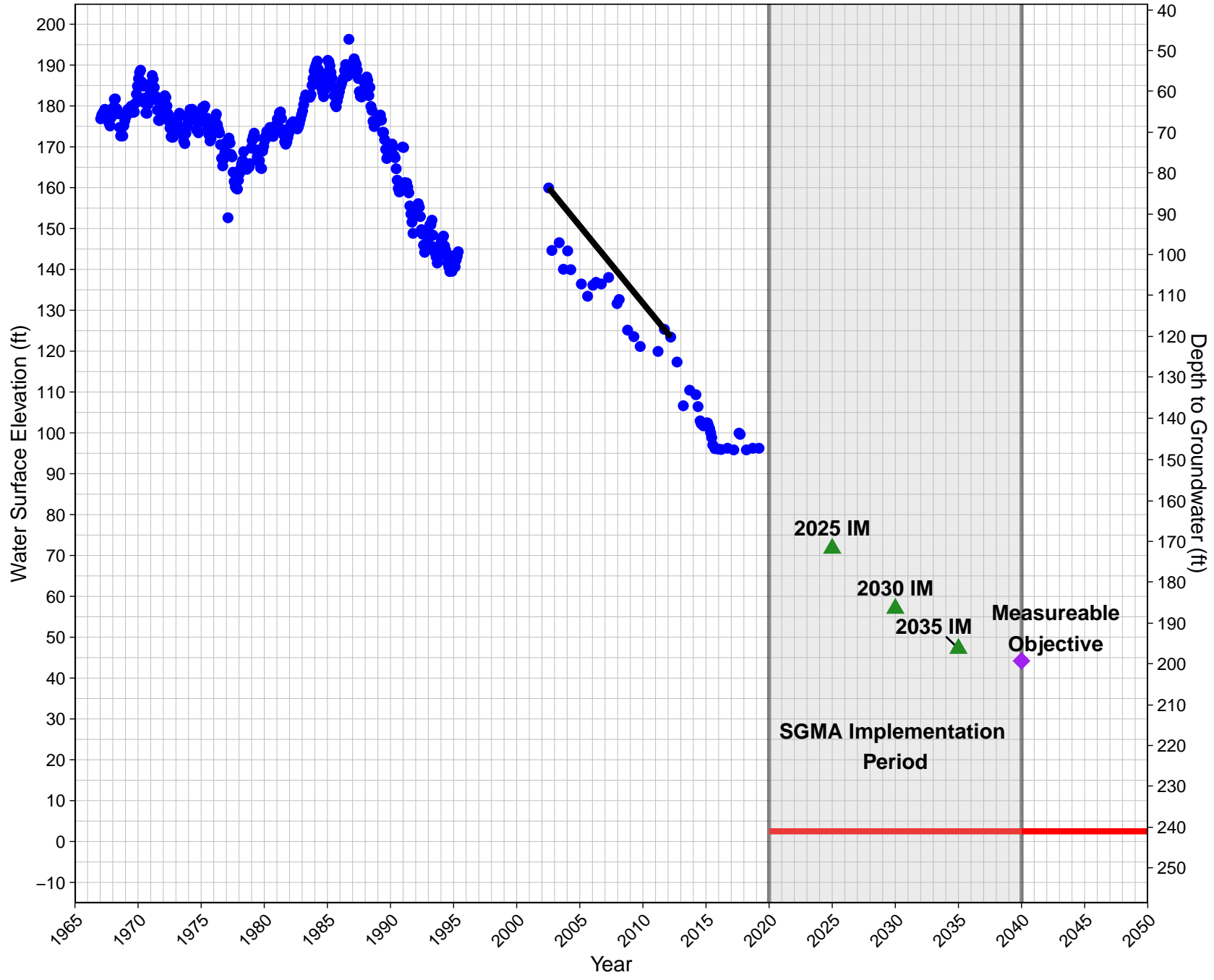
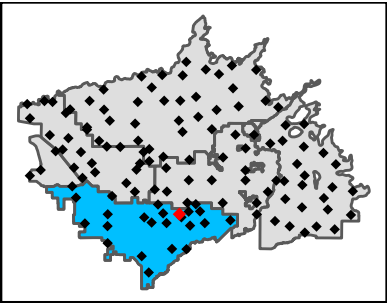


CID51

State Well ID: 16S20E34P001M

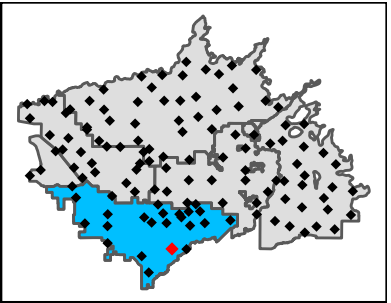
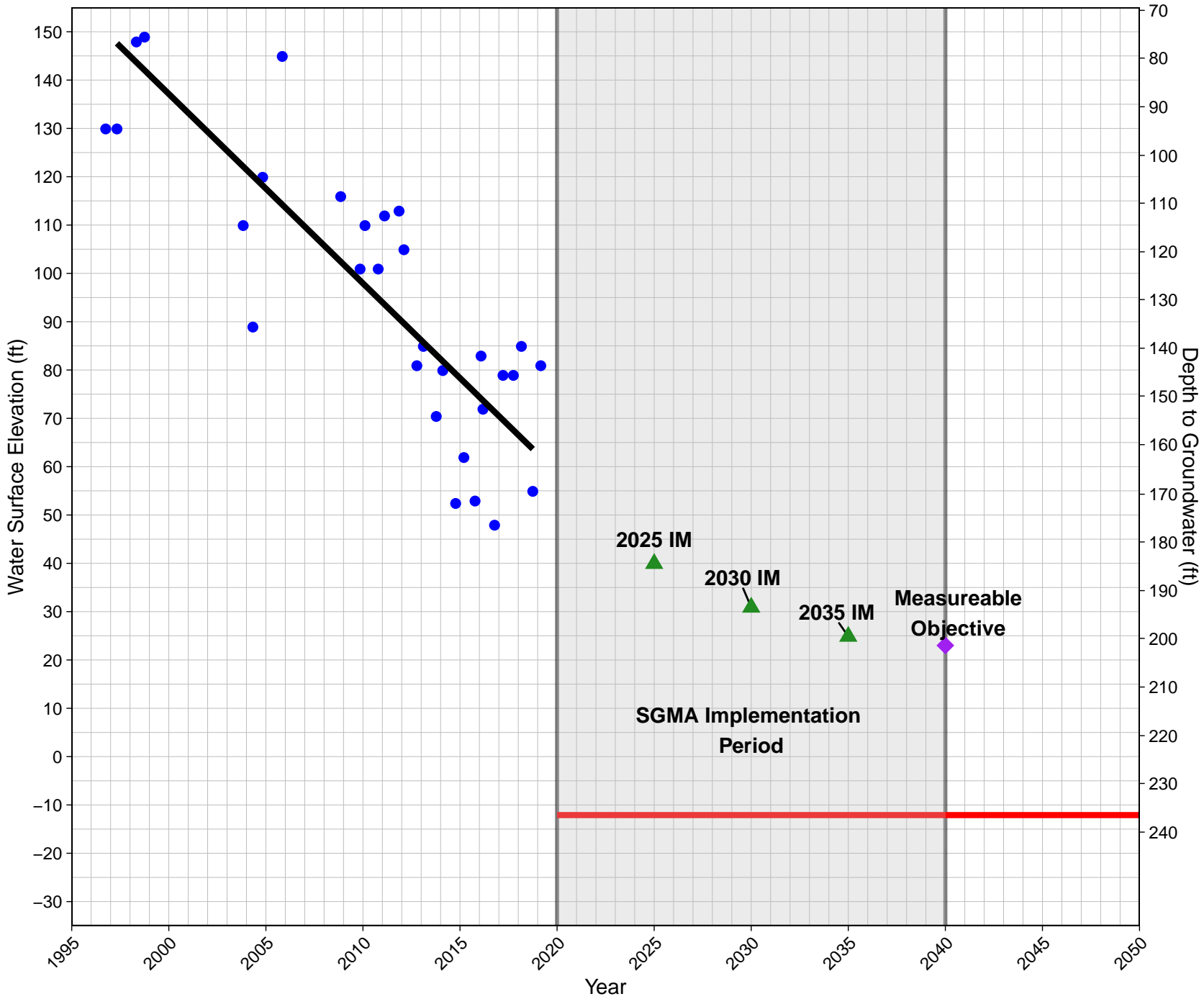
Ground Surface Elevation: 244 ft

North Fork Kings GSA



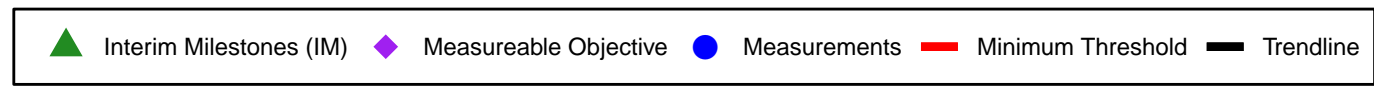
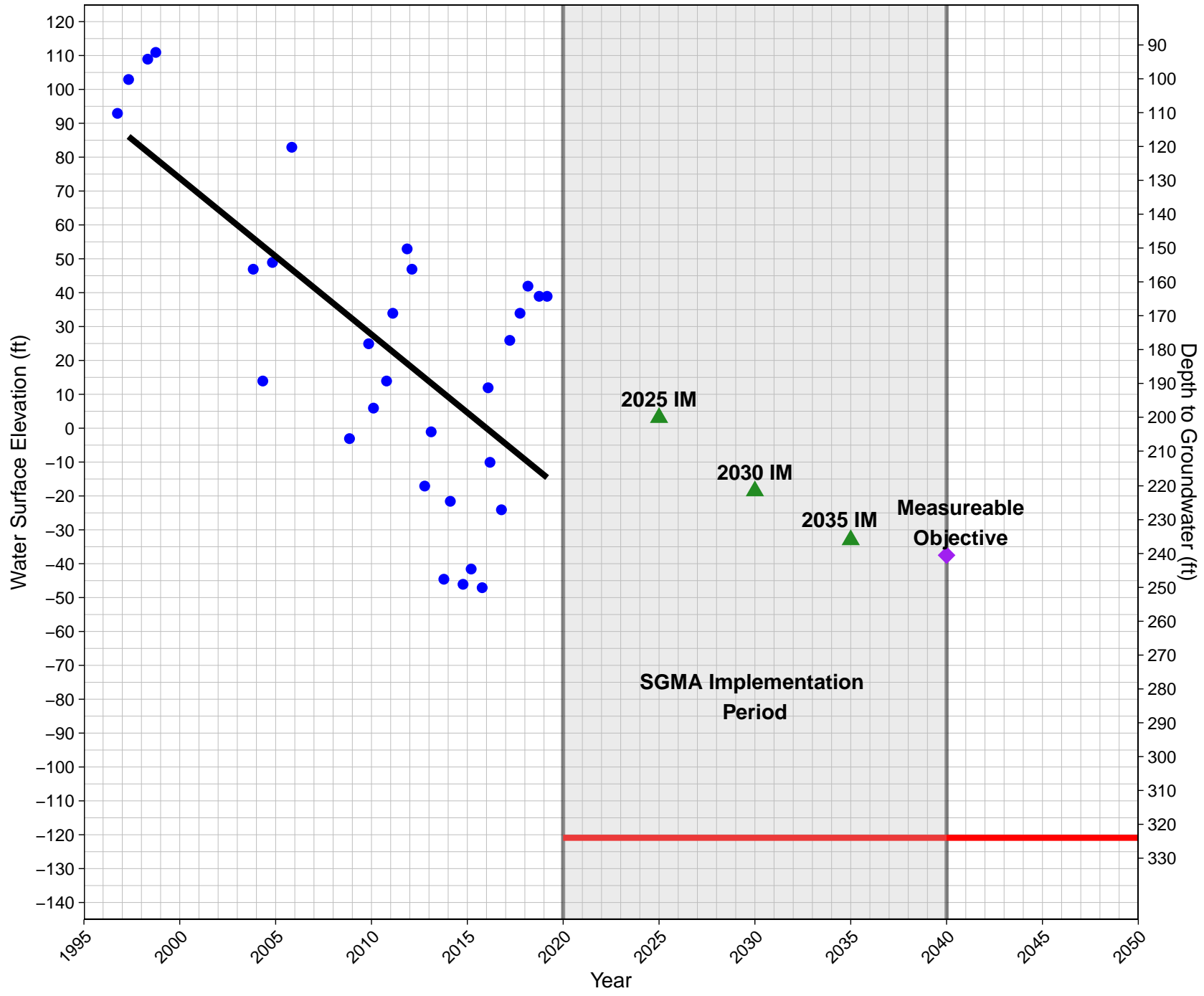
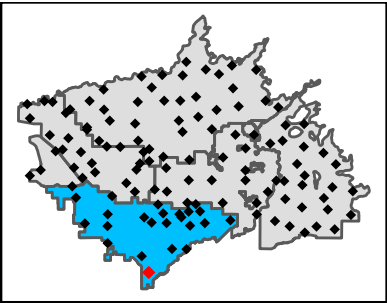
LID14

Ground Surface Elevation: 224 ft
North Fork Kings GSA



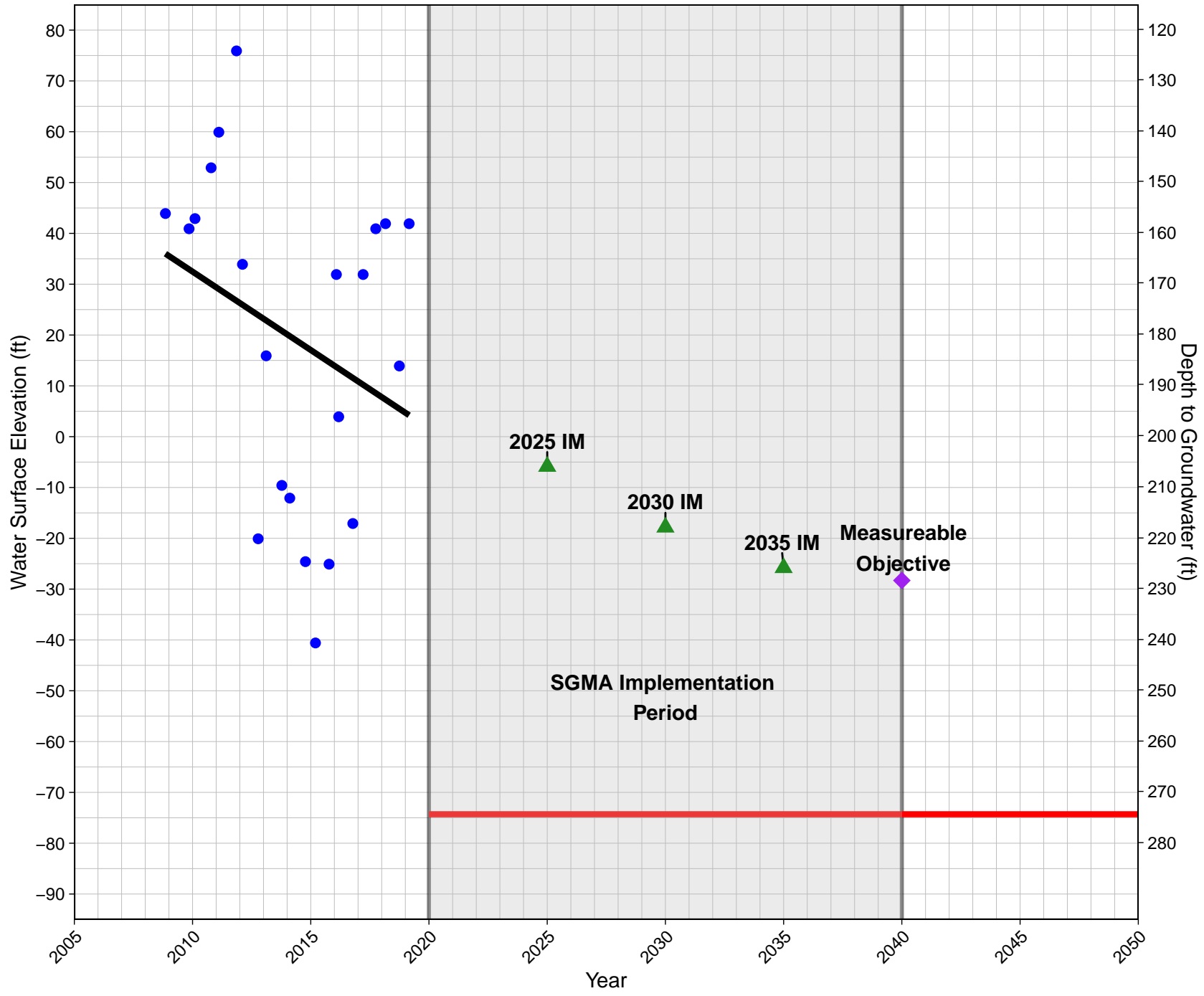
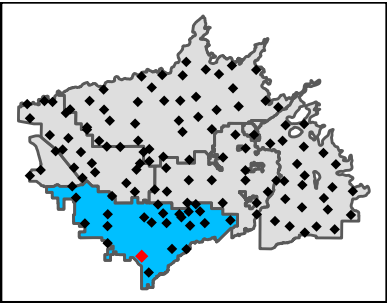
LID25

Ground Surface Elevation: 203 ft
North Fork Kings GSA



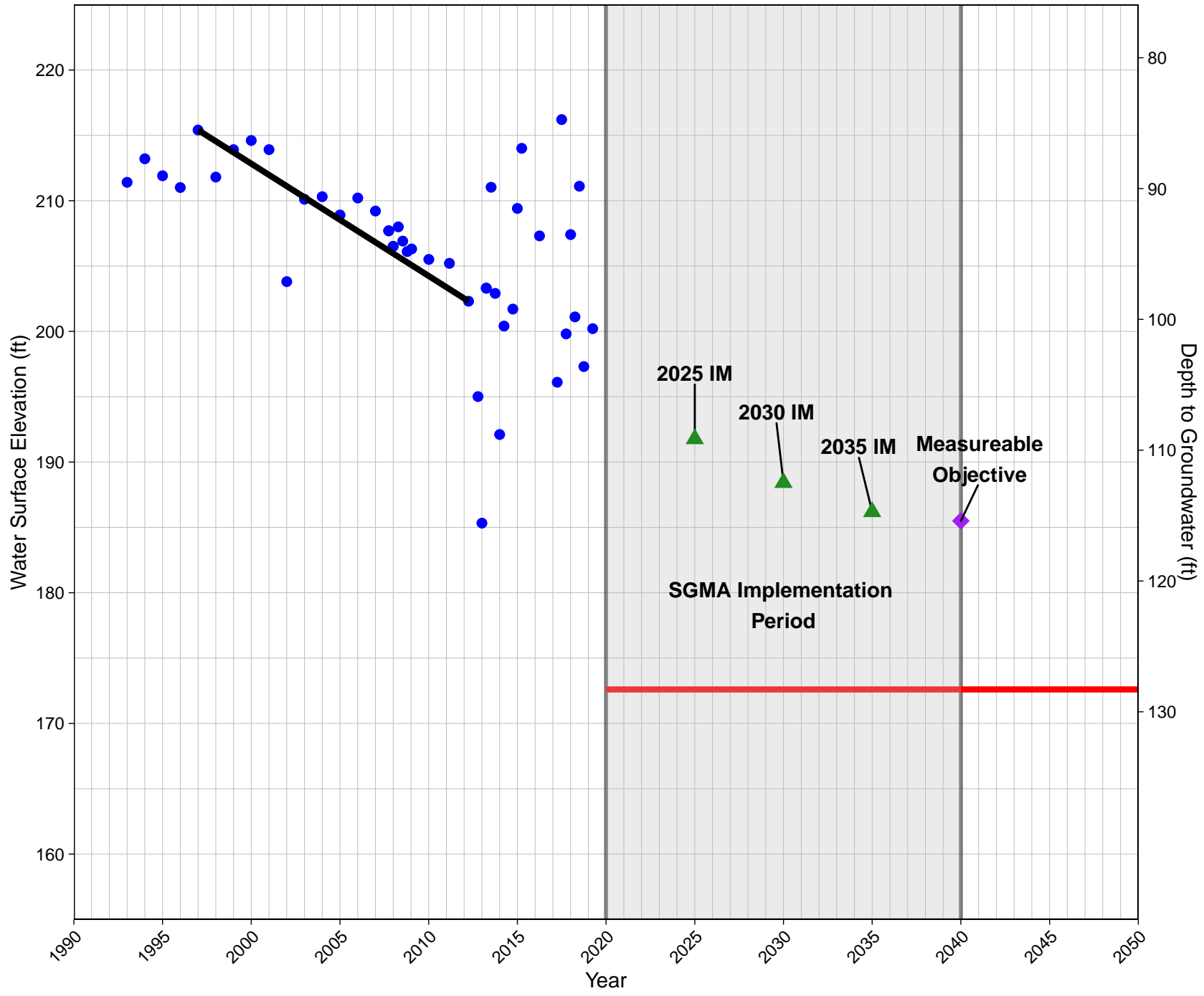
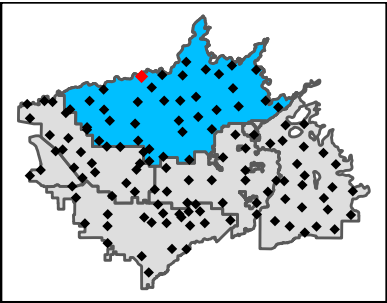
LID26

Ground Surface Elevation: 200 ft
North Fork Kings GSA



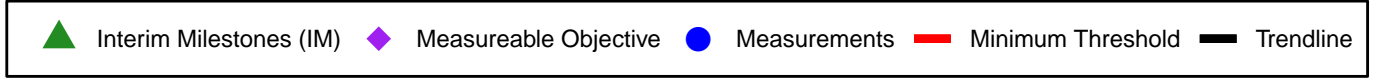
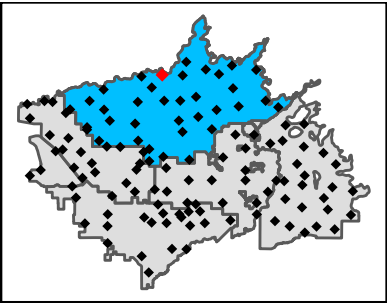
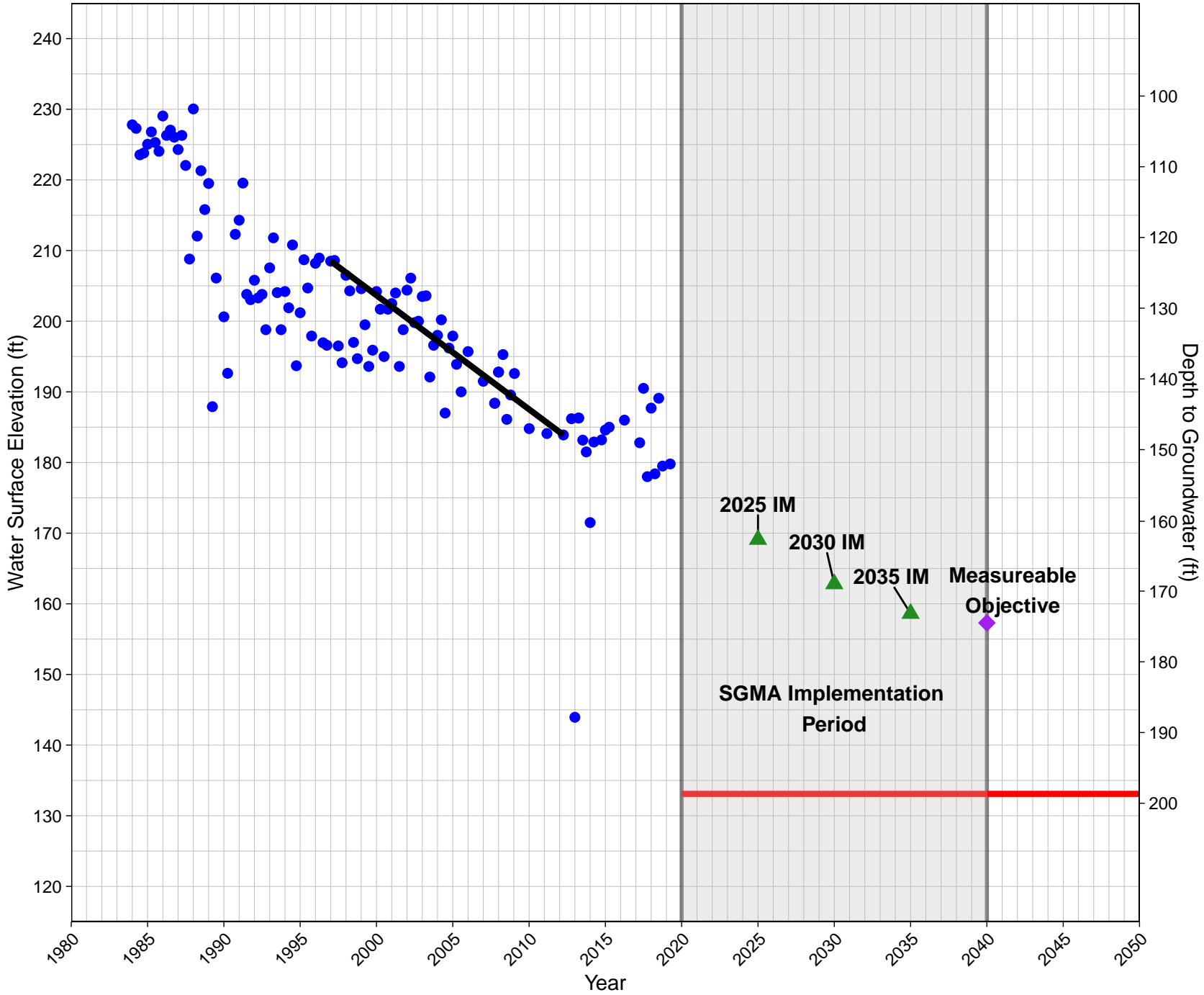
12S19E33P001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 301 ft
North Kings GSA



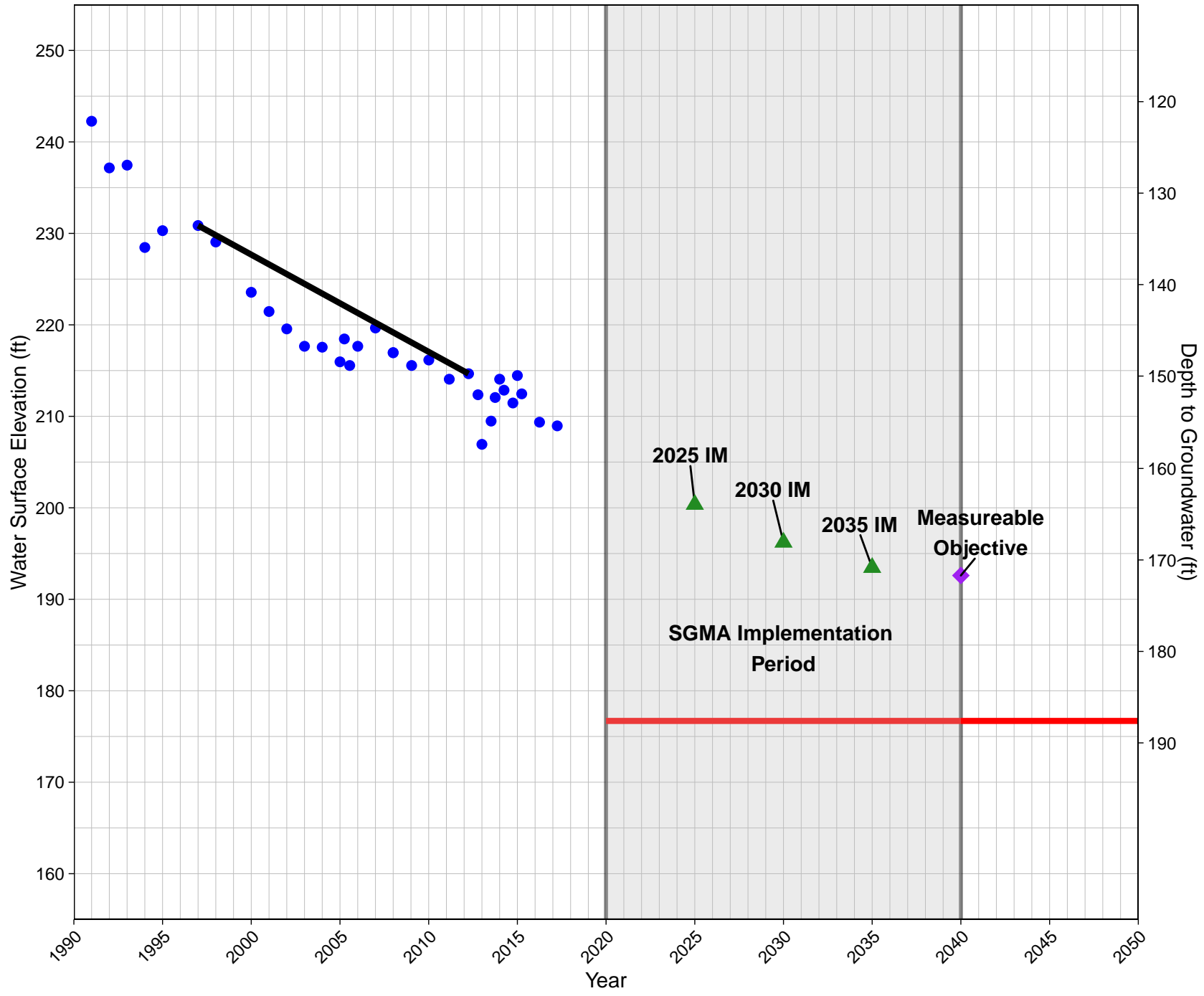
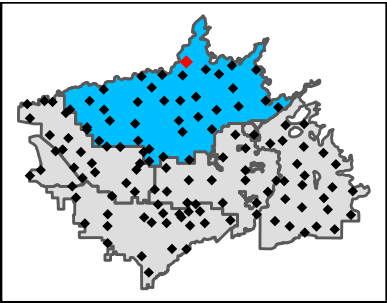
12S19E36J001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 332 ft
North Kings GSA



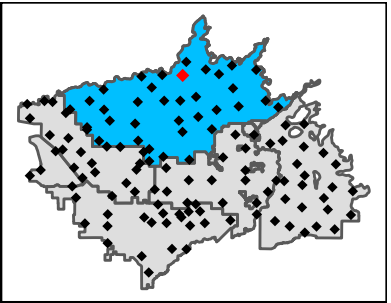
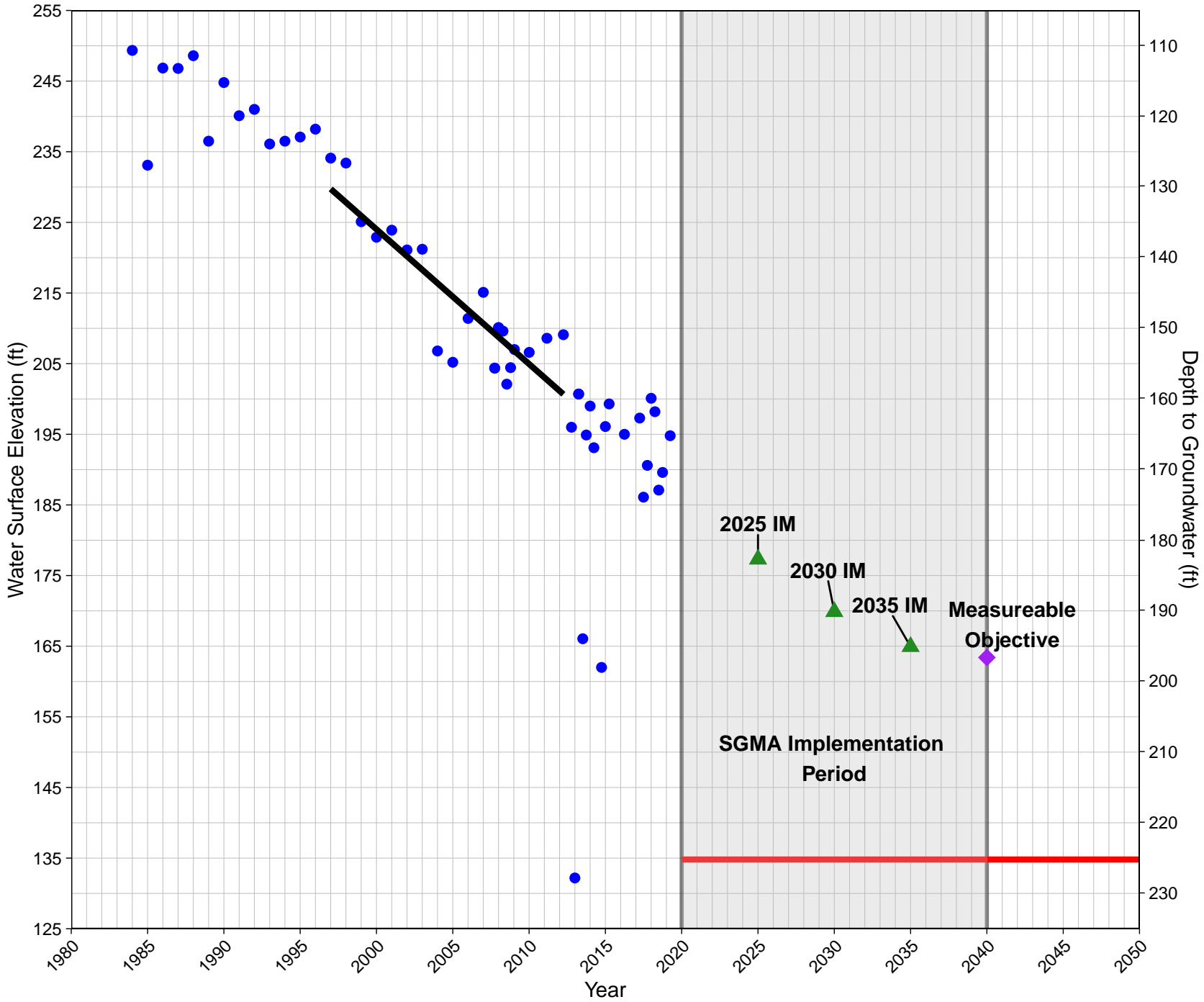
12S20E23D001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 364 ft
North Kings GSA



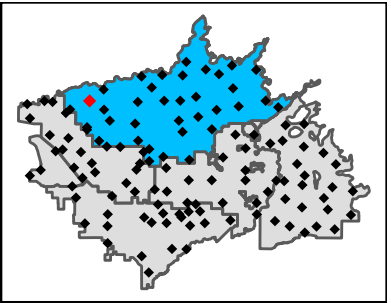
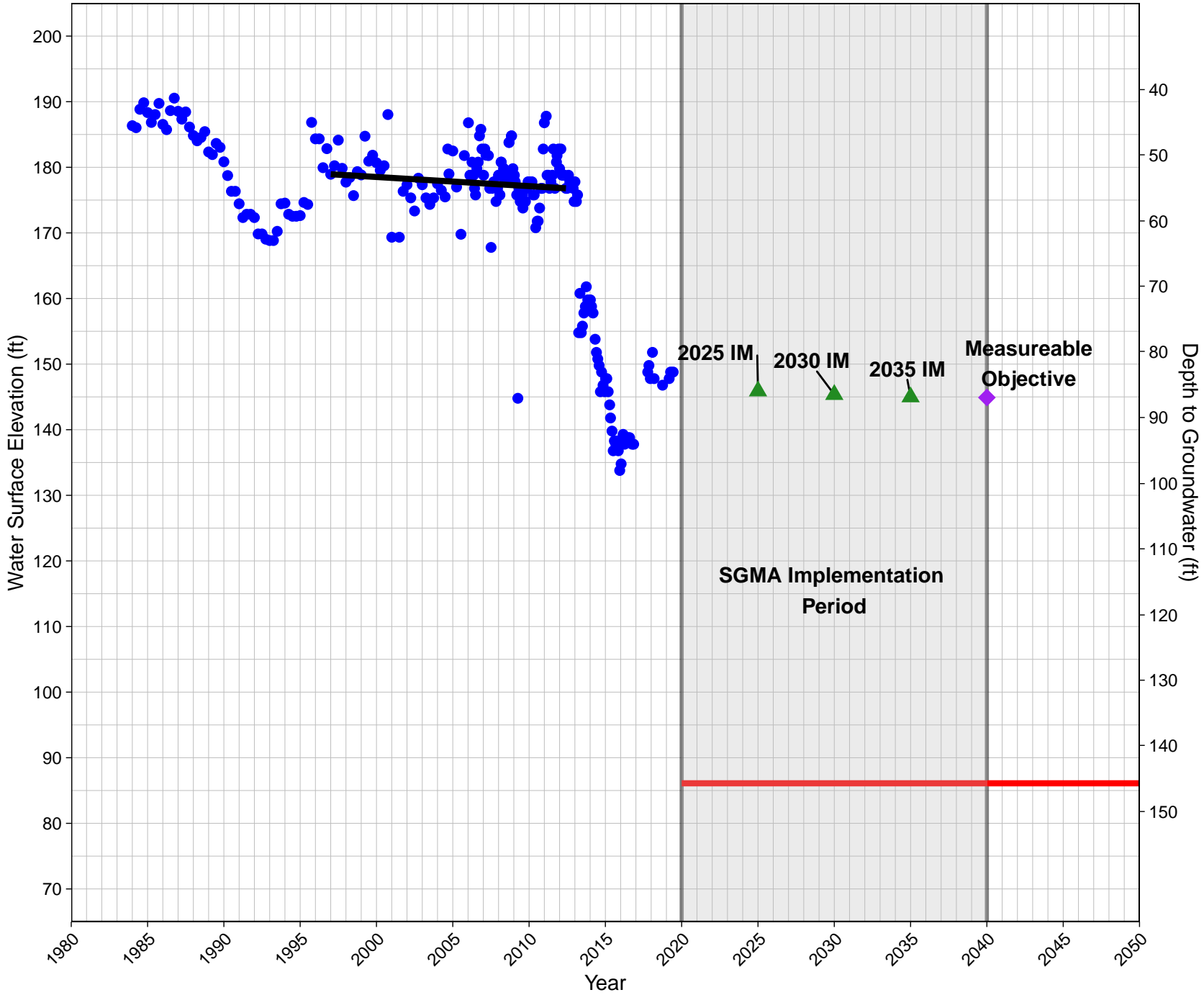
12S20E34K001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 360 ft
North Kings GSA



13S17E25C001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 232 ft
North Kings GSA

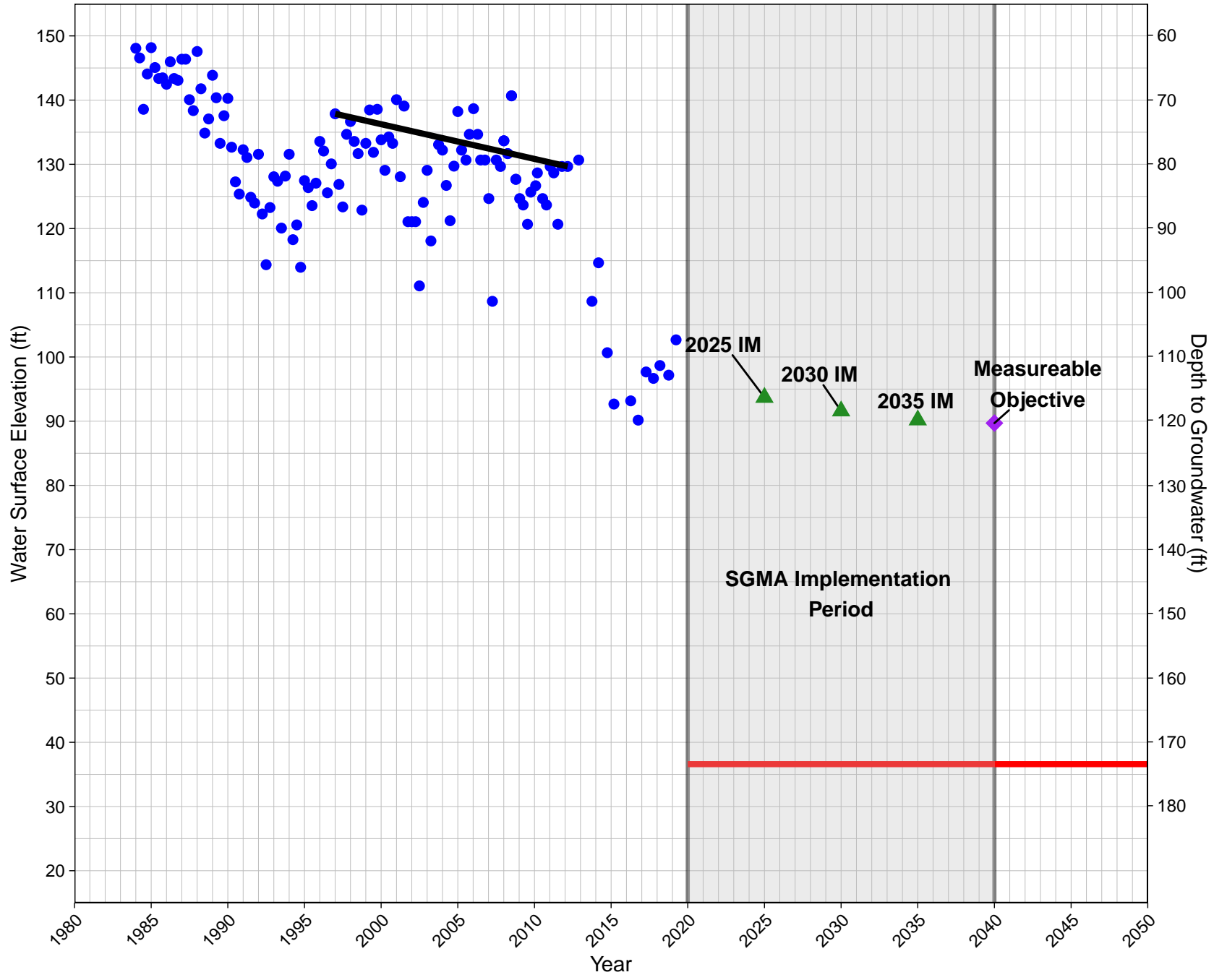
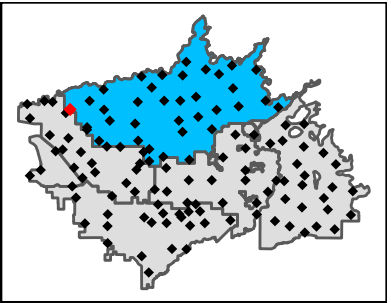


13S17E33M001MX

State Well ID: 13S17E32H001M

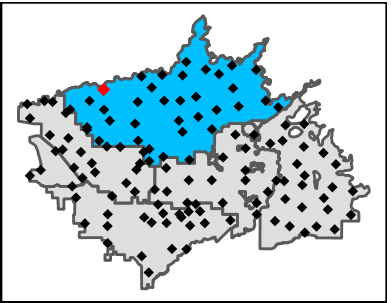
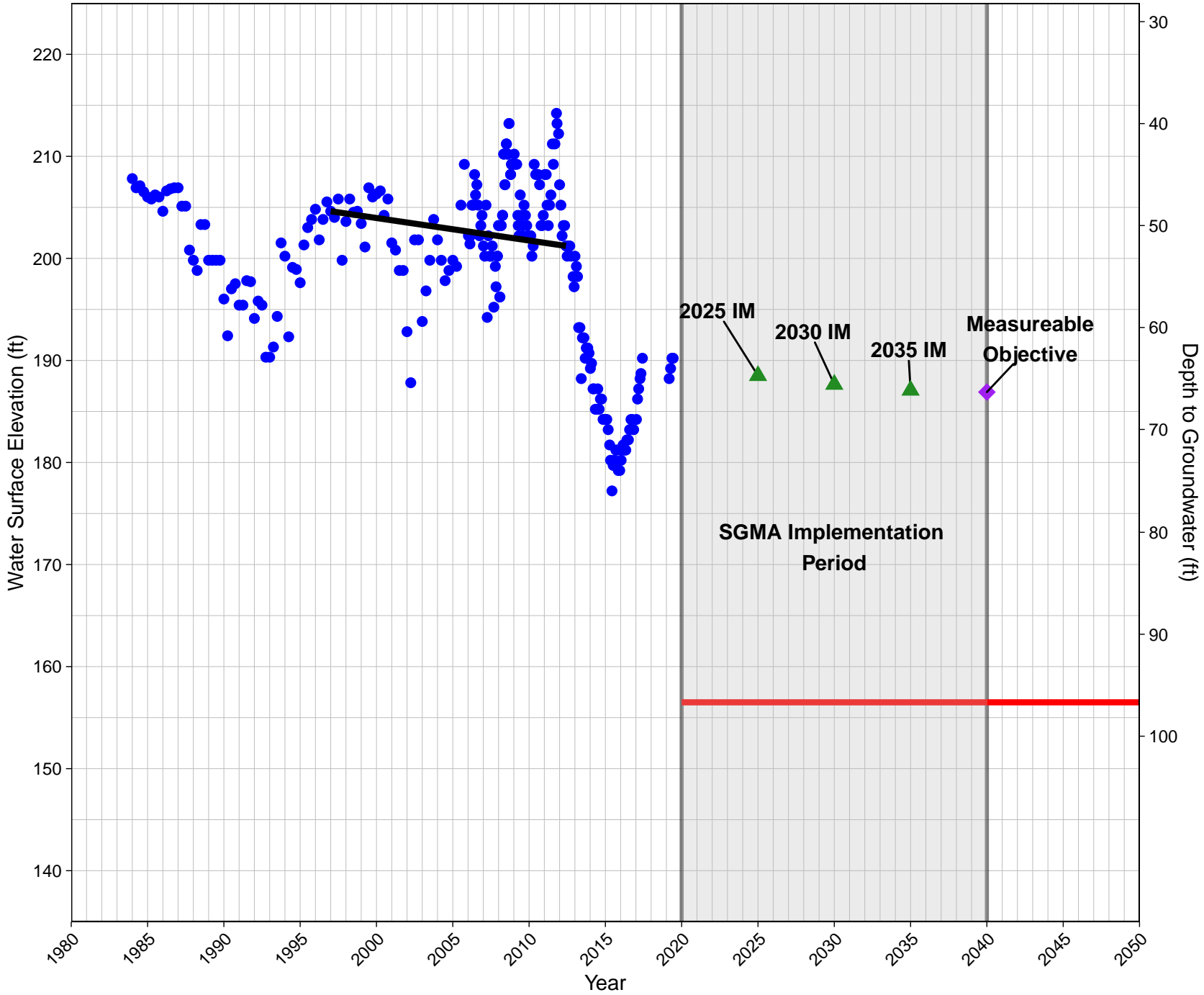
Ground Surface Elevation: 210 ft

North Kings GSA



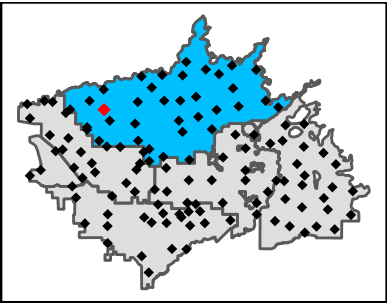
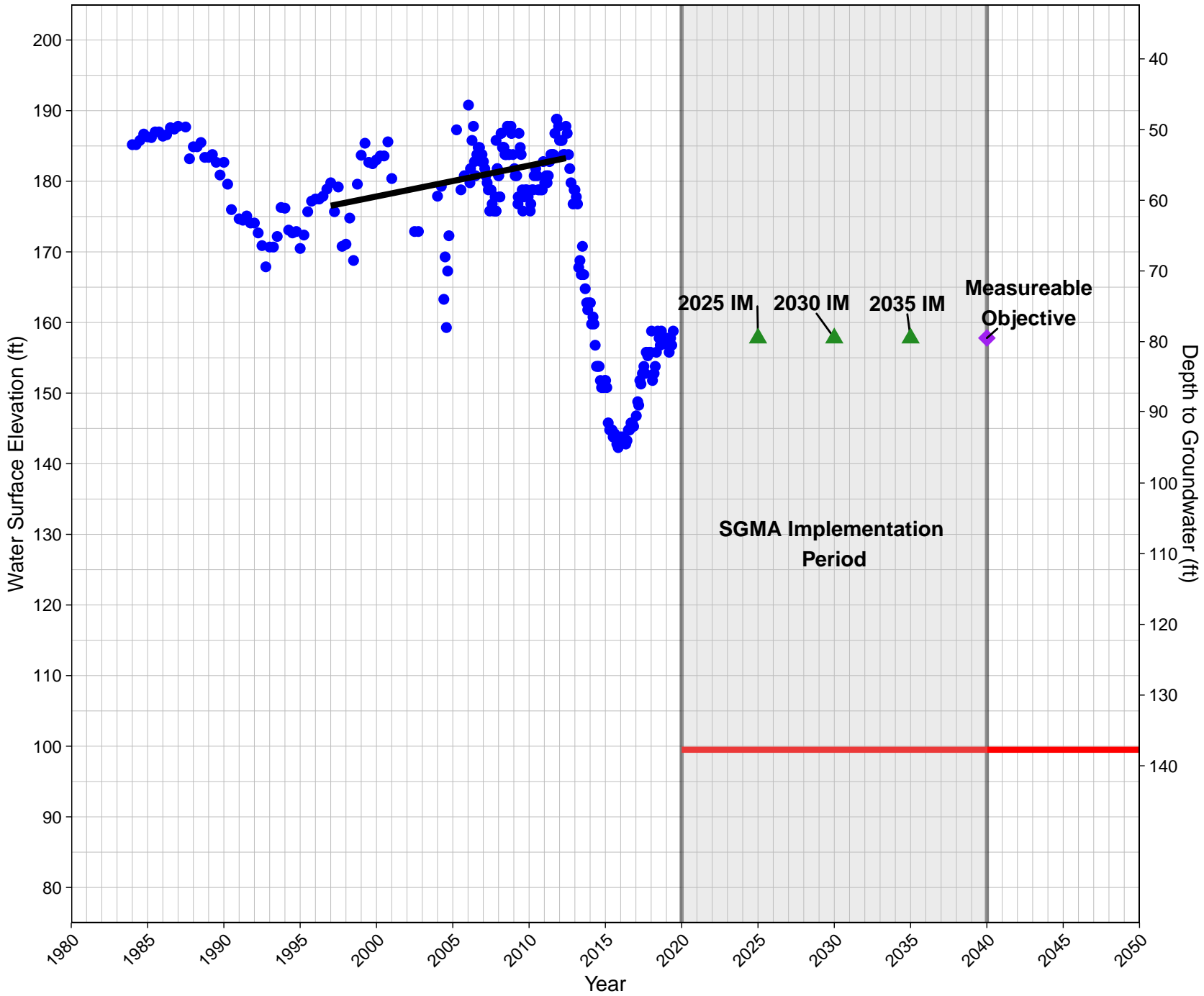
13S18E17A001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 253 ft
North Kings GSA



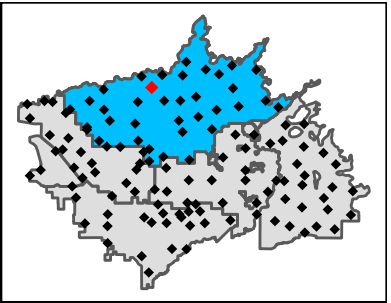
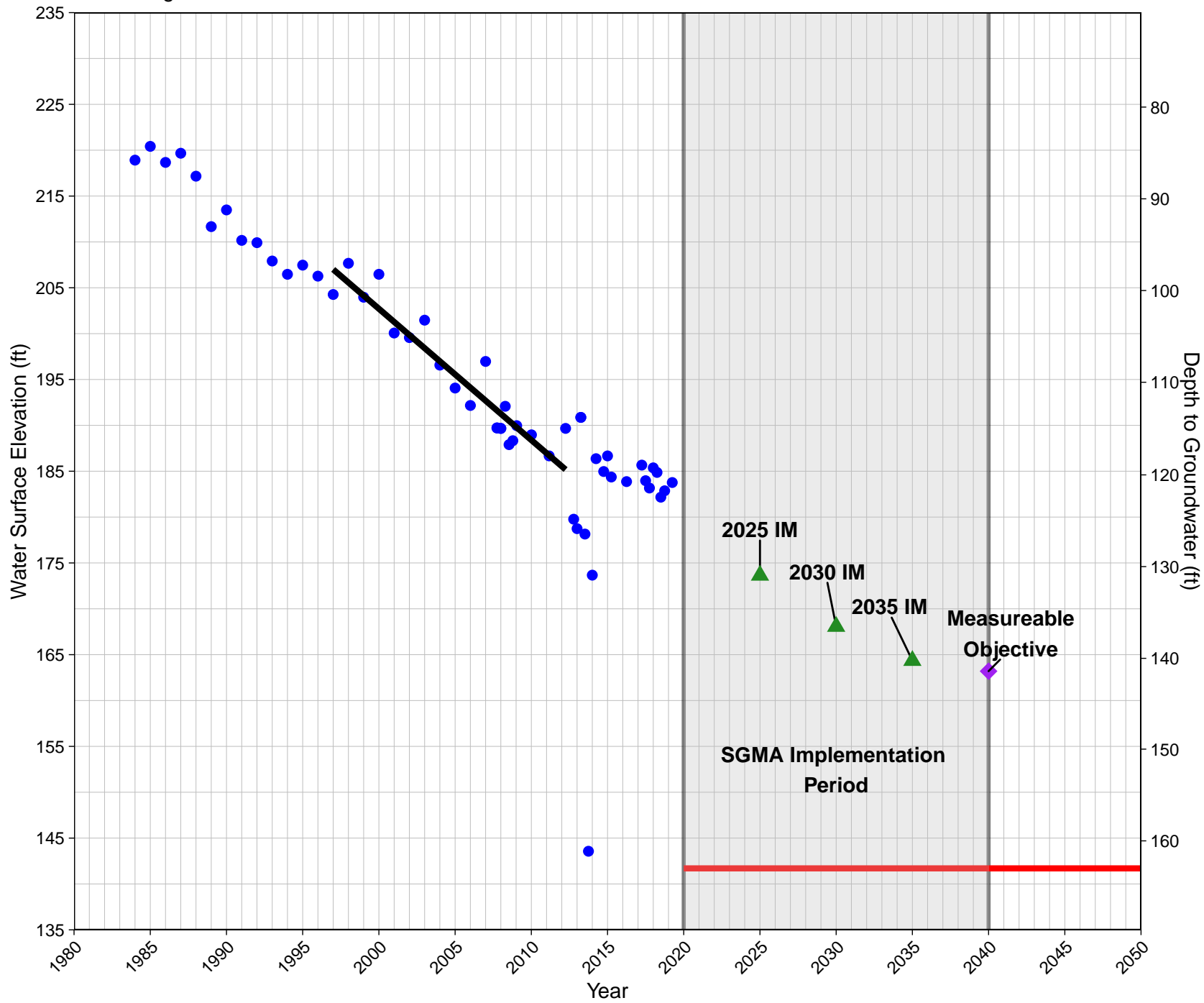
13S18E33M001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 237 ft
North Kings GSA



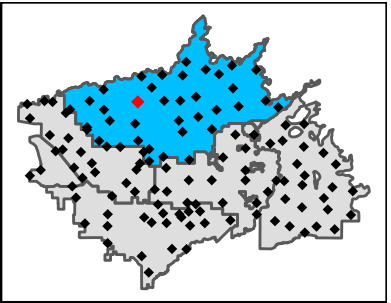
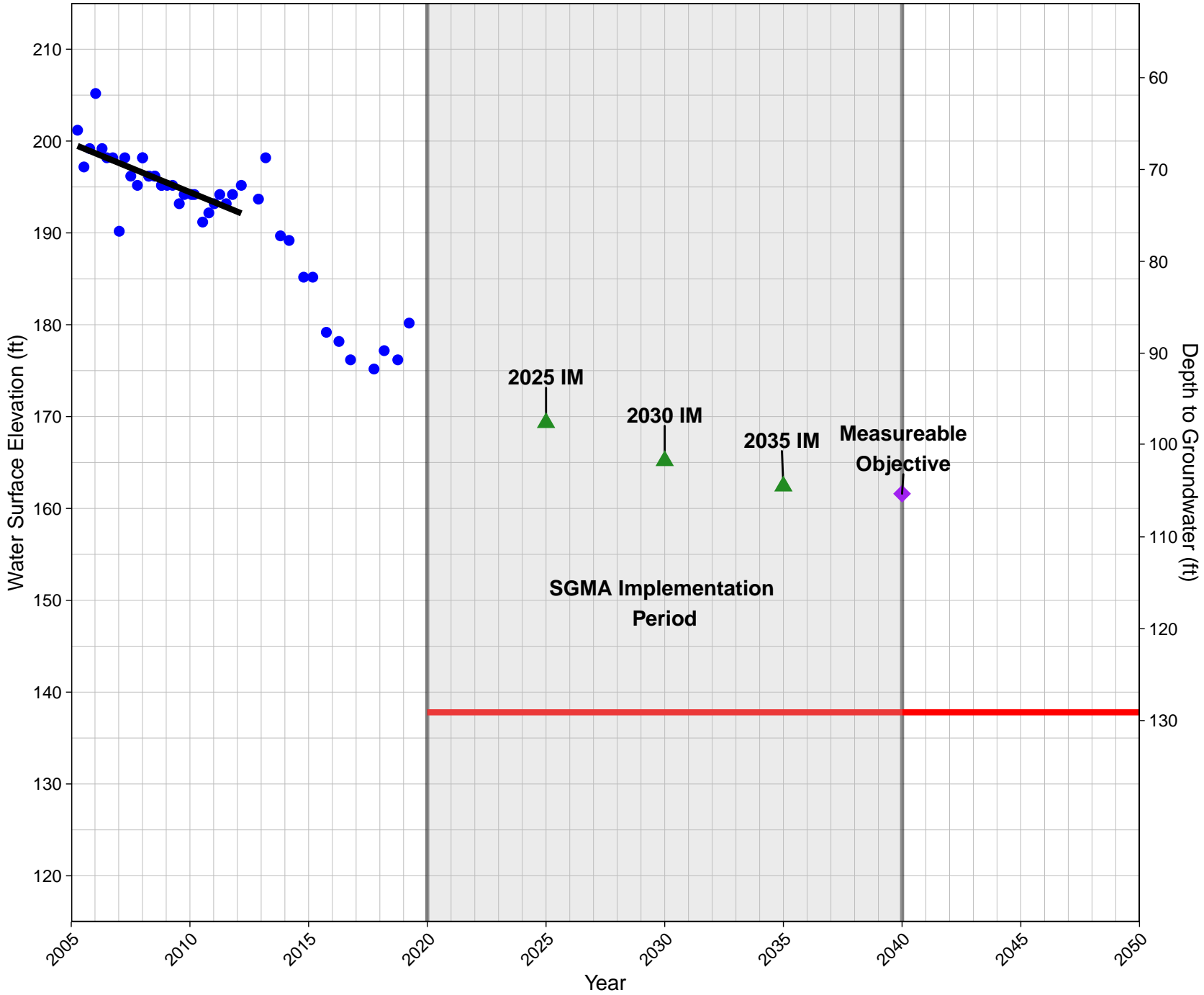
13S19E11L001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 305 ft
North Kings GSA



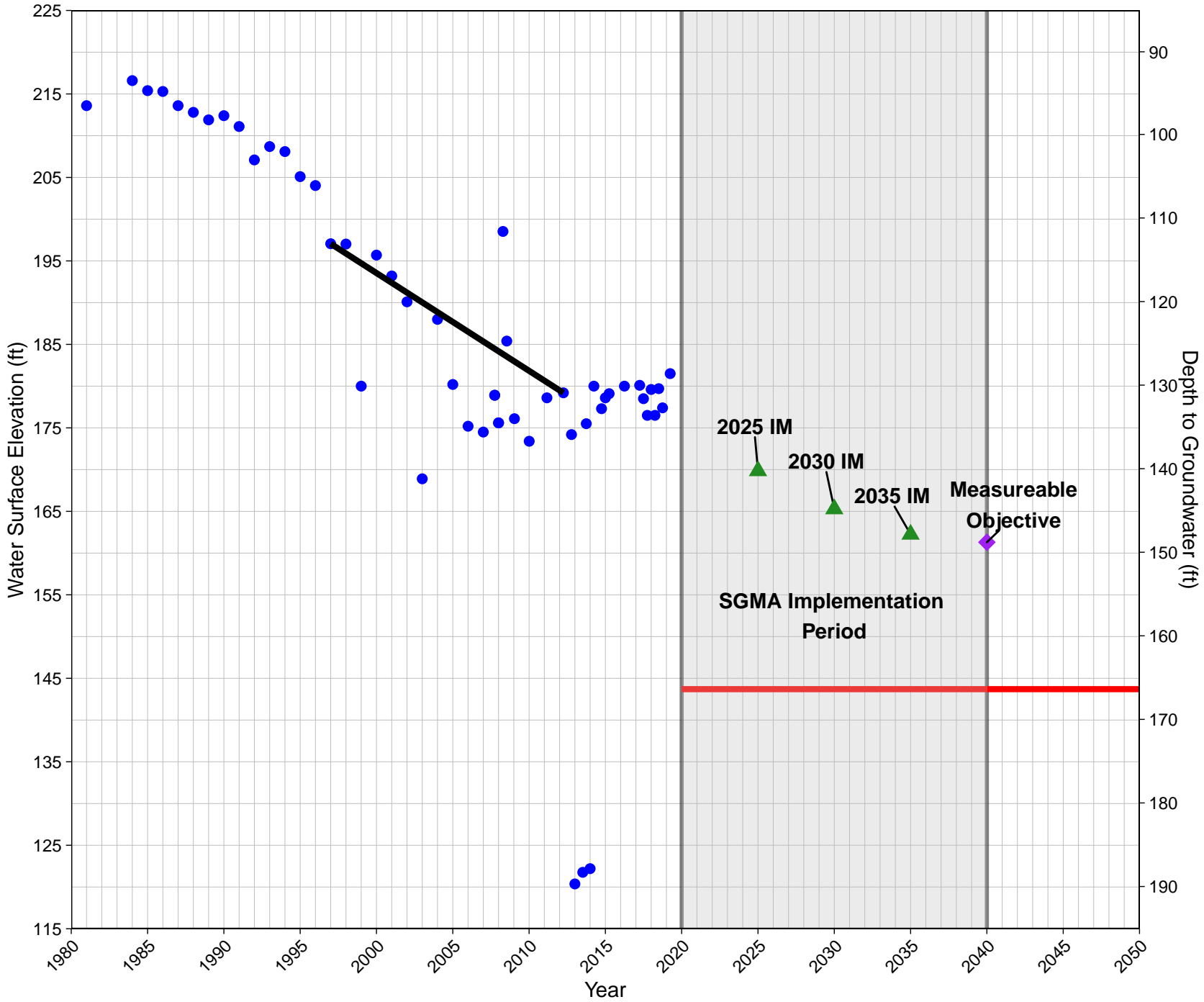
13S19E29A001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 267 ft
North Kings GSA



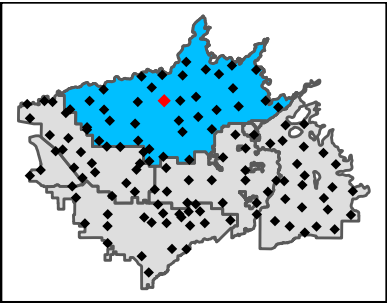
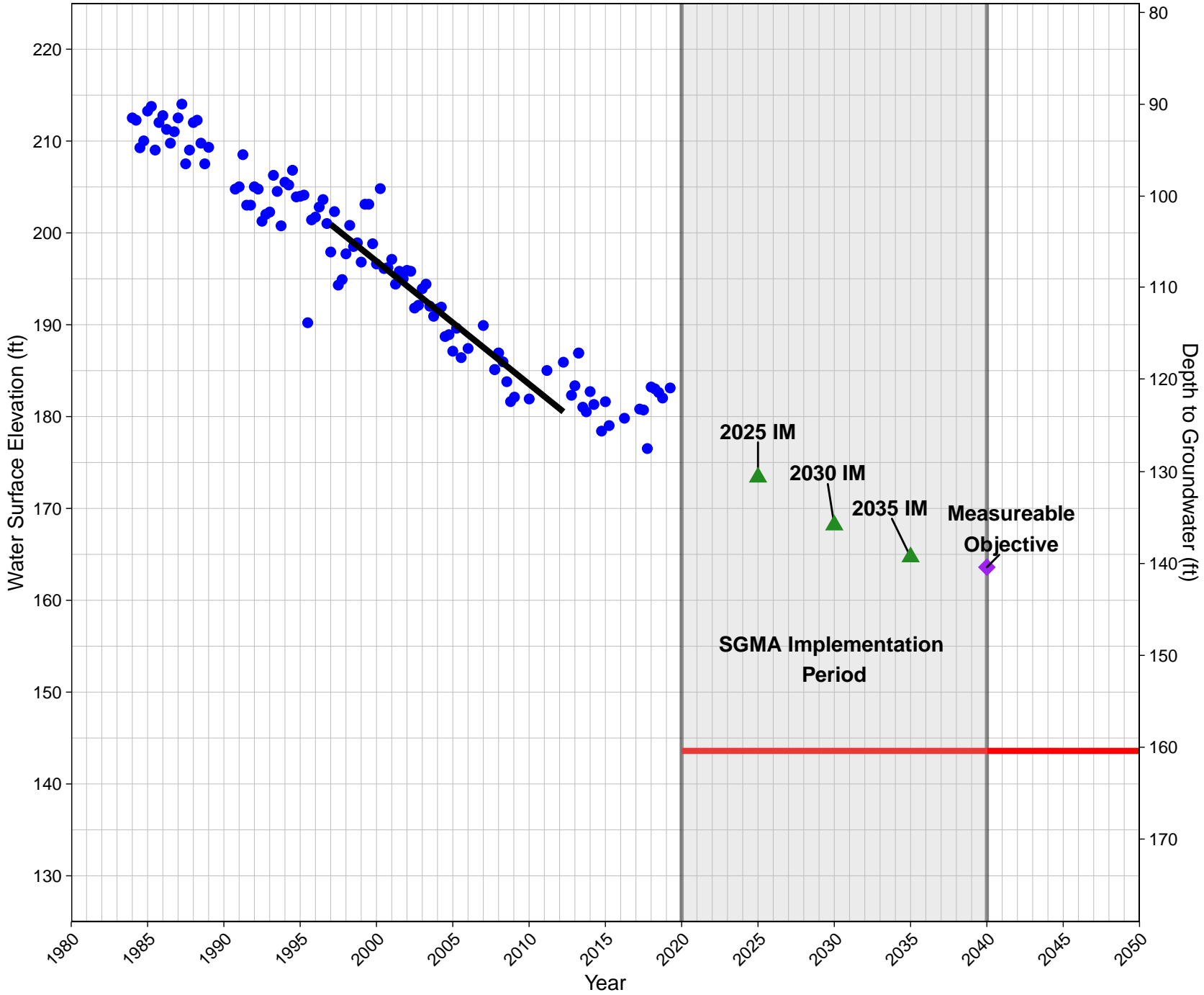
13S20E27C001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 310 ft
North Kings GSA



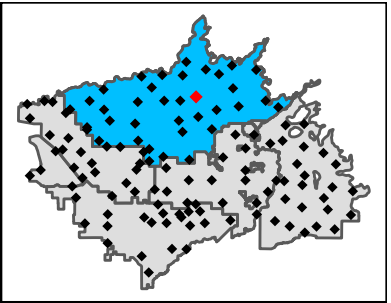
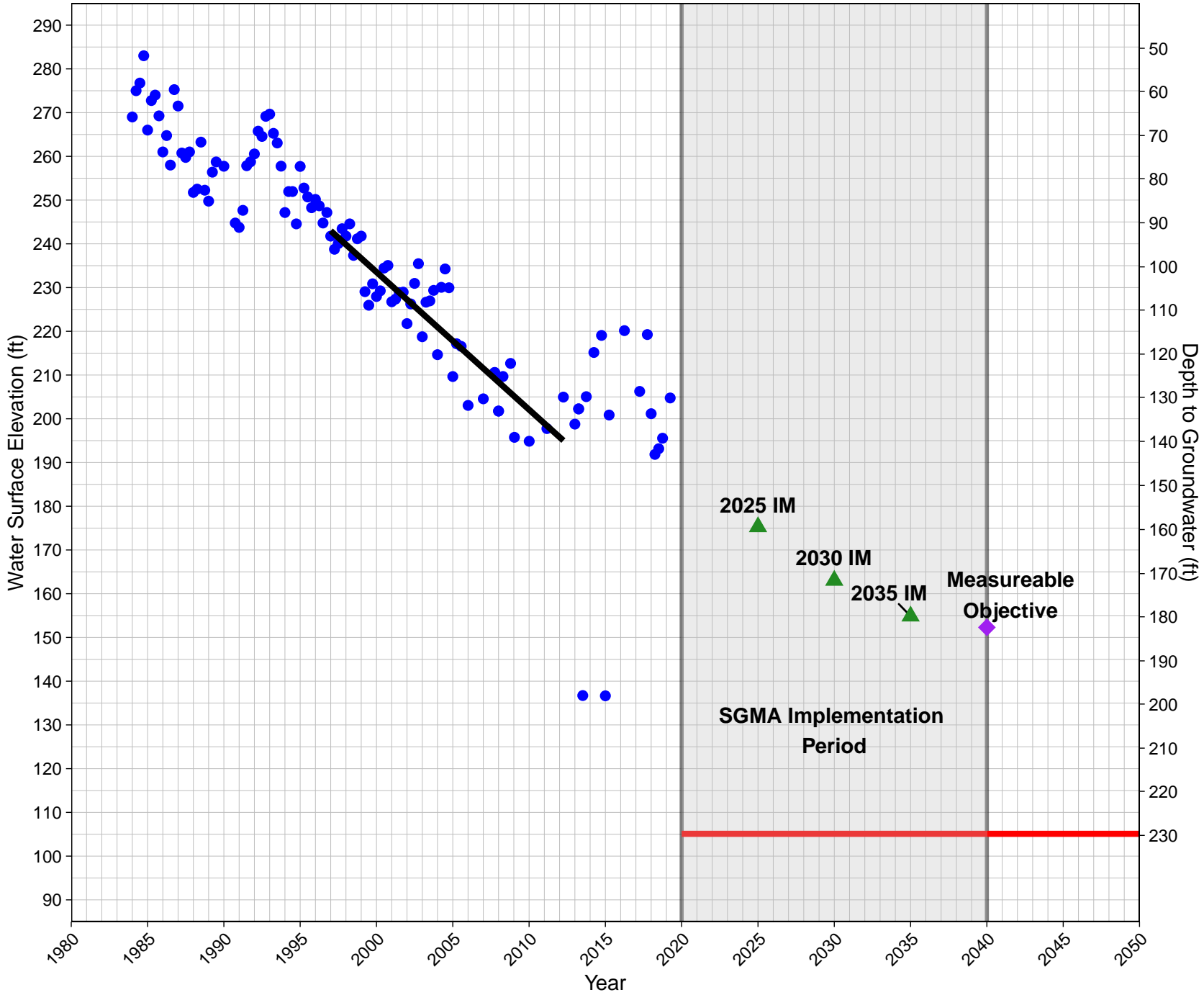
13S20E30B001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 304 ft
North Kings GSA



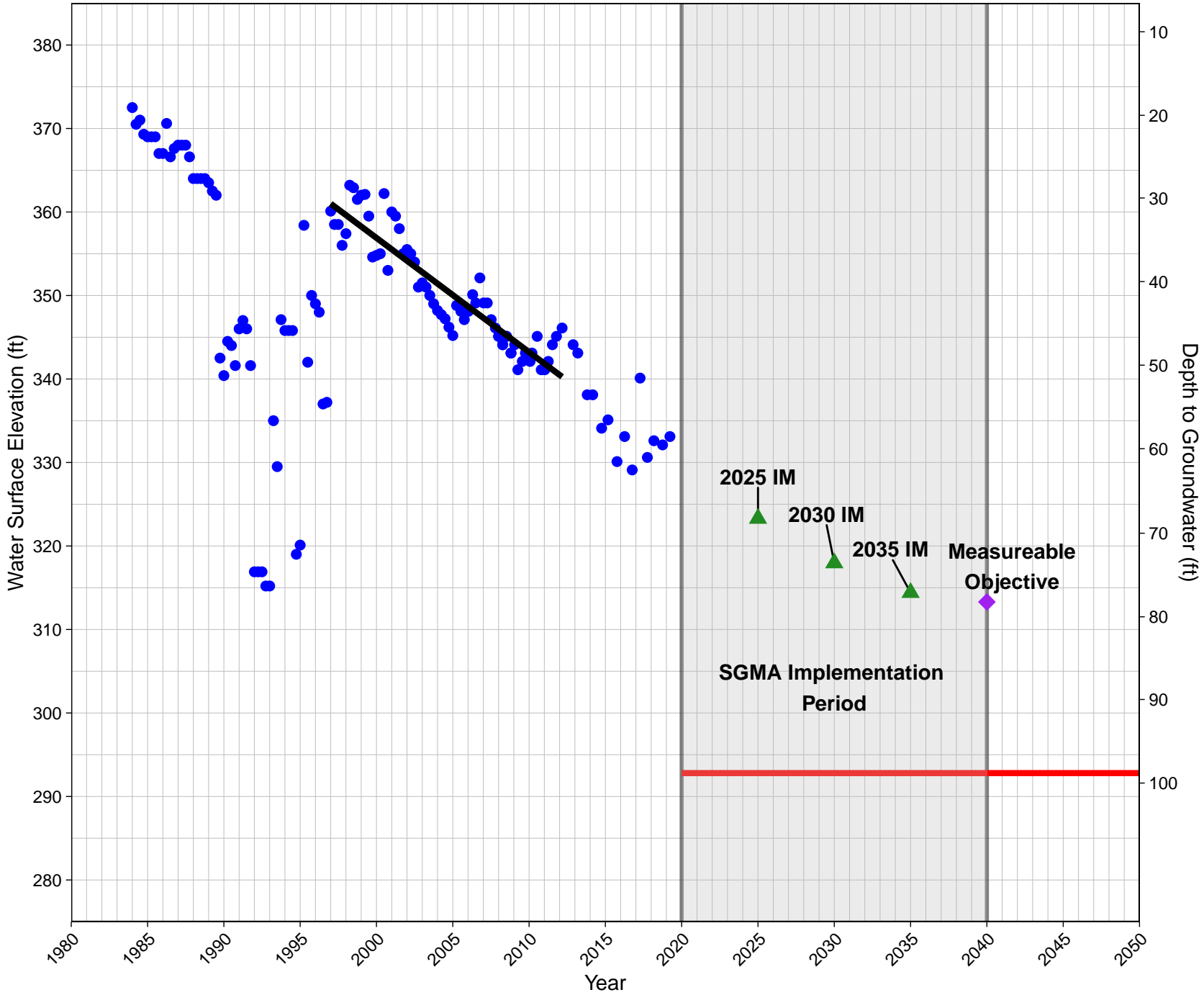
13S21E19E001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 335 ft
North Kings GSA



13S22E07R001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 392 ft
North Kings GSA

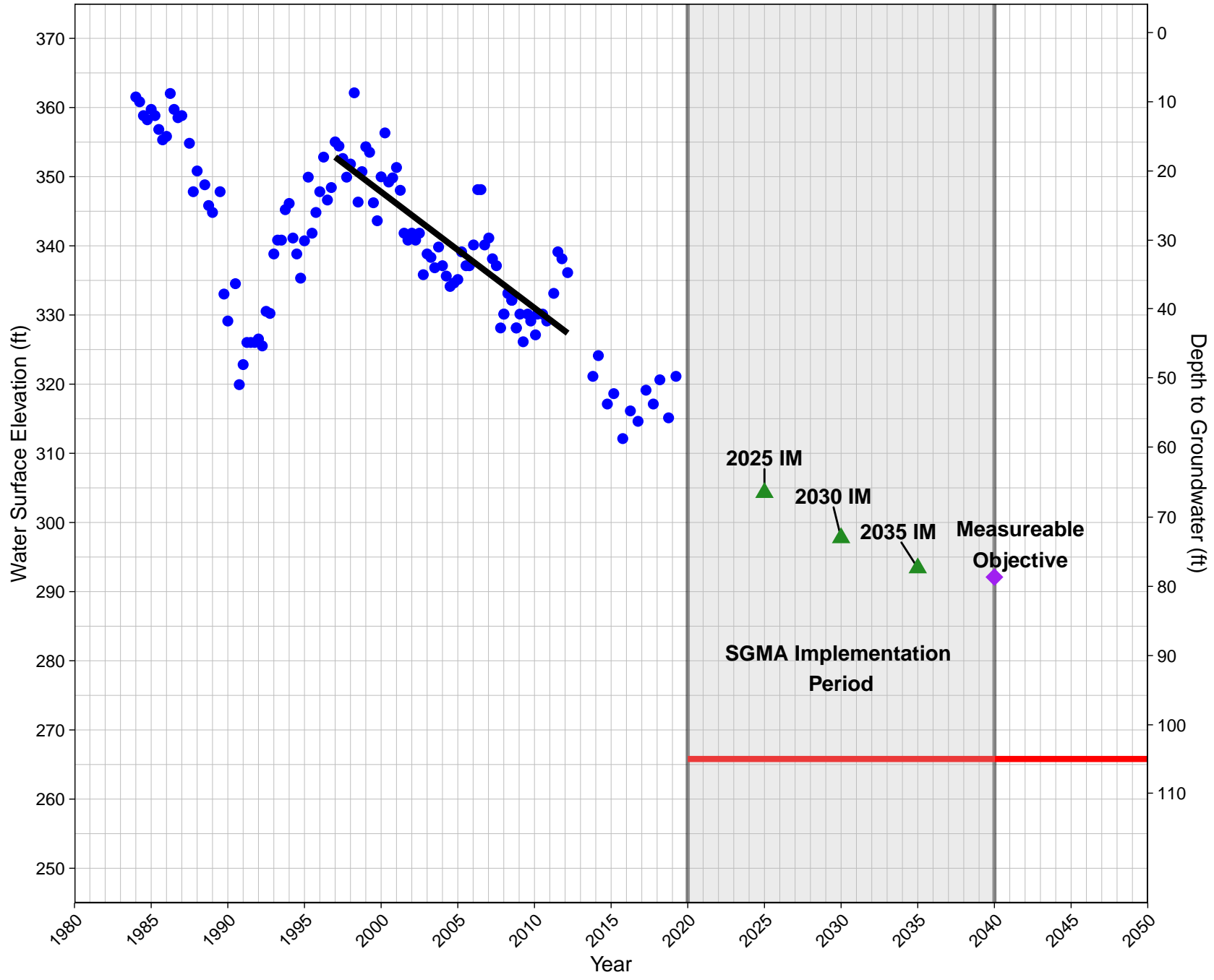
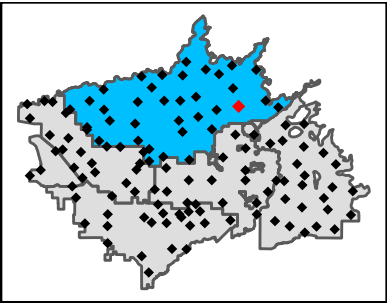


13S22E32A001MX

State Well ID: 13S22E32B001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 371 ft

North Kings GSA

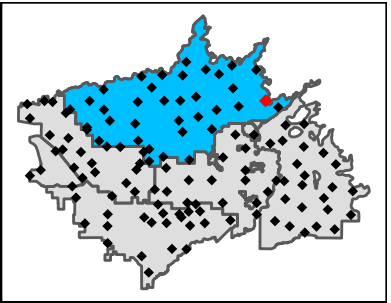
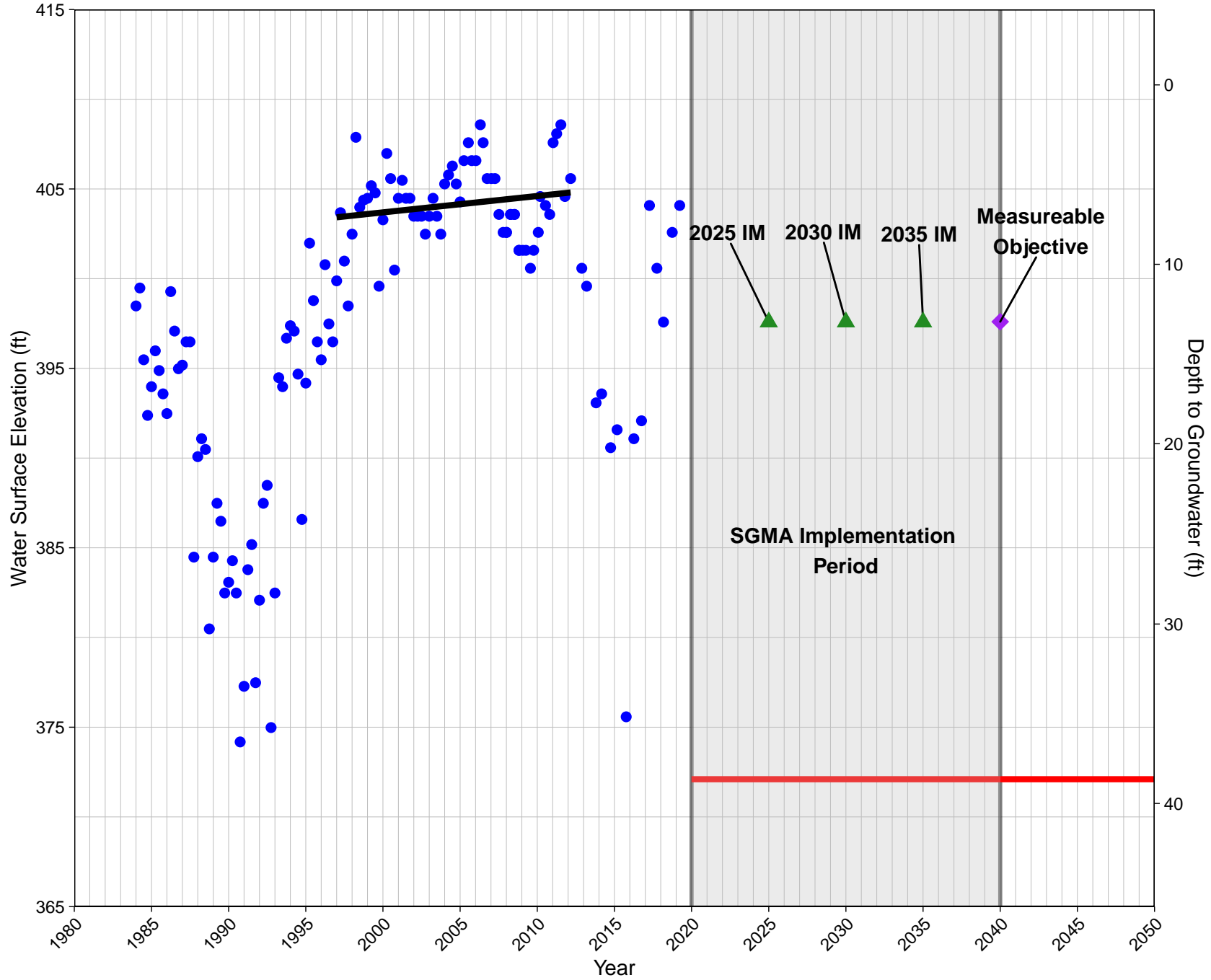


13S23E30B001MX

State Well ID: 13S23E30C001M

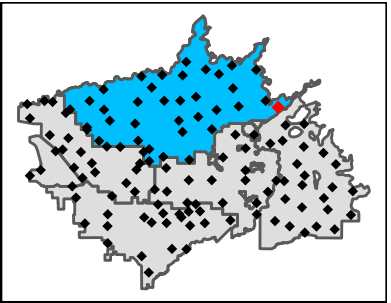
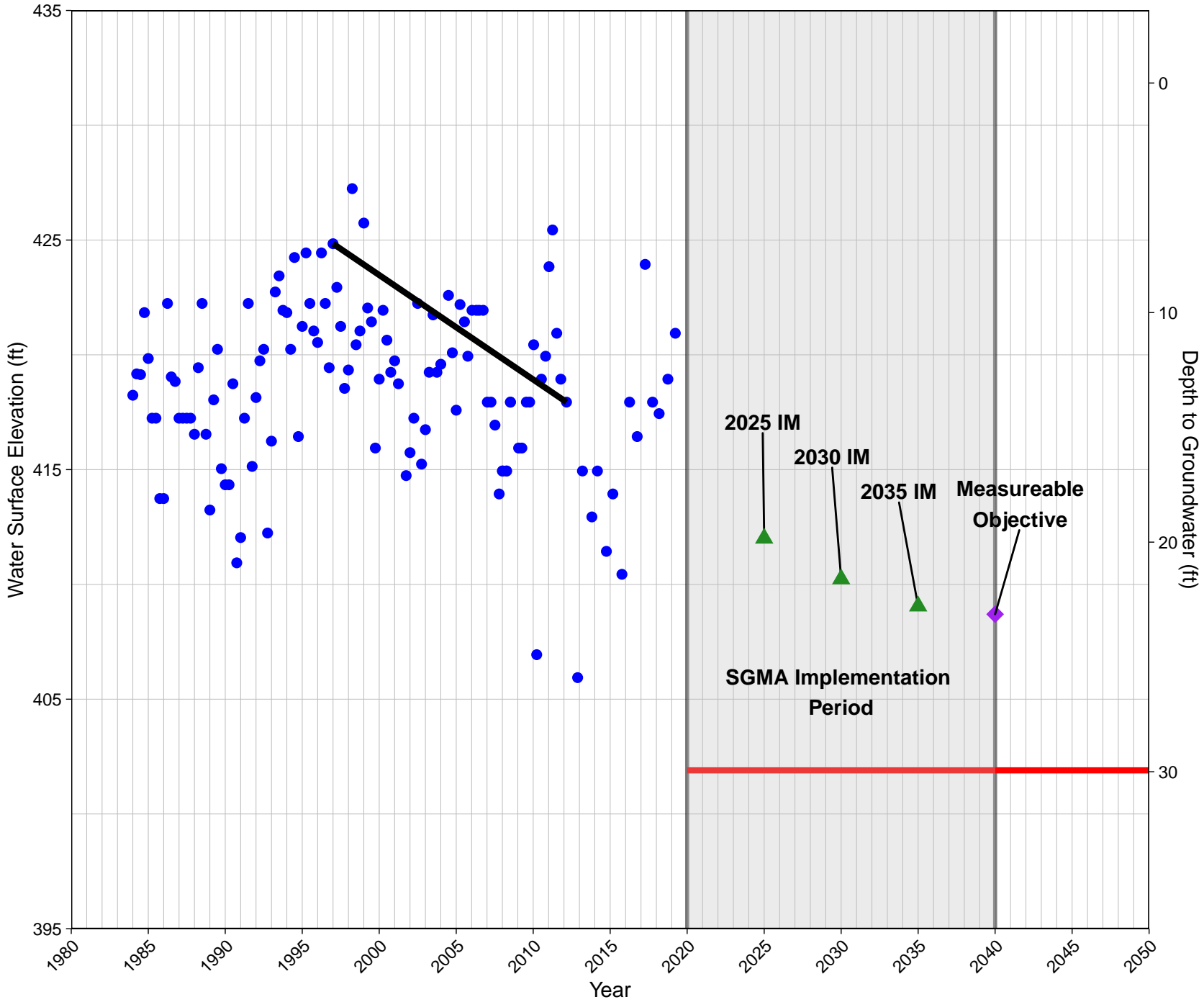
Ground Surface Elevation: 411 ft

North Kings GSA



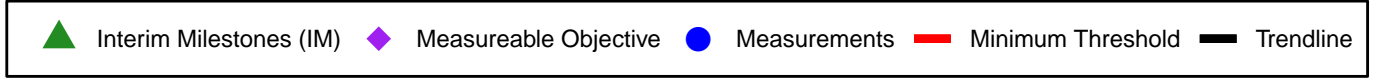
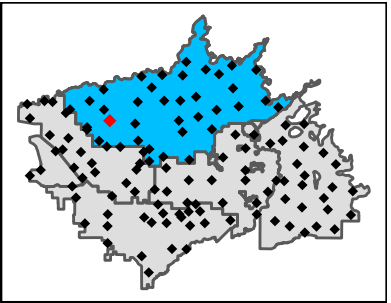
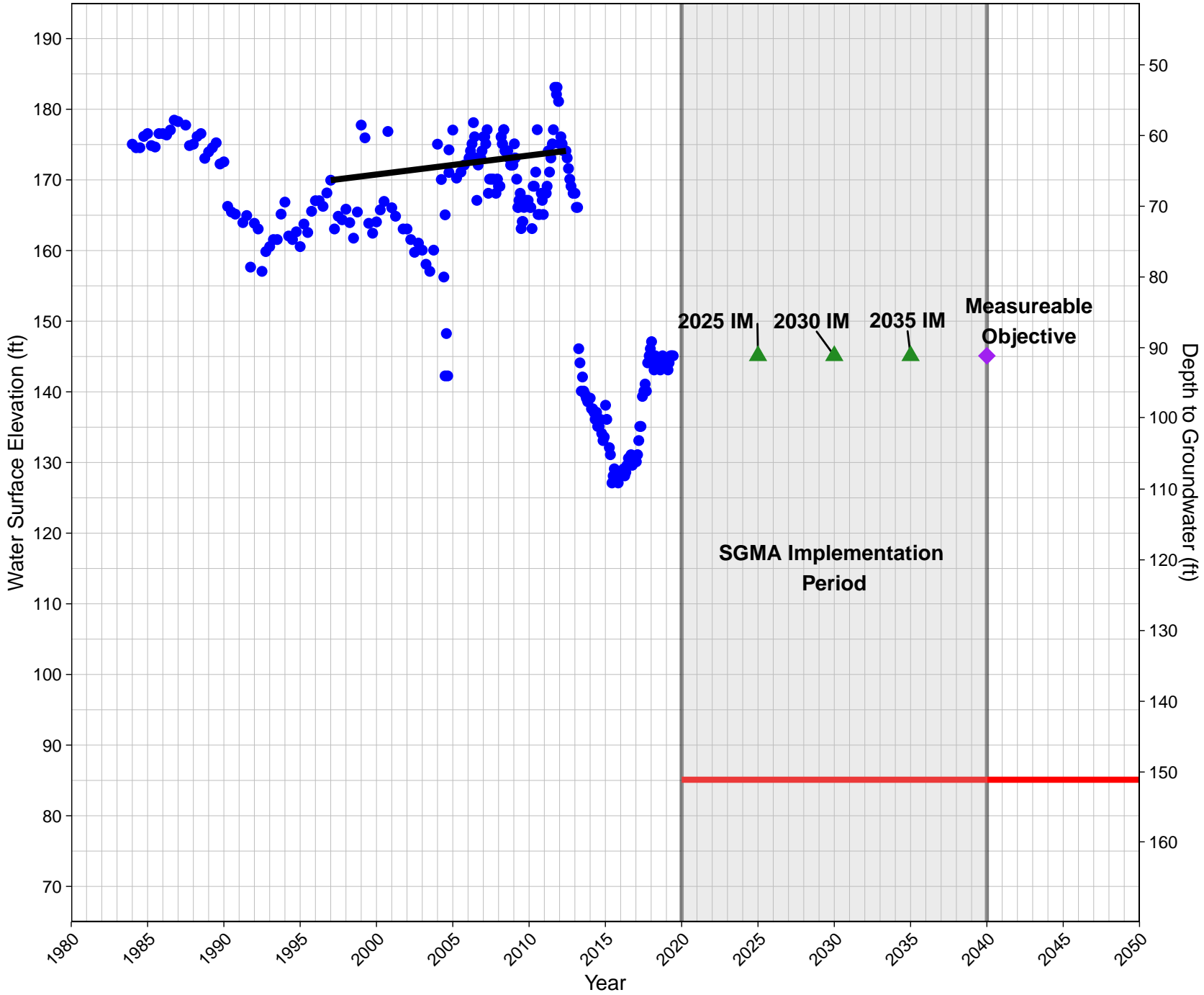
13S23E33B001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 432 ft
North Kings GSA



14S18E09H001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 236 ft
North Kings GSA

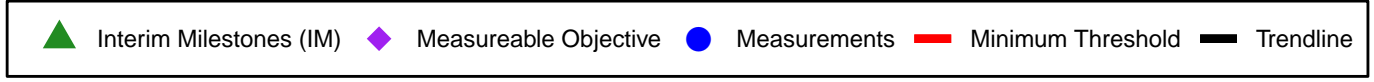
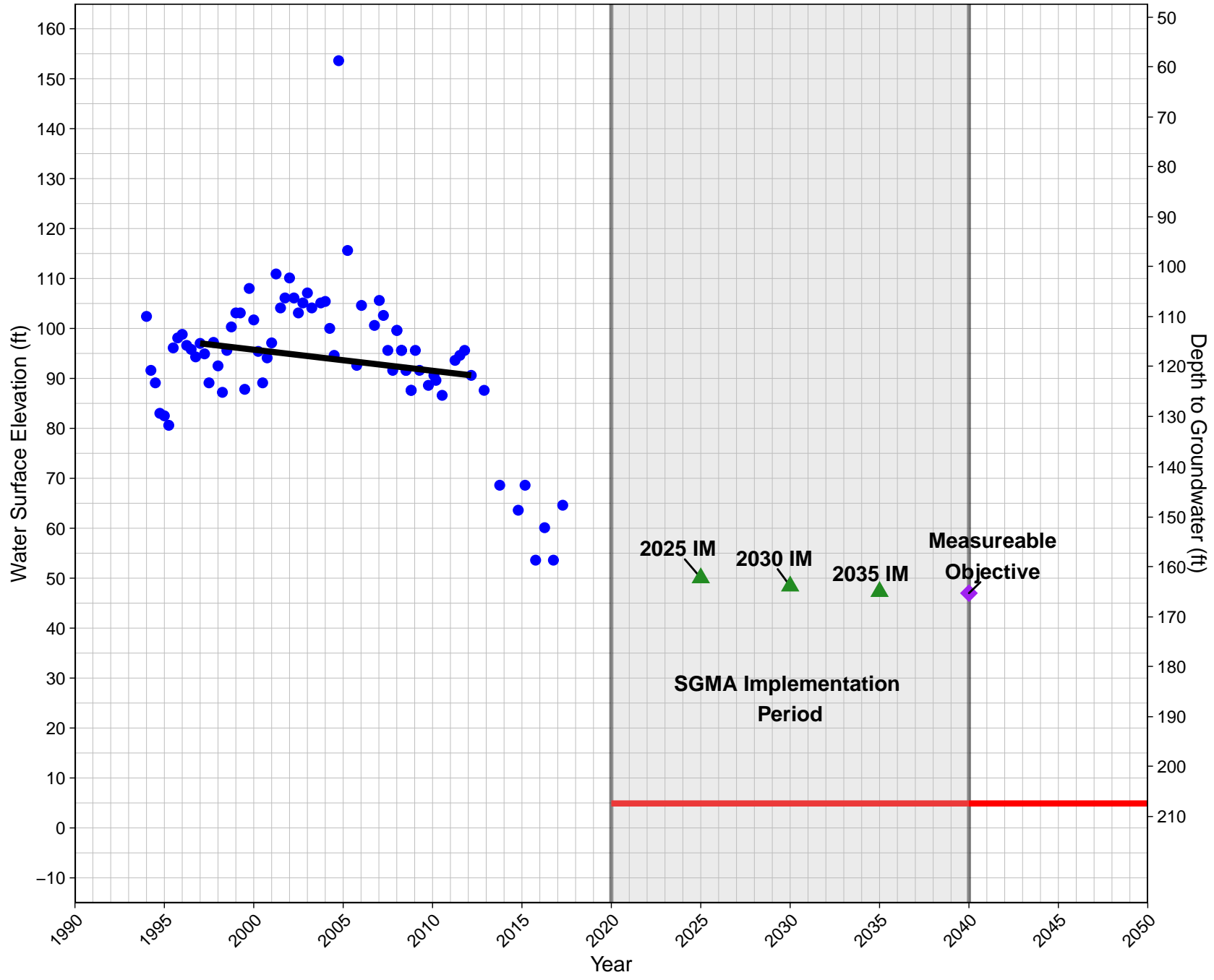
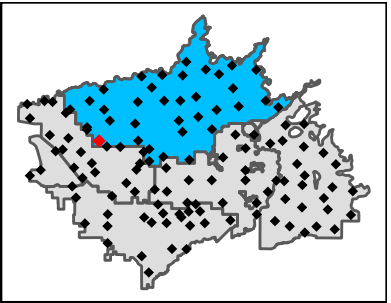


14S18E32D001MX

State Well ID: 14S18E32C001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 212 ft

North Kings GSA

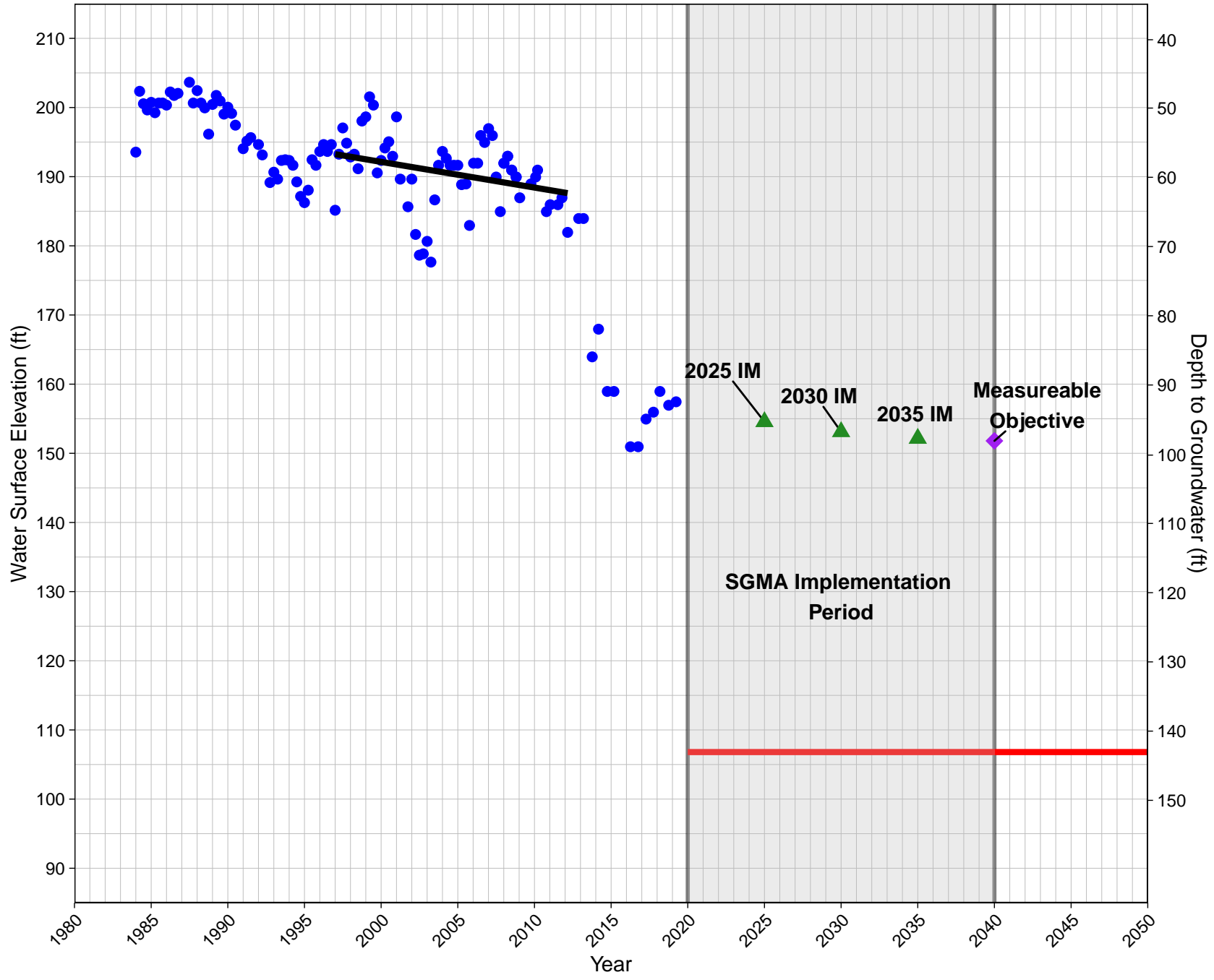
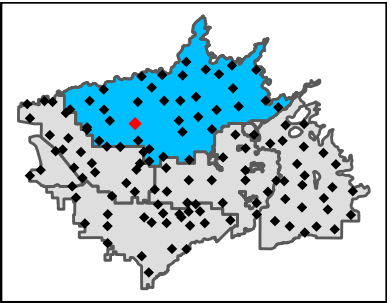


14S19E17C001MX

State Well ID: 14S19E17C003M

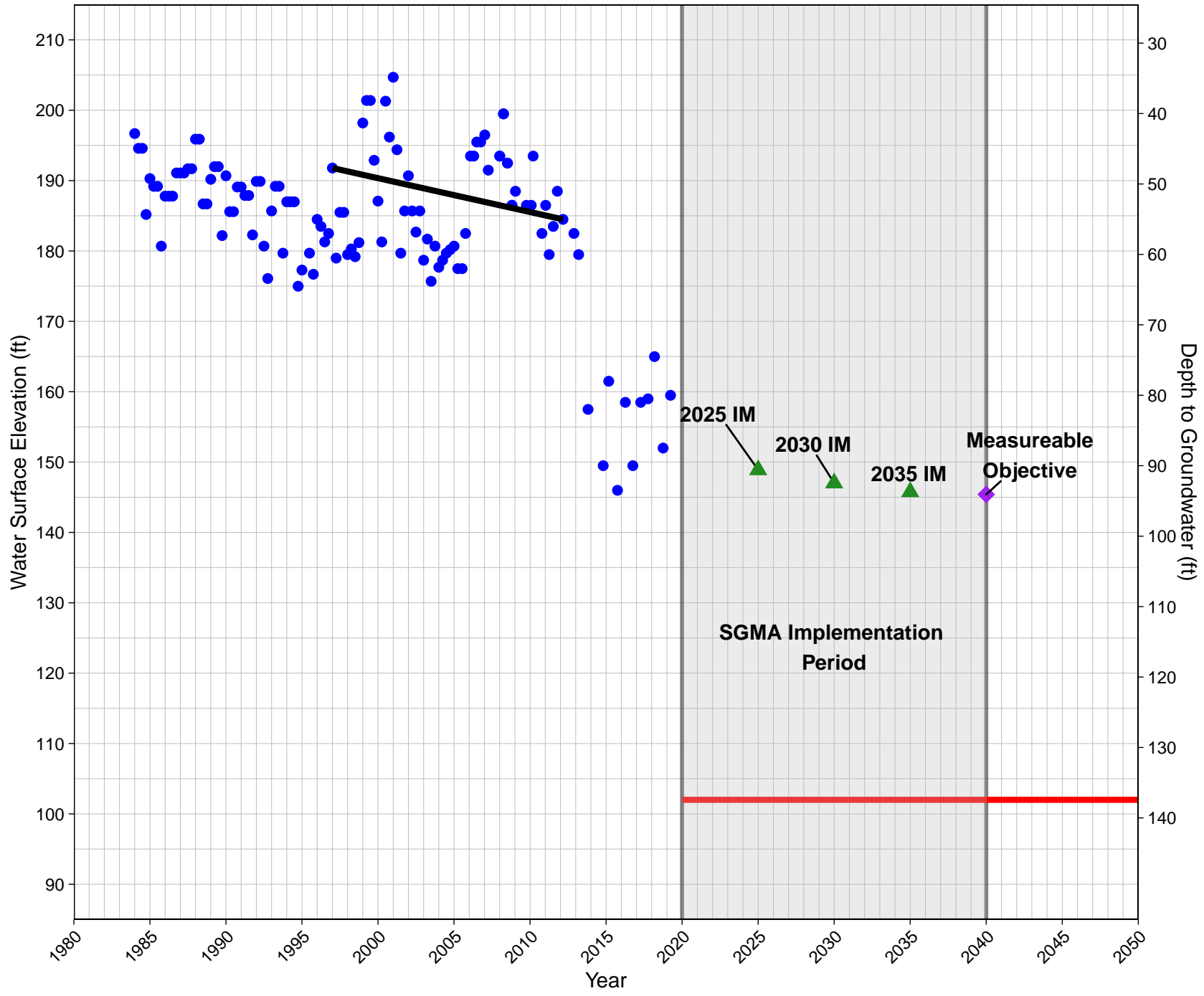
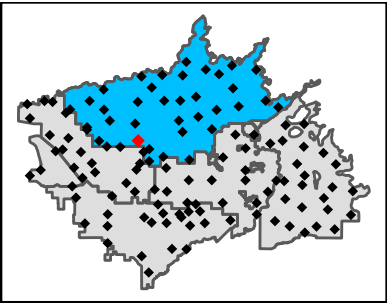
Ground Surface Elevation: 250 ft

North Kings GSA



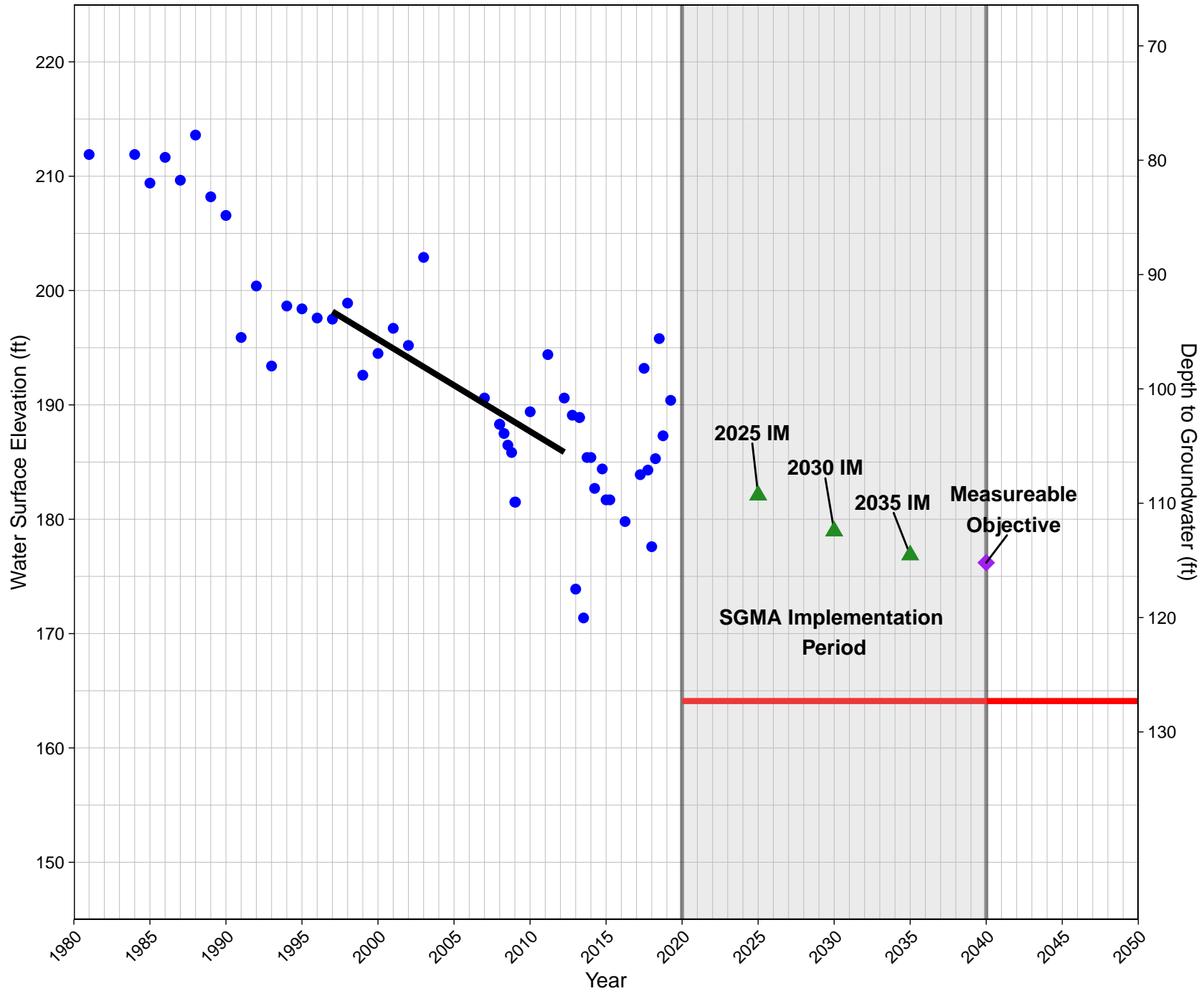
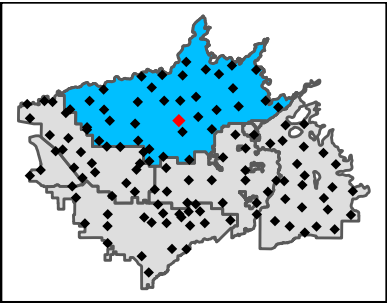
14S19E33D001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 239 ft
North Kings GSA



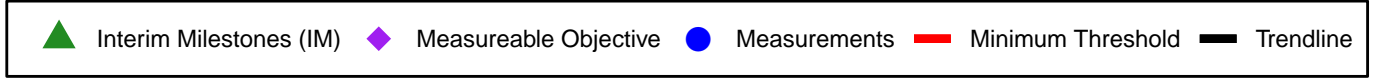
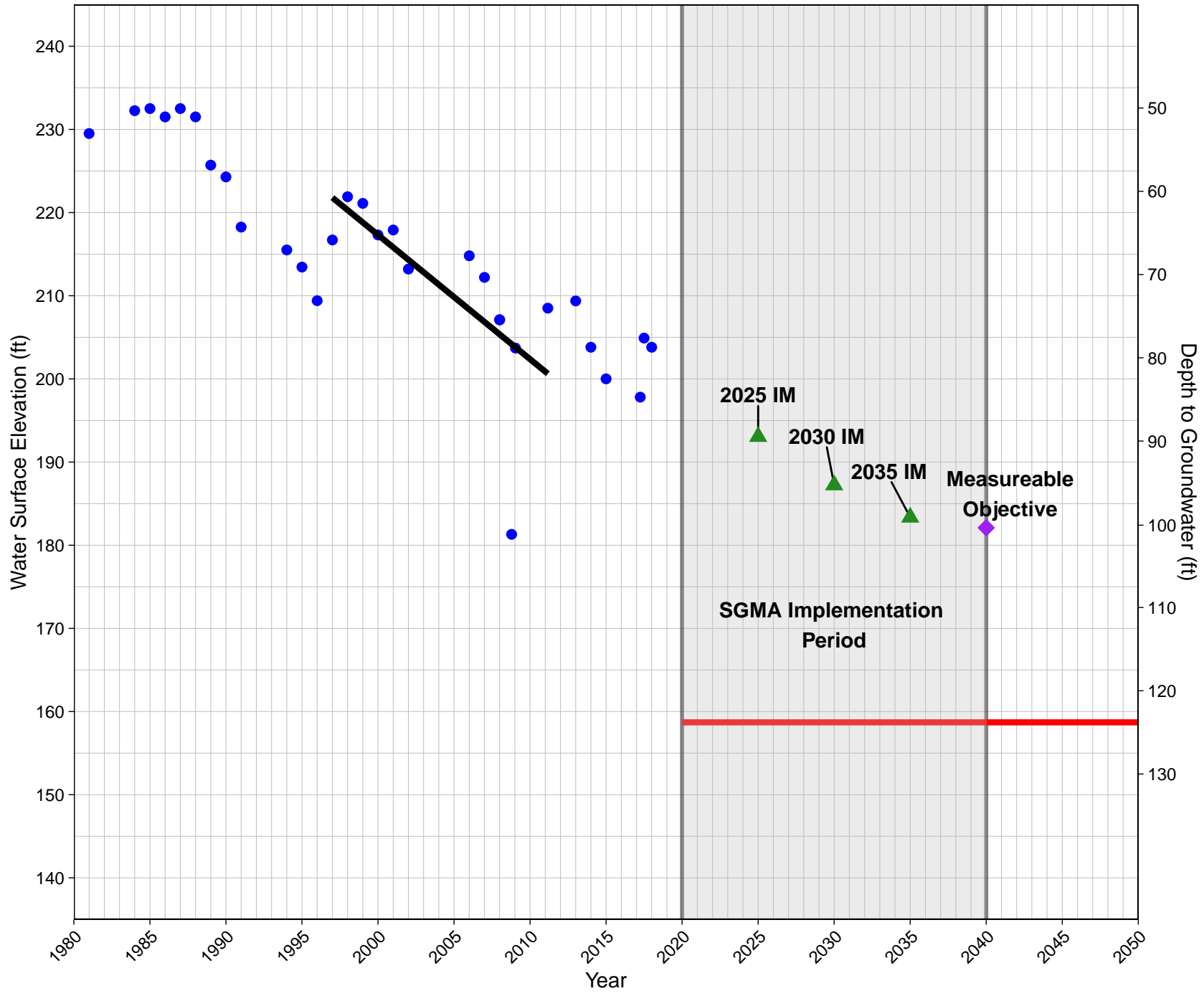
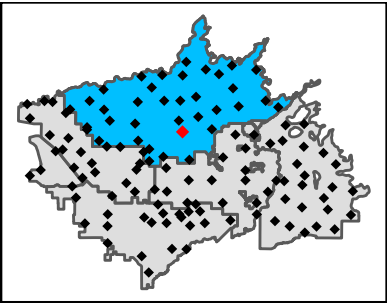
14S20E10M001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 291 ft
North Kings GSA



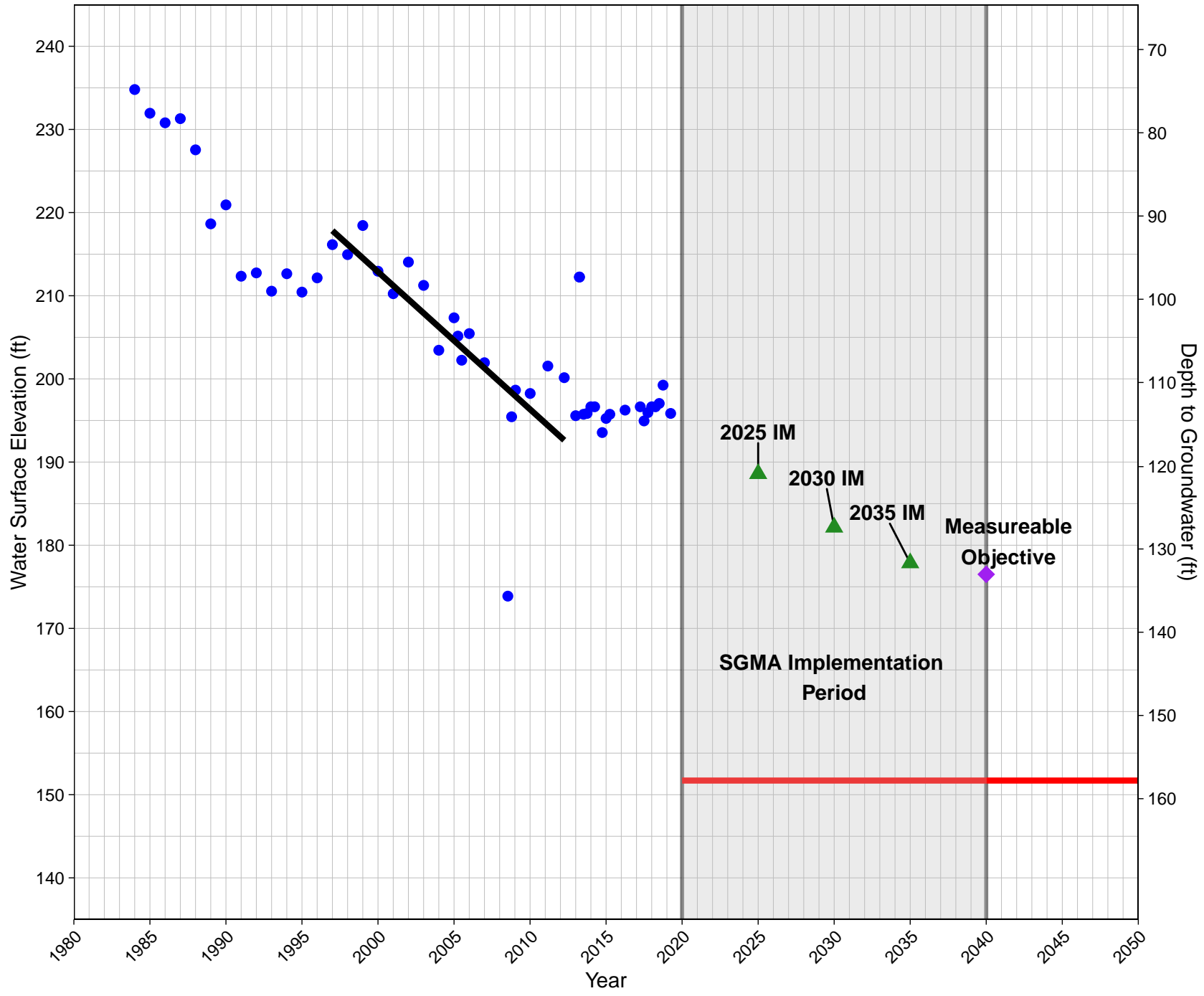
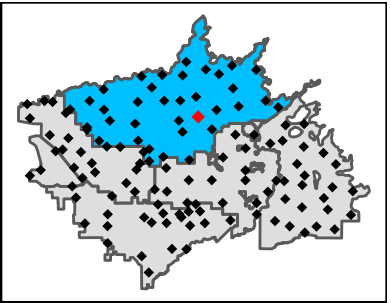
14S20E22J001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 283 ft
North Kings GSA



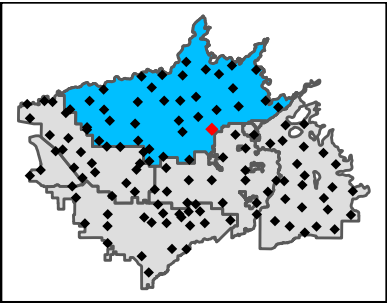
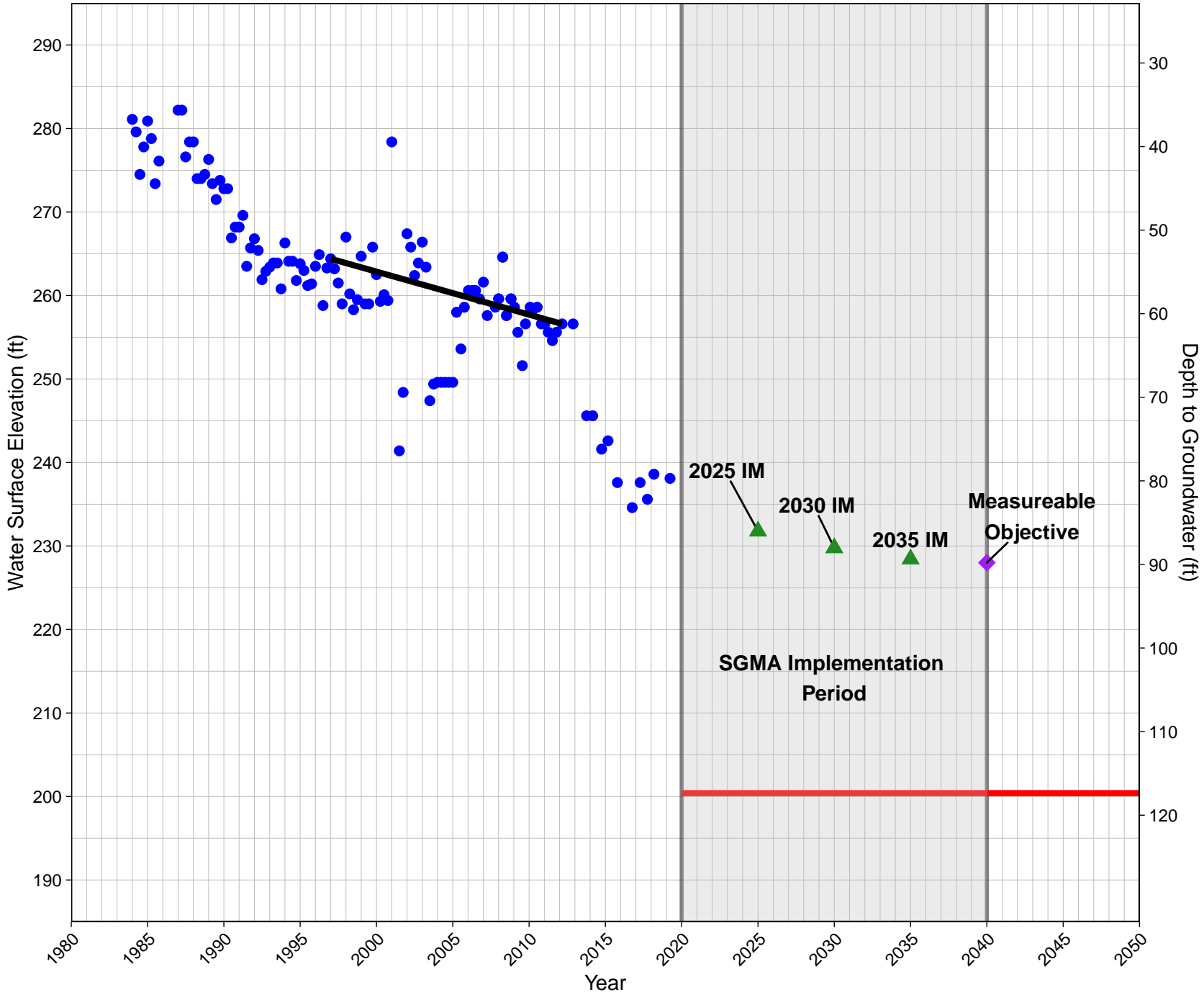
14S21E06Q001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 310 ft
North Kings GSA



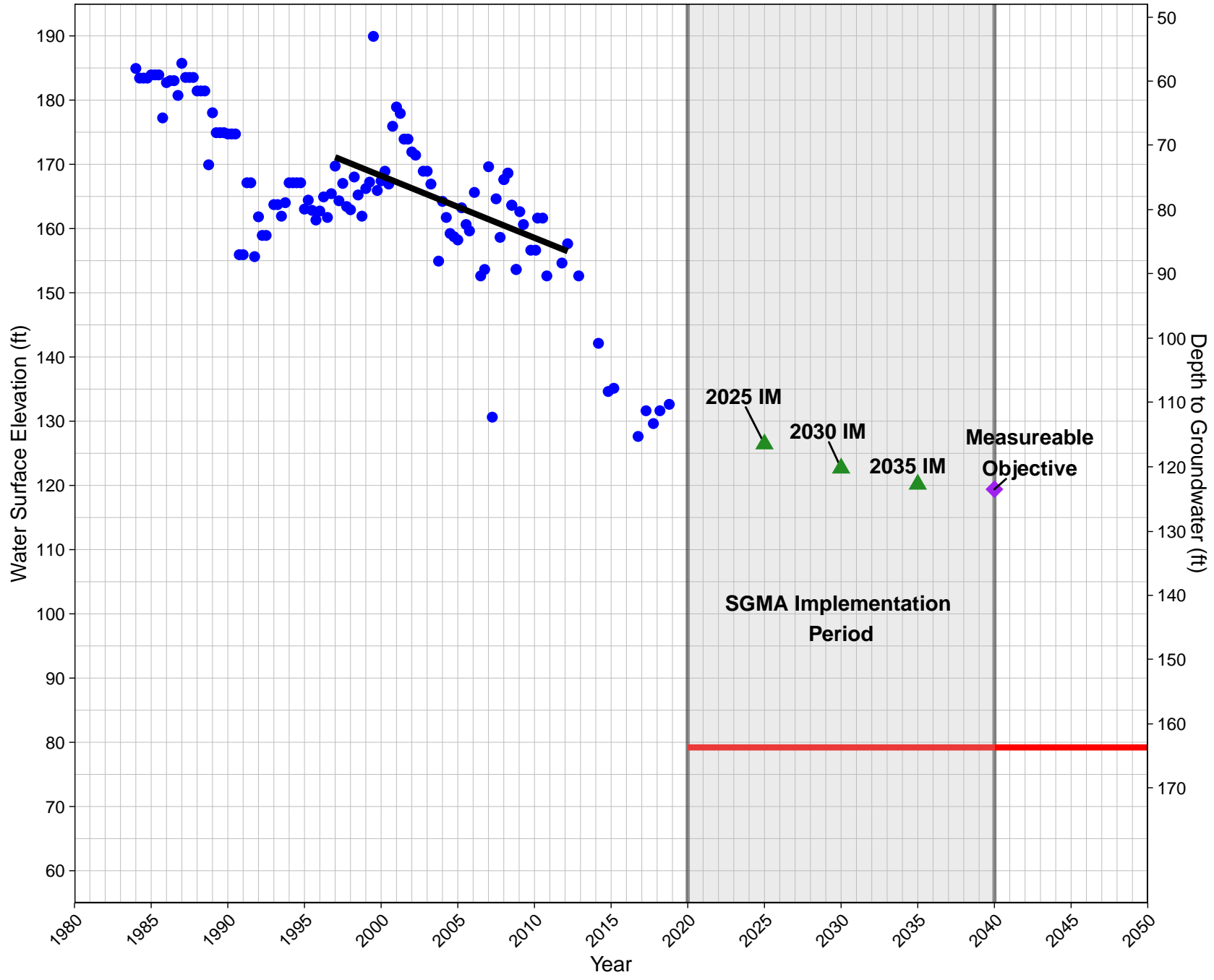
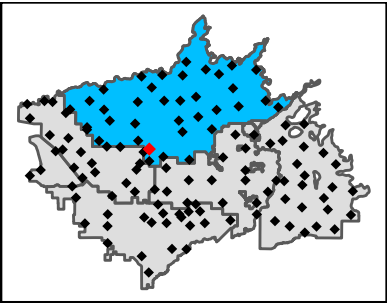
14S21E22D001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 318 ft
North Kings GSA



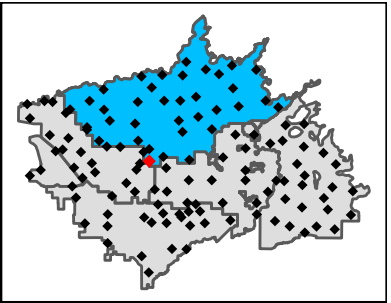
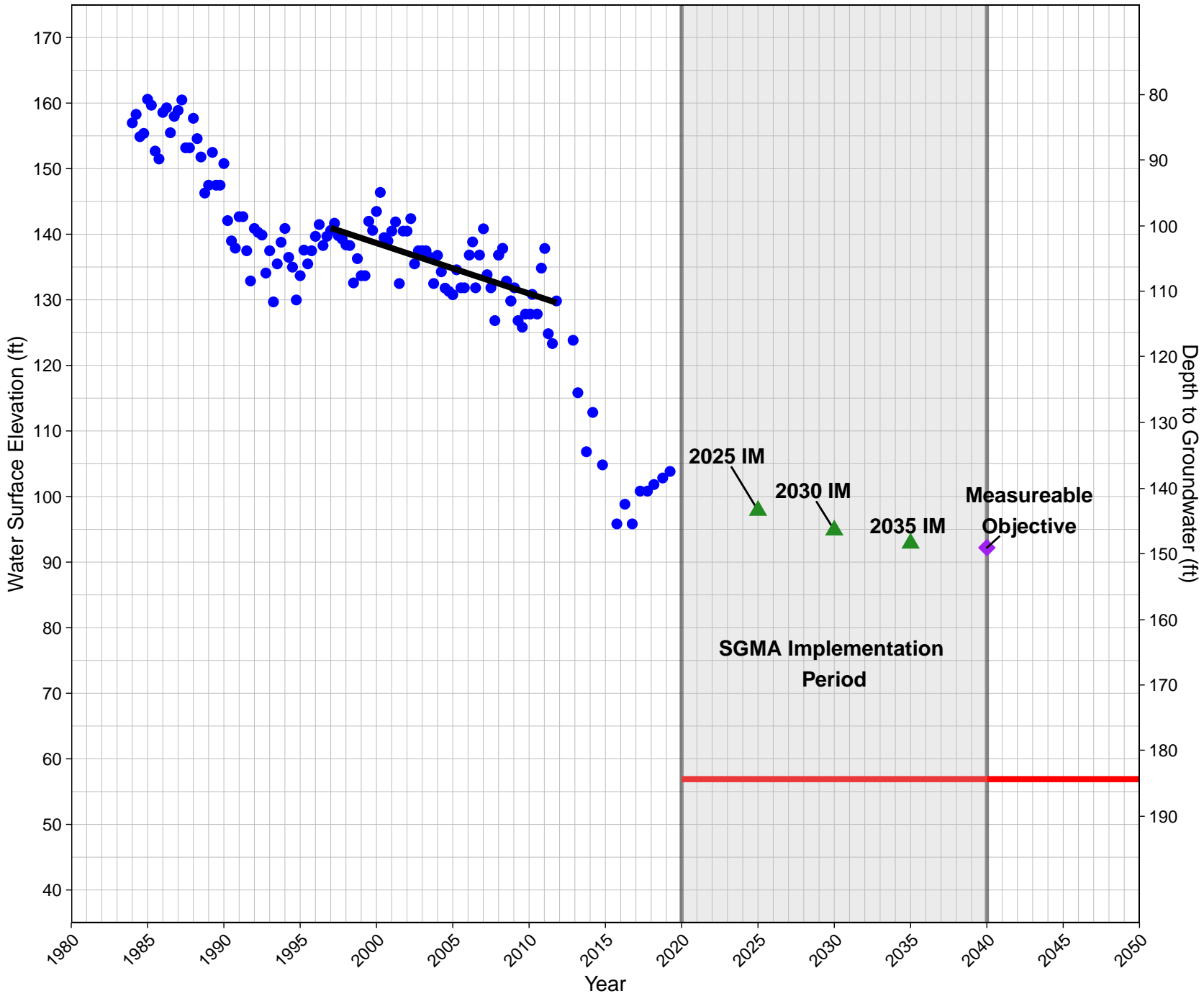
15S19E02M001MX

State Well ID: 15S19E03J001M
Ground Surface Elevation: 243 ft
North Kings GSA



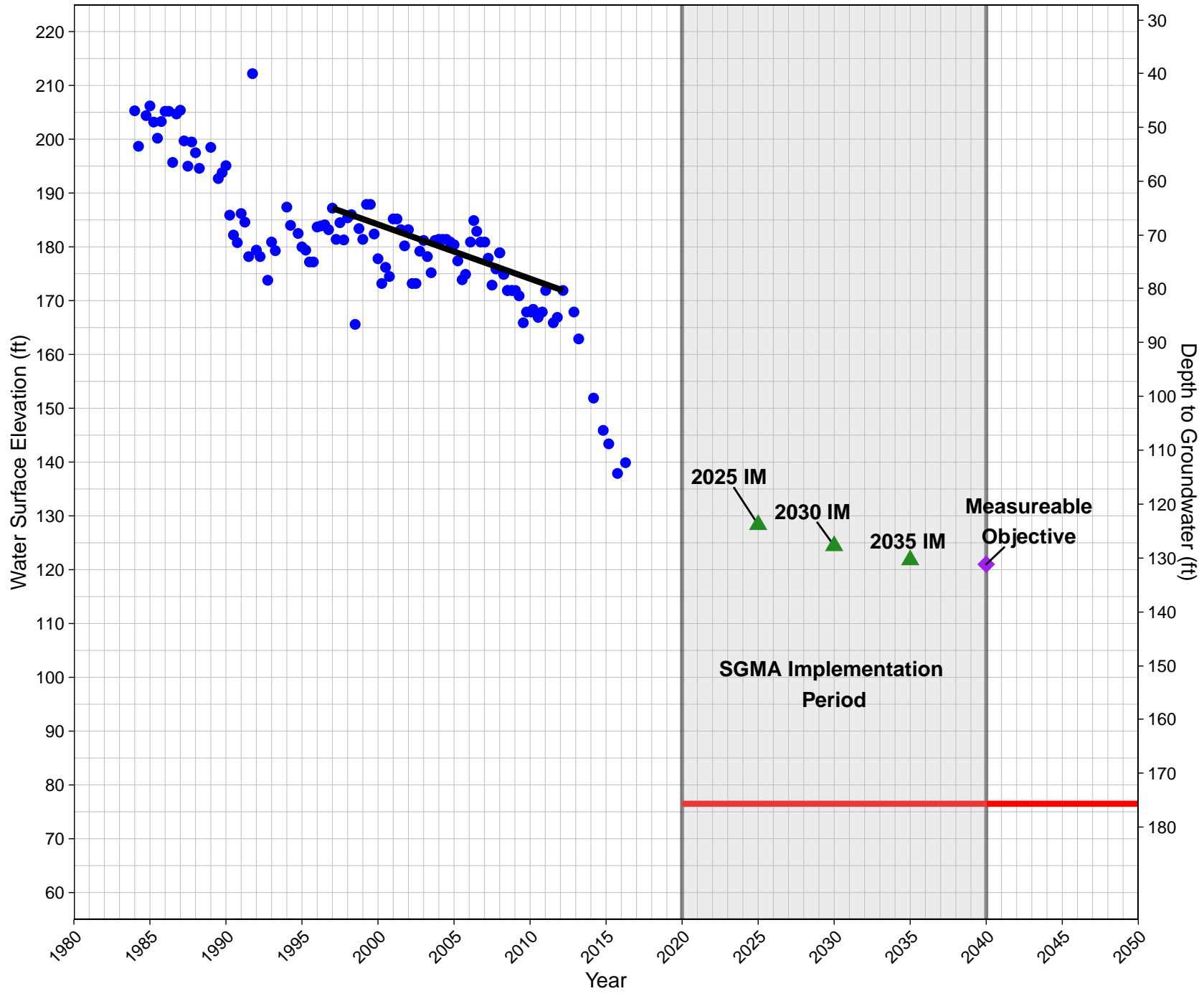
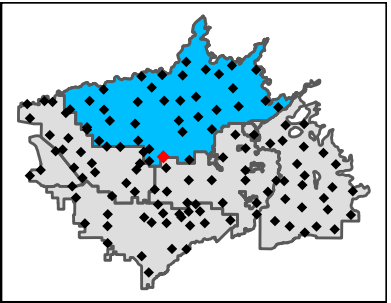
15S19E14M001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 241 ft
North Kings GSA



15S20E07Q001MX

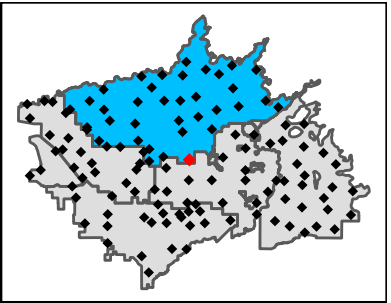
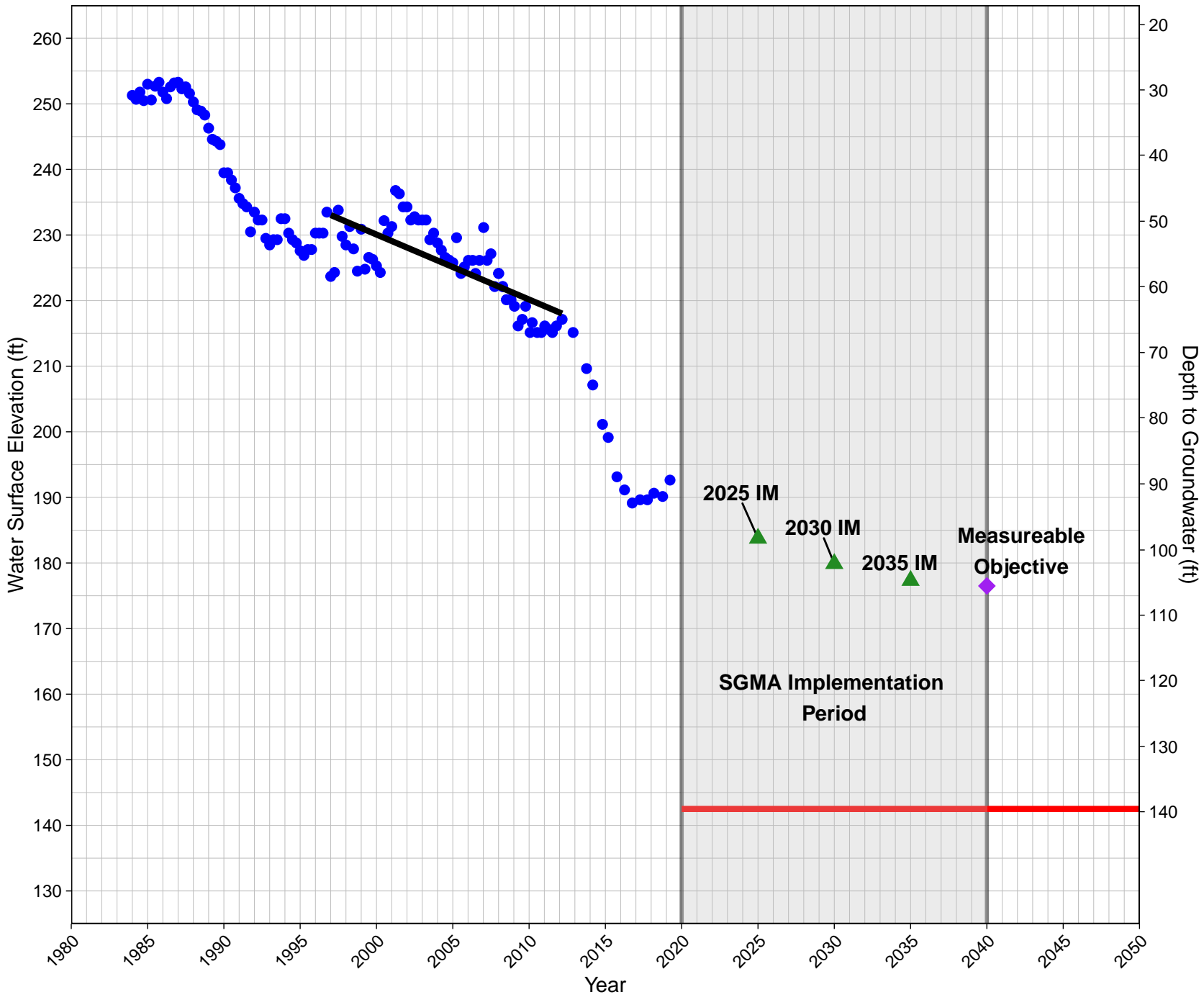
Ground Surface Elevation: 252 ft
North Kings GSA



15S20E13E001MX

Ground Surface Elevation: 282 ft

North Kings GSA

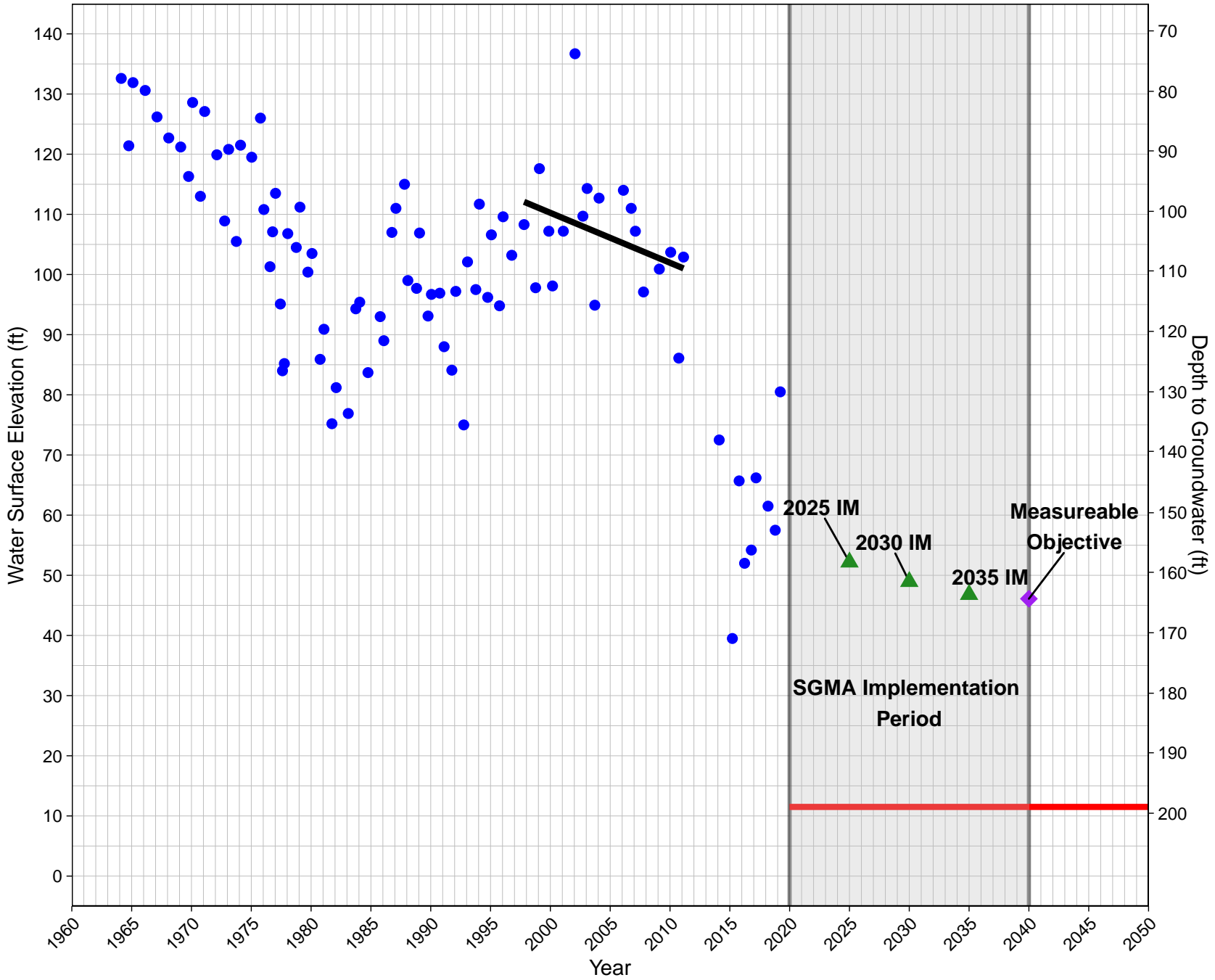
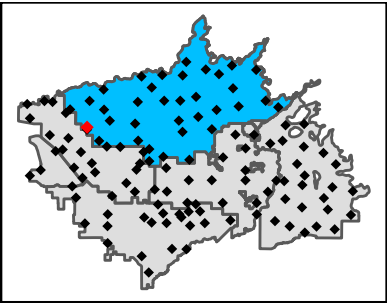


367113N1200785W001

State Well ID: 14S17E14J001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 210 ft

North Kings GSA

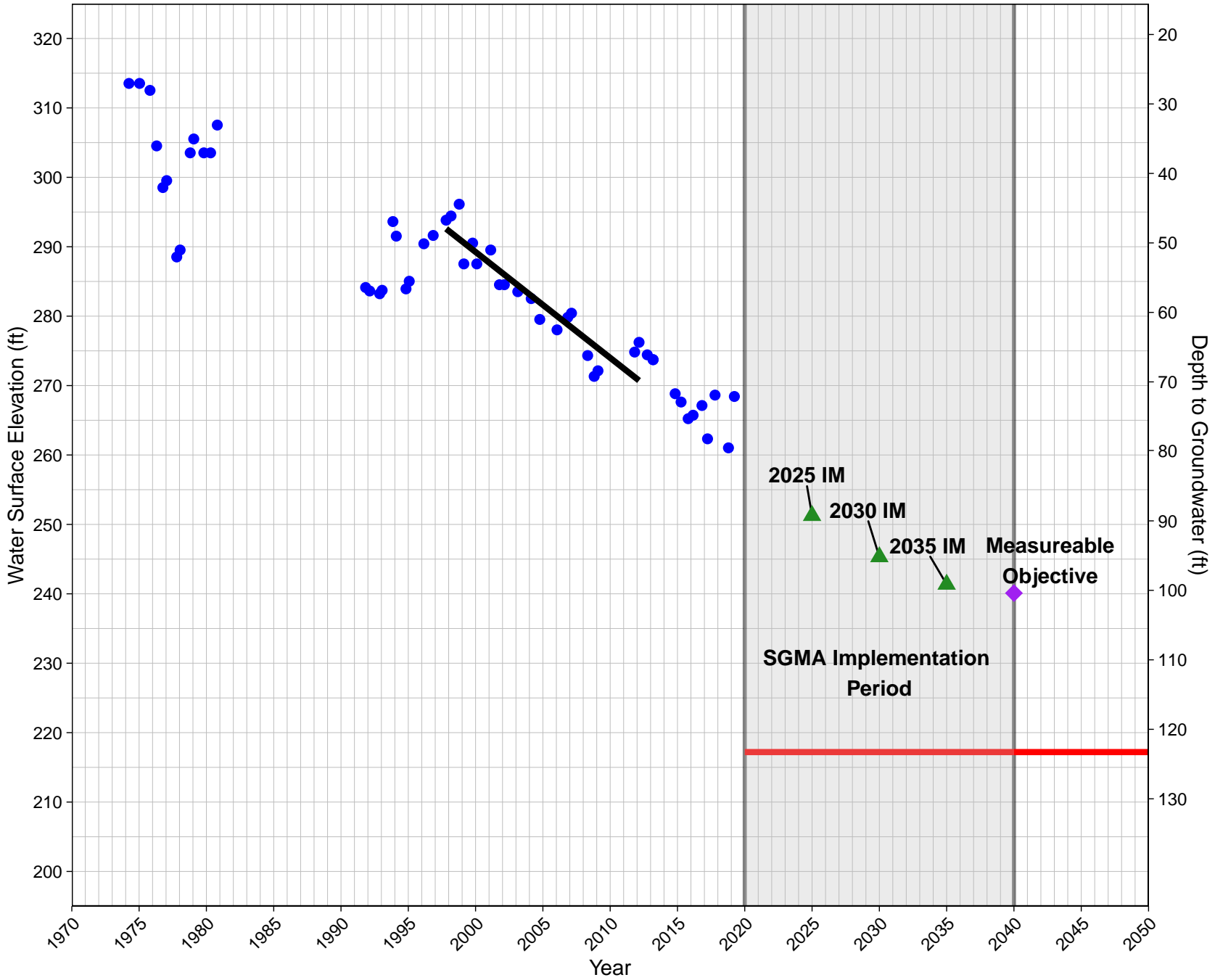
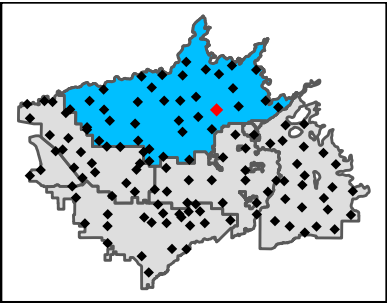


367556N1196666W001

State Well ID: 13S21E34J002M

Ground Surface Elevation: 341 ft

North Kings GSA

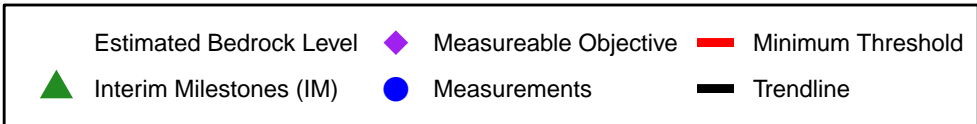
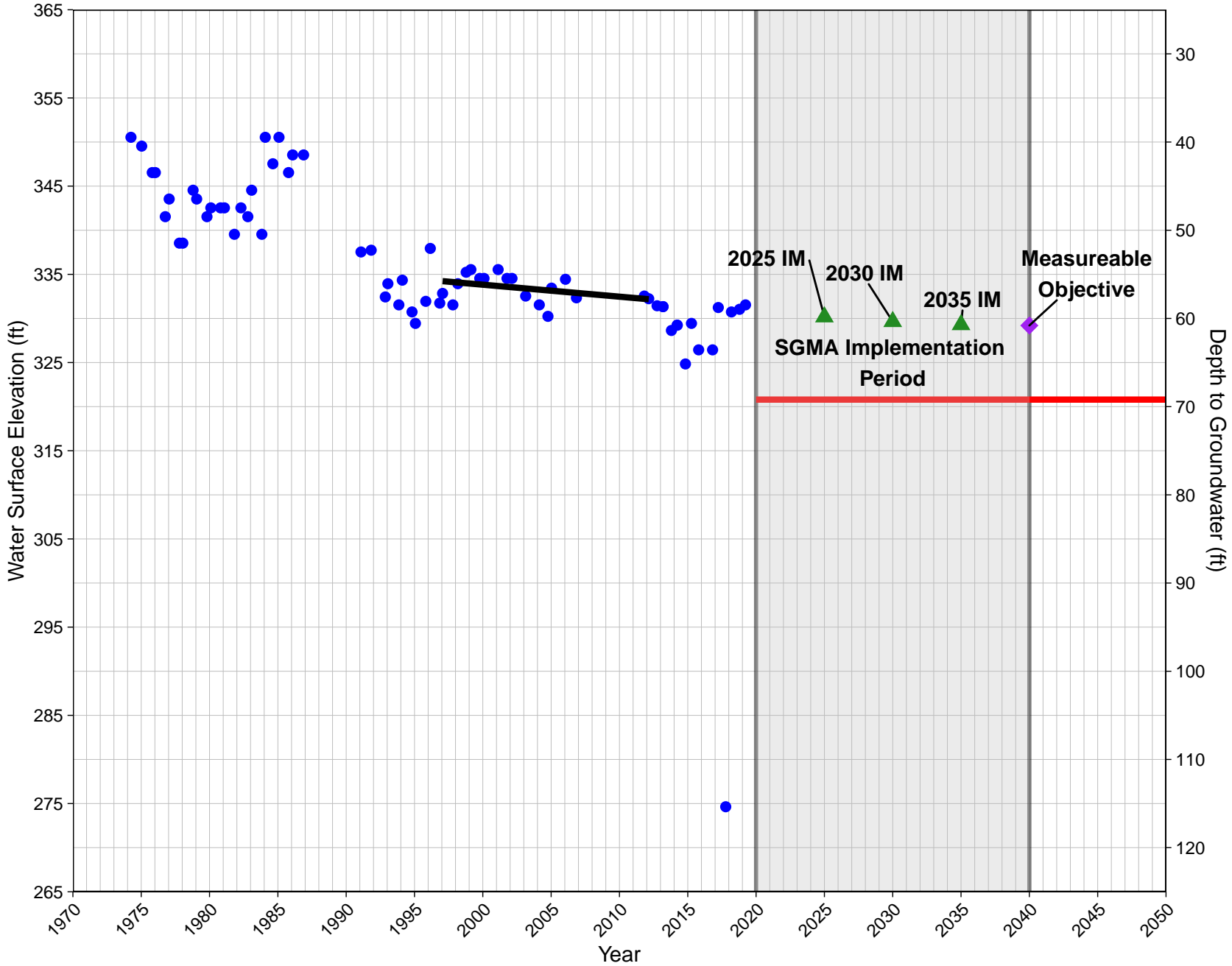


368468N1196593W001

State Well ID: 12S21E34H001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 390 ft

North Kings GSA

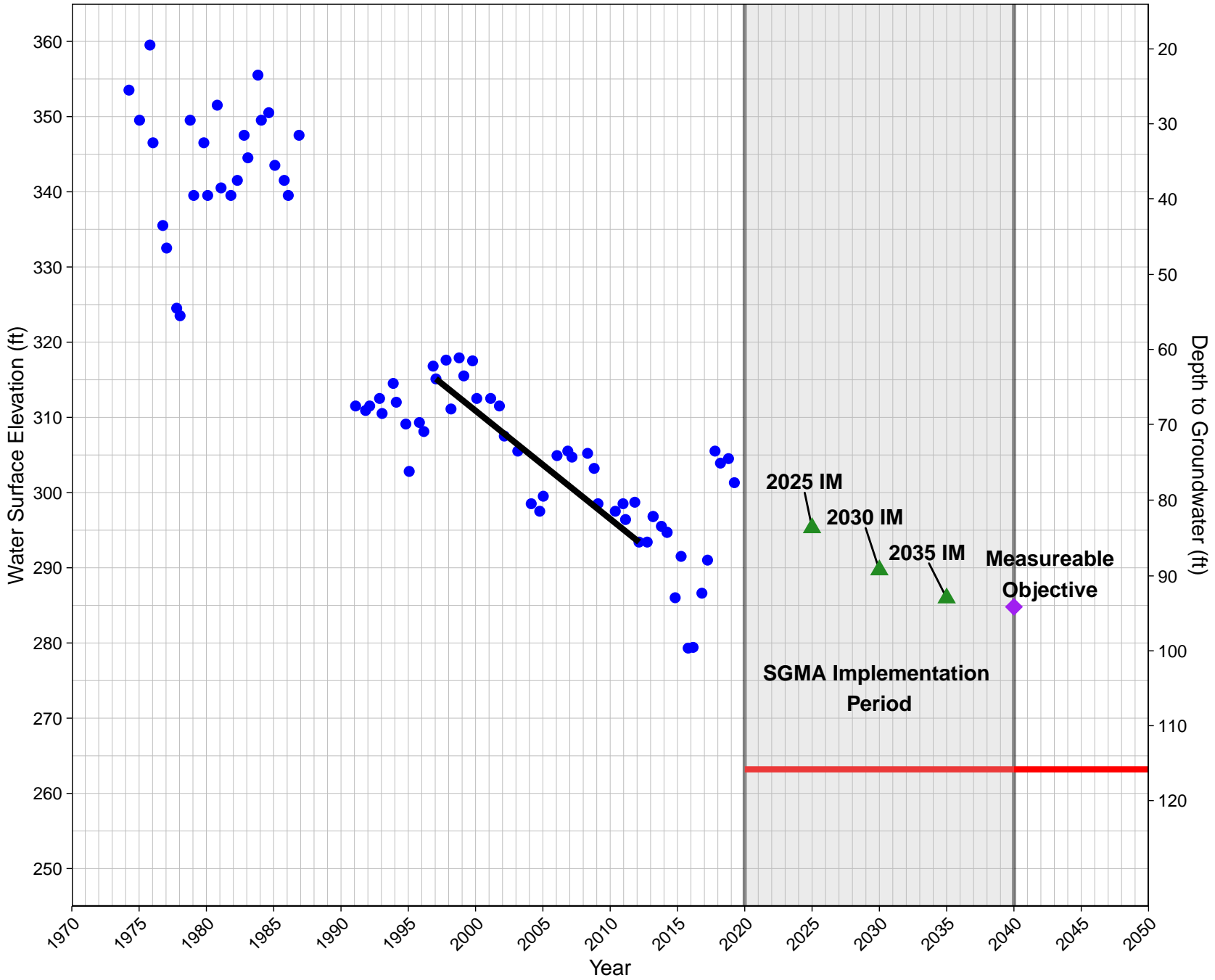
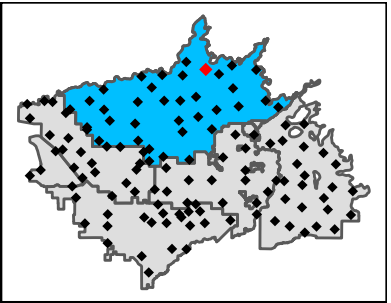


368571N1197002W001

State Well ID: 12S21E29K001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 379 ft

North Kings GSA

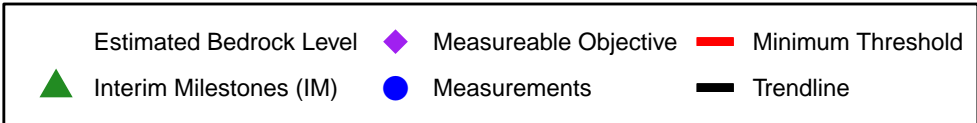
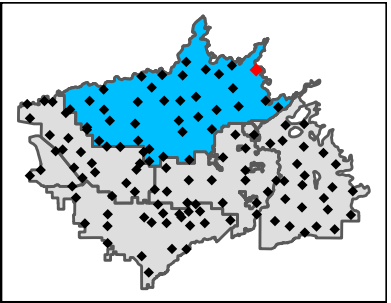
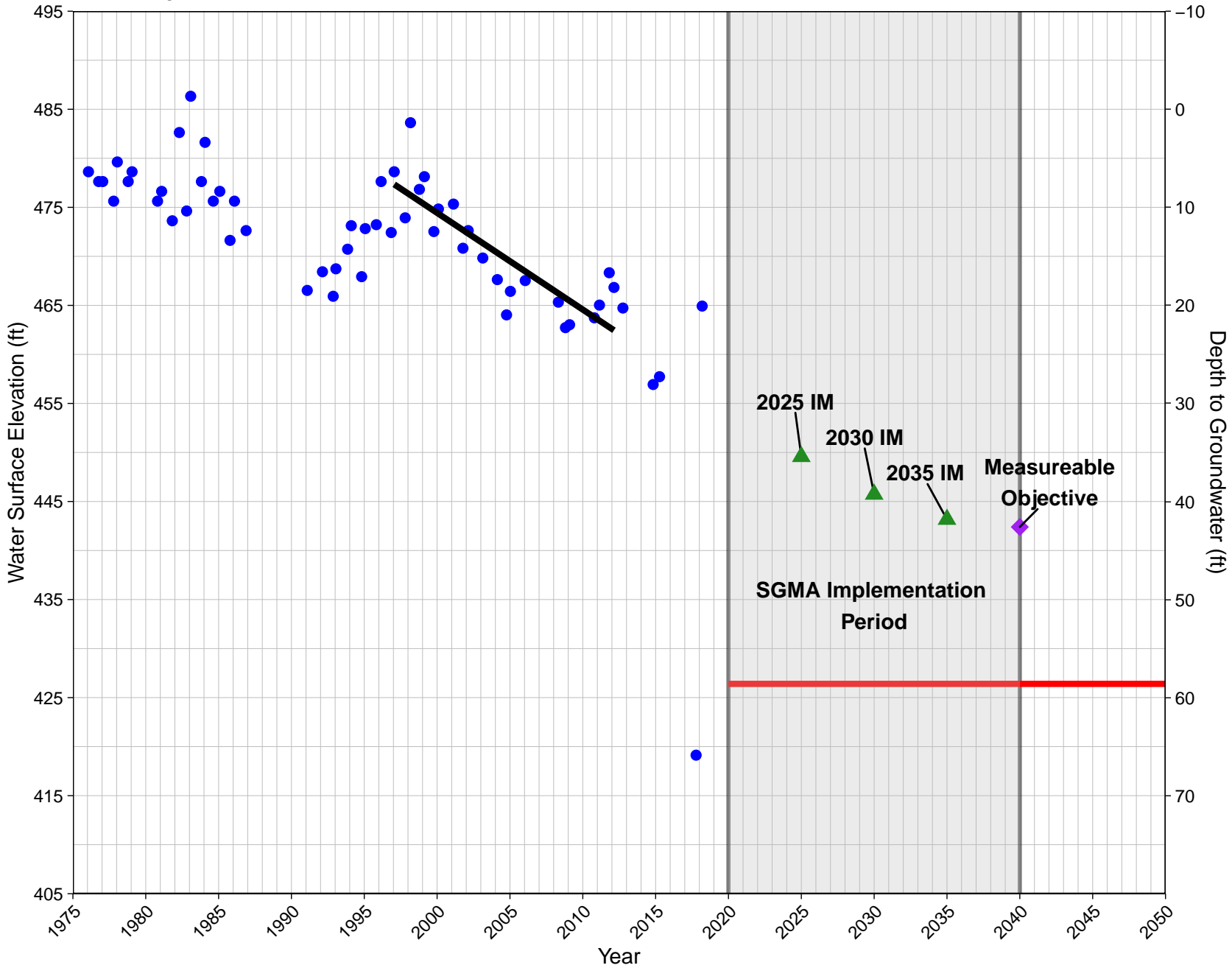


368572N1195413W001

State Well ID: 12S22E26L001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 485 ft

North Kings GSA

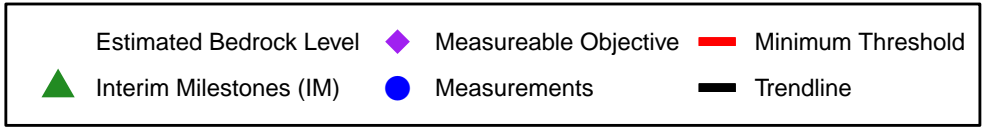
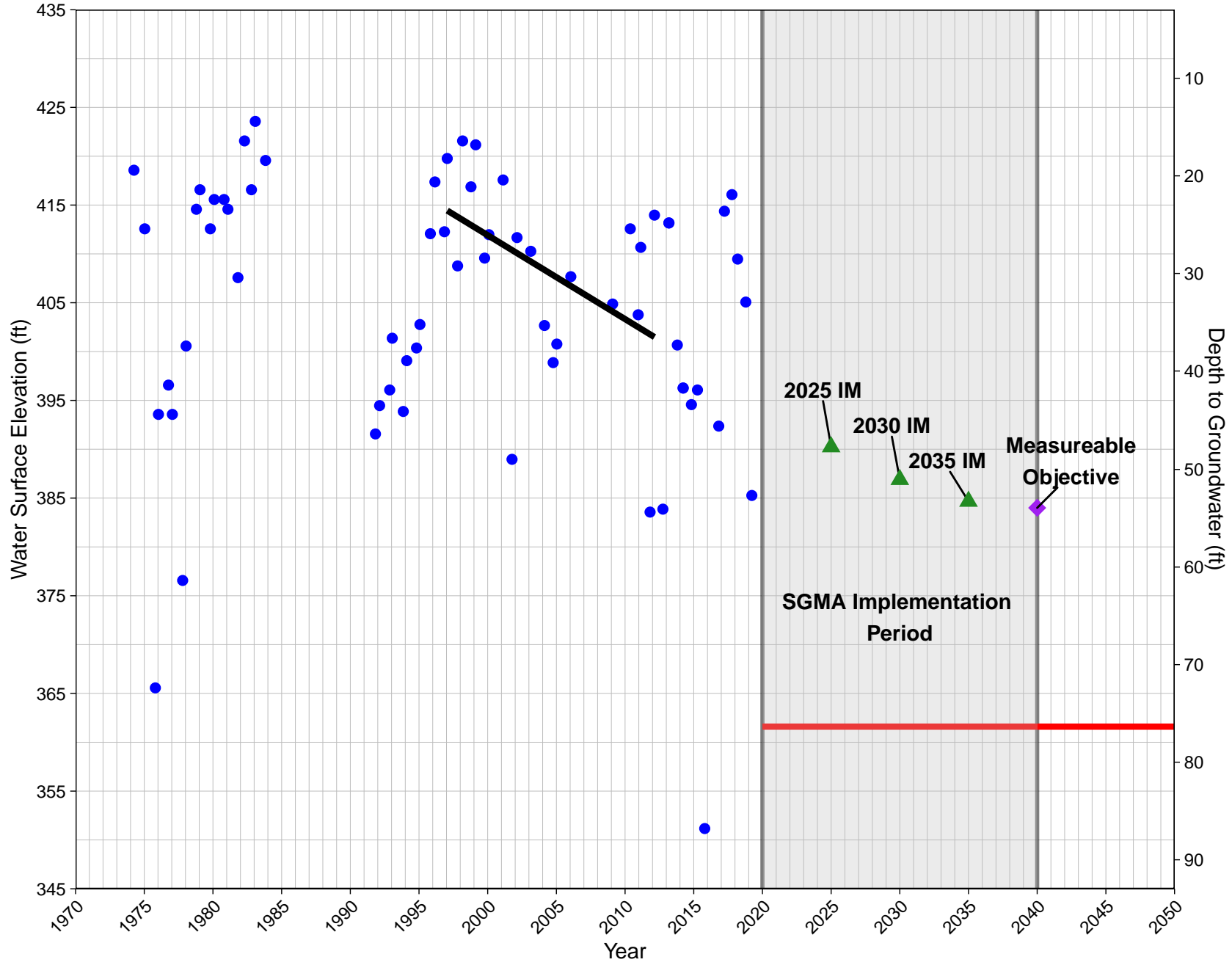
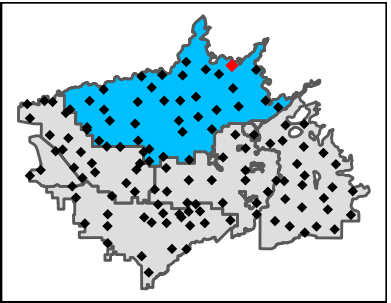


368683N1196185W001

State Well ID: 12S22E19N001M

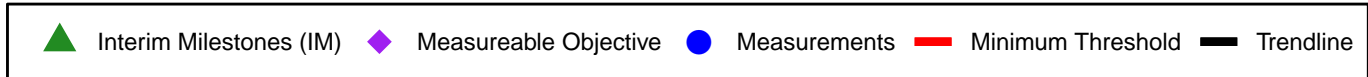
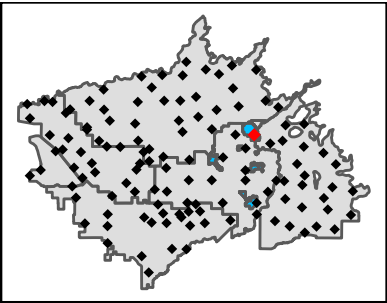
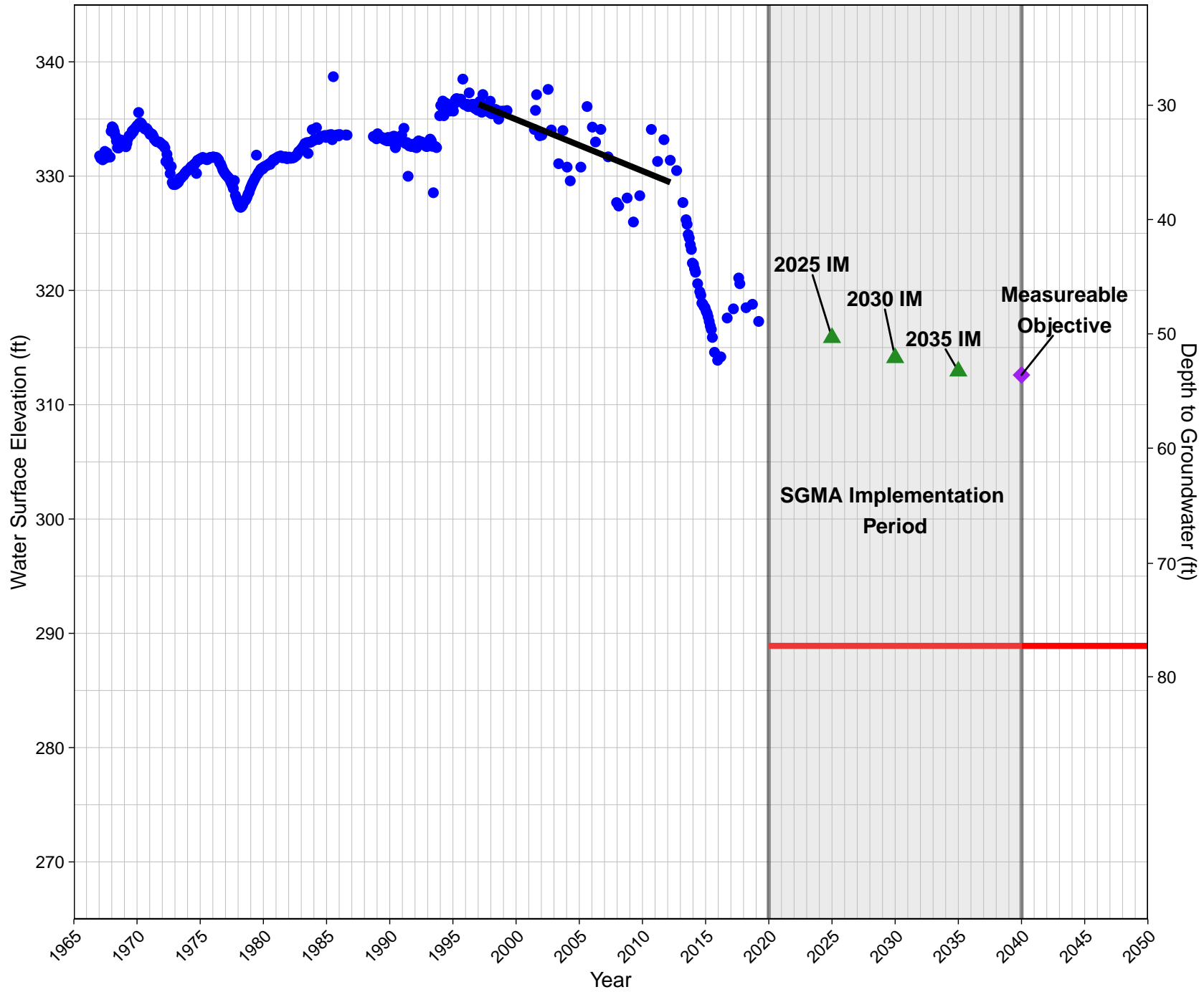
Ground Surface Elevation: 438 ft

North Kings GSA



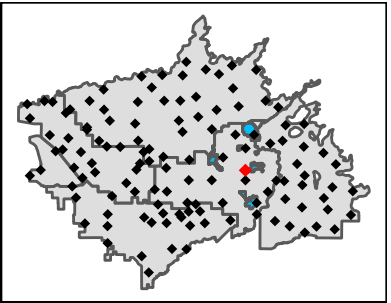
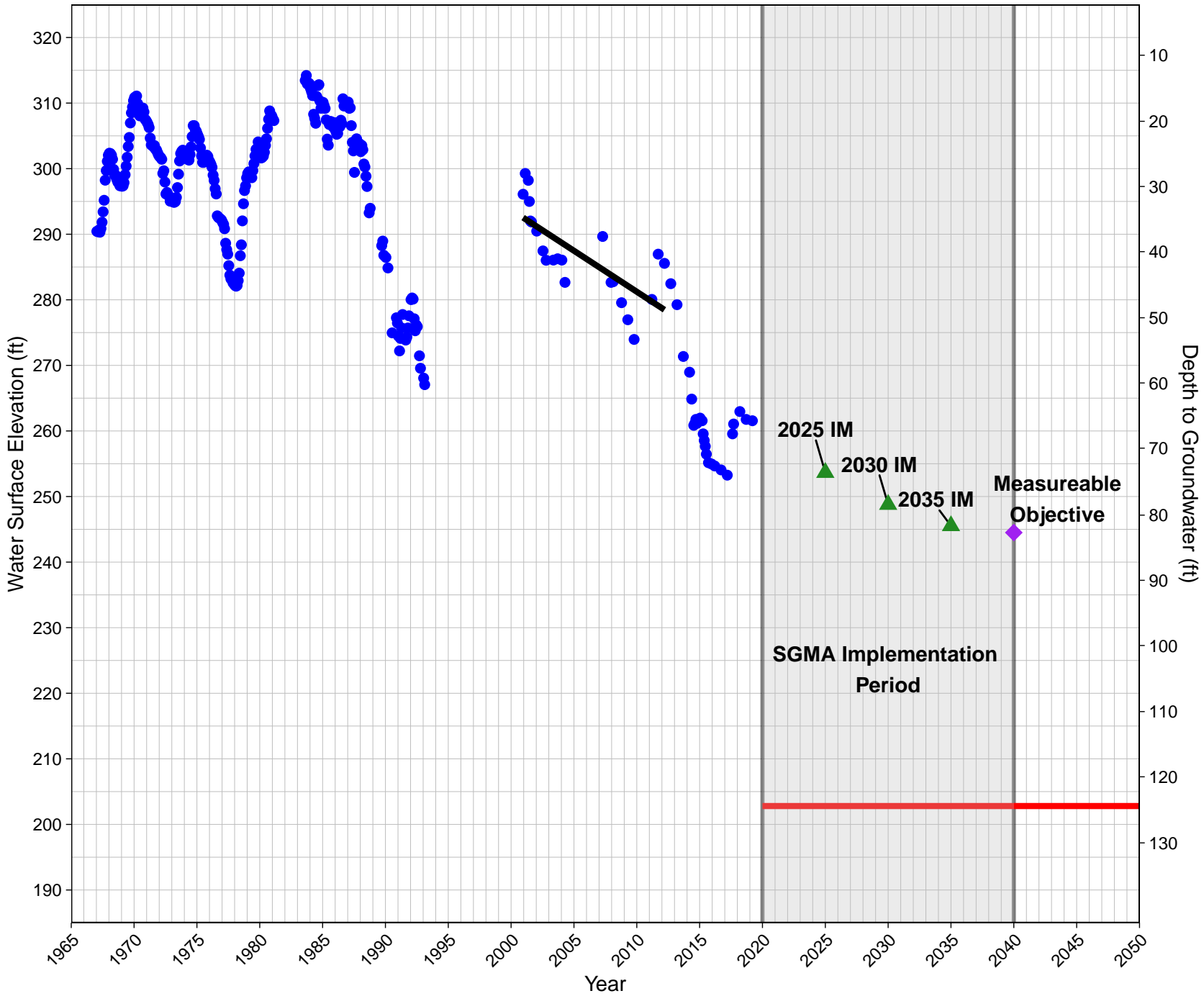
CID10

Ground Surface Elevation: 366 ft
South Kings GSA



CID25

Ground Surface Elevation: 327 ft
South Kings GSA

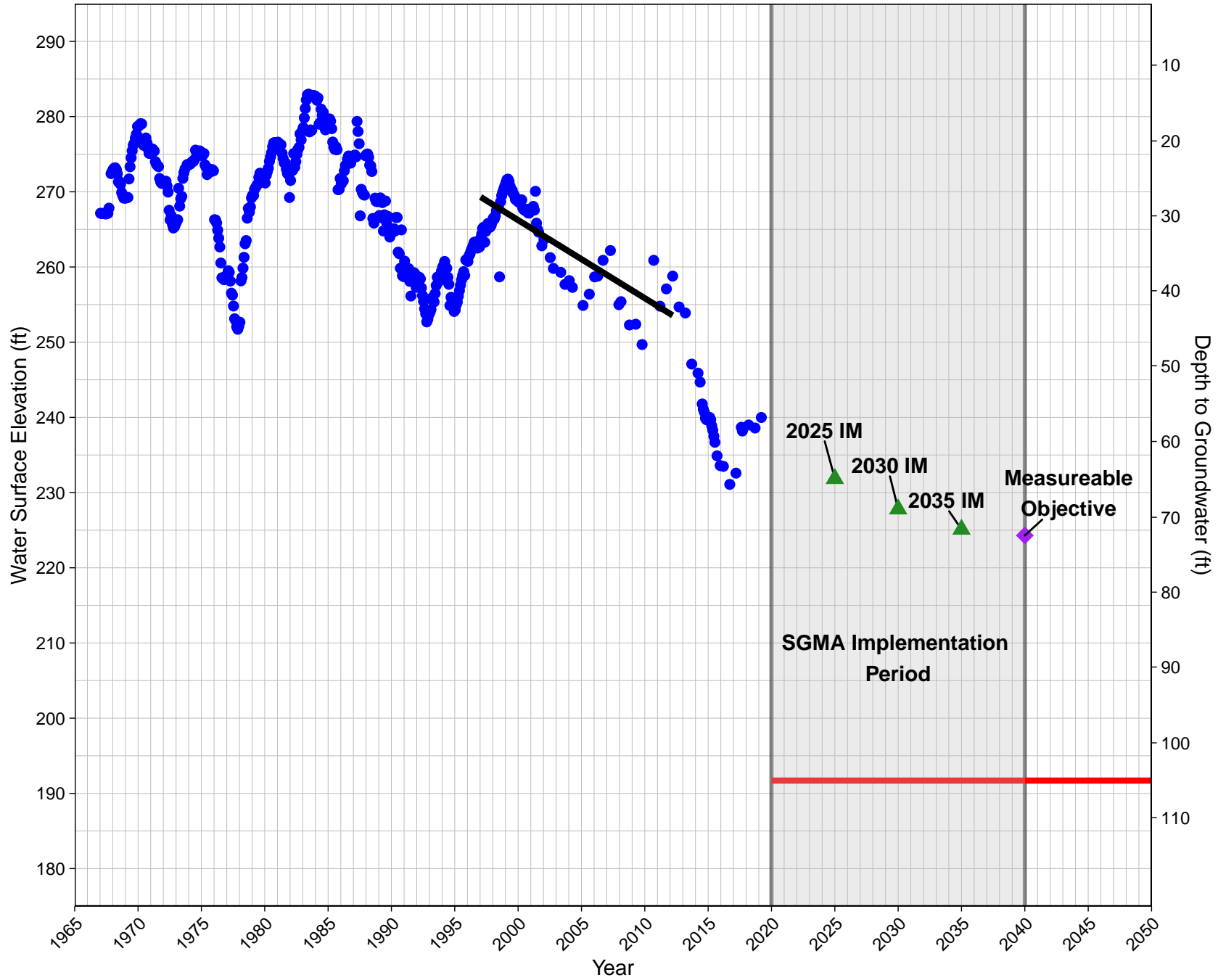
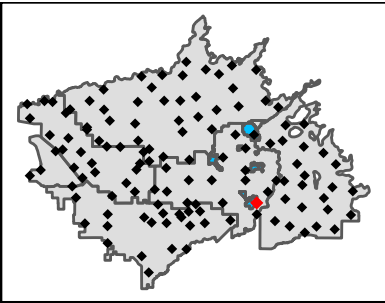


CID34

State Well ID: 16S22E23R001M

Ground Surface Elevation: 297 ft

South Kings GSA



Appendix D – Groundwater Contour Maps – Water Surface Elevations

- Figure 1 Spring 2015 WSE Contours
- Figure 2 Spring 2016 WSE Contours
- Figure 3 Spring 2017 WSE Contours
- Figure 4 Spring 2018 WSE Contours
- Figure 5 Fall 2018 WSE Contours
- Figure 6 Spring 2019 WSE Contours

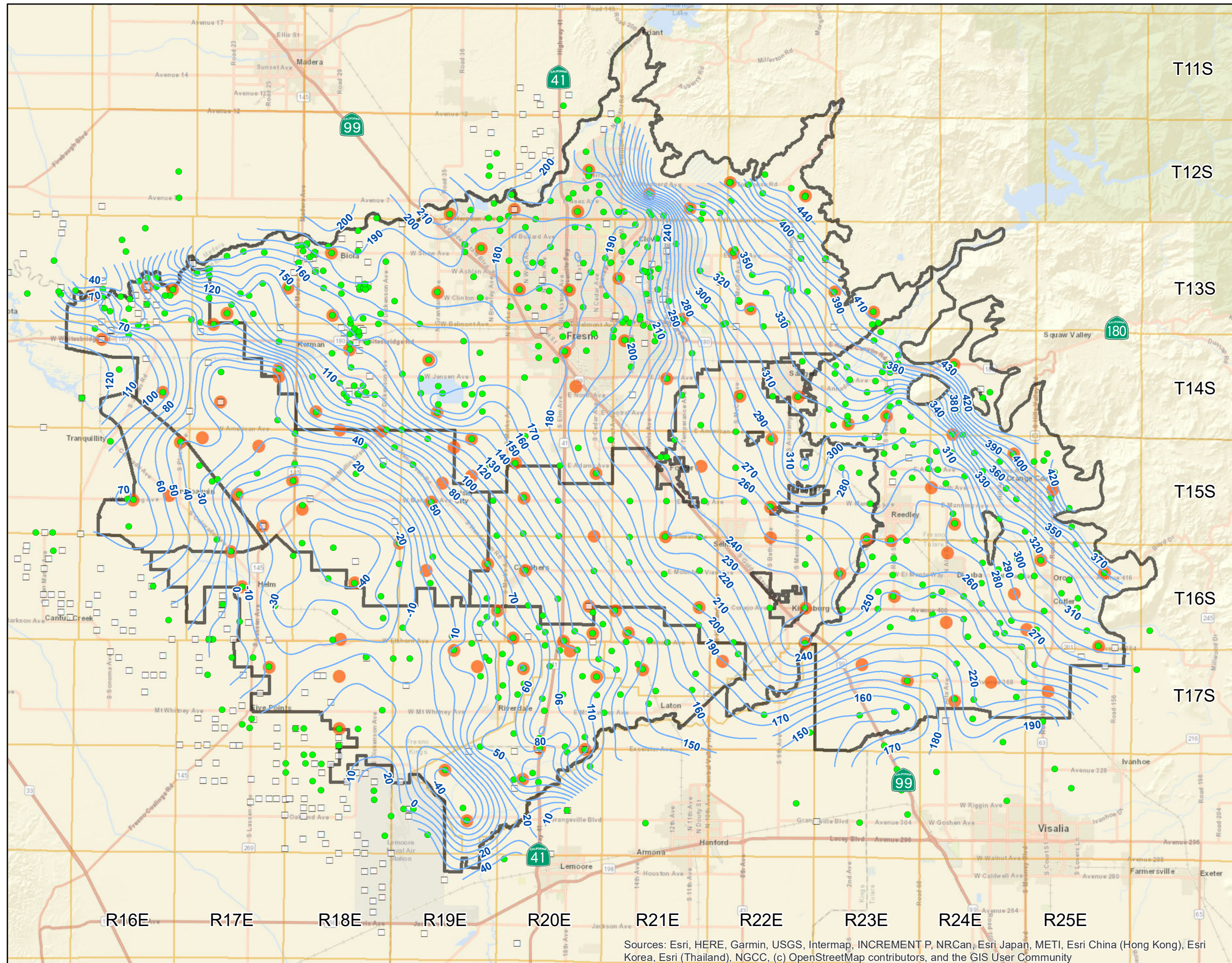
Kings Subbasin
Coordinated Effort
Kings Coordinated Effort GSAs
Spring 2015
Groundwater Elevation Contours

Legend

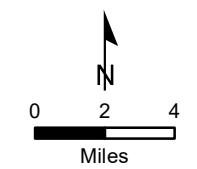
- Kings Subbasin GSAs
- Township/Range
- Well - Data Used
- Well - Data Not Used
- Indicator Well

Water Level Contours

- Line of Equal Elevation (10ft interval)









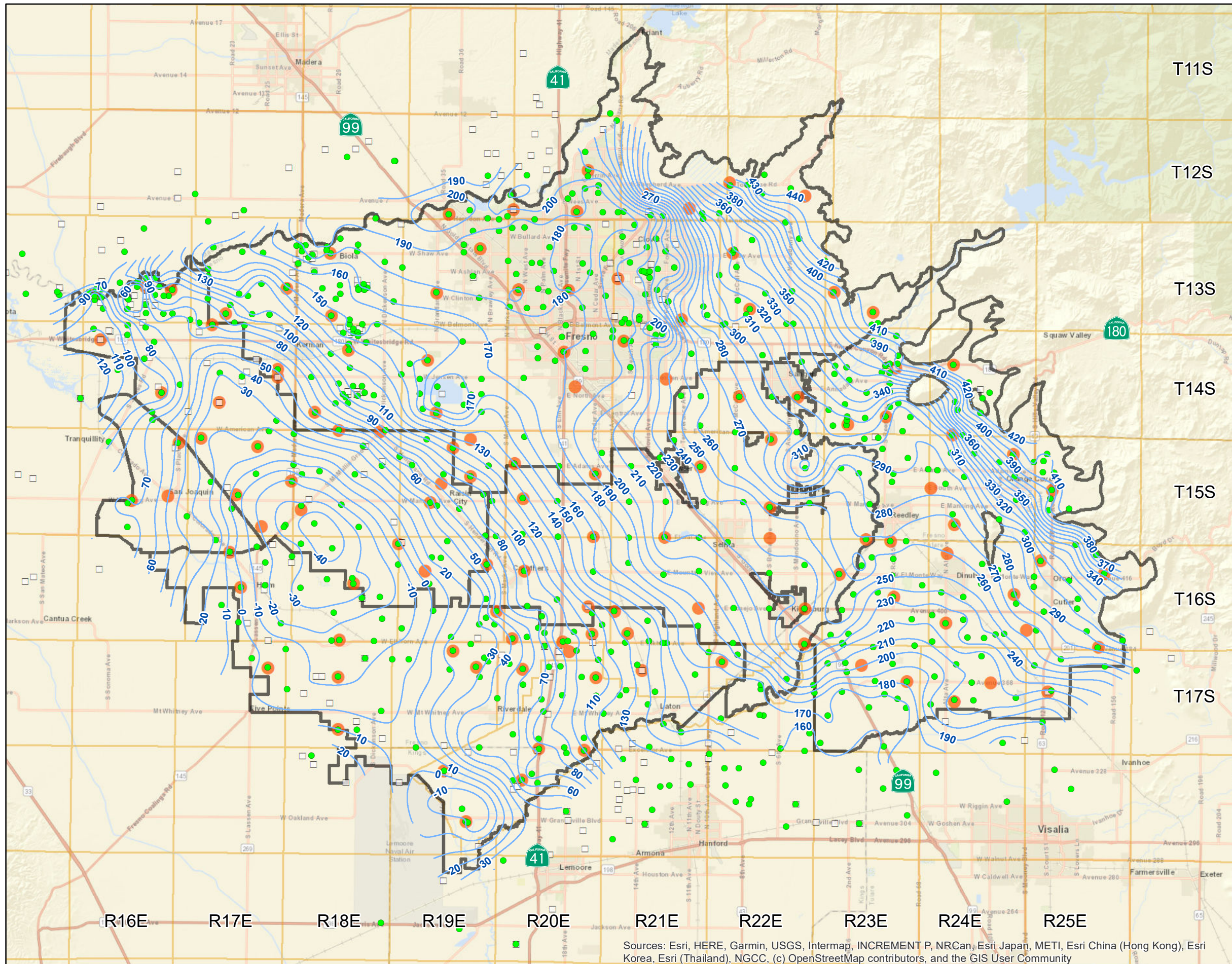
Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community



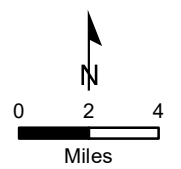
Kings Subbasin
Coordinated Effort
Kings Coordinated Effort GSAs
Spring 2016
Groundwater Elevation Contours

Legend

-  Kings Subbasin GSAs
 -  Township/Range
 -  Well - Data Used
 -  Well - Data Not Used
 -  Indicator Well
- Water Level Contours**
-  Line of Equal Elevation (10ft interval)









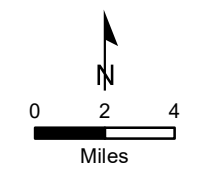
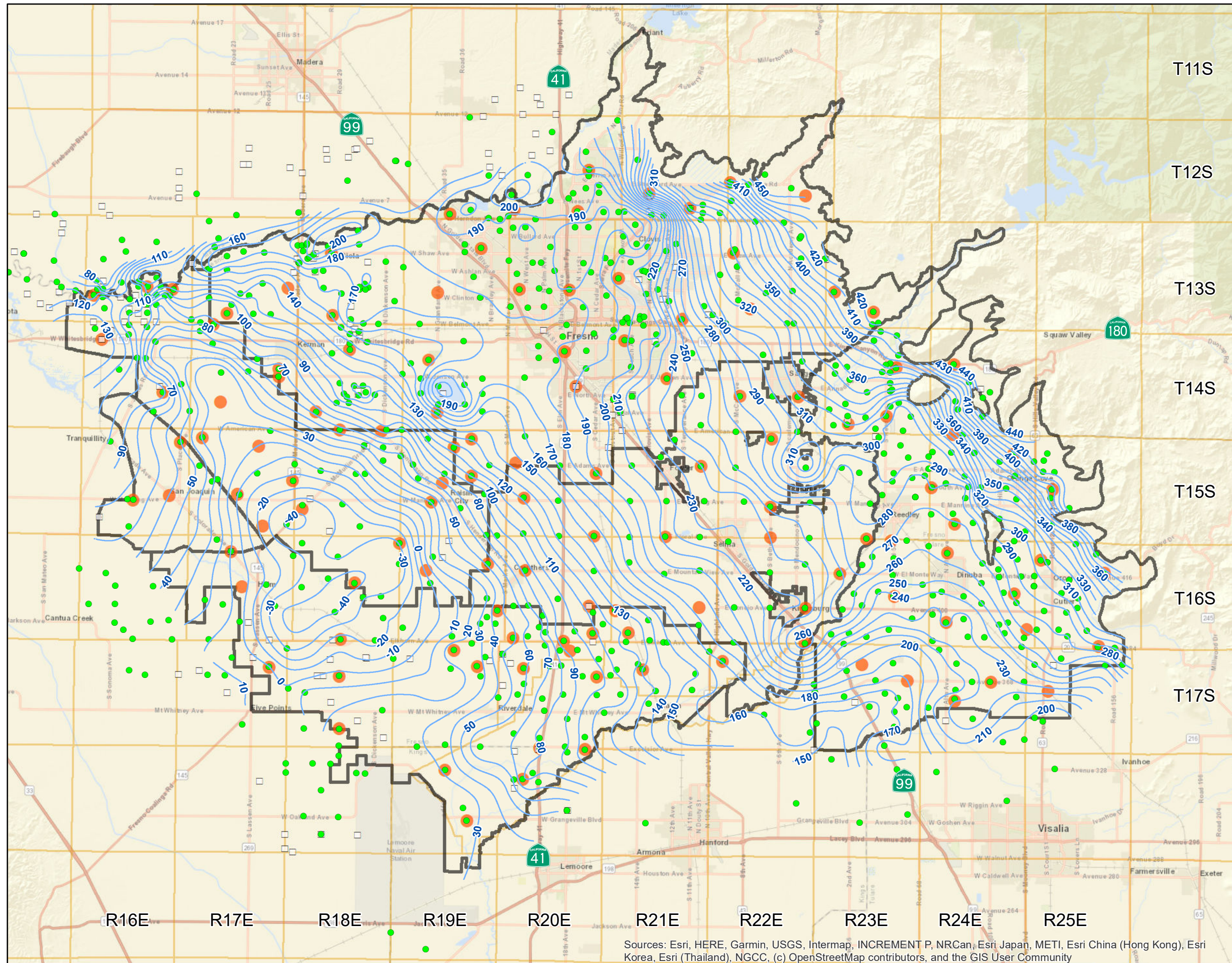
Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community



Kings Subbasin
Coordinated Effort
Kings Coordinated Effort GSAs
Spring 2017
Groundwater Elevation Contours

Legend







-  Kings Subbasin GSAs
 -  Township/Range
 -  Well - Data Used
 -  Well - Data Not Used
 -  Indicator Well
- Water Level Contours**
-  Line of Equal Elevation (10ft interval)

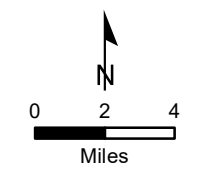
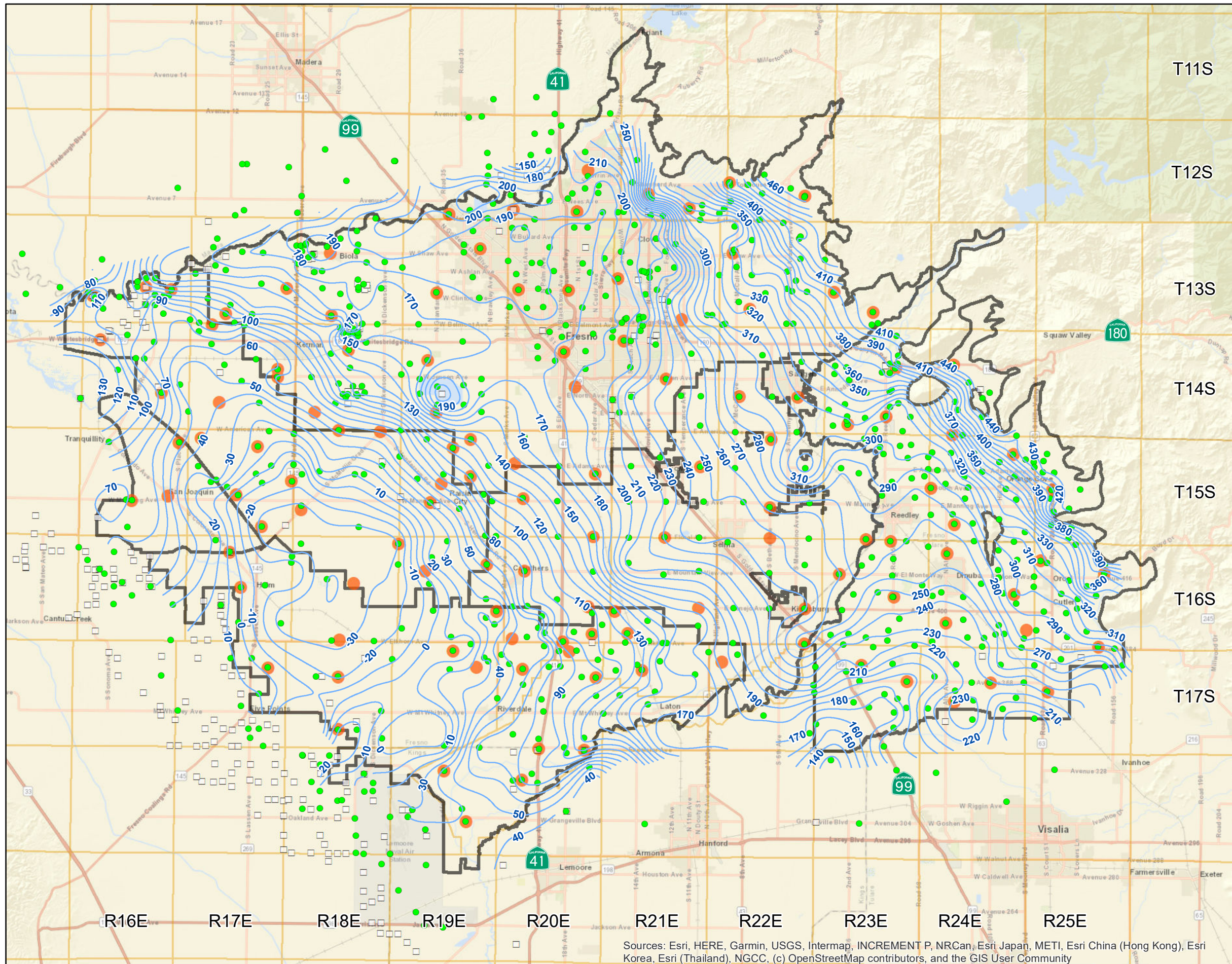


Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Kings Subbasin
Coordinated Effort
Kings Coordinated Effort GSAs
Spring 2018
Groundwater Elevation Contours

Legend







-  Kings Subbasin GSAs
 -  Township/Range
 -  Well - Data Used
 -  Well - Data Not Used
 -  Indicator Well
- Water Level Contours**
-  Line of Equal Elevation (10ft interval)

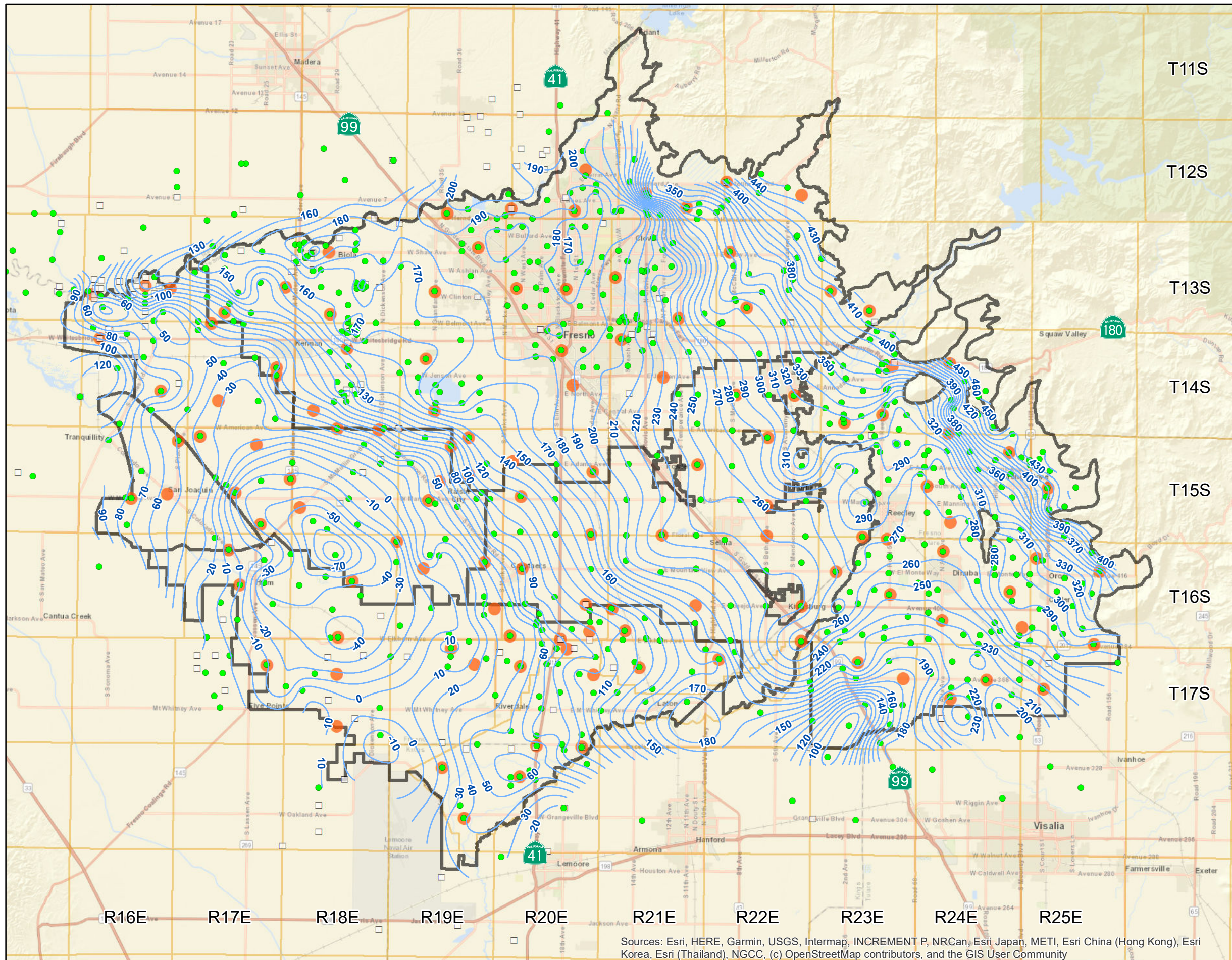


Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

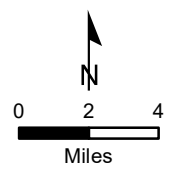
Kings Subbasin
Coordinated Effort
Kings Coordinated Effort GSAs
Fall 2018
Groundwater Elevation Contours

Legend

-  Kings Subbasin GSAs
-  Township/Range
-  Well - Data Used
-  Well - Data Not Used
-  Indicator Well
- Water Level Contours**
-  Line of Equal Elevation (10ft interval)









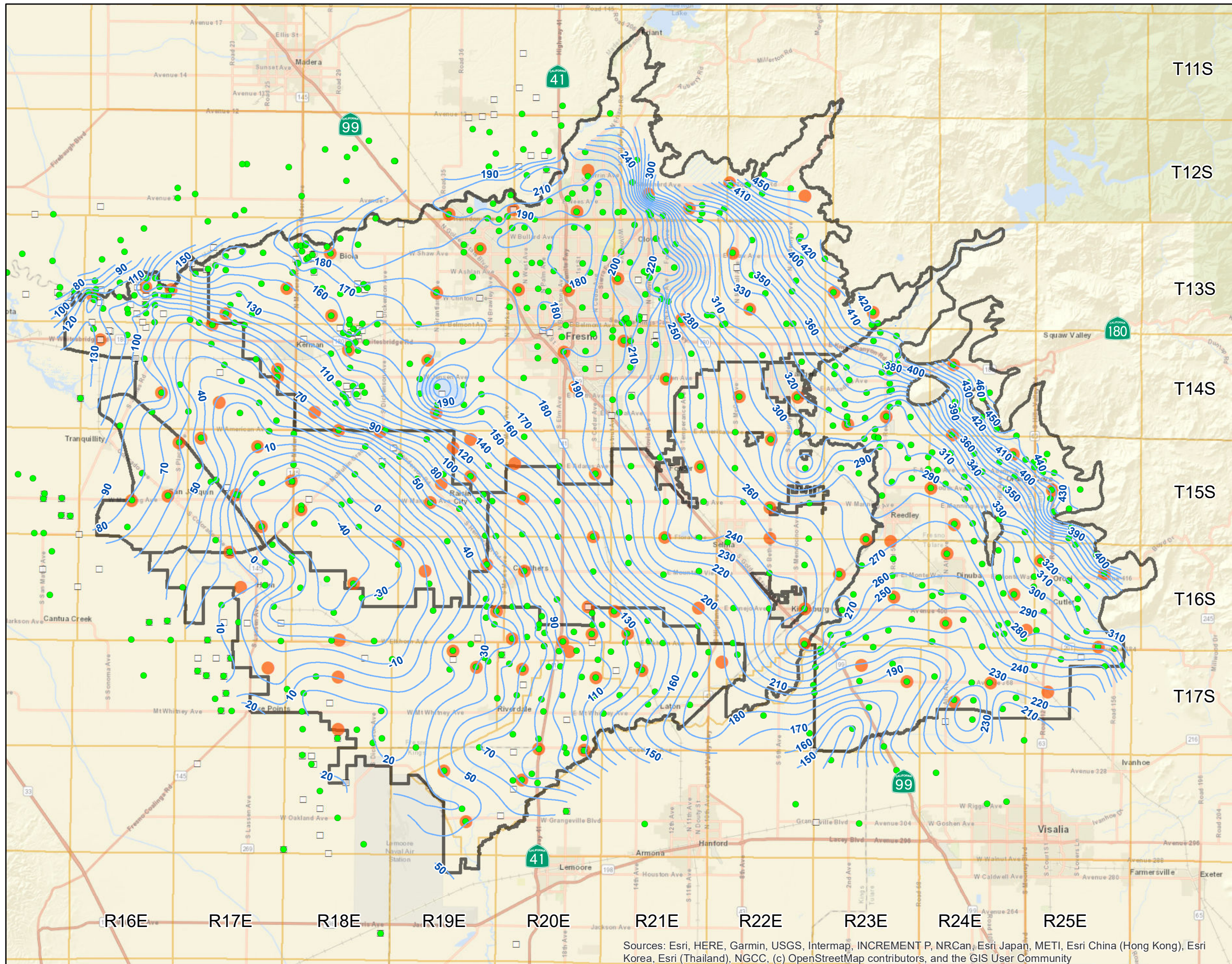
Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community



Kings Subbasin
Coordinated Effort
Kings Coordinated Effort GSAs
Spring 2019
Groundwater Elevation Contours

Legend

-  Kings Subbasin GSAs
 -  Township/Range
 -  Well - Data Used
 -  Well - Data Not Used
 -  Indicator Well
- Water Level Contours**
-  Line of Equal Elevation (10ft interval)



Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

